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INTERNATIONAL
# Herald Tribune
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28,276 * * PARIS, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1973 Established 1887

...T'S WEATHER FORECAST — PARIS: Temp. 6-9 (43-52). Tomorrow variable. ...day's temp. 4-8 (39-46). LONDON: Var... Temp. 7-8 (45-46). Tomorrow variable. ...day's temp. 5-7 (41-45). CHANNEL: Mod... NORM: Fair. Temp. 7-8 (45-46). NICE: Fair. Temp. 7-8 (45-46). Yesterday's ...—1 (28-34).

ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2

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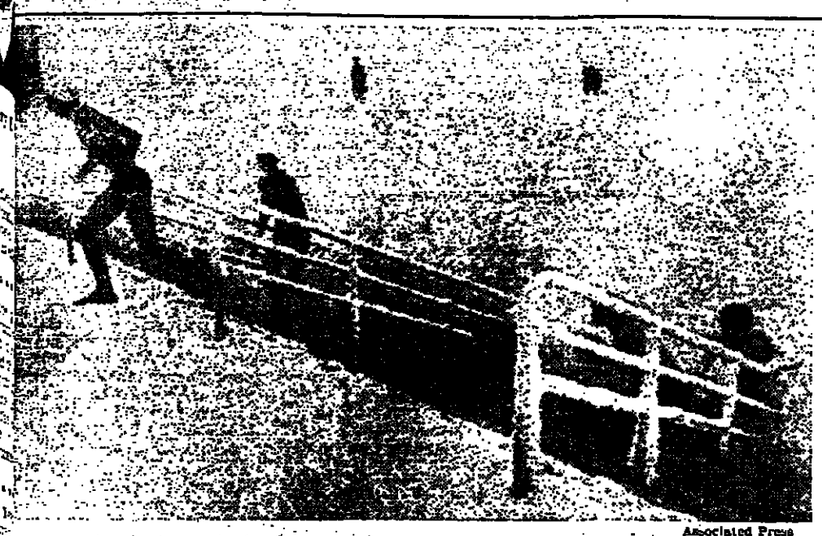
|---|---|---|---|
| Austria | 8 S. | Lebanon | £1.00 |
| Belgium | 14 B.Fr. | Luxembourg | 14 L.Fr. |
| Denmark | 2.25 D.Kr. | Morocco | 1.50 Dr. |
| Eire (Inc. tax) | 11 P. | Netherlands | 1 Flor. |
| Finland | 1.40 F.M. | Nigeria | 2 ¢ |
| France | 1.50 Fr. | Norway | 2.25 N.Kr. |
| Germany | 1 D.M. | Portugal | 8 Esc. |
| Great Britain | 10 P. | Spain | 30 Ptas. |
| Greece | 12 Drs. | Sweden | 1.75 S.Kr. |
| India | Rs 3.75 | Switzerland | 1.50 S.Fr. |
| Iran | 25 Rials | Turkey | T.25 |
| Italy | 200 Lire | U.S. Military (Eur.) | $0.25 |
| Israel | I.£1.40 | Yugoslavia | 6 D. |



Associated Press

RDY—Soviet youths dash for the locker room after a swim in the Moskva Pool Moscow. The water is heated to 80 degrees F. but air temperature was below 20.

## Bulgaria And Bonn Set Up Ties

### Brandt Predicts Hungary Is Next

*From Wire Dispatches*

SOFIA, Dec. 12.—Chancellor Willy Brandt's peace politics, which won him the 1972 Nobel Peace Prize, gained new impetus today as Bulgaria announced establishment of diplomatic relations with the Bonn government.

The move came a day after Czechoslovakia agreed to exchange ambassadors with the Brandt government.

Before leaving Prague to return to Bonn tonight, Mr. Brandt said normalization of relations with Hungary will follow "within a few days."

The Bulgarian news agency BTA reported tonight that the agreement on diplomatic ties with Bonn came only hours after a West German delegation arrived in the Bulgarian capital.

Agreement was reached "on all questions connected with the establishment of diplomatic relations" in the "concluding talks" between the two delegations, BTA said.

The West German delegation was headed by Mr. Brandt's special emissary Guenther van Well, director of the political department at the Foreign Ministry in Bonn.

Sources in Budapest said Mr. van Well was expected to proceed to the Hungarian capital tomorrow to discuss the final link in Mr. Brandt's friendship chain with Communist East bloc nations.

Meanwhile, West German Economics Minister Hans Friderichs arrived in Warsaw today to discuss industrial cooperation with Poland, including possible joint production of electricity to help ease the international energy crisis.

His wide-ranging talks with senior Polish officials, including Premier Piotr Jaroszewicz and six ministers, was the latest in a round of meetings designed to improve relations between the two countries.

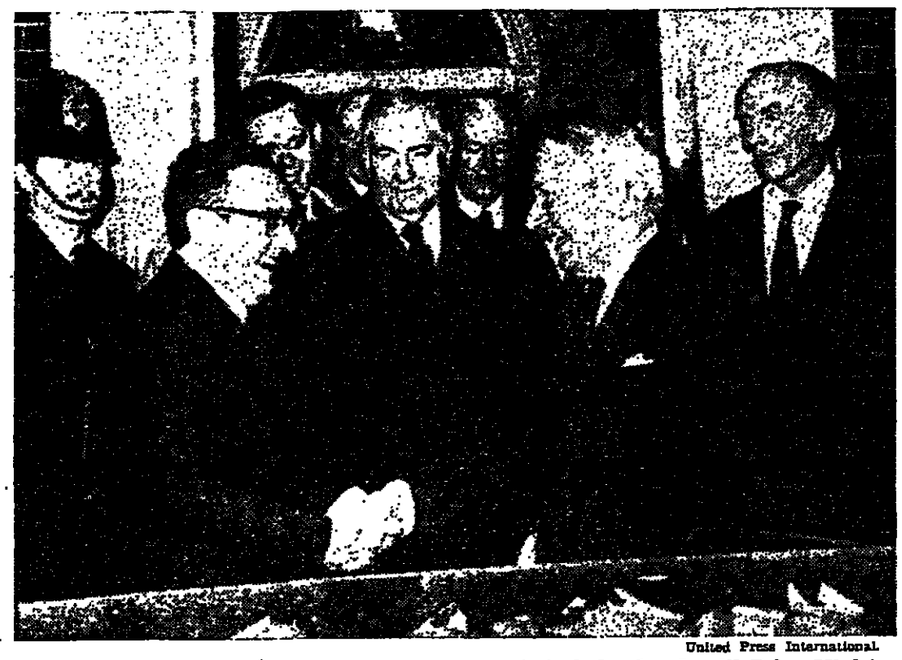
Diplomats said the discussions could cover industrial cooperation projects in coal, engineering, ship and tractor building, wood and paper, chemicals and electricity.

They said that in the light of the growing world energy crisis the electricity question would receive priority. West German newspapers have reported the possibility that a power plant could be built in Poland which would provide electricity for West Berlin and West Germany.

The reports said the plant would cost between $240 million and $280 million.

Foreign Minister Stefan Olszowski was in Bonn last week for talks on low-interest West German credits for Poland.

Spokesmen said at the time that Polish officials had agreed to permit 50,000 Poles of German descent to leave the country next year in return for Bonn's pledge to provide credits at a favorable rate.



United Press International.

PARTING—Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, left, shakes hands with Prime Minister Edward Heath after talks in London. Center is U.S. Ambassador Walter Annenberg.

## Sweeping Oil Limits Set by U.S.

### Gasoline Output Would Be Cut 25%

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (AP).—The Nixon administration today proposed cutting gasoline production by 25 percent effective Dec. 27, but the pinch on the average motorist is likely to be even more severe.

Regulations proposed by William E. Simon, the head of the Federal Energy Administration, would give priority to emergency services, agricultural producers, public transportation services and energy producers who buy gasoline in bulk. They could buy all the gasoline they needed.

The Defense Department also would get all the petroleum it needed, except for "space heating and housekeeping requirements," under the proposed regulation.

● Further cuts planned in U.S. airline service. Page 3.

But the department's requirements would be subject to review and approval by Mr. Simon.

Businesses, nonprofit organizations and government agencies that buy bulk supplies would form a second priority group, eligible to buy as much gasoline as they did in 1972.

All other gasoline outlets, including retail filling stations, will get no more than 90 percent of what they received in 1972.

An energy office spokesman said that at the gas pump the effect of the production cutback and the allocations to priority users will be a drop in gasoline availability of from 25 to 35 percent.

As gasoline becomes scarcer under the new rules, it will also get more expensive. The regulations include a dollar-for-dollar passing along to the users of the increasing costs of imported oil, which have soared in recent months.

The energy office has given no official estimate of what the cost pass-through will do to user fuel prices, but an unofficial estimate was that gasoline would cost about 6 cents more a gallon and that heating oil would jump by about 8 cents a gallon.

Administration officials admitted that the proposal contained a glaring flaw, because there is no provision for priority sales to individuals or companies whose services merit priority treatment, but who do not buy gasoline in bulk.

Independent ambulance services, small farmers and independent taxi drivers, for example, would find themselves waiting in line at the filling station along with everyone else, and hoping there would be some gasoline left when they reached the pump.

The sharp cutback in gasoline production is designed to make more crude oil available for production of other petroleum products, including heating oil and residual oil used by utilities to produce electricity.

Mr. Simon also revised an earlier proposal for allocation of home heating oil and diesel and jet fuel.

President Nixon on Dec. 4 delegated the authority to Mr. Simon to issue such regulations under the Emergency Petroleum

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 8)

...y Aspect' From 1969-72

## ...k Panel Won't Limit Probe 2 Issues Raised by Nixon

By Robert Siner

...HINGTON, Dec. 12 (IHT). ...Joint Congressional Com... ...n Internal Revenue Taxa... ...rmally agreed today to a ... by President Nixon for ...mination of his tax re... ...but decided that the re...

...orski says White House ...s files for inspection. ...e 4.

...uld not be limited to the ...as Mr. Nixon had pro...

...he made public his tax ...for 1969 through 1972, on ...y, the President, in a let... ...ased today by the com... ...chairman, Rep. Wilbur D. ..., Ark., asked the panel ...investigate the "two tax... ...items [which] may con... ...be a subject of continu... ...lic questioning."

... are a deduction for a ...vice-presidential papers to ...ional Archives and wheth... Nixon should have paid ...gains tax on the sale of ...his San Clemente, Calif., ...y.

...vice-presidential papers ...ued at $576,000 by an ap... Ralph Newman, and re... ...n a $235,000 tax saving for ...sident. Mr. Nixon made ...gains of $117,370 on the ...the property, according to ... and Lybrand, a firm ...d by the President to pre... ...independent audit. Mr. ...lawyers dispute the find...

**The Whole Thing'**

... the House-Senate com... ...voted to "look at every ... of Mr. Nixon's tax af... 1969 through 1972. Mills, in explaining the ... said that "when you ex... ... tax return, there is no ... can restrict the exam... ...to particular issues. You look at the whole thing." Arkansas Democrat said ...e committee staff would ...ork immediately but he ... that the probe would ... into next year. ...ixon said in his letter ...after its examination, the ...ee "determines that items ...correctly reported, I will ...atever tax may be due."

**$300,000 at Stake**

...xperts have said that the ... would owe about $300,... ...back taxes and penalties ...o items in question were ...ved.

...committee vice-chairman, ...ssell B. Long, D., La., how... ever, said that the job of the committee was just to make public the facts, not to render a judgment.

Rep. Mills said that most of the work would be done by the committee staff, headed by Laurance N. Woodworth.

Mr. Woodworth later told newsmen that he had already met with one of Mr. Nixon's tax attorneys, who had promised that "every document we need will be made available."

Rep. Mills said that the committee would seek to find out whether the donation of President Nixon's papers was made before the July 25, 1969, deadline. After

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 7)

## *No Gold Plot Seen in Rumor Of Nixon Death*

PARIS, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—The Paris chief prosecutor has concluded that rumors of President Nixon's death were not spread deliberately in Paris last week as a means to force up gold prices, it was announced here today.

Prosecutor Paul Pageaud began the investigation after the price of the Napoleon gold coin rose to a record 139.90 francs last Thursday. The rise coincided with rumors that President Nixon had committed suicide.

Mr. Pageaud's office announced today that he had decided after his inquiries that "there is no indication of an attempt to falsify the price of gold on the exchange."

Right of Assembly Urged

## *Spanish Cardinal Demands Wider Political Freedoms*

*From Wire Dispatches*

MADRID, Dec. 12.—Vicente Cardinal Enrique y Tarancon, the Catholic Church's highest political voice in Spain, called on the government today to give Spaniards more political freedom, including the right to public assembly.

In one of the strongest church interventions since Generalissimo Francisco Franco won the civil war in 1939 and banned political parties, the cardinal said the right to meet and associate for legitimate ends "can only bring benefits to the church and the country."

The cardinal, who is archbishop of Madrid, did not specify what government action should be taken. But he called public assembly "a human right" and said he fully supported other church leaders, including Narciso Cardinal Jubany, of Barcelona, who have called for easing restrictions on political association.

The cardinal's statement came in a pre-Christmas message to priests and laymen of the Madrid diocese as court sources announced a Catholic priest will go on trial Dec. 20 on charges of "illegal association."

**Labor Leaders Face Trial**

Meanwhile it became known that the Public Order Court will try 10 of Spain's top underground labor leaders for illicit association on Dec. 20. One of the lawyers for the 10 defendants revealed the trial date today.

In a pretrial brief, the prosecution has asked that labor leader Marcelino Camacho and other defendants be sentenced to prison terms ranging from 12 to 20 years.

The trial is considered by political sources as Spain's biggest political court case since a military tribunal handed down death sentences—later commuted by Gen. Franco—and long prison terms on a group of Basque separatists three years ago.

Lawyer Joaquin Jimenez, a former education minister, said he has been informed of the trial date by court authorities. The trial may last only one day and may not be public because one of the defendants is a priest, he said. Under the terms of the concordat between Spain and the Holy See, priests' trials have to be held behind closed doors.

**'Case 1,001'**

The trial, known in Spain as "Case 1,001," stems from a secret meeting of the National Coordinating Committee of the Workers' Commissions, an outlawed Marxist organization which has been blamed by the government for many of Spain's recent strike movements.

Police broke up the meeting, which was held in a church building in a Madrid suburb on June 24, 1972, and arrested all

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

## *NYSE Prices Fall Sharply*

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (AP-DJ).—The New York Stock Exchange closed sharply lower today. The Dow Jones industrial index dropped 23.45 points to 810.73.

Brokers said traders were uneasy about the uncertainties of the economic situation and particularly the effects of the oil shortage. Details on Page 9.

Would Include Consumers, Producers

## *Kissinger Urges Joint Energy Unit*

By Marilyn Berger

LONDON, Dec. 12 (WP).—Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger tonight proposed that the industrialized nations of the world establish an energy action group to collaborate in all areas of the energy problem.

He proposed that the group be comprised of "senior and prestigious individuals" and "should not be an exclusive organization of consumers."

"The producing nations should be invited to join it from the very beginning with respect to any matters of common interest," he said.

Mr. Kissinger's proposal was clearly designed to prevent a scramble by the United States, Europe and Japan for the world's supply of oil, and at the same time to avoid a confrontation with the producing nations. The Saudi Arabian oil minister, Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani, warned several months ago that any attempt by the consuming countries to unite against the producers could mean "war."

The proposed group should, Mr. Kissinger said, develop an initial action program within three months, just when the oil shortage is expected to cause severe hardship in Europe.

**Praises European Unity**

Mr. Kissinger made his proposal in a speech prepared for delivery to the Pilgrims, an exclusive British-American friendship society. In his statement, which was said to have gone through more than ten drafts in preparation, Mr. Kissinger expressed some of his warmest praise for the growing political unity of Europe.

Before an English audience, he offered to expand the "special relationship," which until recently characterized British-American ties, to Europe. "We are prepared to offer a unifying Europe a 'special relationship,'" he said, "for we believe that the unity of the Western world is essential for the well-being of its parts."

Mr. Kissinger said he was "seized by a mixture of pride and terror" in speaking to a British audience. Referring implicitly to his German accent, he said terror superseded pride, "for there is no blinking the fact—it is there for all to hear—that my forebears missed the Mayflower by some 300 years."

But for most of his statement he was serious, providing a forthright recognition of problems and a fuller agenda for action than when he launched the "Year of Europe" with his speech of April 23 with a call for a new Atlantic charter.

**Joint Action Urged**

Mr. Kissinger appeared to be seeking a unified response to the energy crisis as a practical means of cementing transatlantic ties following a period of serious disagreements. "This is a challenge which the United States could solve alone with great difficulty and that Europe cannot solve in isolation at all. We strongly prefer, and Europe requires, a common enterprise."

He said the United States "is prepared to make a very major financial and intellectual contribution to the objective of solving the energy problem on a common basis. There is no technological problem that the great democracies do not have a capacity to solve together—if they can muster the will and the imagination."

Although Mr. Kissinger mentioned U.S. détente with the Soviet Union in his speech, Moscow and its allies—as well as China—were clearly to be excluded from the energy enterprise he was proposing.

"The energy crisis of 1973 can

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

*Germany, Britain, Austria Included*

## Bourguiba Reassures France On Continued Supplies of Oil

PARIS, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—President Habib Bourguiba of Tunisia today conferred with President Georges Pompidou for nearly two hours and reaffirmed afterward that France, Britain, West Germany and Austria would not go short of oil.

The Tunisian leader said he had had personal assurances from Algerian President Houari Boumedienne and Libyan President Moamer Qadhafi on this—despite a statement by the Algerian government that it would fully honor the decision taken by Arab oil-producing countries in Kuwait last weekend to cut back production by a further 5 percent.

On leaving the Elysée Palace after his talks, President Bourguiba told newsmen "the big good news that I brought France this morning is that it will not lack gasoline this year."

**Other Assurances**

He said the Libyan and Algerian assurances applied to Britain, West Germany and Austria as well as to France.

It was not immediately clear whether the assurances applied only to the rest of 1973 or covered a longer period. But Tunisian and French officials said later they understood the Tunisian leader to mean the coming year.

President Bourguiba had made a similar statement in Tunis before boarding a plane to Paris. A few hours later the Algerian government issued an official communiqué which was seen as a clear denial that Algeria was prepared to give special treatment to any European country.

When asked about the Algerian communiqué, President Bourguiba replied: "I have my information from the head of state himself, and not from the government."

He added: "I telephoned myself from my bedroom yesterday to President Boumedienne and Col. Qadhafi, who gave me their personal assurances."

President Bourguiba, who flew here yesterday, also discussed the possibility with Mr. Pompidou of holding a meeting of Arab and West European countries in Tunisia and also discussed the Middle East conflict.

An Arab-European meeting was suggested earlier this month by French Foreign Minister Michel Jobert.

In other developments in the oil crisis:

● The Italian government decision to effectively ban exports of petroleum distillates has removed an estimated 800,000 tons a month of these products from the world market, according to calculations based on official trade figures.

The ban has been in effect since mid-October, Foreign Trade Minister Matteo Matteotti announced late yesterday. In early October, Italy set up a system of

● Iran sold petroleum at four times average price. Page 2.

export permits. Since then, "not one drop of oil" has left Italy, with a few small exceptions, Mr. Matteotti said.

The exceptions have been applied to the Vatican, San Marino, Malta and countries that produce crude oil.

● The West German government will introduce new fuel-saving measures next month to combat an expected 20.5 percent drop in oil imports, Economics Minister Hans Friderichs told the Bundestag today.

The minister did not go into

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

## ...wdown Hits British Rails; ...y Hurt Supply of Energy

By Terry Robards

...ON, Dec. 12 (NYT).—The ...conomy, already burden... ...an energy crisis, suffered ... major blow today when ...llroad engineers and fire... ...lled rail service all over

...overnment reacted im... ...y with a royal proclama... ...a one-month extension ...national state of emer... ...first declared a month ...ich was scheduled to ex... ...ay. ...t, the government an... that Prime Minister Heath will make a ... the nation radio and ...n broadcast tomorrow

...ands of commuters around ... and other cities were in... ...nced by the interrup... ...ut the impact on the supply was likely to be ...ore serious. Virtually all ...oal and much of the oil ...tain's power generators by rail.

Robert Carr, the Home Secretary, said in the House of Commons that the rail dispute posed a "serious threat" partly because "there has been no resolution of the disputes affecting the coal and electricity supply industries."

The crisis brought on by cutbacks and interruptions in the supply of oil from the Middle East has been compounded by work slowdowns by the nation's coal miners and electrical engineers.

A voltage reduction of 6 percent—the maximum considered possible before blackouts occur—remained in effect today throughout Britain. Sporadic blackouts were reported yesterday in some areas outside London.

The government estimates that production has been reduced by about one-third and that coal stockpiles at power plants have declined sharply. The rail dispute will, therefore, accentuate the coal shortage at a critical mo-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

United Press International.

LIMITED SERVICE—British commuters throng Waterloo Station, waiting for trains.

## *Immigrants in EEC to Be First To Lose Jobs in Fuel Crisis*

BRUSSELS, Dec. 12 (AP).—The Common Market's 4 million immigrant workers, threatened with large-scale layoffs as Europe's energy crisis slows industrial production, have no special job protection under community rules, Social Affairs Commissioner Patrick Hillery said today.

The immigrants—mainly from Spain, Portugal Yugoslavia, Turkey and North Africa—are expected to be the first to lose their jobs as unemployment builds up.

Mr. Hillery said they did not qualify for the same protection as the 2 million Common Market citizens—many of them Italians—who work outside their own country.

The market's Executive Commission has estimated that the nine community nations will have 4 million unemployed early in 1974 because of the Arab oil cutback. Unemployment is normally around 2 million.

**Decisions Outlined**

Mr. Hillery cited the plight of the immigrant workers at a news conference to outline decisions taken early today by the Council of Ministers to improve working conditions in the community and aim for full employment.

He said that under the Common Market charter, workers from noncommunity countries did not have the right of free access to jobs. But he acknowledged that closing Europe's borders to them would inevitably provoke unemployment and economic difficulties in their own countries.

The immigrant workers, for the large part unskilled, usually leave their families in their own countries and send home a large part of the higher wages they earn in the highly industrialized "Nine."

**Equality Is Urged**

Mr. Hillery said he hoped that the immigrant workers would be treated in the same way as their Common Market counterparts as companies slowed production to meet fuel shortages.

A three-year program to improve working conditions in Europe commits the Common Market to finding more cash for the training of immigrant and handicapped workers.

Its other main points include equal pay for women, a 40-hour week with four weeks paid annual vacation, a harmonizing of the employment policies of the "Nine," worker participation in industry and full employment.

The Council of Ministers will take decisions on the implementation of the major topics early in 1974.

*But Failed to Reach 5-Year Plan Goals*

# Soviet Figures Show Economy Did Well in '73

By Robert G. Kaiser

MOSCOW, Dec. 12 (WP).—The Soviet economy performed reasonably well this year, according to statistics released today, but the ambitious goals of the current five-year plan still appear out of reach.

The Russians have achieved only three-fourths of the economic growth they had hoped for at this stage of the plan, and almost every branch of industry lags behind original production targets. As a result, the Soviet people have not achieved promised improvements in their standard of living.

The goals set for 1975 can now be met only if the economy stages a remarkable rally during the next two years.

Nevertheless, today's figures must have pleased Soviet leaders, because they show a substantial recovery from an ominously bad year in 1972. The recovery was led by a reportedly huge grain harvest of 230 million tons, 52 million tons more than last year's disastrous harvest, which sent the Russians into world markets to buy grain.

**Exhortation Campaign**

Industry too did better than last year, perhaps under the influence of a year-long exhortation campaign which repeated imploringly that this was "the decisive year" of the five-year plan. If that is literally true, however, 1973 showed that the five-year plan's targets will not be achieved.

Figures on the economy were announced by: Nikolai Baibakov, deputy Soviet premier and chairman of the State Planning Committee. He spoke to a session of the Supreme Soviet, the official parliament of the Soviet government.

Mr. Baibakov's report, including revised targets for next year, was approved earlier in the week by the Communist party's Central Committee, the real ruling body in this country.

Also today, the Soviet minister of finance presented a 1974 budget which included 17.6 billion rubles for defense ($32.88 billion at the inflated official rate of exchange.) This is 300 million rubles less than last year.

Western experts interpret this figure as an indication of the impression Moscow wants to create, not of the real level of defense spending, which is reckoned by experts to be roughly equal to American defense expenditures.

Chief planner Baibakov spoke confidently of the Soviet Union's energy supplies, but he also revealed that oil, gas and electricity are all lagging in production behind original targets.

Mr. Baibakov also announced a 38 percent increase for next year in the production of electricity by atomic energy and he revealed a 7 percent target for the growth of oil production next year. This is a relatively modest figure tending to confirm the analysis of Western experts who predict that the Russians will want to import large quantities of Middle East oil in the 1980s, if not before.

Some other high points from Mr. Baibakov's report:

● Production of consumer goods should expand faster than heavy industry next year. This relationship was supposed to have been maintained throughout the current five-year plan, but it had to be abandoned after the poor performance last year.

Nevertheless, the Soviet consumer will have to wait longer for improvements in his life style than he was promised in 1971.

Real income has fallen behind targets throughout this five-year plan. Next year, Mr. Baibakov said, it should increase by 5 percent per capita. The original five-year plan called for a 5.5 percent increase.

● Soviet agriculture, which staged a remarkable comeback this year, will continue to receive a high level of capital investment, a fourth of all investment in the economy. The 1974 pan calls for a 6.4 percent increase in agricultural production.

● Total national income, a crude Soviet equivalent of gross national product less services, which are not counted in it, grew 15.2 percent in the first three years of the five-year plan. Planned growth for the period was 20.9 percent.

● Soviet industrial output grew 7.3 percent this year, and is now planned to expand another 6.8 percent next year. The equivalent figures in the original five-year plan were 7.8 percent and 8.6 percent.

Meanwhile, the official news agency Tass today accused the House of Representatives of interfering in the internal affairs of the Soviet Union by voting to deny trade benefits to Moscow.

In a report from Washington, Tass attributed yesterday's House vote to "cold war champions." The House voted to deny credits and most-favored-nation trade status to the Soviet Union unless Moscow allows free emigration of Jews and other citizens.

UPI

ECONOMIC MESSAGE — The Soviet planning chairman, Nikolai Baibakov, reads economic statistics.

Associated Press

INTERVIEW—President Habib Bourguiba of Tunisia is questioned by reporters after seeing French officials.

## *Bourguiba Reassures France On Continued Supplies of Oil*

(Continued from Page 1)

details, but gave the country's motorists a welcome reprieve by announcing that the Sunday driving ban in force for the last three weekends would not be imposed over the Christmas and New Year periods.

● Belgium's Economics Minister, Willy Claes, said today that Belgium could have 25 percent less energy than it needs next year if the oil shortage continues.

Mr. Claes said efforts should be made to diversify oil sources and the government favored direct negotiations between states, leaving petroleum companies with a secondary role.

● Bulgaria, which imports most of its petroleum from the Soviet Union, has imposed gasoline rationing.

Bulgarian drivers of private cars are limited to 10 gallons of gasoline per month at 85 cents a gallon. They may purchase more at double the price. Rationing has also been imposed on official vehicles but details were not announced.

In 1972 Bulgaria imported nine million tons of crude oil and produced only 300,000 tons from its own wells.

● Japan has predicted year-end petroleum reserves of about 52 days as officials denied the government had already decided on further drastic fuel curbs for the new year.

The Trade Ministry said latest figures showed Japan's total petroleum reserve was sufficient for 57.4 days at the end of November.

This comprised crude oil for 25.4 days or 134.6 million barrels and petroleum products for 32 days or 159.7 million barrels. The ministry said it would release enough oil for four or five days this month, so that year-end reserves were expected to be cut to 52 or 53 days.

Government officials denied a report by the Kyodo News Agency that the government had decided to tighten energy consumption restrictions next month 20 to 25 percent from the present 10 percent.

## *Italian Jury Majority May Be Women*

GENOA, Dec. 12 (AP).—A local court has rejected unanimous objections by attorneys and the public prosecutor and ruled that a jury with a female majority is as legitimate as one with a male predominance.

A six-member jury in a murder trial here became predominantly female with five women and one man after other men previously named opted out. The attorneys and the prosecutor claimed such a jury to be illegitimate, citing an old law that ruled out a female majority.

The three-man court ruled yesterday that provision was to be regarded as de facto repealed since the law opened up the career of judges to women some five years ago.

## Kenyatta Proud Of 10-Year Rule Of Law in Kenya

NAIROBI, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—President Jomo Kenyatta said today that the proudest achievement of 10 years of black government in Kenya had been to uphold the rule of law here.

Mr. Kenyatta addressed the nation on the 10th anniversary of its independence from Britain. He spoke after a ceremonial march past by the Kenyan armed forces, witnessed by Emperor Haile Selassie of Ethiopia and Sudanese President Gaafar Numeiry.

President Idi Amin of Uganda was also among state guests on the platform who heard Mr. Kenyatta declare: "There can be little dignity where people walk in fear, and where rights are vested only in the state."

He said that when it came to power 10 years ago his Kenya African National Union party had pledged to uphold the rule of law and the bill of rights.

"This promise has been faithfully carried out, and I give it pride of place in this review [of the past 10 years] because it goes to the very heart of what I have described as human dignity and freedom," he said.

### *Kissinger Receives His Peace Prize*

LONDON, Dec. 12 (UPI).—U.S. Ambassador to Norway Thomas Byrne today presented to Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger the Nobel Peace Prize which he accepted on Mr. Kissinger's behalf in ceremonies in Oslo Monday.

Mr. Kissinger was awarded the Peace Prize jointly with North Vietnamese Politburo member Le Duc Tho for their efforts to bring peace to Vietnam. The North Vietnamese official rejected the prize on the ground that a true peace still did not exist in Vietnam.

### Spain Fire Death Toll 23

ZARAGOZA, Spain, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—The death toll in a furniture-factory fire here stood at 23 today after a worker died in a hospital, medical sources said. Another worker was seriously ill and four were recovering.

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ALGARVE
*Hotels Jupiter and Alvor*
MADEIRA
*Hotels Palacio Madeira, Sheraton*
DUSSELDORF
*Hotels Inter-Continental and Hilton*
MUNICH
*Hotel Hilton*
FRANKFURT
*International Airport, Hotel Inter-Continental and Airport Hotel*
TEL AVIV
*Hotel Hilton and Lod International Airport*
JERUSALEM
*Hotels Inter-Continental and Diplonat*
RIO DE JANEIRO
*And Major Cities in South America*
NEW YORK
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ST. THOMAS

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## Iran Says It Sold Petroleum At Four Times Average Price

By William D. Smith

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (NYT).—The Iranian government announced yesterday that it had sold oil for as high as $17.40 a barrel, which represents a quadrupling in price, the Associated Press reported from Tehran.

The new price ranged from $17.40 for light-sulphur crude, to $16 for heavy gravity, high-sulphur crude. The price of Persian Gulf oil had averaged about $3.64 a barrel previously.

The new Iranian price could play havoc with the economies of nations, particularly those already facing serious inflation threats, according to informed industry sources.

The prices were announced following an auction by the Iranian national oil company of 80 million barrels of crude for delivery over the first six months of 1974. The oil was purchased by as yet unidentified American, Japanese and European companies.

The auctioned oil represents part of the payment to Iran by the consortium of Western oil companies that operate in that country. It was a spot sale and represents only a small portion of the world trade in oil, most of which is sold contractually to the major Western oil companies.

**Considerable Concern**

Nonetheless, ther is considerable concern now in the industry that the Iranian auction price could be the base for determining market prices for all the Persian Gulf producing countries.

This in turn, under a formula adopted by the Persian Gulf producers Oct. 16 would directly affect the posted price, or the artificial price upon which the companies pay royalties and taxes. This formula calls for a posted price 40 percent above the "market" price of crude.

The current posted price of Arabian light, which is the basic Saudi Arabian crude, is $5.18 a barrel. The Iranian price is about the same.

The industry's general reaction was amazement. "I am shocked but I guess not really surprised," one industry executive commented. "I was expecting a high price for the Iranian crude because of the starved condition of the world oil consumers, but this is an eye popper."

Looming large in the industry's mind now is that the Persian Gulf producers have called a meeting in Tehran at the end of this month to discuss new posted prices.

**Significant Influence**

Industry sources do not expect the Iranian auction price to be used as the new basis for the "market" price but they feel that it will influence the setting of the new "posted price" significantly.

This will mean that the companies that buy and market the bulk of Persian Gulf oil will pay the host governments sharply higher taxes and royalties. This cost will undoubtedly be passed on to consumers.

The standard formula calls for the companies to pay a tax of 55 percent and 12 percent of the posted price.

Under the participation and marketing agreements reached by the Persian Gulf producers with the major oil companies, the host governments now receive between 5 and 20 percent of current production of crude oil for direct marketing.

The share of the oil production handled by the national oil companies of the producing states is expected to increase in the near future because the host governments have accelerated their demands for a larger share of the producing companies.

An indication that the Iranian oil auction might draw very high bids was seen in reports, later denied, that bidding on a small quantity of Nigerian oil had reached $16.80 a barrel. Indeed, a small quantity of Iranian oil was reported to have sold for $8 a barrel earlier than yesterday's sale. That sale, however, could not be confirmed.

Some oil industry sources contended that the Nigerians had floated the reports themselves to draw higher prices from the actual bidders.

Still time to send Christmas flowers home
Check with any florist displaying this emblem

*Consumers and Producers*

# Kissinger Urges Joint Group To Work on Energy Problem

(Continued from Page 1)

become the economic equivalent of the Sputnik challenge of 1957," he said, referring to the Soviet success in space that galvanized the U.S. program. "Only this time," he said, "the giant step for mankind will be one that America and its closest partners take together."

In this way, Mr. Kissinger appeared to be responding to charges that he has been far more successful in dealing with adversaries than with allies.

"On both sides of the Atlantic," he said, "we are faced with the anomalous—and dangerous—situation which in the public mind identifies foreign policy success increasingly with relations with adversaries, while relations with allies seem to be characterized by bickering and drift."

Mr. Kissinger also set out a series of considerations for the summit meeting of the nine members of the Common Market, to convene tomorrow in Copenhagen.

"Europe," he said, "has made great strides towards unity—particularly political coordination. The United States strongly supports that process."

He reminded Europe that its unity "must not be at the expense of the Atlantic community or both sides of the Atlantic will suffer." He said:

"It is not that we are impatient with the cumbersome machinery of the emerging Europe. It is rather the tendency to highlight division rather than unity which concerns us.

"I would be less than frank were I to conceal our uneasiness about some of the practices of the European community in the political field. To present the decisions of a unifying Europe to us as faits accomplis not subject to effective discussion is alien to the tradition of U.S.-European relations."

He said: "We do not object to a single spokesman but we do believe that as an old ally the United States should be given an opportunity to express its concerns before final decisions affecting its interests are taken and bilateral channels of discussion and negotiation should not be permitted to atrophy—at least until European political unity is fully realized."

Mr. Kissinger said such complaints may seem strange coming from a country "repeatedly accused of acting itself without adequately consulting with its allies." He said "there is no doubt that the United States has sometimes not consulted enough or adequately—especially in rapidly moving situations. But this is not a preference; it is a deviation from official policy and established practice—usually under the pressure of necessity."

But he went on, "the attitude of the unifying Europe, by contrast, seems to attempt to elevate refusal to consult into a principle defining European identity. To judge from recent experience, consultation with us before a decision is precluded, and consultation after the fact has been drained of content. For then Europe appoints a spokesman who is empowered to inform us of the decisions taken but who has no authority to negotiate."

He called again for the completion of "a set of declarations" renewing and reinvigorating Atlantic ties. He asked for improved methods of consultation and called the meeting yesterday in Brussels "a significant step forward in restoring the intangibles of the transatlantic dialogue."

Before the same audience, British Foreign Secretary Sir Alec Douglas-Home warned that relations between West Europe and the United States could hit further difficulties. "We must all work harder at consultation," he said.

Present relations between the enlarged European Economic Community and the United States "may not all be exactly what America expected," he said. "New machinery creaks and before it runs on oiled wheels there will be problems for you and us. I trust you will not ascribe any delays and difficulties which might arise to any kind of ill will."

In line with his emphasis on emergency, Mr. Kissinger announced that he would go to Algiers tomorrow as his first stop on a swing that will take him to the Middle East. Algeria has rich oil and natural gas supplies and has been a leader among the Arab states in efforts to get a settlement with Israel.

He also will visit Lisbon and Madrid on Dec. 20 and 21, with plans to hold talks with top officials in both capitals, it was announced today. In Spain, he will meet with Gen. Francisco Franco and Prince Juan Carlos de Borbon, as well as Premier Luis Carrero Blanco and Foreign Minister Laureano Lopez Rodo. He will return to Washington from Madrid.

## U.S. Won't Appeal Bahamas Bar to Vesco Extradition

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (AP).—The government will not appeal the refusal of a Bahamian magistrate to extradite financier Robert L. Vesco, a federal prosecutor said today.

"We will not appeal," U.S. Attorney Paul J. Curran said. He gave no reason for the government's decision.

Last Friday, the Bahamian magistrate ruled that a fraud indictment against the New Jersey financier did not amount to an extraditable charge under existing treaties between the Bahamas and the United States.

Mr. Vesco, 38, has been living in the Bahamas and Costa Rica. He is listed here as a fugitive for failing to answer three criminal indictments and one civil law suit accusing him of diverting to his personal use some of the $224 million assets of four mutual funds he controlled when he was board chairman of International Controls Corp.

He is a codefendant of former cabinet members John N. Mitchell and Maurice H. Stans on charges of conspiring to obstruct federal probes.

## *British Rails Interrupted By Slowdown*

(Continued from Page 1)

ment. Seventy percent of Britain's electricity comes from coal-fired generators.

The disruptions in rail service vary in intensity according to the locality, but appear to be most serious in the populous area surrounding London. Only 78 of 375 suburban trains from the Southern Region ran into London in the rush hour this morning, even though the engineers and firemen technically are not on strike.

To win pay increases that the government contends would be inflationary, the railroad operators are working strictly according to the rules and have banned Sunday work and overtime.

The ban on overtime and Sunday work will hit directly at coal deliveries to the power stations, because these deliveries normally are made on weekends and at other off-peak times.

Last week coal consumption for electrical power generation was estimated at 1.47 million tons, while only about one million tons of coal were delivered. The shortfall clearly will increase if the slowdown by the railroad men continues.

The union, formally named the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, has rejected an offer from British Rail that would have raised engineers' wages from the current £33 a week to £36.95. Including overtime, their average earnings would have risen from £45 to £51.

The engineers and firemen are the most militant of the three railroad unions currently negotiating with British Rail. The total wage package offered to all 280,000 workers involved has been valued at £52 million.

Under Phase 3 of the government's economic stabilization program, wage increases are supposed to be held to a basic 75 percent, although greater percentage increases are possible through productivity gains and other methods.

Declaring a state of emergency gives the government exceptional powers to deal with the crisis. Among these are the power to use the armed services—a right that may be invoked if power blackouts begin to result from coal shortages.

## Spain Cleric Asks Liberty

(Continued from Page 1)

participants. The 10 defendants have been in custody since.

The defendants include former Jesuit Francisco Garcia Salve, a worker-priest. He has been awaiting the trial in the concordary prison of Zamora, in western Spain, where he joined a hunger strike by other imprisoned priests which ended yesterday, according to official sources in Madrid.

Mr. Garcia, 42, was reported by church sources as being in very weak condition following his 16-day fast. They said it was doubtful whether he would recover enough to stand trial next week.

But the official sources who announced the end of the hunger strike asserted that all six priests taking part in it were in "satisfactory" condition. The other five are Basques.

The sources did not say why the six had decided to give up their protest. The priests staged their strike to back a demand that the Zamora prison be closed and priests be incarcerated in the same prisons as other prisoners.

**Vatican Condemns Sit-Ins**

VATICAN CITY, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—The Vatican today condemned recent sit-ins at papal embassies in Madrid in protest against the detention of six priests in a special jail in Spain.

A statement released by a Vatican spokesman said the action by priests, nuns and laymen was a form of "improper pressure, judged reprehensible by public opinion."

The protest was "all the more inadmissible because of the special character of the places where it took place," the Vatican said.

The priests' protest provoked sit-ins and demonstrations of solidarity throughout Spain and elsewhere.

## *U.S. Outlines Broad Plan In Oil Crisis*

### Gasoline Output Would Be Cut 25%

(Continued from Page 1)

Act of 1973, just one week after he signed the bill into law.

The regulations would impose controls for the first time on the distribution of crude oil and refineries.

A refinery would be limited in production based on a ratio between the total crude oil supply and the nation's total refining capacity.

Refiners receiving more than their share according to the ratio would have to offer the excess supplies for sale and those operating below the ratio could purchase crude oil to increase their production.

The proposed regulations say residual oil, a heavy oil used mainly in electric power plants and industries, would assign priority to those who use it for fuel production, food production, essential community services, mass shipping and heating for health services. These users would get all the fuel they need.

Homeowners would get all the heating oil they needed to maintain indoor temperatures at 65 degrees below last year's temperatures, or an equivalent reduction in heating oil use. Businesses would have to reduce indoor temperatures by 10 degrees or take equivalent fuel saving steps.

Industrial and manufacturing users of middle distillate fuels, including food processors and freight haulers—will get 10 percent more than they received last year.

Aviation fuels would be in a separate category with top priority assigned to emergency and mercy flights.

Major domestic airlines would get 5 percent less fuel than in 1972 until Jan. 7, when the cutback would increase to 15 percent below 1972.

International airlines would get the same amount as in 1972 until Jan. 7 and then be cut 10 percent.

Mr. Simon called for public comments by 5 p.m. EST on Dec. 20. The proposed regulations would take effect on Dec. 27 unless changes are ordered by Mr. Simon.

In related action:

● President Nixon wants to speed up the timetable for the search to make the United States self-sufficient in its energy needs, Republican congressional leaders said today.

Emerging from a 70-minute meeting with the President, House GOP leader, Rep. John Rhodes of Arizona, and Senate Republican leader Hugh Scott of Pennsylvania said that Mr. Nixon agreed that accelerated spending on research is necessary even if it means budget deficits.

A possibility, Rep. Rhodes said, is spending $10 billion in research funds within the next three years rather than between now and 1980, as now planned.

● The New England Electric Power Pool announced in Boston yesterday that New England utilities will get 34 percent less oil than needed this winter, which could lead to severe power shortages.

## *Arabs to Attend European Summit*

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 12 (AP).—Six Arab states, responding to the Common Market requests, are sending foreign ministers to Copenhagen on Friday when European leaders begin their summit talks.

The surprise development, the French in inspiration, according to top European authorities, aims is to initiate a program of active trading, technological and even political cooperation between the nine-nation European Economic Community and the Arab bloc.

A highly-placed European official said the informal dialogue between Arab and European foreign ministers is likely to be the beginning of a process that Arab states represented will include Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Tunisia, Morocco, the Sudan and the Union of Arab Emirates.

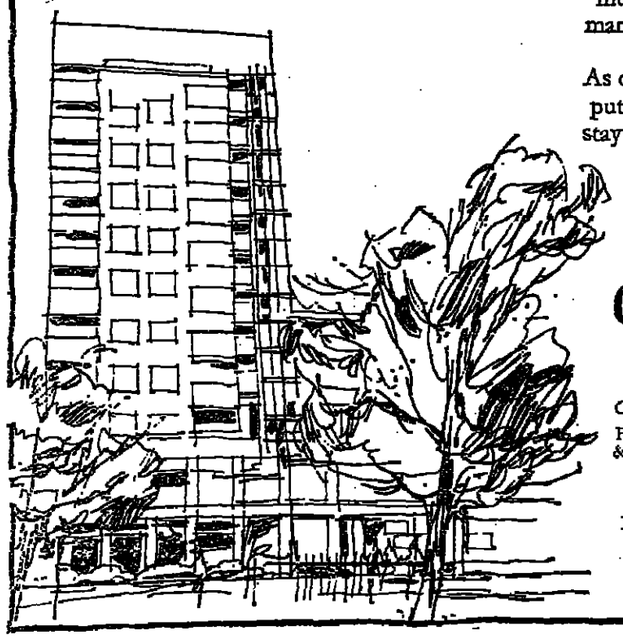
**WEATHER**

| | C | F | |
|---|---|---|---|
| ALGARVE | 13 | 55 | Clear |
| AMSTERDAM | 6 | 43 | Clear |
| ANKARA | — | — | Unkn. |
| ATHENS | 12 | 54 | Clear |
| BEIRUT | 18 | 65 | Clear |
| BELGRADE | -3 | 27 | Clear |
| BERLIN | 3 | 38 | Clear |
| BRUSSELS | 2 | 36 | Cloudy |
| BUDAPEST | -4 | 25 | Clear |
| CAIRO | 21 | 70 | Fair |
| CASABLANCA | 16 | 61 | Clear |
| COPENHAGEN | 3 | 38 | Clear |
| COSTA DEL SOL | 16 | 61 | Fair |
| DUBLIN | 7 | 45 | Rain |
| EDINBURGH | 7 | 45 | Rain |
| FLORENCE | 5 | 38 | Cloudy |
| FRANKFURT | 2 | 36 | Cloudy |
| GENEVA | 4 | 39 | Cloudy |
| ISTANBUL | 6 | 41 | Cloudy |
| LAS PALMAS | 21 | 70 | Clear |
| LISBON | 8 | 47 | Cloudy |
| LONDON | 7 | 45 | Clear |
| MADRID | 5 | 41 | Cloudy |
| MILAN | 1 | 34 | Clear |
| MONTREAL | -7 | 20 | Clear |
| MOSCOW | -7 | 20 | Snow |
| MUNICH | -1 | 34 | Snow |
| NEW YORK | -3 | 26 | Fair |
| NICE | 7 | 45 | Clear |
| OSLO | -3 | 27 | Fair |
| PARIS | 3 | 38 | Cloudy |
| PRAGUE | -2 | 28 | Cloudy |
| ROME | 9 | 48 | Fair |
| SOFIA | -1 | 30 | Clear |
| STOCKHOLM | -1 | 30 | Fair |
| TEHRAN | 5 | 41 | Fair |
| TEL AVIV | 30 | 86 | Clear |
| TUNIS | 18 | 64 | Clear |
| VENICE | 1 | 34 | Clear |
| VIENNA | -2 | 28 | Snow |
| WARSAW | — | — | Unkn. |
| WASHINGTON | 4 | 39 | Clear |
| ZURICH | -1 | 30 | Clear |

(Yesterday's readings at 1700 GMT, others at 1200

André Damonte has stayed at the Carlton Tower for 13 years.

The day we opened our doors thirteen years ago, André Damonte, Chef Concierge, was there to greet our guests. And he's still there today. We believe that André stays at The Carlton Tower for much the same reasons as many of our guests keep on coming back. As one of our clients kindly put it, people don't merely stay at The Carlton Tower – they live there.



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هكذا من الأصل

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*...oundings, Flight Cutbacks Seen*

# ...irlines Fear New Fuel Cuts ...o Cause 25,000 U.S. Layoffs

By Robert Lindsey

...W YORK, Dec. 12 (NYT).—...okesman for America's air... asserted yesterday that ...ed federal allocations of jet ...effective Jan. 7 would cause ...nation of 1,600 additional ...is each day, the grounding ...5 airliners and the laying ... more than 25,000 employees ...g. 1974.

...ce Nov. 1 U.S. airlines have ...led approximately 1,000 of ... previously scheduled 13,800 ... departures because of tight... fuel supplies. More than ... airline industry workers ...been laid off or given fur... notices that are effective ...nuary or later.

...l R. Ignatius, president of ...Air Transport Association, a ...ded airlines trade orga...on, said the forecast of addi... cutbacks was based on a ...inary study by the asso...n of the effect of further fuel cutbacks scheduled for Jan. 7.

Airline industry sources suggested that one reason the estimate had been made public was to apply pressure on the White House to roll back the allocation order. They said that administration officials had shown sensitivity to past announcements about airline layoffs and the possibility of flight cancellations, especially in smaller communities threatened with the loss of all airline service.

Since Nov. 1, the airlines' fuel consumption has been restricted to the same level as it was in 1972, or 5 to 10 percent less than they had expected this year. On Dec. 1, the White House ordered the allocation cut to 95 percent of the 1973 level, and, in a further step, effective Jan. 7, the allocation is scheduled to be reduced to 85 percent of the amount purchased in 1972.

The airlines contend that the cumulative 20 to 25 percent cutback they face is "discriminatory" because it is more than that ordered for automobiles and other industries.

Beyond that, the airlines are worried that producers will not even supply their allocated quota and, in particular, that large amounts of their quotas would be diverted to military planes.

Although industry sources acknowledged that release of the association's study forecasting more layoffs and flight cancellations was at least partly politically motivated, analysts in and out of the industry suggested the projection could be relatively accurate.

Prior to the airline layoffs that began Nov. 1, scheduled airlines had approximately 300,000 employees. The industry analysts said that it was not unreasonable to expect a loss of 10 percent of there jobs, or more, if flying hours are reduced 15 percent.

### KLM Measures

THE HAGUE, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—Royal Dutch Airlines plans to carry charter passengers on scheduled flights to save fuel, the minister of transport and waterways, Tjerk Westerter, said today.

He added that KLM would cancel freight flights which did not have sufficient loads, and added that KLM would announce further measures to save fuel in the near future.

### French Cuts

PARIS, Dec. 12 (IHT).—Air France and the state-owned domestic line today announced plans to cut down some flights, mostly internal, because of the oil crisis, which they believe will last well after an Arab-Israeli settlement.

## ...ronkite Calm ...t Homosexual ...rotest on TV

...W YORK, Dec. 12 (Reu...—Millions of television ...ers saw a prime time ... program interrupted by ...monstrator protesting ...nst the portrayal of homo... ...als in programs shown by ... Columbia Broadcasting ...m.

...e demonstrator rushed ...ont of live cameras dur... the CBS Evening News ... Walter Cronkite, who ... off his news report ...entarily, calmly com... ...ed that there was a live ...st in the studio and then ...ned to the news.

... a later broadcast, Mr. ...kite showed a rerun of ...incident and presented ...rotester's viewpoint. CBS ...it did not know imme... ...ly how the protester got ...its studios.

## ...Energy Aide ...s Reluctantly; ...o Leave Field

...SHINGTON, Dec. 12 (NYT). ...E. Reich, the 60-year-o'd ...vice-admiral who retired ... 31 to head the govern... new oil allocation effort, ...d "with genuine regret" ...ay, thereby bringing to an ... series of confrontations ... William E. Simon, head of ...deral Energy Office.

Simon's office had an... ...d Adm. Reich's resigna... ...onday night, only to be ...ficted by the admiral, who ...d that he had not resign... had not offered to do so. Simon's associates said ...non understood that Adm. ...had said Sunday that he ...igned. They could not ex... ...by a brief announcement ...de by Mr. Simon's office ...unusual way at a late ...onday night.

...Reich was the third ...nt official to leave the ...ent as a result of the ...ation that made Mr. ... who is still deputy sec... of the Treasury, Wash... ...ton energy officer. The ...n of Mr. Simon led to ...gnations of former Gov. ... Love of Colorado, head ... now disbanded Energy ... Office, and his deputy, ... J. Dibona.

## ...Nixon Stand ...ected by UMW

...BURGH, Dec. 12 (AP).— ...s to the United Mine ... convention rejected by a ... hands yesterday a pro... solution calling for Pres... Nixon's resignation.

...easure was proposed from ...r by a delegate. UMW ...t Arnold Miller called ...ow of hands after about ...utes of debate, and a ...ajority of the 941 dele... ...esent lifted their arms to ... opposition.

United Press International

**A HELPING HAND—Pvt. Rita Johnson helps Pvt. Joyce Kutsch into her parachute before the jump.**

## *2 Females Make 1st Jumps Ever In Chutes for U.S. Armed Forces*

FORT BENNING, Ga., Dec. 12 (AP).—Two teen-aged members of the U.S. Women's Army Corps braved gusty winds and low temperatures yesterday to make two parachute jumps each and become the first female parachutists in the history of the U.S. armed forces.

"I loved it, I really did," said Army Pvt. Joyce Kutsch, 19.

"You feel like you're not in yourself," echoed Pvt. Rita Johnson, 18. "You're so free, with the wind buffeting you and the chute opening... It's something I've never experienced before."

Unlike the more than 200 male trainees with whom they jumped at 1,250 feet from a C-141 Starlifter, the two women are being trained as parachute packers. They will jump periodically with the chutes they prepare. The men are being trained for combat units.

# Surgery to Shorten Intestine Aids Children's Weight Crisis

By Victor Cohn

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (WP).—A Washington area boy, 11, weighed 195 pounds and was so heavy that he could hardly get out of a chair. He now weighs 133 and is on his school swimming team.

A girl, 16, weighed 437 pounds. She is down to 160.

One 15-year-old girl has gone from 404 to 270 pounds, another from 318 to 218.

All these youths, so grossly overweight—mainly as a result of simple overeating—that their lives were in danger, have shed dozens of pounds as the result of a dramatic surgical operation at Children's Hospital here.

The operation, a last-resort measure reserved for gross obesity, was performed on the children about a year ago by Drs. Judson Randolph, surgeon-in-chief, and William H. Weintraub.

The operation reduces the effective length of the small intestine by 14 inches. This reduces the absorption of food, particularly fats and carbohydrates.

The operation is carried out by severing the intestine, then reconnecting it 14 inches farther along its length. The 14-inch section thus bypassed is left in place, should it be necessary at some time to reverse the operation. But food does not travel through it.

### Many Adults Treated

Called jejuno-ileal bypass because the jejunum and ileum are the two segments of small intestine that are linked, the surgery has been performed on scores of adults at several medical centers in the past 10 years, but on almost no children.

It had never been done on a child as young as 11 because it was feared the cut in nutrients would stunt growth.

The Children's Hospital surgeons found that this did not happen. The 11-year-old grew by a normal four inches in a year.

"This is important," Dr. Randolph said recently. "It means we can recommend that adolescents and younger children who are markedly overweight and do not respond to ordinary diet therapy should be considered for this surgery."

Dr. Randolph, Dr. Weintraub and Andrew Rigg, chief of the hospital's adolescent clinic, made such a statement to the American Academy of Pediatrics in Chicago last month.

"But we should emphasize," they added, "that this is a continuing study. We don't know what the 10-year results will be."

### 'More Alert, Outgoing'

So far, however, the youngsters have kept their weight down, they are not grossly overeating and, the doctors report, they "all appear brighter, more alert and more outgoing, and are all back in school with unrestricted activity and diet."

In addition to overeating, the 11-year-old had a little understood, possibly enzymatic disorder (Prader-Willie syndrome) that could have been contributing to or causing his condition, it has been reported.

In all four cases, however, what seems to happen, the doctors say, is that "these persons, while they are very heavy, have to keep eating an enormous amount just to keep their bodies going. Once they are down, they can begin to deal with their weight on a more normal basis."

Good results have been reported with suitable adults, too, with this kind of surgery.

The main ill-effect is diarrhea, lasting about three months. It can be controlled with a drug, however, then usually disappears except for occasional episodes or, in some cases, a generally soft stool.

# *One-Man Anti-Bias Campaign Is Led by Ainu in Tokyo Jail*

TOKYO, Dec. 12 (AP).—A one-man effort to end racial discrimination against Japan's white-skinned aborigines, the Ainu, began this year from the Tokyo jail cell of an Ainu convicted of murder.

A former beggar, juvenile delinquent, circus worker and day laborer named Naohiko Hashine is serving a five-year sentence for stabbing a friend in a Tokyo bar.

In appealing, Hashine, a primary school dropout, taught himself to read and write and prepared a 400-page defense for the judge of his new trial. It appeared in book form this October and the publisher plans a second edition soon.

Entitled "The Ainu Nation Shall Not Perish," Hashine's book describes his life as a social outcast in race-conscious Japan. In it he admits the slaying, but says it was due to an "emotional complex" from years of discrimination as an Ainu.

Similar in some ways to the American Indian, the Ainu are an indigenous people who have seen their numbers diminished and their lands taken by force.

There was an Ainu population estimated at between 500,000 and several million in the 17th century. Now, living mainly on the northern Japanese island of Hokkaido, only 18,000 remain. Most now are of mixed blood.

Like the American Indian, many are forced to eke out an existence as a tourist attraction—making and selling souvenirs or performing native dances.

"Yes, I murdered my friend," Hashine says. "But you Japanese remember that your ancestors massacred my people. My only desire is that you will remember that when you hear the word 'Ainu.'"

Hashine says his friend called him an Ainu in an insulting way. Infuriated, he stabbed him fatally with a knife.

In his book, Hashine describes other fights—dating back to primary school—and all ignited by a racial slur. One such fight, at the age of 19, cost him a five-year term in a reformatory while the other man, a pure Japanese, was set free, he said.

In and out of jail, the 33-year-old Hashine has had a variety of jobs. After quitting school, he began as a beggar at 10 and graduated to petty gangster status at 13.

He was a construction worker in Tokyo and a clown and elephant keeper with a travelling circus. But his jobs often ended with a racially based incident, he says. At the circus he was called "Inu"—Japanese for dog, used as a pejorative meaning spy or subhuman and a pun on "A-Inu" in this case.

### Ainu Convention

A friend said that every time Hashine tried to resist he was "pushed down; eventually he got a complex."

While few Japanese admit there is a race problem in Japan, Hashine's book and a new awareness among Ainu in Hokkaido show a different picture.

A statue of an Ainu man depicted kneeling, thought patronizing by some, was dynamited last year.

This year, for the first time, the Ainu community organized two national conventions. Discrimination in Japanese society and the commercialization of the Ainu culture by the tourist industry were discussed.

Hashine, whose appeal verdict is expected next spring, says he feels safer in jail than outside. "It's heaven in comparison," he wrote from his cell.

In arguing that he killed his friend because of a racial complex, "people will say that I am only trying to justify my actions. Perhaps if the Japanese had some understanding [of the Ainu], my friend might not have died," he said.

*Substandard, Overcrowded...*

# Study Says Fifth of Families In U.S. Are 'Housing-Deprived'

By Joseph P. Fried

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (NYT).—In what was called the most detailed study ever made of the nation's housing needs, Harvard University and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology reported yesterday that at least one out of every five American households lived in substandard or overcrowded conditions or was forced to spend an excessive part of its income for rent.

The figure of 13.1 million "housing-deprived" families, cited as of the 1970 census, is about twice the estimate of 6 million to 8 million that was developed in President Johnson's administration and has served as a foundation for federal housing policy in recent years.

The new study is also expected to be used by the Nixon administration as a major underpinning for its controversial moves to phase out existing federal housing-subsidy programs, which have generally stressed new construction, and to shift to a possible program of housing allowances.

### Direct Cash Payments

Such allowances are in the form of direct cash payments to the poor to enable them to compete in the private housing market.

The study implies, according to its directors, that in many areas of the country, the housing-allowance approach might be more valid than subsidized new construction for lower-income families.

On the other hand, the directors stressed at a news conference here, no "single, uniform national approach" was the answer because differing local housing conditions necessitated "a variety of programs."

The study projected that 23 million new housing units—apartments or single-family homes—were likely to be built nationally between 1970 and 1980, "primarily to satisfy population growth, mobility and changes in life style."

The South and West, the study projects, will grow at much faster rates than other areas. But it adds that the East and Middle West, because of their large base, will still account for a large share—about 37 percent—of total construction, despite their slow regional growth rates.

### Complete Data Bank

Bernard J. Frieden, director of the Joint Center for Urban Studies of MIT-Harvard, and David Birch, principal investigator for the housing study, said that it was part of an ongoing effort to develop the most complete data bank ever assembled on the nation's housing stock and needs. The study has cost $170,000, with half this amount provided by the federal government.

In breaking down the total of 13.1 million deprived households, the study said that 6.9 million lived in physically inadequate housing and 700,000 in overcrowded conditions, and 5.5 million had an excessive rent burden.

"We define a physically inadequate unit," the study said, "as one that lacks complete indoor plumbing facilities, or that has all plumbing but the heating is inadequate for the local climate, or that has all plumbing and adequate heating but is in a dilapidated condition."

Not included because the data did not exist, the study noted, were such vital items as adequate light and ventilation and the operating and sanitary condition of the facilities. Thus, the study said, its estimates of housing deprivation are "conservative."

## *Human Blood Plasma Aids Ailing Gorilla*

SYDNEY, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—Mary, a 16-year-old gorilla, is sitting up and taking nourishment at Sydney's Taronga Park Zoo after having an infected leg amputated—with the help of human blood plasma.

Zoo employees found that gorillas have blood similar to that of humans, but, unsure of exact classification, they settled on plasma.

They said the animal would have less trouble with the amputation than a human. "She'll be just a three-legged gorilla," one official said.

## *2 Blacks Receive Penalty of Death In Georgia Rape*

ADEL, Ga., Dec. 12 (UPI).—Two black men were sentenced to death in the electric chair Monday in the kidnap and rape of a white Florida woman who had stopped on Interstate 75 to change a flat tire.

John Wesley Hooks jr., 25, and Wallace Eberhart jr., 20, both of Tifton, received death sentences.

A third black man, Eddie Dean Anderson, 38, also of Tifton, was given the death penalty Oct. 3.

All three were arrested in connection with the rape of the 25-year-old Port Orange, Fla., woman on July 13.

## U.S. Is Sending Kent State Case To Grand Jury

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (NYT).—The case of the 1970 shootings at Kent State University will go to a federal grand jury in Cleveland next week, the Justice Department announced last night.

The department said that the jury was being convened because of "information developed" since the department reopened its inquiry into the shootings last August.

It did not say what that information was nor who the targets of the inquiry were. The brief statement disclosing the move, issued by the chief of the department's Civil Rights Division, J. Stanley Pottinger, insisted that "this action does not mean that we have made a decision to seek indictments."

But the department made clear that it considered the announcement highly significant. It has been criticized over and over for its handling of the case, and even when the department announced last August that it was reopening its inquiry, the critics still complained that the department should have taken the matter to the grand jury then.

In the shootings, Ohio National Guardsmen killed four students and wounded nine others on May 4, 1970. The guard had been called in because of a campus protest against the expansion of the Vietnam war into Cambodia. A state grand jury exonerated the guardsmen.

## U.S. Firm Says It Gets Soviet Oil In Netherlands

PARIS, Dec. 12 (NYT).—The Dow Chemical Co. has confirmed that its big petrochemical complex near Rotterdam receives substantial supplies under contract from the Soviet Union.

The Dow statement said the company's petrochemical complex at Terneuzen, near Rotterdam, its biggest in Europe, is receiving about a third of the quantities of naphtha it needs from the Russians under the terms of a contract signed well before the fourth Arab-Israeli war broke out on Oct. 6. Naphtha, refined from crude oil, is a raw material for plastics.

Tass, the Soviet press agency, had "categorically" denied a Swedish radio report that the Russians were exporting oil to Rotterdam in the face of the Arab embargo against the Netherlands.

Tass called the Swedish radio report a "canard" launched to "poison the atmosphere of trust that reigns in relations between the Soviet Union and Arab countries" and added that the report "was not being taken seriously in the Arab world."

About a quarter of the Soviet oil production of eight million barrels a day is exported to Eastern and Western Europe and developing countries.


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*Aide Examines Documents*

# Jaworski Says White House Opens Files

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (IHT).—Special Watergate prosecutor Leon Jaworski said today the White House has opened a file cabinet crammed with hundreds of documents for inspection by an assistant prosecutor.

Mr. Jaworski said the assistant, Charles Breyer, spent yesterday and today examining the documents and will report on which are vital to the investigation.

Mr. Jaworski disclosed the development in testimony to the Senate Judiciary Committee, which is considering the nomination of Sen. William B. Saxbe to be attorney general.

Mr. Jaworski said that this is the first time the White House has allowed the prosecutor's office a direct access to a wide range of documents requested by him and by his predecessor, Archibald Cox.

Although declining to describe the substance of the documents under inspection, Mr. Jaworski said all had been requested in writing either by him or by Mr. Cox.

However, he said that if Mr. Breyer spots additional papers important to the investigation, "I would expect him to tell me about it."

Mr. Jaworski said the agreement with the White House allowed the prosecutor's representative to make copies of some documents for Mr. Jaworski's personal inspection to determine if the original is needed for evidence. He said White House lawyers have not refused to provide any of the requested documents, but have invited discussion about some of them.

Meanwhile, Federal Judge John J. Sirica turned over to Mr. Jaworski today the tape of a conversation last March between President Nixon and John W. Dean 3d and Mr. Nixon's notes on another talk he had with his former White House counsel.

The tape was of a March 21 discussion in which Mr. Dean claimed he told Mr. Nixon that the Watergate cover-up was becoming a "cancer on the presidency." The notes were of an April 15 meeting between Mr. Nixon and Mr. Dean, for which the White House has said no tape recording exists.

On Capitol Hill, Senate Majority Leader Mike Mansfield pledged today the Senate will be recalled from its forthcoming adjournment, if necessary, to consider special Watergate prosecutor legislation.

He made the pledge to Sen. Howard H. Baker jr., R., Tenn., as the Senate debated several prosecutor bills before putting them aside to next year.

House Speaker Carl Albert indicated that one reason for putting the bill aside to have a court-appointed prosecutor is confidence so far in the work of Mr. Jaworski. "From what I read, the special prosecutor has done a very good job," he said.

**Saxbe Testifies**

Sen. William B. Saxbe testified today that if confirmed as attorney general he would not fire Mr. Jaworski without the concurrence of at least six out of eight congressional leaders.

The Ohio Republican also said that requests by Mr. Jaworski for additional evidence would not be grounds for dismissal even if he persisted in the face of presidential claims of executive privilege.

Sen. Saxbe testified at a Senate Judiciary Committee hearing on his nomination by President Nixon to head the Justice Department.

He said that he supported Mr. Nixon's ground rules for the special prosecutor's investigation. They include a provision that the prosecutor can be dismissed only for gross improprieties and only with the concurrence of a consensus of the party leaders of the House and Senate Judiciary Committees.

Sen. Sam J. Ervin jr., chairman of the Senate Watergate committee, introduced legislation today to create an ipdependent Department of Justice.

His bill would stipulate that the attorney general could no longer be a member of the cabinet and the Department of Justice would be entirely independent from the executive branch of government. He proposed that the attorney general be appointed by the President for a six-year term, but that all assistant attorneys general, U.S. attorneys and the director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation be appointed by the attorney general.

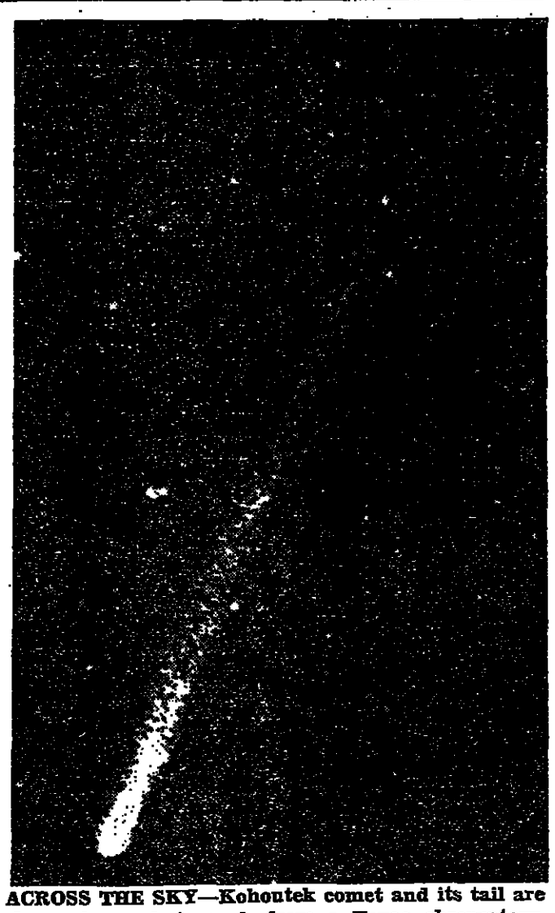
## Pentagon Aide Named As Argentine Envoy

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (NYT).—The White House announced yesterday that Robert C. Hill would be nominated to become ambassador to Argentina, succeeding John Davis Lodge.

The nomination came at an opportune time for Mr. Hill. He had decided that he had to resign as one of the assistant secretaries in the Department of Defense rather than divest himself of stock in companies doing business with the department.

## Eiffel Tower Suicide

PARIS, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—A 50-year-old man jumped to his death from the Eiffel Tower here today, police said. About 360 people have died by falling from the tower since it was built in 1889.



ACROSS THE SKY—Kohoutek comet and its tail are shown in a photograph from a Texas observatory. The photographer used a 135-mm lens and a 30-inch telescope and kept the camera open for two minutes.

# *Radio Signals From Comet Indicate Interstellar Origin*

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (UPI).—An Arizona observatory has heard radio signals from the comet Kohoutek, the U.S. space agency has reported. The agency's comet operations center said it appeared to be the first strong evidence of radio emissions from any comet.

The radiation was detected by Dr. Bobby Ulich, of the National Radio Astronomy Observatory, and Dr. Edward Conklin, of the National Astronomy and Ionosphere Center. They observed the comet from the Kitt Peak radio telescope near Tucson, Ariz.

Dr. Ulich and Dr. Conklin said the radio emission was produced by electrically excited molecules of methyl cyanide, a gas previously observed in the region of the Milky Way galaxy where astronomers believe stars may be forming. This was the first indication such molecules exist in comets.

Dr. A. G. W. Cameron, a Harvard University astrophysicist, said the discovery is consistent with his theory that comets are formed from dust grains in interstellar space.

"Thus the comet Kohoutek appears to be bringing a sample of the distant interstellar matter into the inner solar system for the first time," a spokesman at the operations center at the Goddard Space Flight Center said yesterday.

The comet is headed for a swing around the sun. It will pass within 13 million miles of the sun Dec. 28.

On Friday, the comet will be 48,020,000 miles from the sun. It was 60,870,000 miles from the sun last Sunday.

Kohoutek can be observed about one hour before sunrise, but it is not as bright as expected and appears as a faint fuzzy object through a pair of binoculars.

**Comet Unsighted**

ABOARD THE QUEEN ELIZABETH 2, Dec. 12 (AP).—Weary seaborne skygazers could not see the comet Kohoutek early today in their last sighting attempt before steaming back to New York.

"If they had any gumption, they'd put up a fake one," said one passenger as he and others squinted at the predawn horizon while clustering on deck in chilly weather beneath mostly cloudy skies.

At the center of the cruise—but apparently without much appetite for it—was Lubos Kohoutek, the 38-year-old Czech astronomer who discovered the comet.

Mr. Kohoutek got seasick soon after the ship headed out to sea. He was trailed by autograph hunters and a television film crew.

"The comet is often called the comet of the century," Mr. Kohoutek said, "but such a designation should only be used very carefully for this or any other comet."

## Avalanche Kills 2 Swiss

DAVOS, Switzerland, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—A Swiss ski teacher and one of his pupils died in an avalanche that swept them down the northeast face of the Weisshorn mountain near here today.

*Lawyer Advised Rebozo to Return $100,000*

# Nixon Tax Aide Had Role in Hughes Refun

By John M. Crewdson

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (NYT).—One of President Nixon's chief advisers in preparing the recent statement of his personal finances also acted as a key intermediary in the return of $100,000 in cash from Charles G. Rebozo, the Florida banker, to a lawyer for Howard R. Hughes, it was disclosed yesterday.

Kenneth W. Gemmill, a Philadelphia tax lawyer who worked without pay for a month at the White House on last weekend's voluminous report of Mr. Nixon's financial dealings, confirmed that he had advised Mr. Rebozo last spring to return the cash and make a voluntary disclosure on the matter to the Internal Revenue Service.

Mr. Gemmill was identified in secret testimony before the Senate Watergate committee earlier this month as having first informed Chester Davis, the Hughes lawyer, that Mr. Rebozo wished to return the funds to Mr. Hughes.

The disclosure of Mr. Gemmill's role in the return of the Hughes money was the first known connection between any of those involved in the financial aspects of Mr. Nixon's "Operation Candor" and the transactions that have thus far come under examination by the Senate Watergate committee or other investigative agencies.

**Alleged Favors**

The Watergate committee reportedly has taken testimony indicating that part of the $100,000, which Mr. Nixon has called a campaign contribution, may have been given by the Hughes organization in return for favors from the administration on anti-trust and other matters.

At a recent news conference the President described the Hughes money as a contribution to his re-election campaign last year but said Mr. Rebozo, his close friend, had never given the funds to his campaign committee for fear the gift "might prove to be embarrassing."

Walter Glaeser, an aide to Mr. Davis, told the Watergate committee in a closed session on Dec. 4—the same day Mr. Davis testified—that he was appointed by Mr. Davis to meet Mr. Gemmill in a New York City bank last June 27 to receive the refund.

He arrived at the Marine Midland Bank that morning, Mr. Glaeser recalled, and met Mr. Gemmill, but was told that the cash itself would be delivered shortly by a third individual, who eventually arrived, identified himself and handed over the money.

"Was that Mr. William Griffin?" Mr. Glaeser was asked.

"It might have been, yes," he replied.

Terry F. Lenzner, an assistant Watergate committee counsel, then inquired whether Mr. Glaeser was "aware at the time that Mr. Griffin represented Mr. Abplanalp."

Mr. Glaeser said he had not been aware of that.

Mr. Griffin is the secretary of the Precision Valve Corp., which is owned by Robert H. Abplanalp, another close friend of Mr. Nixon and, like Mr. Rebozo, a multimillionaire.

Mr. Glaeser said that he and Mr. Gemmill proceeded to count the 1,001 $100 bills that Mr. Griffin had handed over, checking each one against a list of serial numbers that had been incl in the package. He said that two men found one or two m errors, which were subseque corrected. Mr. Davis has nished a copy of the list to Watergate committee.

Despite Mr. Nixon's public sertion that the Hughes payr was intended as a contribu for his 1972 campaign, Mr. D insisted repeatedly before committee staff that "the m was delivered to Mr. Rebo 1970 in connection with congressional campaign," and "absolutely nothing to do the 1972 election.

**Notes White House Pressure**

# *Judge Reverses Tax Ruli Against Nader Aides' Grou*

By Eileen Shanahan

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (NYT).—A federal judge yesterday ordered the Internal Revenue Service to grant tax-exempt status to a public interest research group on the ground that the refusal of the White House to give the judge some documents in the case constituted an admission that the White House had exercised improper pressure on the IRS.

The case hinges on some disclosures made before the Senate Watergate committee that the White House told the IRS to crack down on left-wing and "activist" organizations having or seeking tax-exempt status.

The case involves the Center on Corporate Responsibility, whose aim was to develop increased awareness by corporations of steps they could take to improve the environ employment of minorities women and the achievemer other social objectives. The ter was formed by former to consumer advocate R Nader.

The center ceased opera in July, because it was u to raise the money to con unless contributions to its o tions were tax exempt. center is expected to be re

**Summary Judgment**

Judge Charles R. Riche the U.S. Court for the Di of Columbia issued a sum judgment granting the tax-ex status and ordering the IRS to change that status fo long as the center cont operating in the fashion ded in its application for exemption, which the IRS d

In addition to ruling tha White House had, for purposes, admitted that it improperly, Judge Richey held that the denial of ta emption was incorrect, or face.

IRS documents that de come public during the c of the lawsuit showed that officials of the IRS had sistently held that the tax-e tion should be granted and it was not until the appli reached the political emp in the chief counsel's offic there was any trouble with

The career officials fin their work on the appli recommending the grant o exemption, in August, 197 no action was taken by the until May, 1973, after the filed a suit to force a Within two weeks of the of the lawsuit, the IRS an adverse ruling.

**Testimony by Dean**

After testimony before Watergate committee by the White House counsel, John Dean 3d, concerning White memoranda to the IRS for action against "left and "activist" organizations center went back into cou asked that the question o proper influence on the un able ruling be examined.

Judge Richey ordered a of White House files aim disclosure of any such oranda.

J. Fred Buzhardt, special sel to the President, rep by producing four documen did not fully comply wit order, Judge Richey said example, there was no sea the impounded files of White House aides Charl Colson, John D. Ehrlic H.R. Haldeman, John J. Ca or Dean, whose involvem the alleged attack on le organizations, through th had been indicated in the testimony.

In addition, Judge Riche the statement by Mr. Bo that President Nixon was ing executive privilege hi ing to turn over a tape conversation, allegedly o same subject, was legal adequate.

# Nixon Taxes To Be Probed

(Continued from Page 1)

that date, under a new law, such deductions by public figures were largely disallowed.

Rep. Mills said that in his opinion, Mr. Nixon acted unwisely in taking the deduction for the papers.

"I think that any public official who files a tax return has to be holier than thou," he said. "Had I been the President's attorney, I would have advised him not to take the deduction."

**California Probe**

SACRAMENTO, Calif., Dec. 12 (AP).—California officials will conduct a confidential investigation to determine whether President Nixon owes state income tax.

The White House disclosed on Saturday that Mr. Nixon has paid no state income tax since becoming President. His lawyers contended that he is not a California resident for income tax purposes, even though his voting residence is his San Clemente estate.

# Soames Asserts Greece Still Far From EEC Entry

STRASBOURG, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—Sir Christopher Soames, the Common Market's external affairs chief, today said that the coup in Greece late last month left that country as far as ever from full membership in the EEC.

In his first statement to the community's European Parliament since the coup, Sir Christopher said: "The commission's attitude has not changed one iota."

An EEC-Greek association agreement, aimed at eventual full Greek membership in the community, was signed in 1961. It was frozen by the community after the military takeover in Athens in 1967.

"The commission does not intend to steer either way from the course which it laid down for itself in 1967 after serious consideration of the political and legal realities," Sir Christopher said.

"There can be no question of developing the EEC-Greek association agreement any further until such time as genuinely democratic institutions have been re-established in Greece," he said.

# *5 Danish Parties To Try to Form A New Regime*

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 12 (UPI).—Five Danish parties yesterday agreed to try to find a basis for a new government as a result of last week's parliamentary elections.

During a news conference party spokesmen said they had decided to negotiate for a new government, replacing Social Democratic Premier Anker Joergensen's administration which suffered losses in the elections on Dec. 4.

Jens R. Knudsen, parliamentary leader of the Social Democrats, said he thought the new government would consist of the Liberal party, the Radical Liberal party and the Conservatives, under Poul Hartling of the Liberals.

Such a solution would shut out Mogens Glistrup, whose anti-tax and anti-bureaucracy Progress party won 28 seats.

[A Copenhagen municipal court ruled today that documents belonging to Mr. Glistrup must be turned over to police investigating him for alleged tax evasion and other economic offenses, Reuters reported. The ruling came two days after a police prosecutor told the court he needed the papers detailing activities of hundreds of Mr. Glistrup's law clients, to back up his charges against the lawyer.]

## *Head of Girls' School Dies After Bomb Hoax*

LIVERPOOL, England, Dec. 12 (UPI).—The mother superior at a Catholic school collapsed and died apparently of a heart attack in front of the pupils after receiving a hoax bomb call yesterday, the school chaplain said.

Mother Superior Aileen, 63, took the call in her study, evacuated the 700 girls from the high school and then helped police search the school. When the all-clear was given she went to call the pupils back from the playing field, collapsed and died.

# Uganda Repo Infiltrators He

LONDON, Dec. 12 (Reu More than 20 mercenaries, British and U.S. nationa arrested last night as th to enter Uganda from Radio Uganda reported

The radio, monito quoted a military spo saying that 33 mercena being interrogated in the Uganda capital.

It said the arrests o midnight as the group enter Uganda from Kiv the Zaire border.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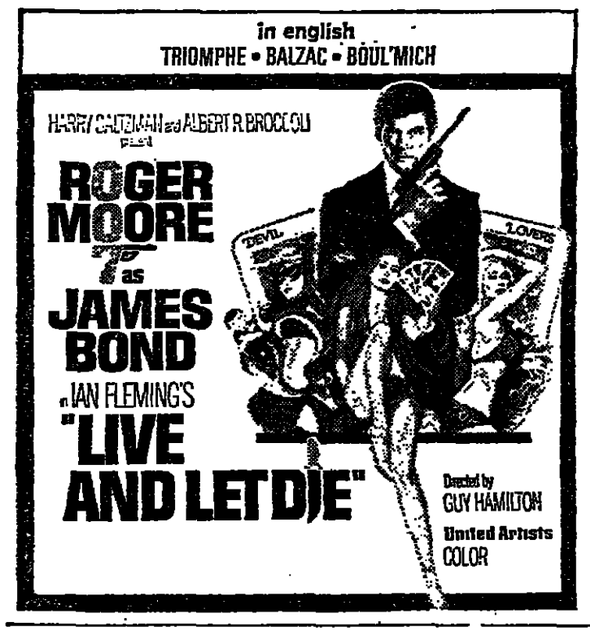


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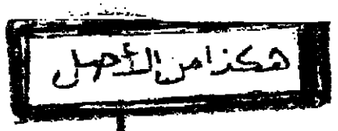

هكذا من الأصل



*POWs in Syria at Issue*

# ban Softens Dayan Threat
# n Israel Boycott of Parley

*From Wire Dispatches*

ARIS, Dec. 12—Foreign Min- r Abba Eban has reaffirmed Israel will attend the Arab- li peace conference in Ge- next Tuesday despite the at of an Israeli boycott from nse Minister Moshe Dayan. n. Dayan told newsmen yes- y that Israel's delegates ld not attend the conference yria was on hand and had handed over a list of the ll prisoners of war it is ing. He also demanded that Cross representatives be al- d to visit the POWs.

ter, Mr. Eban softened Gen. an's threat, telling an elec- rally that Premier Golda s government has no objec- to negotiating in Geneva Egypt, Jordan and Lebanon. he said the Israeli delegates d not deal with Syria at the rence until the POW issue ttled.

he left-wing Israeli newspaper Haaniicar commented that Dayan should "understand es decisions correctly ... and give his own interpretations hem."

**Report on Waldheim**

ith six days remaining be- the opening of the Geneva ference, uncertainty continu- er who would be the official for the meeting.

authoritative Egyptian news- er Al Ahram said today that ations would be issued by d Nations Secretary-General Waldheim, who would also *the first sessions.* But sub- nt meetings would be under o-chairmanship of the Unit- tates and the Soviet Union, ewspaper said.

sources in Jerusalem said wanted the invitations to from the two superpowers, were in a better position to about the compromise that secks.

Geneva, a UN spokesman no request—official or un- al—has been received for the o play host at the meeting.

**No Press Center**

nough the world's press has bookings at Geneva hotels, ss center has been set up huge UN building on the rts of Geneva.

the UN in New York, s said that despite the UN that any plans have been by the world body for the s meetings, Mr. Waldheim erted a number of his top to be ready to accompany o Switzerland and expected ve next Saturday or Sun-

Damascus, a military spokes- men said fierce fighting with artillery and tank cannon fire broke out today between Syrian and Israeli forces in the north- ern sector of the Golan Heights cease-fire line.

**Casualties Reported**

The Israelis suffered at least 20 casualties, as well as other material losses, in the 80-minute battle, the spokesman said.

The fighting was the third frontier clash in as many days and the fifth this month.

A UN spokesman reported in Cairo that UN troops had record- ed 46 violations of the cease-fire along the Suez Canal front Mon- day. The number represented a marked increase over previous days, when violations averaged around 30 per day, he said. Sta- tistics were not available for yes- terday and today.

The spokesman said many of Monday's violations were "sporad- ic incidents" involving small arms and machine gun fire. "We do not consider such incidents serious," he said.

Also in Cairo, the Egyptian cabinet met today to prepare for the arrival tomorrow of U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kis- singer for his second visit in six weeks.

Mr. Kissinger will meet Presi- dent Anwar Sadat, Foreign Min- ister Ismail Fahmy and security adviser Hafez Ismail.

**West Bank Trouble**

Israeli border troops patrolled parts of occupied West Jordan today as dozens of Arabs demon- strated against the expulsion of eight of their neighbors. Secu- rity forces broke up demonstra- tions in two towns on the West Bank, where Arab saboteurs have gone back into action after almost four years of peaceful Arab-Jewish co-existence.

The demonstrators were shout- ing against the expulsion to Jor- dan of the mayor of the village of Bira and seven others accused of supporting the Palestine guer- rillas and inciting resistance to the Israeli occupation.

Since the October war, sabo- teurs in the area have been throwing grenades, planting bombs and circulating leaflets advising Arab residents to quit their well-paying jobs in Israel. In addition to the deportations, Israeli security forces have blown up five houses and rounded up an undisclosed number of Arabs for questioning.

Today in Hebron, a grenade blast in an Arab market wounded eight Arabs.

Israeli analysts say the guer- rillas are making a show of strength before the Arab-Israeli peace conference in Geneva next week.

In Jordan, King Hussein said that he probably would not an- nounce his government's official agreement to attend the confer- ence until after Mr. Kissinger visits him Friday during his Middle East tour.

In another Mideast develop- ment, Syrian authorities today banned all Pan American Air- ways overflights. An official an- nouncement said the ban will continue "until the company orders its aircraft to stop over at Damascus International Airport as usual." The statement said this was because the U.S. carrier failed to resume its twice weekly flights to Damascus after the October war.

A similar Syrian measure was taken last month against Royal Dutch Airlines, but this company has since resumed its normal flights to the Syrian capital.

## Sets Funds
## r Peace Force

ITED NATIONS, N.Y., Dec. P).—The General Assembly oted, 108 to 3, to approve mula for financing the UN e East peace-keeping force. United States will pay the —$8.67 million, or 29 percent e $30 million bill for the six months.

ssments for other perma- members of the Security il are: the Soviet Union, nillion; France, $2.03 mil- China, $1.9 million; Britain, nillion. China consistently lisassociated itself from the eeping operation and is ed to refuse to pay its

ng against the plan were Libya and Albania. China ortugal abstained.

## n Nol Names UN Delegate
## w Premier of Cambodia

OM PENH, Dec. 12 (AP). ign Minister Long Boret is dia's new premier, high- g government sources re- today.

sources said President Lon amed Long Boret to re- Premier In Tam, who re- last Friday, and the High l Council approved the ation last night. The l also reduced the cabinet 25 to 16 members.

Boret, in New York as ad of Cambodia's delega- the United Nations, de- clined to comment on the report of his advancement. He said he planned to return to Phnom Penh this weekend.

This is the third government shift in Phnom Penh this year, and most observers do not ex- pect it to produce any major changes. They assume that Lon Nol will continue to run every- thing.

But the selection of Long Boret was a surprise. Those most often mentioned were Hang Thun Hak, a former premier and the secretary-general of Lon Nol's party, and Op Kim Ang, one of the three vice-premiers.

**Saigon Says Reds Retreat**

SAIGON, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—North Vietnamese troops have be- gun pulling out of Quang Duc Province, where they have lost an estimated 1,000 killed in the big- gest battle since the Paris cease- fire, intelligence sources here said today.

There was no sign whether the withdrawal across the border to Cambodia and into Phuoc Long Province was definitive or in prep- aration for a renewed assault against the 7,000 government troops in Quang Duc.

The sources said Hanoi's top soldier in South Vietnam, Lt. Gen. Hoang Van Thai, has been reported personally commanding the battle for the province, 120 miles northeast of Saigon.

Gen. Thai, also North Vietnam's first vice-defense minister, was reported to have commanded the Mekong delta front in the 1968 Tet offensive.

The South Vietnamese com- mand put North Vietnamese casu- alties in the Quang Duc fighting since Nov. 4 at about 1,000 killed. Government casualties were given last week as 37 killed, 134 miss- ing and 90 wounded.

## 000 Strike
## roughout Italy
## easons Vary

E, Dec. 12 (AP).—More half a million workers throughout Italy today in range of labor issues.

and Bologna had city- trikes, varrying from a lay stoppage for school niversity personnel to a our walkout for factories, rtation and public offices. were part of scattered called by unions in many or this week and next to slow government action inflation and unemploy-

icily, where a nationwide uction industry slump has s strongest effect, unions faster government and ction to spur housing in- nts.

cone, hundreds of tons of iled up at the main rail- ation on the fourth day of e by the station's post of- loyees. The stoppage dis- service throughout the d worsened the continuing haos in the country.

**Now Go to Senate for Action**

# *House Passes Aid Measures Covering Israel Arms Losses*

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (AP).—The House has passed $5.8 billion in foreign aid appropria- tions including President Nixon's full $2.2 billion request to replace Israel's arms lost in the October Middle East war.

The House passed the main bill 219 to 180 and sent it to the Senate last night, after rejecting efforts to retaliate against the Arab oil embargo and to cut aid to the new Chilean military junta.

The separate authorization bill for the emergency $2.2 billion weapons appropriation for Israel passed the House only hours earlier, 364 to 52, and also went to the Senate.

House opponents objected that the Pentagon had justified only $1 billion of the money and that the United States should stop playing favorites in the Middle East, particularly with aid for Israel that might antagonize the Arab countries that are with- holding oil.

But the House overwhelmingly rejected, 334 to 82, an amend- ment by Rep. Paul Findley, R., Ill., to specify that, while arming Israel to maintain a military balance in the Mideast, the U.S. also wanted a peace settlement fair to the Arabs.

Rep. Harold Runnels, D., N.M., called the bill a "blank check and a slush fund," because the Pen- tagon has justified only $1 billion and was asking Congress to give it complete freedom on how to use the other $1.2 billion.

Administration officials have told Congress that $1 billion worth of U.S. weapons already have been sent to Israel to help replace its war losses.

The House approved the ap- propriations after shouting down by voice vote an amendment by Rep. Robert O. Tiernan, D., R.I., to cut off $20.2 million in mili- tary aid to Saudi Arabia in retaliation for the oil boycott.

Another effort by Mr. Tiernan to cut off all $11 million in U.S. military aid to Chile this year be- cause of its imprisonment of 200 Americans during the military takeover also was rejected, 304 to 103.

The House also rejected an ef- fort to cut out $100 million of the $150 million in the bill for emer- gency ammunition and weapons for Cambodia.

The $5.8-billion bill also in- cludes $2.4 billion for regular U.S. foreign aid and $1 billion for the Peace Corps and international development.

The bill also allocates relief money for the drought-stricken region of West Africa and for Pakistan and Nicaragua, which suffered flooding and an earth- quake, respectively.

● The Senate Appropriations Committee yesterday approved a $3.5-billion reduction in Presi- dent Nixon's $77.2-billion defense budget.

The committee cut, to be con- sidered in the Senate probably tomorrow, is deeper than the $2.8 billion slash voted last week by the House.

● The Senate last night passed by a 69 to 22 vote a bill to re- organize the Penn Central and five other bankrupt railroads into a single rail corporation.

The House of Representatives already passed a similar bill, and a Senate-House conference com- mittee will now be formed to work out the minor differences in the two measures.

## Ada Notestein Dies; Radcliffe Head 1923-43

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 12 (AP).—Ada Comstock Notestein, 97, the first full-time president of Radcliffe College and a pio- neer in women's education, died last night at her home in New Haven, Conn., the school an- nounced today.

Mrs. Notestein took office as Ada Louise Comstock in 1923. She stepped down in 1943 after com- pleting the agreement under which Radcliffe women attended classes with Harvard men. Be- fore that, Harvard instructors repeated their classes at Rad- cliffe, a quarter-mile away.

When she retired she married Wallace Notestein, a professor of English history at Yale.

A graduate of Smith College in 1897, she had been dean there when called to Radcliffe. Before her presidency, Harvard admin- istrators had been chosen as heads of Radcliffe on a part-time basis. She succeeded Lebaron Russell Briggs, who had been dean of the Harvard faculty.

*Council of Ireland Seen as Target*

# IRA Gunmen Kill 1, Wound 7 In Night of Attacks in Ulster

BELFAST, Dec. 11 (UPI).—Gunmen of the Irish Republican Army killed one policeman and wounded seven other members of the security forces in one of the heaviest nighttime offensives in three months, the British Army said today.

Political sources called the ac- tion part of an IRA campaign to sabotage the creation of a Coun- cil of Ireland. Protestant ex- tremists, for their part, yesterday threatened to start killing Catholics again.

Boobytrapped cars killed one policeman and blew the leg off another in two of the attacks dur- ing the night, an army spokesman said.

Another policeman was wound- ed in a raid on a police station and five soldiers were hurt in land mine explosions.

A 37-year-old policeman, whose wife is expecting their fourth child at Christmas, died when he switched on the ignition of his car and triggered an explosion outside his home in Newcastle, 35 miles south of Belfast, last night.

He was the 919th person killed in four years of violence among the majority Protestants, minority Catholics and the British security forces of Northern Ireland.

**Threats to Faulkner**

BELFAST, Dec. 12 (AP).—Brian Faulkner, Northern Ireland's chief executive-designate, said today that terrorists have made "new and serious" threats to assassinate him.

He declined to say who made the threats, but his disclosure followed a warning yesterday by the Ulster Freedom Fighters, a group of Protestant extremists, that they planned to attack "everything alien to the Protestant cause."

## Yugoslavia Sentences 3 in Plane Hijack Bid

BELGRADE, Dec. 12 (UPI).—Three Yugoslavs who planned to hijack a DC-10 airliner to Rho- desia or South Africa in August have been sentenced to jail terms ranging from three to five years, judicial sources said today.

Dusan Ciric, 24, former police school student and described as the leader of the group, was jail- ed for five years on charges of "plotting to hijack a plane and obtain a $1 million ransom." Milan Gasparini, 19, and Goran Mise, 21, were sentenced to three years each.

The three, armed with auto- matic weapons, were arrested by police on the tarmac of Lju- bljana Airport, close to a Trans World Airlines charter jet.


# Would you believe airline food that's good enough to eat!

Let's face it, airplane food has never been something to write home about. Wholesome, yes. But interesting? Hardly.

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Our chefs called on a society known as "La Grande Cuisine Française". It was founded by 13 master chefs to preserve the tradition of great French cooking.

We challenged them to create a new kind of airplane food. Interesting, varied. And appetizing.

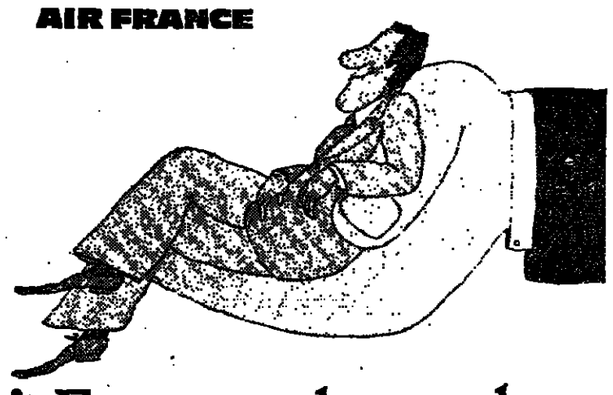
What they came up with is a series of menus that merit the name Grande Cuisine Française.

For example:
Ballotine de caneton à l'orange, Gâteau de gigot braisé and fruits frais; Saumon citron poivre vert, Poitrine de veau farcie and Gâteau noisettine.

You can judge them for yourself on any Air France flight departing from Paris. Hot on long flights, cold on shorter ones.

Either way, they're a lot better than what you're used to. And a lot more like what you deserve.

AIR FRANCE



Air France understands

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Page 6—Thursday, December 13, 1973 *

# Chemical Warfare

A major opportunity exists to move toward a more responsible U.S. policy on chemical warfare but the opportunity may be overwhelmed by Army singlemindedness unless others pay heed. The opportunity was created by a wave of public concern over the storage, testing and transport of nerve gas. Plainly, this was the moment to question whether the United States needed to be in the chemical warfare business at all. The Army, however, plans to solve the problem—which it defines as a public relations problem involving storage and transport—by producing a new brand of nerve gas. To produce the new and destroy the old will cost something like half a billion dollars. As any close student of government ought to know, once a new investment of that scale has been made, the Army's institutional interest in protecting it will be very large.

In fact, what is the reason for this country to remain ready to engage in chemical warfare? The Army's reason is to deter the Soviet Union from using chemical agents. This is like saying that in order to deter the Russians from trampling us with elephant herds, we must raise our own elephant herds. It is, in a word, ridiculous. No canon of war requires the United States to respond with the same weapon used by a foe. America would still retain a broad range of other choices if it relinquished nerve gas and like chemical agents. By relinquishing chemicals, however, the United States would be making a modest but real contribution to a more civilized international society. For the truth is, chemical warfare conveys an image of horror out of proportion to its military potential. Mere possession of chemical agents has come to be a political debit.

Whatever the military effectiveness of the chemical agents used by the United States in Vietnam—certain tear gases and herbicides—few detached observers would contend that they outweighed the political opprobrium attached to their use.

In his first term, of course, President Nixon did renounce "the first use of lethal chemical weapons" and of "incapacitating chemicals" as well. He has not, however, moved to sign on the international treaty, known as the Geneva Protocol, which outlaws first use in war of chemical (and biological) agents. Mr. Nixon submitted the protocol to the Senate in 1970. But because he explicitly excluded control of "riot control agents and chemical herbicides"—not "lethal" or "incapacitating" he claimed—the Senate Foreign Relations Committee referred the treaty back to him. The committee's entirely reasonable view was that it would lower rather than raise the barrier against chemical warfare to ban all forms except the ones which the United States actually was equipped to use.

This is a good time to review the whole question of chemical warfare. The pending need for a half billion dollars for changing models of nerve gas makes the issue acutely topical. The end of American combat in Vietnam makes it possible to consider the Geneva Protocol in an atmosphere free of the turbulent currents of war. One of the moral highlights of President Nixon's first term was his courageous renunciation of biological warfare—the production of biological agents, their possession and their use. He could well match that achievement with a step forward on chemical warfare now.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

# To Repeal Dishonor

The Senate today will have what may be its last chance to help remove a heavy cross that the United States has had to bear for the last two years in the UN and throughout the Third World. At stake will be the fate of a bill to repeal the Byrd Amendment, whose practical effect has been to make the United States an international lawbreaker through breaching the sanctions invoked against Rhodesia by the UN Security Council.

Violations of the sanctions against the Rhodesian regime, which most of the world regards as racist and illegal, has made a mockery of America's long-time advocacy of the rule of law and adherence to the UN Charter. The amendment that put the United States in violation was a cynical move by Sen. Harry F. Byrd of Virginia in behalf of white supremacy in southern Africa and American importers of Rhodesian chrome.

Mr. Byrd argued in 1971 that it was necessary to violate the sanctions to insure that this country would not be dependent on Russia for chrome—a strategic material—at a time when the administration was asking Congress for authority to sell off 1.3 million tons of the metal from a government stockpile deemed far in excess of any imaginable defense need. Ironically, American imports of Soviet chrome have gone up since enactment of the Byrd Amendment; Rhodesia's share has remained below 10 percent.

If the Senate is allowed to vote on the repealer, it seems certain to pass, but first a technical filibuster by Sen. Byrd must be broken. An initial bid to invoke cloture against Mr. Byrd fell only four votes short of the necessary two-thirds majority. For the honor of the Senate and the country, we trust the result will be different today.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

# Relevant Lesson

About a year ago, instructions went out to all U.S. government agencies to eliminate the use of the word "poverty" from all official documents and to replace it with "low-income." The Pentagon made semantic history when it coined the abominable phrase "protective reaction strike." The pronouncement that declared "inoperative" all previous presidential statements on Watergate will long be remembered.

The common thread that links these examples is the deliberate misuse of the English language to disguise rather than to communicate facts. Although by no means a new practice, its recent escalation has properly alarmed the nation's English teachers. A group within the National Council of Teachers of English has responded to the linguistic emergency by forming a Committee on Public Doublespeak.

The committee has pledged to "keep track of, publicize, and combat semantic distortions" by public officials, candidates for office, political commentators and others. Eventually, it hopes to introduce its analytical efforts into the schools' English curriculum. Enthusiasts of this timely reform movement even suggest an annual Orwellian award to the worst example of doublespeak.

The proposal, which seems to us to represent relevant teaching at its best, may not find itself overwhelmed with offers for federal aid. Few members of Congress are likely to rush to introduce bills for the subsidy of truth in rhetoric. But if the nation's English teachers support their colleagues' drive against linguistic pollution, they will be acting in the spirit of Thomas Jefferson's statement of faith: "Enlighten the people generally, and tyranny and oppression of body and mind will vanish like evil spirits at the dawn of day."

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

## International Opinion

### Oil Refineries in Japan

The Japanese government should scrap its prohibition against a more than 50 percent capital investment in the Japanese oil refining industry by international oil companies. By scrapping the investment limit, the international oil companies might be more generous to their fully owned subsidiaries.

*—From the Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo).*

### Transatlantic Relations

Washington's irritation with its European allies over the divergence of approach to the Middle East situation has been particularly intense in respect of the United Kingdom. More generally, the Americans appear to be deeply disappointed that Britain has not converted its European partners to a more Atlanticist point of view.

The trouble with this American mood of irritation is that it is based on a very one-sided view of transatlantic relations. Whatever Gen. de Gaulle may have suspected, Britain did not join the European community in order to convert it into a more pliable supporter of American policies but because this seemed the only way Britain could have any hope of defending its long-term interests, and because its interests were likely to coincide with those of its European partners.

*—From the Financial Times (London).*

## In the International Edition

### Seventy-Five Years Ago

December 13, 1898.

PARIS.—LETTER TO THE EDITOR. "Would it not be a fitting testimonial of the love and respect of the American people for the dead heroes of the Maine to cover the wreck of that noble ship in the harbor of Havana with earth, surmounted by a monument, to remain for all time an island dedicated to the brave men who lost their lives there? A popular subscription for such a purpose would undoubtedly meet with prompt response. (Signed) A Concerned American."

### Fifty Years Ago

December 13, 1923.

PARIS.—Death from typhoid is announced here of the young author Raymond Radiguet at the tender age of 20 years. He was the author of "Le Diable au Corps," an advanced novel written by him when he was only sixteen, the publication of which this year led to considerable talk in literary circles. The young author was the son of the well-known cartoonist and painter. He was just about to begin his military service when he was fatally stricken.

*'Welcome to the Zoo!'*

# *Anti-Americanism in Greece*

By Dusko Doder

ATHENS—A new mood of anti-Americanism is on the rise in Greece, fanned by resentment of the growing U.S. military presence here and a widely held belief that Washington has an overwhelming influence on Greek political life.

Anti-American sentiments are not confined to leftist and Communist elements but have spread into traditionally pro-American groups in Greek society, according to interviews with scores of persons representing nearly every shade of public opinion.

Much of this sentiment is based upon the suspicion that the United States encouraged the military take-over by George Papadopoulos in 1967 and the new military coup which toppled him two weeks ago.

The growing American military presence in Athens under a U.S. Navy home-porting agreement concluded last year has been widely regarded as a visible symbol of U.S. support for the military dictatorship. Moreover, the arrival here of U.S. servicemen and their families has caused predictable irritation.

This swing in public opinion has been in the making for some time and was initially promoted by leftist groups. By escalating the number of U.S. servicemen in Athens, however, Washington has accelerated the process. The complete home-porting plan now projected would more than double the number of U.S. military personnel in the capital.

Greece has been one of America's staunchest allies for the past 25 years, and continued Greek-American military cooperation is regarded as a crucial ingredient in NATO security plans in the eastern Mediterranean.

NATO diplomats here indicate that the anti-American trend has not yet reached alarming proportions. But they question the wisdom of the American plan to home-port an aircraft carrier in the politically sensitive Athens area.

Most Greeks interviewed asked that their names not be published, fearing reprisals. One exception was John Pesmazoglu, 55, a distinguished economist who held a variety of high government positions before the 1967 coup and typifies the traditionally pro-American former politicians.

Pesmazoglu summed up the widespread feeling here that superpower America looks on Greece as nothing more than a piece of desirable real estate for military purposes.

### *Insulted*

The home-porting agreement was "negotiated behind the backs of the Greek people with unrepresentative rulers," Pesmazoglu declared, "and this alone was an insult to Greek national feeling. Only a government elected by the people could have adequately represented the people of Greece and their national interests."

Among those Greeks who were born after World War II and who do not recall the American role in preventing a Communist take-over in the early postwar period, anti-American sentiments are even stronger. They could be summed up by a 22-year-old student's statement. Standing on Singrou Avenue and looking out at the aircraft carrier USS Franklin D. Roosevelt in Phaleron Bay, he said, "That ship over there is the symbol of our oppression."

The Greek perception of America's overwhelming influence in Greek affairs is deeply rooted. It stems from the 19th-century concept that Greece needed the protection of a powerful "patron state" in its struggle against hostile neighbors, particularly Turkey. Britain played that role until 1947, when President Truman took over from Britain the job of helping the government side in its civil war against Communist-led forces.

Since then, for 25 years, most Greeks have viewed the United States as their "patron." The 1967 coup that brought Papadopoulos to power was therefore widely assumed to have been inspired by the United States in its patron role.

The coup that toppled Papadopoulos is also widely assumed to have been the work of Americans. The Greek rumor mill suggests that Washington was annoyed by his decision to deny the United States the use of Greek waters and airspace during the October war in the Middle East.

The presence of American warships in the Athens area during the brutal suppression of a student-worker revolt in mid-November was interpreted as a sign of U.S. complicity, or at least tacit endorsement. But the ships were also there when the military decided to oust Papadopoulos.

Apart from its political symbolism, the increasingly visible American military presence directly fans public resentments. One American here calls home-porting "the biggest damned mistake we have made in Greece." Some State Department officials warned against the move, he recalled, "but the Navy had its way."

The rationale for home-porting was to improve the living conditions and morale of U.S. Sixth Fleet sailors by making it easier for them to see their families regularly. But the Navy now finds itself unwittingly embroiled in Greek political controversy.

Under the first phase of the agreement, the Navy placed six destroyers in Elefsis Bay. In the process, however, the Navy appears to have gone further than it said it would toward establishing permanent facilities, Adm. Elmo Zumwalt, Chief of Naval Operations, told a House Foreign Affairs subcommittee last year: "We do not have any intentions to build any facilities for our ships."

The Navy has put up a steel and concrete pier at Elefsis which has all the appearance of a fixed facility. Officials call it a "relocatable pier," but an informed source stated that "there ain't a thing relocatable about it."

Other construction work is under way around the pier and the facility for all practical purposes amounts to a Navy base.

Under a preliminary agreement on the second phase of home-porting, the Navy now plans to home-port an aircraft carrier in Megara Bay west of Elefsis, where the Navy will build a boat-landing facility and eventually a carrier pier. A typical carrier group of six destroyers has 6,600 military personnel and 3,100 dependents.

"I am convinced that there are alternative sites in Greece better suited for the Navy's purposes than Athens," said a former Greek defense minister. "There are questions of pollution and traffic congestion. Above all, you are bound to have friction if you put a large number of soldiers in an area where almost one third of the Greek population lives."

At Elefsis, the arrival of the destroyers was followed by a burst of night-life activities unknown to that previously sleepy town of 30,000. Overnight, fishermen's houses were converted into bars with names ranging from "Sixth Fleet" to "Kennedy" to "Dolce Vita."

At night, said one middle-aged Greek, owner of a shoe shop, "it seems like all the prostitutes of Greece are here in Elefsis." Some local businessmen, however, say the Americans are helping their business.

During the past year, American military men have been involved in a number of incidents. In addition to frequent bar brawls, cab drivers have been found slain on several occasions, and their deaths were immediately blamed on the U.S. sailors.

In one such incident, according to Americans residing here, the government-controlled press attempted to pin the blame on the Navy, even though the Navy bent over backward to cooperate with Greek authorities. Although the killer was not found, the average Greek remains convinced that U.S. sailors are a lawless rabble.

In general, Americans here say, the Greek press during this year has focused on such incidents in a way it never did before.

Resentment focuses on the terms of an agreement providing that U.S. servicemen are not subject to Greek laws during the performance of their duties. This has been interpreted to mean that a sailor driving to report for duty could not be hauled before a Greek judge if he was involved in a traffic accident.

An additional influx of several thousand Americans would create inevitable tensions. The Americans have PX and commissary privileges and are able to pay high rents and drive prices up in an economy which is already experiencing a high rate of inflation.

### *Students' Views*

A Greek-American from Chicago, who has been living in Athens for a year, said, "You come up to a landlord and you speak English and the price is $400. You speak to the same landlord in Greek and the price is $150. A Greek gets a drink for 30 cents. The same drink costs a U.S. sailor $2.29. Of course, the guys get mad."

Since the slayings of the cab drivers, uniformed servicemen have a hard time getting a cab. In civilian clothes, they hear the cabbies take digs at the American military.

A 26-year-old American girl from Louisville, Ky., who settled in Athens 17 months ago, said, "Greek friends now come up to me and say, 'We don't have anything against you,' but then they start denouncing the United States. They are frustrated, politically, economically, and they take it out on the United States."

A Greek university professor, who served in the cabinet of Premier Constantine Karamanlis more than a decade ago, said his students "are disillusioned with America because of its support of Papadopoulos. They equate America and Russia, and they are equally anti-American and anti-Russian."

One of his students, who came late in the evening to the professor's apartment, added, "For so long we have been so close to the United States that we didn't even look at other countries. But then something clicked in our minds and we began to feel like we are under an American occupation. How else could we feel?

"The people were dying at the Polytechnic and the Americans were silent. There is a new military coup and the Americans are silent. We can only wonder whether they are friends."

*The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials, but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address.*

*Seek U.S. Presidency*

# Why Do They Do It?

By James Reston

NEW YORK—One of the enduring mysteries of human behavior is why intelligent men get addicted to running for the presidency of the United States and cannot kick the habit even after years of disappointment and torment.

Why should Nelson Rockefeller quit the governorship of New York to go for the White House, and at the same time deny that he's a candidate for the presidency? At 65, the odds are against him. There is no evidence that he needs a meal-ticket. And of the last three Presidents, Mr. Kennedy was murdered, Mr. Johnson was driven into retirement, and Mr. Nixon is now facing the prospect of impeachment.

The classic answer was given long ago by former Vice-President Alben Barkley of Kentucky (and he may have swiped it from Teddy Roosevelt), namely, that presidential ambition is a disease, and that once "the presidential bug gets in your blood, nothing can remove it except embalming fluid."

### *Limitations Seen*

Another general point: young politicians may be intimidated by the awful responsibilities of the presidency, and all men, unless they're a little goofy, are subject to seizures of self-doubt, but experienced politicians who have been around for a while see the limitations of the president, and this makes them think they are not too bad, and maybe a lot better.

Rockefeller has some special reasons for going for the brass ring. He has devoted his mature life to public service, and has had almost every other prize in life, so why not try for the top? He has been governor of New York for almost 15 years, and has established himself as the recognised leader of the governors of the states, and since President Nixon passed him over as secretary of state and as successor to former Vice-President Agnew—the two jobs he really wanted—he is now making the running in his own way.

His own way has many advantages and some dangers. He has always tried for the last 30 years to mobilize the best minds of America to analyze the problems of the nation, and to apply his own political experience to sift their conclusions, modify them to what was practical, and use them in his own political campaigns.

This is what he did 15 years ago when he and his brothers produced the "Rockefeller Panel Reports," and it is what he is doing now in resigning to preside over another "Commission on Critical Choices for America."

### *Necessary Study*

There has seldom been a time since the last world war when such a study of where America is and where it is going has been more necessary. Rockefeller is probably quite right in assuming that whoever is elected President in 1976 will be in trouble unless he has made a basic reappraisal of the "critical choices" of the future, and has a new program to put before the voters. He has resigned to take on this task, and has rejected the obvious suggestion that he was doing it to promote his presidential ambitions.

Here lie the dangers in his strategy. For while it is obvious that an objective reappraisal of the "critical choices" before the nation is necessary, it is also obvious that this takes a lot of money, and that Rockefeller stands to benefit politically from the studies he is helping finance.

The weakness in his resignation announcement was that he gave the impression that his "Commission on Critical Choices for America" was really the main thing, almost the only thing on his mind, and the reason for this is that he ran into the new campaign expenditure rules.

Section 608 of Title 18 of the U.S. Code states that "No candidate may make expenditures from his personal funds or the personal funds of his immediate family in connection with his campaign for nomination for election, or election to federal office, in excess of $50,000 in the case of the candidate for the office of president or vice-president. . . ."

And one sub-section of Section 608 defines "the immediate family" as the "candidate, spouse, and any child, parent, grandparent, brother or sister of the candidate and the spouses of such persons. . . ."

So when the reporters in Albany pressed him to say whether he was a "candidate" for the presidency, he denied that he was resigning to run for the presidency, but merely resigning to preside over the "critical choices for America," which was not quite true.

### *Element of Tragedy*

There is a contradiction and even an element of tragedy in all this. For Nelson Rockefeller, 65, would probably have resigned the governorship of New York anyway to work on the large questions of America's future even if he had no chance for the presidency.

After all, he has been working on the larger questions of U.S. foreign policy ever since President Roosevelt asked him to grapple with the problems of Latin America, which still elude us, and now at an age when most men with fewer options would be looking to retire from the struggle, he is still yearning to reach the presidency.

One still wonders why. If Kennedy, Johnson, and Nixon will be dragged into the past ready, he is being charged, using tax exempt money, to finance his "critical studies" and promote his ambition, but as Alben Barkley said, something drives them on, sometimes something good and sometimes something bad, but some impulse to prove something, to help, or at least not to give up.

# *Letters*

## The Oil Weapon

Congratulations are due Messrs. Evans and Novak for injecting a sane note into the American reaction to Arab production cuts and embargoes ("Cold Facts Behind the Oil Squeeze," IHT, Nov. 28). They remind us that it is senseless "to scream 'blackmail' because the Arab states finally, after years of being ignored, are using their only lever of national power to force a Middle East settlement to their liking."

Every nation, including ours, uses its "levers of national power," such as they are, to achieve its objectives. I cannot believe that Americans are surprised that Arab states should use their one real lever against the United States when we have, among other things, provided their enemy with billions of dollars worth of American weaponry, weaponry Israel has used to maintain its grip on Arab territory.

Those who cry "blackmail" should also be aware that Egypt has repeatedly called for a peace conference based on its support for UN Resolution 242, a policy for a peace warmly supported by other Arab states at the Algiers summit. The United States also supports Resolution 242. To date, Israel has reacted by refusing to implement step two of the cease-fire agreement, thereby throwing into doubt cease-fire talks, the peace conference, and even a continuation of the cease-fire itself.

J.K. HOLMAN.

London.

## Either... Or

Hooray for Sen. George Aiken, who says regarding President Nixon and Watergate: "Either impeach him or get off his back!" I heartily concur. Enough of this trial by innuendo and slander in the press. Even if Richard Nixon is President of the United States he is also a citizen with the same rights as any other citizen to a fair trial in the courts of law and shouldn't be subjected to this new form of cruel and unusual punishment of continual harassment by the media. It is equal to or worse than the form of animal torture called "bear-baiting," long since outlawed as inhumane.

Who was killed, what money was stolen in the Watergate? The Thing has been blown up out of all proportion. . . . .

Let's get on with the constructive business of government; this vendetta of "hate Nixon" has gone too far. . . . the public at large is bewildered and bored with it. I, for one, hope Nixon will hold fast and not lose his cool; he'll come out of this sunny-side up, and he has proven he has guts and the stamina the job of president requires. (Does the public want someone like Gerald Ford or Teddy Kennedy, or Rockefeller as president. . . . God forbid!)

KATHARINE PHELPS CLOSE.

Madrid.

## The Oil Boycott

The Arab oil boycott of Holland and the threats against Japan open a Pandora's box which must be shut by the international community before it is too late. These secondary boycotts are not directed against the Arabs' principal enemy, Israel, but at countries who are in a particularly weak position on the oil market. Japan's only crime is maintaining diplomatic relations with Israel and Holland hardly deserves to be singled out among all the countries in Europe, Asia and North and South America who try to keep an even-handed policy between Israel and the Arabs.

If the secondary boycott is used successfully by the Arabs, there is no reason why others should not use it as well. As American and European resentment against the Arabs grows, and angry people demand action to put pressure on the Arabs, the natural answer to an oil boycott is a food boycott. If a direct boycott against the Arabs is ineffective, but secondary boycotts are allowed, the obvious target is India. It is of course unfair to threaten the Indian people with starvation if they do not break off all diplomatic relations and trade with the Arabs. But is this any more unfair than what the Arabs are doing to Europe and Japan today?

HARRY J. LIPKIN.

*Rehovot, Israel.*

## Arab Strategy

For several weeks, the Western press has been praising the Arab leaders for the "consummate skill" with which they are using their "oil weapon." As an Arab studying in Europe, allow me to explain the three-stage strategy of our leaders which is simplicity itself:

1. Turn off the tap.
2. Listen while Secretary Kissinger warns of counter-measures if the Arabs continue to decide for themselves the price at which they sell the only thing they have.
3. Break up laughing.

DAHMED OUIN-KEU.

Paris.

## McGovern's 'Plumbers'

It must be obvious by now to everybody that "plumbers" in the employ of the Committee to Nominate McGovern are deliberately sabotaging every tape which would establish the President's innocence.

GEOFFREY BOC

London.

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# The $exy Business Of Mr. Frederick

By Judy Klemesrud

EW YORK (NYT).—It was the kind of fashion show you t often see in New York: The iels had ample bosoms and , the men cheered wildly s the women hissed mildly, the clothes, well, they were haps the best the country has offer in the way of schlock ks and passion fashions.

es, Frederick of Hollywood in town the other day.

he dapper millionaire of pointy and padded girdle fame was to narrate a fashion show connection with the publica- of a $7.98 book, "Frederick's Hollywood 1947-1973," subtitled Years of Mail Order Seduc-

he fashion show was an hour- flash of sequins, gold lame, through chiffon fringe, feath- and satin. There were silver pants, gold wedgies, zebra- ed jumpsuits, baby doll pa- s, black satin Capri pants, stone-trimmed Bikinis and, purse, mini-dresses cut almost he navel.

e women who modeled them led out on the runway on 5- spike heels, and struck ctive, pouty poses, the likes hich haven't been seen since e Mansfield was cavorting nd Hollywood in the 1950s.

scribing his book as "255 s of pure nonsense," Mr. erick, born Frederick Mel- r 58 years ago in the Bronx, on to explain his credo.

e said a number of times all women are created equal ue eyes of the law," he said, his mellifluous Hollywood "But in the eyes of men, hat's why I've tried to help reproportion their bodies. should a woman suffer if too short, too thick-waisted o flat-chested?"

remarks prompted some of nild hissing that was to be from women guests ghout the show. Perhaps one n the hissing never grew was because Frederick's ons are really too funny to ken seriously.

d here comes the funny swimsuit," Mr. Frederick s a model slinked out in bit fur Bikini with a furry cotton tail on her posterior.

Frederick Mellinger, known as Mr. Frederick of Hollywood.

NYT.

"That tail was once pinned on Johnny Carson's lapel by the girl who had it on."

Frederick is laughing all right, all the way to the bank. Last year, he said, his 68 stores grossed $14 million, with an after-tax profit of $750,000. Frederick's of Hollywood is a publicly held company traded over-the-counter, and most of his business is done through a catalogue that has been described as "classic soft-core pornography."

"People have asked me, 'Don't a woman's brains and personality count?'" Frederick said, very seriously. "I say, 'Absolutely, but first she has to have the opportunity to open her mouth.' My clothes give her this opportunity."

## BARCELONA

# An International Center for Art

By Angela Taylor

BARCELONA (NYT).—Taxi drivers rarely know the way to the Calle Monserrat in the unfashionable suburb of Esplugas de Llobregat, which climbs a hill just outside of Barcelona.

It is better to ask to b dropped off at the church square and make one's way on foot down the winding, cobbled lane to No. 66. Until a couple of decades ago, Esplugas was in the country and the lane was built for donkey carts.

No. 66 is a 16th-century farmhouse with thick white walls and a large wooden door big enough to let in a team of oxen. It is part of the four-building complex owned by sculptor Xavier Corberó, a wiry man of 37.

The big house (as it is called to distinguish it from the small house across the lan that Mr. Corberó keeps for himself) serves a constant stream of artist friends who pop in from all over the world, phoning from the airport to see if there is a free bed.

### The Dream

The hub of activity is a few yards down the lane. It is the Centro de Actividades e Investigaciones Artisticas Corberó, a dream that took Mr. Corberó five years (and close to $1 million) to realize. From the outside, the fieldstone and brown concrete structure blends with the old buildings as though it had been there forever.

The New York Times.

Xavier Corbero and jewelry designer Elsa Peretti.

On the roof Mr. Corberó has had a garden planted, with a pool, velvety lawns and flowers, weeping willows and even century-old olive trees which were hauled up by crane. The garden is framed in arches that look like a Roman viaduct.

The past disappears when the visitor steps inside the center with its vast spaces and sophisticated equipment. Its purpose is to supply studios and expert assistance to about 40 painters, sculptors, lithographers, film makers, photographers and jewelers and to act as agents to sell their works. Joan Miró's etchings are produced here. So is the silver and ivory jewelry designed by Elsa Peretti.

Mr. Corberó's own abstract sculptures are on view here. (There are two Corberós in the Hirschhorn collection in the United States.) So are the paintings of Robert Llimos, whose theme used to be cats and now is chairs. Jaime Cubells may be working on one of his huge sculptures, possibly meant for a Spanish millionaire.

Returning to the big house, one sees a beige and white monkey in a hayloft window.

"My friends get married," Mr. Corberó explains, "first they get a dog, then a cat and a monkey. When the first child comes, the animals must go. So they're dumped on me."

Evenings, the artists and friends may have dinner in the small house, in a room walled with unmatched tile samples that the host bought from a ceramic factory. A larger party might gather in the 40-foot living room of the farmhouse. If the talk, music and conversation are not enough, the guest can wander around and look at the fascinating objects Mr. Corberó has garnered from flea markets and antique shops.

Overnight guests may find themselves in what used to be the master suite (Mr. Corberó is separated from his wife, Mary Ann Bennett, a British actress) or in another bedroom, which belongs to Mr. Corberó's daughter, Anna, now 13. She lives with her mother in Barcelona.

If he runs out of bedrooms, Mr. Corberó still has the enormous, carved billiard table that used to belong to his father.

"It sleeps six," he says. Agile guests may be taken to see the earth-walled tunnel that leads from the small house to the studios. No, it was not meant to hide heretics from the Inquisition. "The farmers used to keep their potatoes and onions here. I use it for wine."

# NAPLES: Chamber Music and a Villa

By William Weaver

NAPLES (IHT).—The Villa Pignatelli is a charming, early 19th-century building set in a small but handsome park along the Naples seafront. A few years ago it was bequeathed by its last owner to the city, which has turned it into a museum.

Last week, thanks to the superintendent of fine arts of the region, the villa was lent to the Alessandro Scarlatti Association, which used the sumptuous ground-floor rooms as the perfect setting for seven days of chamber music.

Sensibly, the Scarlatti group did not call this week of music a "festival," because though it is certainly festive, it is also much more than that.

### American Experience

Inspired to some extent by the American experience of Marlboro, the directors invited to Naples a distinguished group of instrumentalists and, as it were, turned them loose. They worked, from day to day, in different formations—quartet, quintet, duo and at the end even octet—rehearsing music morning and afternoon, then performing, in concert, each evening. But perhaps even more important than the concerts were the rehearsals, which were open to the public.

Many young people spent whole days in the Villa Pignatelli, watching artists such as the violinist Salvatore Accardo, the violist Bruno Giuranna, the cellist Alain Meunier, the pianist Claude Lavox dissect, put together and polish the works on the day's schedule.

The year's week of chamber music was the Scarlatti association's third, and the undertaking can now be considered a complete success. Last weekend, for example, despite the automobile ban and the consequent scarcity of taxis, and despite a downpour on Sunday evening, the concerts were crowded.

### Richly Rewarded

The brave, damp public was richly rewarded. Among other things, they heard the recently discovered Quartettsatz by Mahler, a youthful work (the composer was 17 when he wrote it), but hauntingly beautiful and already distinctly Mahlerian. Another rarity for Naples was the Ives Piano Quintet, played with enthusiasm and vitality.

Italy does not have a great chamber music tradition, nor—until recently—was there a great audience for the chamber repertory. The Scarlatti association's enterprise in Naples is, therefore, particularly welcome.

It is creating its public, but it is also stimulating musicians—including the many young conservatory students who faithfully and profitably followed the seven rich days in the Villa Pignatelli.

# Entertainment In New York

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (IHT).—This is how critics for the New York Times rate new films and stage productions:

"The Homecoming," the film of Harold Pinter's comedy play, is the second offering in the American Film Theater series. Praising it as a movie of "astonishing dynamism," Vincent Canby says it is a practically untouched adaptation of the play. "Director Peter Hall's camera never seems to intrude on the life of the play," says Canby. "It never embarrasses the actors by exposing them to what they are. Most of the action takes place in the barren parlor of the North London house ruled by foul-mouthed old Max (Paul Rogers), the patriarch of a clan now reduced to three, his sons Lenny (Ian Holm) and Joey (Terence Rigby) and his younger brother Sam (Cyril Cusack), a chauffeur for a private firm... The film is so much of an entity, so beautifully integrated, that its spell is never broken, not even with one intermission."

"The French Conspiracy" is fiction based on the facts surrounding the kidnapping of a Moroccan leftist opposition leader in Paris in 1965. Vincent Canby writes: "The raw material is fascinating, but the only thing the film does is make one more appreciative of the skills of Costa-Gavras, whose slick, entertaining political melodramas 'Z' and 'The Confession' were apparently the models for Yves Boisset, the young Frenchman who directed 'The French Conspiracy.' Boisset has courage... but his approach to film-making is a fatal mixture of reverence and foolishness... The actors, though all good people, often look ridiculous. Jean-Louis Trintignant, as the one-time journalist who becomes the political leader's Judas, spends a large part of the film running, which he does as if his shoelaces were untied. Gian Maria Volonte, who plays the exiled leftist from the never-named North African country, is called upon to speak some of the drippiest dialogue heard this year."

"Gigi" a stage musical from a movie musical based on a play from Colette's novel, is a bold attempt to reinvent champagne, says Clive Barnes. He praises Alan Jay Lerner's "dazzling" lyrics and Frederick Loewe's "enchanting score" but adds: "The show, for all its incidental sparkle, never quite takes off in the manner of a 'My Fair Lady'." Barnes found Joseph Hardy's staging lacking in vitality and the dances, by Ouna White, pallid. He says of the cast: Alfred Drake—"sings Honoré with an easy, happy charm." Karin Wolfe as Gigi—"very pretty, with a bright, well-controlled voice—but she did lack individuality." Daniel Massey—"had all the suavity and slightly pompous handsomeness demanded of the world-weary Gaston." Maria Karnilova as the grandmother and Agnes Moorehead as Aunt Alicia—"both are perfect."

"Aves, Magnificent Frigate Bird, Great Flamingo," a documentary by Nancy Graves, evokes a detachedly trenchant ballet of birds in flight, says Howard Thompson.

"The natural sounds, the sense of suspension, the mass of winged creatures dotting the sky all merge in gradual, striking crescendo and impact. If the birds seem to know exactly what they're doing, so does Miss Graves."

# Pierpont Morgan Library to Get Top Collection of Italian Art

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (NYT).—The largest and finest collection of Italian drawings in private hands in America, that of the cellist and art patron Janos Scholz, will be acquired by the Pierpont Morgan Library, Mr. Scholz announced last night.

The collection of more than 1,500 works, including examples by such masters as Leonardo, Raphael, Titian and Bellini, has been described by the Morgan Library's director, Charles Ryskamp, as "certainly the finest private collection of Italian drawings in America, and one of the finest anywhere in the world."

Although both Mr. Scholz and Mr. Ryskamp declined to put a value on the collection, dealers agree that any estimate at current prices would run into the millions. A selection exhibited to raise money for Florence after the 1966 floods carried a flat million-dollar insurance valuation, and a few of the finest drawings together would probably have a market value of at least that figure.

Mr. Scholz, a Hungarian by birth, made the announcement after giving a cello concert at the library before an invited audience. His recital coincided with the private opening of a show of 114 drawings from the collection, arranged to celebrate his 70th birthday and the 40th anniversary of his arrival and first performance in the United States.

# kov Awarded Prize

W YORK, Dec. 12 (AP).—mir Nabokov, best known is novel "Lolita," has been ed as the recipient of the National Medal for Litera- the National Book Com- announced Sunday.

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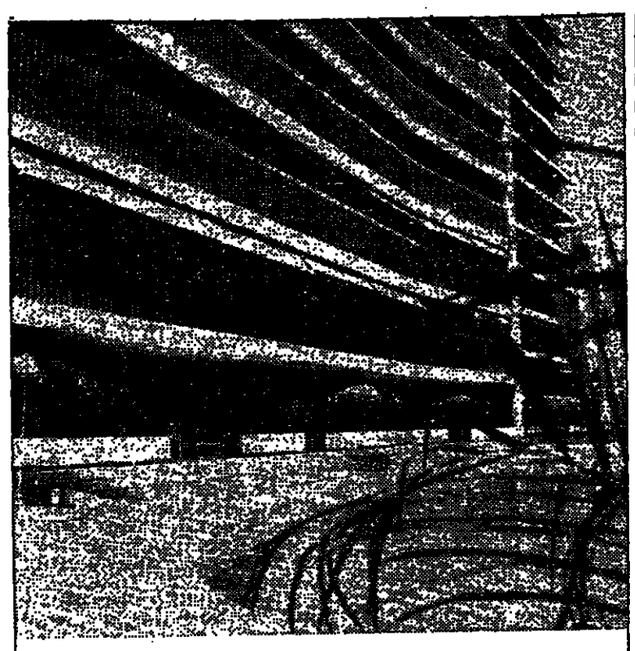

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PARIS, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1973



## apan Sets lew Squeeze )n Money

### ınk to Increase ıe Discount Rate

'OKYO, Dec. 12 (AP-DJ).—me Minister Kakuei Tanaka, o indicated yesterday he might gn if Japan's price spiral not brought under control in 1974 first half, hinted today a large increase in the Bank Japan's official discount rate.

Mr. Tanaka, answering questions in the budget committee of Upper House, said the governor of the central bank, Tadashi aki, told him the bank will plement an even tighter eeze on money and credit.

It is going to be a fairly gh one," Mr. Tanaka said.

ome economic analysts, who been expecting a discount increase to 8 from 7 per-, interpreted the prime min-'s remarks as indicating that boost could be even larger 1 percentage point.

e Bank of Japan is to publish the wholesale price index for mber Friday, and is expected to decide upon the discount sometime next week at the est.

e November wholesale price is expected to show a d 3 percent advance from ber, and a similar gain is ast for the current month.

th shortages of many types oods expected as a result of supplies of crude oil, the rnment is counting on the er credit squeeze as one s of preventing hoarding. ntends to make inventory ıcing as expensive as pos-

e discount rate increase d also aim at cooling off demand in the face of unable cuts in production.

ne economists fear that a effect of the intensification e credit crunch will be a increase in bankruptcies g small businesses.

Tanaka told the budget ittee that the nation might to wait some time for the situation to return to al. He said improvement not be evident until the September period of 1974, the economy will be under ıfluence of the government's budget. Japan's fiscal year s April 1.

Tanaka, again speaking of olitical future, said that if administration fails to live the nation's expectations, majority Liberal Democratic would inevitably "face the e's judgment" in the Upper e elections next June.

aturally, I think I would to take the blame," he said.

#### Growth Outlook Assessed

KYO, Dec. 12 (Reuters).— 'anaka told parliament that overnment is doing its best event the country falling 'stagflation."

said Japan can still count a certain amount of real mic growth, although a h of 6 to 10 percent is out question.

vever, the National Economic Research Institute pre- today that Japan's real mic growth in fiscal 1974 be 2.4 percent compared an estimated 7.5 percent for 1973.

### nese Tool Orders

KYO, Dec. 12 (AP-DJ).— s received by 68 major ese machine tool builders d a record 24.603 billion yen $88 million) in October, percent from a year earlier, ol-builders association said

## *Norway Makes Haste Slowly Developing Huge Oil Fields*

### Accent Is on Quality of Life, Not Profits

By Bernard D. Nossiter

OSLO (WP).—Norway sits on a continental shelf rich in reservoirs of oil and gas. But the blue-eyed Arabs of the North, as bemused oil men describe Norwegians, are in no hurry to lift their energy from beneath the sea despite Western Europe's painfully intensified demand.

Norwegians enjoy a planned and comfortable life, close to nature and rich in unspoiled forests, fjords and ski slopes.

"Our aim is not to maximize profits but develop the resources at a rate acceptable to the Norwegian people," says Arve Johnsen, the tough and blue-eyed director of Statoil.

His company is a completely state-owned enterprise that intends to become a fully integrated oil concern, engaged in everything from exploring, owning, refining, transporting and selling petroleum products—all at a pace of Norwegian design.

How much oil and gas lies off Norway's shores is unknown because so little of the continental shelf has been explored. The huge Ekofisk field alone, 170 miles off Norway's southwestern tip, is expected to yield by 1977 at least one million barrels daily of oil and its equivalent in gas.

With more than half of Norway's power supplied by the energy from magnificent waterfalls, the country will require only about one-sixth of this total. By no chance coincidence, that is precisely the share it will get from its royalties and its small ownership share of another state-dominated company, Norsk Hydro.

This means that Norway will become Europe's first exporter of oil, probably some time in 1975.

At the moment, only a minute fraction of Norway's continental shelf has been licensed for exploration and production, about 4 percent. Terms for another group of blocks will likely be fixed by the spring.

But all of these are below the 62d parallel and most of them cluster along the median line, separating Norway's share of the North Sea shelf from Britain's. The Norwegians are simply exploiting areas that must go into production lest the firms licensed by Britain on the other side of the line suck away Norway's oil and gas under the law of capture.

Below the 62d parallel are large and potentially rich areas close to the splendid coast that have not been offered for license. In addition, Norway has not yet opened up the large section of shelf north of the 62d parallel, a region oilmen think could be very lucrative. Finally, industry and government officials believe there is still another exciting and untapped region in the far north, under the Barents Sea that is shared by Norway and the Soviet Union.

Oil company executives think that if all these regions were opened up to their drilling rigs, Norway alone might be supplying in the next decade 10 times as much as the million barrels daily predicted for Ekofisk. That could make a sizable dent in Europe's energy shortage.

But as one key oil authority here said, "Our policy is to make haste slowly." The suggestion of a crash development program receives stares as frosty as the weather.

Norway's deliberate pace is explained this way:

- *Conventional economic consequences:* Norway enjoys a steady if modest rate of growth and full employment. A rapid exploitation of oil would simply pull men and resources away from existing industries, bid up wages and prices and multiply inflationary strains in a country already suffering from the same price strains as the rest of the industrialized world.

- The uniquely Norwegian approach to economics: "We have had a planned economy for the last generation and a half," Mr. Johnsen observes. "Outside the Soviet Union, we are the most planned economy. Oil development is going to be strictly planned as is everything else."

A University of Kansas-trained economist, Mr. Johnsen insists that "economics is a question of regional policy—where people should live and what kind of employment there should be."

"If we open up the North too rapidly, we might hurt the fishermen and other traditional industries there. We don't want to support a pattern that is disruptive. I am more concerned with the effects on the individual than with income. There is more involved in our policy than the income and inflation effects."

- Quality of life: "They think they have a good one," a U.S. oil executive says. "They don't want the hustle, bustle and pressure we want to put on. They like to leave their offices at four thirty in the afternoon and ski 15 minutes outside Oslo."

Norwegians, in sum, look with horror at Dallas and Houston. It was this same fear of an over-rapid industrialization that played a large part in last year's vote to keep Norway out of the Common Market, a vote that was registered despite the overwhelming support for entry from the business, political and trade union establishment here.

However, one important Norwegian who has played a central role in energy policy says: "We can't sit on possible oil production when our friends are starving, freezing, being thrown out of work. We must increase the pace of development."

Even Mr. Johnsen, the tough boss at Statoil, concedes that Norway must think of its responsibilities to Europe as a whole.

Norway's long coast is defended by the NATO Alliance and Norway's rugged independence depends on the well-being of its Western partners.

## Oil Fears Hit Stocks, Dow Index Drops 23

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—Stock prices, which have been marching to the beat of the energy crisis the last 6 1/2 weeks, took another stiff hammering on the New York Stock Exchange today.

Autos, steels, and airlines ranged to more than a point lower, while losses were more pronounced in many of the oils, chemicals, and electronics as investors worried about the impact of the energy shortage on inflation and unemployment.

Also, more economists were taking the line that shrinking fuel supplies would tip the economy into a recession next year.

Economist Walter Heller told the congressional international economics subcommittee in Washington that he expected a "no-growth situation" in the United States next year.

The former chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers during the Kennedy administration predicted a cutback of $25 billion to $30 billion in the gross national product—or just over 2 percent—owing to the energy shortage.

The Dow Jones industrial average dropped 23.45 to 810.73 while the NYSE common stock index fell around 1.28 to 49.92. More than 1,300 issues declined, while about only 185 advanced.

Turnover was 18.19 million shares, compared with 20.10 million yesterday.

The inflationary concern was heightened yesterday by a comment from administration economist Herbert Stein, who cautioned that a 50 percent increase in fuel costs because of the shortage could increase consumer prices by 3 percent.

Avon Products, the widest mover on the most active list, fell 5 to 60 1/2 on 188,000 shares. It brought the setback in the company's stock to 14 points over the last two sessions.

A spokesman for Avon said yesterday he knew of no corporate reason or any other development to account for the stock's decline.

Standard Oil of California lost 1 3/8 to 27 7/8 in its group. Atlantic Richfield dropped 6 1/2 to 100. Superior Oil 16 to 270, Standard of Ohio 8 1/2 to 150 1/2, and Exxon 2 5/8 to 89 1/8. A bill was introduced in Congress to create an 85 percent excess profits tax on oil companies.

General Motors dropped 1 1/4 to 48 7/8, Ford 1 3/4 to 40 7/8, American Telephone 1 1/8 to 47, Eastman Kodak 2 to 107 1/4, Polaroid 2 7/8 to 69 1/8, and Xerox 6 5/8 to 123 5/8.

Also down a point or more were Burroughs down 11 3/4 to 204 3/4, Delta Air Lines 1 5/8 to 37 1/4, Honeywell 1 5/8 to 72 1/8, Johnson & Johnson 4 5/8 to 113 1/4, Eli Lilly 1 1/2 to 74 3/4, and Emery Air Freight 3 1/4 to 49 3/4.

Prices fell sharply in moderate trading on the American Stock Exchange. The Amex index dropped 2.17 to 88.86.

## U.S. Opposes Oil Breakup

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—A Justice Department spokesman said today the anti-trust division cannot support a legislative proposal to require a breakup of the vertically-integrated petroleum industry.

A proposed amendment to the Natural Gas Act submitted by Sen. Frank Moss, D., Utah, would bar any overlapping of control between production, refining, pipeline transportation and marketing of the refined petroleum product.

There simply is not sufficient evidence that vertical integration "generally and pervasively results in anti-competitive harms which outweigh economic benefits." Deputy Assistant Attorney General Keith Clearwaters said at a Senate Commerce Committee hearing.

#### Other Merits Noted

At the same time, Mr. Clearwaters said, the anti-trust division finds "some merit" in another part of the proposed legislation that would require independent ownership of oil pipelines.

The department, he noted, has been conducting investigations of complaints against oil-company-owned pipelines.

"Even if there are only generalized grounds for concern about the competitive effects of such ownership—which would be insufficient in many cases to rise to the level of an anti-trust violation—we still perceive very little on the other side of the balance in the way of legitimate economic advances," he said.

The devision believes "a general legislative solution" would be appropriate, he said.

*Fiat Looks for Alternative Sectors—Subway Cars?*

## European Car Makers Retrench as Oil Crisis Hits Sales

LONDON, Dec. 12 (AP-DJ).—Auto buffs who have followed the fashionable styling of Fiat autos may have a hard time visualizing the latest suggestion for the Fiat of the future. It could, suggests a Fiat spokesman, be long, low, square at the ends and ride on eight wheels. It could, in fact, be a subway car.

For the fuel shortage, with its rising gasoline prices, declining auto sales and curtain of gloom that is dropping over Europe, has got Fiat at least thinking radically about where its future may lie in the transportation industry.

Others are mainly contemplating their present and short-term prospects with apprehension. Only Fiat seems to be looking far down the road at what all auto makers concede will be a long-term fuel problem, regardless of what happens to the Arab oil embargo.

Fiat managing director Umberto Agnelli recently painted a bleak picture of the European auto industry in face of the energy crisis. "We must foresee in the very short term a considerable decrease in orders," he said.

In the long term, he added, "this crisis situation is forcing Fiat to make a careful and rigorous re-examination of its programs and at the same time accelerate research to identify complementary or alternative sectors."

A spokesman explains that over the long term, the Italian auto maker would be interested in investigating the manufacture of buses, railway cars and subway cars, all of which might be more widely used in a persistent energy shortage.

He says Fiat sales in Italy have fallen 10 to 20 percent since the Arab oil embargo began, with sales abroad down 30 to 35 percent and sales in the Netherlands, hardest hit by the embargo, off 60 percent.

In West Germany, where monthly registrations had been running at about 150,000 recently, industry auto sales are estimated by Volkswagenwerke to have fallen 20 percent in November from November 1972. A drop of 40 to 50 percent is forecast for this month, compared with December last year. Unsold new cars stand at an estimated 260,000, and used car lots hold about 1.6 million autos, a VW spokesman estimates.

[Reuters reported that Volkswagen expects sales in the United States this year to fall by about 10,000 vehicles from 1972 to about 475,000 units. In the first 11 months, U.S. sales for VW (excluding Audi-NSU and Porsche) dropped 0.7 percent to about 444,000 units. But sales of the Beetle rose to 340,544 units from 328,751 in the first 11 months.]

Government anti-inflationary curbs are getting almost as much of the blame for the German auto slowdown as is the energy crisis, however. VW claims that its domestic sales, concentrated as they are in small, fuel-saving autos, are standing up pretty well. But Bayerische Motoren werke (BMW) does not dispute a forecast of a 30 percent decline in its sales this year.

Ford Motor Co.'s German subsidiary last week laid off 7,000 of its 30,000 workers in Cologne because of flagging sales of its larger Grenada and Consul models. Adam Opel, General Motors' German subsidiary, has announced plans to put 38,000 of its 55,000 workers at its three plants on short-time work for two weeks this month and next. Daimler-Benz, producer of Mercedes vehicles, has also sought official permission to introduce short-time working, which often, in effect, means layoffs.

In France, Citroën became the first auto maker to announce a closedown. A production halt is scheduled from Dec. 22 through Jan. 1, reducing output by about 10,000 autos.

Renault said today it will close its Dieppe factory for 11 days from Dec. 22, while Peugeot announced it has not renewed work contracts for 235 Yugoslavs working at its main plant. Peugeot also said it has temporarily stopped hiring foreign workers.

#### Exports Affected

The French Automobile Producers Federation says there has been no decline in domestic sales, but exports, especially to Germany and the Benelux countries, are off. France exported 56 percent of its auto production last year.

British automakers also say that sales are holding up, mainly owing to the order backlogs piled up by production shortages caused by labor troubles. British Leyland Motor Co., for example, says its order books are full through the end of the year and there have been no cancellations.

But in the longer run Britain may face the gloomiest prospects of all. "If gasoline rationing were introduced, it would probably put a big brake on the market," a Ford spokesman concedes. The government is issuing ration books to motorists as a precaution.

Both Ford and British Leyland expect gasoline prices to rise in Britain to the equivalent of nearly $2 a gallon, an eventuality spoken of in terms of "a year from now" or "in a few years." The price now is 68 cents.

The trend, says a Ford spokesman, will definitely be to smaller cars and smaller engines. Both Ford and British Leyland claim they are well placed to serve this market. But the smaller cars are less profitable and the question remains whether sales in the smaller end of the line could ever make up for the loss of the larger models in the face of the fuel pinch, the auto makers concede.

#### Volvo to Cut Output

GOTHENBURG, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—Volvo said yesterday it will cut its passenger car production by about 4 percent during a five to eight-week period because of fuel shortages.

#### Layoffs at Chrysler

DETROIT, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—Chrysler Corp. said today it will lay off 2,100 employees indefinitely at its Belvedere and Jefferson large-car assembly plants here.

Chrysler said the layoffs are due to a cutback in production at the Jefferson plant from 960 cars a day to 640 and a cutback at the Belvedere plant to 880 cars a day from 960.

The company said it will also extend the closings of the two plants from three days to five, Jan. 7 to 11, to help balance inventories.

## *Living Cost Rises 10.8% For the Swiss*

BERN, Dec. 12 (AP-DJ).—The rise in the cost of living in Switzerland was 10.8 percent in the year ended Nov. 30, while the increase for the month of November alone was 2.1 percent, the government said today.

Without taking into account a sharp rise in prices of heating fuel and gasoline, the increase in the official cost-of-living index would have been 7.3 percent for the year.

The index is based on September 1966 equals 100. At the end of November it stood at 146.1, up from 131.8 in November last year.

Meanwhile the wholesale price index rose 1.6 percent in November, bringing the increase for the year to 14.2 percent. The rise was attributed mostly to higher costs of petroleum products, nonferrous metals and some food products.

#### Italian Wholesale Prices

ROME, Dec. 12 (AP-DJ).—The Italian index of wholesale prices stood at 132.9 in October, up 2 percent from September, according to provisional figures released today by the government.

In a breakdown of the increase, the report said that farm products rose 1.5 percent and non-farm products 2.1 percent.

It noted that the sharpest gain was for fuels and oil, whose prices rose 10.4 percent in the month.

Comparisons with October 1972 are not valid, the report noted, because the introduction of value-added tax this year distorted the figures.

The wholesale price index in October was 17.4 percent higher than last January, when the value-added tax came into effect.

#### Dutch Index Higher

THE HAGUE, Dec. 12 (AP-DJ).—The Dutch consumer price index was 133.4 (1969 equals 100) in mid-November, up 0.4 percent from mid-October and up 8 percent from November 1972, the government said today.

The rise was primarily due to increased prices of vegetables, fruits, clothing, footwear, heating oil and gasoline.

## *Oil Crisis Called Threat to Food of Poor Countries*

ROME, Dec. 12 (NYT).—The United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization warned today that the world oil crisis is threatening a serious shortage of fertilizers in many developing countries, severely reducing their farm output.

"Each ton of fertilizer made available now to developing countries is worth up to eight tons of food production that otherwise would have to be obtained as imports or food aid," an FAO statement said.

Any limitation of petroleum products and natural gas would cause production of fertilizers, particularly nitrogen fertilizers, to shrink, the statement cautioned. It said nitrogen-based substances accounted for 48 percent of world fertilizer consumption, followed by phosphates at 30 percent and potash at 24 percent.

FAO announced that it has established a new Commission on Fertilizers to study the problem and suggest solutions.

## Swedish Firm Plans Factory in Singapore

SINGAPORE, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—Svenska Kugellagerfabriken AB (SKF), Sweden's largest tool-making company, said today it will set up a plant in Singapore to produce textile machinery components.

SKF said part of its West German operation, SKF Kugellagerfabriken GmbH, will be moved to Singapore to meet increased world demand.

The cost of setting up the plant will be about $7 million. Production is expected to begin in 1975 with annual sales of $30 million to $40 million.

The components will be exported primarily to East Asian markets.

## French Output Index Up

PARIS, Dc. 12 (AP-DJ).—The index of French industrial production, seasonally-adjusted and excluding the building industry, increased to 200 (based on 1962 equals 100) in October from 193 in September and 184 a year ago, the Finance Ministry announced today.

## *Fuel Threat Upsets U.S. Economic Plan*

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (AP-DJ).—The threat of an inflation-racked recession caused by fuel shortages is disrupting the Nixon administration's economic policy plans for next year.

The President's economists had their game plan for 1974 neatly mapped out before the realities of the energy crisis became clear. The administration's "soft landing" scenario envisioned a gradual slowing of economic growth accompanied by an easing of inflation, a balanced federal budget and an orderly withdrawal from Phase-4 wage and price controls.

But, as suggested by Monday's surprise move to decontrol the auto industry, the prospect of an energy-crisis recession has changed all that. *It is producing confusion and disagreement within* the government over the economic outlook for next year and how the administration should respond to the darkening prospects.

To begin with, there is no consensus within the government on the severity of the slowdown. Beyond that, officials concede that their bag of economic tonics contains few medicines suited to the kind of ills that face the nation next year. Further, there are differences between officials on how the energy crisis should affect such policy decisions as decontrol.

#### Outlook Altered

The threat of an energy crisis-induced slump is altering the outlook in three crucial areas:

- Wage and price controls: Some decontrol actions promise to be speeded by the energy crisis. But controllers say others may be slowed, notably in petroleum. Administration economists believe the energy crisis makes a phase-out of controls over most industries even more necessary because controls-caused shortages *threaten to multiply.* But at the same time the crisis makes decontrol even more politically difficult because an acceleration of inflation may spur demands to keep the lid on prices.

- The budget: The White House goal of balancing revenues and spending in the fiscal year ending next June 30 is all but unreachable now. The expected economic downturn will reduce the tax take from corporations whose profits are falling due to reduced output. At the same time, government spending will rise to pay for higher-than-expected unemployment benefits, more expensive fuel and other things. Some budget planners contend the deficit for the current year could be held to a modest $1 to $2 billion, but other insiders speculate it could climb to $10 billion or more.

- Monetary policy: Some economists believe the Federal Reserve Board already should drop its restrictive policy to fight a recession, but insiders insist this would not work. They contend an outpouring of more money will not ease economic troubles caused by a shortage of oil. Still, they foresee a gradual downward drift of interest rates because consumers may be saving more and borrowing less next year, thus increasing the supply and reducing the demand for money.

## *Germans to Ease Curbs*

BONN, Dec. 12 (Reuters).—The West German government will "set the light at green" for certain sectors of the economy before Christmas, Finance Minister Helmut Schmidt said yesterday. He confirmed that the government will decide to lift the 11 percent investment tax and reinstate favorable depreciation terms to house builders at the cabinet meeting on Dec. 19.

## *GE-U.K. Profit Up 60% During the First Half*

LONDON, Dec. 12 (AP-DJ).—Profit soared 60.3 percent at General Electric Co. Ltd. in the six months ended Sept. 30, the company reported today.

Net earnings were £32.7 million, compared with £20.4 million in the same half a year earlier. Sales totaled £525 million, up from £454 million.

GE set an interim dividend of 1 penny versus an adjusted 0.856 pence.

# Financial News and Notes

### *ıss Bank Corp. Plans Stock Split*

ıiss Bank Corp. will seek shareholder apal at the annual meeting on March 19 to its bearer shares into five bearer shares of francs nominal value each. If accepted, the ange will be made free of charge in the ıg of 1974. The board will also propose chang- the bank's statutes to permit it to issue 00 nonvoting shares of 100 francs nominal e priced at 150 francs each (about $47). If itions on the Swiss capital market do not ıge substantially by then, the nonvoting es will be issued March 27 to April 5 at the of one new share for each five pre-split es. The stock split is aimed at making the 's shares more popular and more easily ıble. On Wednesday, Bank Corp. bearer closed 170 francs on the Zurich Stock Exchange.

### *Lilly Sees Good 1973-1974*

Lilly & Co. anticipates a "successful year in sales and profits this year and continued th in 1974." Richard D. Wood, chairman, s his optimism on "the continued possibility ew products" emerging from Lilly's research development program on which it will spend t $84 million this year. While facing some tages of products, such as chemical solvents plastic bottles, Lilly remains fairly untouch- by the energy crisis, Mr. Wood says. To ıer improve marketing capability, Lilly ex- s to pick a site for a second European nical production plant within a month. The t, probably to be built in West Germany, ıld be on stream within three years," Lilly ıdy has a similar facility in Liverpool, land. Mr. Wood says international sales should increase close to 37 percent of total corporate sales this year, up from 33 percent in 1972. "This will be partly a result of the dollar devaluation and partly due to increased performance," he says. He adds that the firm is considering other joint ventures similar to one it recently formed with Shinogi & Co. of Japan. "Eastern Europe might be one possibility" for joint ventures, he says.

### *Honda Unveils Low-Pollution Car*

Honda Motor Co. has unveiled a new car powered by the low-pollution compound vortex controlled combustion (CVCC) engine. Honda president Kihachiro Kawashima says his company plans to export the car starting next August or September. It goes on sale in Japan today. The new engine meets the stringent emission standards set by the Japanese government for 1975 and the statutory 1975 and interim 1976 U.S. emission control standards without the help of such after-treatment devices as a catalytic converter and without sacrifice in fuel economy, Honda says. The car is priced at 595,000 yen (about $2,125) for the standard type and 662,000 yen for the de luxe model.

### *Japan Firm Eyes U.S. Tire Plant*

Bridgestone Tire Co. of Japan is negotiating with Gates Rubber Co. of the United States for the purchase of the latter's tire-making factory in Littleton, Colo. The Japanese firm says its survey team is conducting a feasibility study to determine whether to buy it. Press reports in Tokyo say the purchase cost would amount to between 7 billion and 8 billion yen (about $29 million), but Bridgestone declined to confirm or deny it.

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Dec. 12, 1973

As calculated by the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, the Eurco was today worth:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| DM | 3.13826 | Belgian F. | 48.00332 |
| French F. | 3.59240 | Krone | 7.39072 |
| £ | 0.51513 | Irish £ | 0.51513 |
| Lire | 744.43687 | Lux. F. | 48.00332 |
| Guilders | 3.34086 | U.S. $ | 1.19165 |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amax 8-76 | 97½ | 98½ |
| Beecham 8¼-86 | 94 | 95 |
| Carlsberg 8¾-86 | 100 | 101 |
| Carrier 8-87 | 94 | 95 |
| Com. Union | 96¾ | 97¾ |
| Cons. Food 7½-91 | 90 | 91 |
| Cont. Oil 7-80 | 94½ | 95½ |
| Conoco 8-86 | 96 | 97 |
| Corning 8½-86 | 99½ | 100½ |
| Dow Corn 8½-86 | 99½ | 100½ |
| DuPont 7½-78 | 97¼ | 98¼ |
| Esso 8-86 | 98½ | 99½ |
| First Chic 7-80 | 90¼ | 91¼ |
| Fourth MKT SYS. | 12½ | 13½ |
| Ford 8-81 | 98½ | 99½ |
| Gen. Cable 8¼-87 | 95½ | 96½ |
| Gen. Mills 8-86 | 97½ | 98½ |
| Gen. Motors 8¾-86 | 102 | 103 |
| Hambros 7¾-86 | 91 | 92 |
| Holiday Trailer Lodges | 7¼ | 7½ |
| Int. Util 8¾-82 | 96 | 97 |
| Monsanto 8¾-85 | 101½ | 102½ |
| Nickel (Le) 9-86 | 100 | 101 |
| Otis Elev. 8¾-85 | 99 | 100 |
| Pac Light 8-86 | 94 | 95 |
| Phil. Morris 8-78 | 99 | 100 |
| Shell 8-86 | 96 | / |
| Textron 7¾-87 | 92½ | 93½ |
| Union Oil 7½-87 | 91½ | 92½ |
| Volvo 8-87 | 93½ | 94½ |

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# New York Stock Exchange Trading

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 80⅞ | 53 | AbbtLb 1.20 | 15 | 82 | 54½ | 50¾ | 50¾ | — 3½ |
| 32⅞ | 30⅝ | ACF Ind2.40 | 10 | 132 | 46¼ | 45 | 45⅞ | — ¾ |
| 57⅛ | 12¼ | AcmeClev 1 | 7 | 20 | 13⅝ | 13¼ | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 16⅛ | AcmeM 1.20 | 6 | 26 | 20¾ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — ¼ |
| 8⅛ | 4⅛ | AdmDg .04e | 6 | 13 | 4¾ | 4½ | 4½ | + ¼ |
| 24⅛ | 10⅛ | AdmE 1.15e | | 16 | 11⅞ | 10¾ | 11⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 4¾ | Ad Millis .20 | 6 | 21 | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ | |
| 84 | 9⅞ | Addrsso .60 | 23 | 236 | 9⅞ | 9¼ | 9⅜ | — ¾ |
| 38 | 7¼ | Admiral | 4 | 92 | 10 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ¾ |
| 93¾ | 8⅞ | AdvInv .10e | | 73 | 9⅜ | 8⅞ | 9 | — ⅛ |
| 82 | 57½ | AetnaLfeC 2 | 10 | 127 | 75 | 73¾ | 74 | — 1 |
| 14⅜ | 8⅛ | Aguirre Co | 13 | 7 | 8¾ | 8⅛ | 8½ | — ¼ |
| 11⅛ | 8¾ | Ahman .20e | 4 | 26 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅝ | |
| 9 | 3 | Aileen Inc | 6 | 109 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 85⅞ | 37 | AirProd .20 | 25 | 76 | 47 | 46⅛ | 46⅛ | — 1⅝ |
| 88⅛ | 10¾ | Airco .80 | 12 | 970 | 17⅛ | 16⅝ | 17 | |
| 36⅛ | 4⅛ | AJ Industris | 5 | 23 | 10⅞ | 10¼ | 10⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 81⅛ | 18¼ | Alcona 1.20 | 7 | 32 | 19⅛ | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | — ⅜ |
| 57⅛ | 13⅝ | Ala Gas 1.16 | 6 | 10 | 13⅞ | 13¾ | 13¾ | — ⅛ |
| 87⅛ | 23 | Alaska Intrs | 22 | 158 | 25⅝ | 24⅛ | 24⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 29⅛ | 7 | AlbertoC .35 | 6 | 8455 | 7⅛ | 6⅞ | 7⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 10¼ | Albertsn .50 | 9 | 4 | 10⅛ | 13⅛ | 10⅛ | — ¾ |
| 48 | 22⅝ | AlcanAlu 1 | 16 | 430 | 38 | 37⅛ | 37⅛ | — ¾ |
| 30⅝ | 6⅛ | AlcoStd .36 | 4 | 31 | 7¼ | 7 | 7 | |
| 42⅝ | 29¼ | AlconLb .16 | 42 | 23 | 34¼ | 34 | 34 | — ⅝ |
| 9⅛ | 3⅝ | Alexdrs .10e | 15 | 56 | 3¾ | 3¼ | 3¾ | |
| 81⅞ | 21⅞ | AllsnM 3.92e | 7 | 78 | 22⅛ | 22 | 22⅛ | |
| 56 | 6¾ | AllALfe .24 | 9 | 96 | 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ½ |
| 26⅜ | 7⅜ | AllegCp .36a | 10 | 99 | 8⅞ | 8⅛ | 8⅜ | — ⅜ |
| 30⅛ | 24¾ | AllgLud 1.20 | 5 | 42 | 26 | 25⅞ | 26 | — ⅛ |
| 47⅛ | 38¼ | AllgLud pf 3 | | 1 | 37¼ | 37¼ | 37¼ | + ¼ |
| 34⅛ | 16⅝ | AllgPw 1.44 | 7 | 63 | 19 | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | — ⅜ |
| 17⅜ | 6⅜ | AllenGp .10r | 6 | 15 | 8⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅞ |
| 48 | 28⅛ | AlldCh 1.32 | 10 | 858 | 45 | 44⅛ | 44⅛ | — 1⅝ |
| 44⅝ | 19⅛ | AlldMnt .48 | 13 | 33 | 20⅝ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | — ⅞ |
| 22 | 13⅝ | AlldPd .80 | 4 | 39 | 14⅛ | 13¾ | 14 | — ⅛ |
| 89⅝ | 20⅛ | AlldStr 1.50 | 5 | 45 | 20½ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | |
| 63⅛ | 59½ | AlldStr pf 4 | | z100 | 61 | 61 | 61 | |
| 6⅛ | 3 | Alld Supmkt | 7 | 63 | 4⅛ | 3¾ | 3¾ | — ⅝ |
| 13⅝ | 8 | AllisChl .20e | 7 | 76 | 9 | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | — ¼ |
| 9⅞ | 5¾ | AllrtAut .50 | 4 | 31 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ¼ |
| 57⅛ | 10⅛ | AlphaPI .60 | 5 | 70 | 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 80⅛ | 47⅝ | Alcoa 1.94 | 14 | 812 | 72 | 70⅞ | 71⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 28⅝ | 21⅞ | AmalSg 1.60 | 6 | 2 | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | |
| 84⅛ | 8 | AMBAC .50 | 5 | 29 | 8⅞ | 8⅝ | 8⅞ | |
| 6⅛ | 3⅞ | Amcord .20e | 6 | 65 | 4⅛ | 4¼ | 4⅝ | |
| 86⅛ | 18⅛ | Amerce 1.20 | 6 | 13 | 20½ | 20¼ | 20¼ | — ¼ |
| 46 | 34 | Amrc pf2.60 | | 8 | 34 | 34 | 34 | — 1 |
| 50⅛ | 26 | A Hess .30b | 10 | 358 | 28⅝ | 27½ | 28⅝ | — ⅞ |
| 112⅛ | 65½ | A Hes pf3.50 | | 157 | 67 | 64⅛ | 65½ | — 3 |
| 40 | 13⅞ | AAirFilt .44 | 39 | 22 | 14 | 13 | 13⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 25⅞ | 8⅛ | Am Airlin | | 616 | 8⅝ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 18⅛ | 4⅛ | A Baker .20 | | 20 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5 | — ⅛ |
| 45⅛ | 30⅛ | ABrnds 2.38 | 6 | 127 | 32¼ | 33 | 33 | — ¼ |
| 34⅛ | 19 | AmBdcst .80 | 7 | 148 | 20⅞ | 20 | 20¼ | |
| 47⅛ | 6¾ | AmBldM .28 | 5 | 35 | 7⅝ | 7⅛ | 7⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 34⅛ | 24 | Am Can 2.20 | 7 | 94 | 25⅛ | 25 | 25 | — ⅝ |
| 86 | 21⅝ | A Can pf1.75 | | 22 | 23 | 22⅛ | 23 | + ½ |
| 25⅛ | 9¾ | ACntM 2.19e | 6 | 32 | 10⅞ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | — ¼ |
| 28⅛ | 19¼ | A Chain 1.20 | 5 | 9 | 19¾ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 32⅞ | 19⅛ | A Cyan 1.40 | 7 | 1871 | 19⅞ | 18⅞ | 19 | — ⅝ |
| 27⅞ | 16 | Am Distill 1 | 17 | 8 | 17 | 16⅛ | 17 | |
| 61⅞ | 35⅝ | AmDisTl .46 | 20 | 156 | 40 | 38¼ | 38¼ | — ¾ |
| 11⅜ | 4 | AmDualVt | | 12 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 10⅝ | 11⅛ | ADul pf.84a | | 7 | 10⅛ | 11 | 11 | — ⅛ |
| 30⅛ | 21⅞ | A ElPw 1.90 | 8 | 284 | 23⅞ | 23⅛ | 23⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 23⅝ | 13¼ | AmFin 1.10 | 9 | 53 | 14⅞ | 14⅛ | 14⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 28⅞ | 24⅛ | AGeBd 1.99e | | 35 | 24⅞ | 24⅛ | 24⅝ | — ¼ |
| 22⅞ | 14⅛ | AGnCv 1.53e | | 42 | 17 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — ⅜ |
| 27⅛ | 12⅛ | A Gnins .60 | 6 | 127 | 14 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ¼ |
| 30⅛ | 22⅝ | A Gln pf1.80 | | 10 | 23⅛ | 23 | 23 | — ⅝ |
| 37⅛ | 10⅛ | AmHoist .60 | 7 | 20 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | 10 | |
| 48⅛ | 36⅝ | A Home .65 | 31 | 925 | 39⅝ | 38 | 38⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 52⅝ | 36⅝ | AmHosp .28 | 36 | 85 | 39⅝ | 39 | 39 | — ⅞ |
| 12⅛ | 6⅛ | AmInves .50 | 9 | 25 | 6⅞ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | |
| 37⅛ | 5⅞ | A Medicl .12 | 4 | 143 | 6⅛ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | — ¼ |
| 12⅛ | 3¼ | A Medicorp | 3 | 91 | 4 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 48¼ | 29 | A MtICI 1.50 | 10 | 87 | 48⅛ | 47¼ | 48⅛ | — ½ |
| 120 | 86 | A Clx pf5.25 | | 10 | 109 | 107¼ | 108 | — 2 |
| 9¼ | 6¼ | Am Motors | 5 | 421 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 47 | 29⅛ | ANatGs 2.40 | 7 | 138 | 34 | 33⅛ | 33⅛ | |
| 18⅛ | 4⅛ | AmSeat .36p | | 41 | 5¼ | 5 | 5 | — ¼ |
| 28⅞ | 13⅞ | AmShip .68 | 5 | 16 | 14 | 13¾ | 14 | |
| 26⅛ | 17¼ | ASmltR 1.20 | 6 | 183 | 21⅝ | 20⅞ | 21⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 16⅛ | 10⅛ | AmStand .70 | 5 | 70 | 11⅛ | 10⅞ | 11 | — ⅛ |
| 63 | 51¾ | A Std pf4.75 | | 18 | 52 | 51½ | 51½ | — ¼ |
| 15⅛ | 9⅞ | AmSteril .28 | 12 | 40 | 10⅝ | 10 | 10⅛ | — ¼ |
| 9⅛ | 3¾ | AT&T wt | | 1020 | 4 | 3¾ | 3¾ | — ⅜ |
| 55 | 64⅝ | AmT&T 3.08 | 9 | 1394 | 47⅞ | 4 7 | 47 | — 1⅛ |
| 62⅛ | 54¼ | AmT&T pf 4 | | 96 | 56⅛ | 55 | 55⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 50⅛ | 48¼ | ATT pfB3.74 | | 536 | 48⅝ | 48⅛ | 48⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 53⅛ | 47¾ | ATT pfA3.64 | | 9 | 48 | 47⅛ | 47⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 13⅛ | 8¼ | AWatWk .64 | 5 | 5 | 8¾ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 21⅛ | 16⅛ | AW4.1pf 1.43 | | z400 | 17¼ | 17 | 17 | — ½ |
| 17¼ | 11⅝ | Ameron .65 | 4 | 7 | 12 | 11¾ | 11¾ | — ¼ |
| 12 | 3⅝ | AmesD .10h | 3 | 101 | 3¾ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 18⅛ | 10⅛ | Ametek .70e | 7 | 50 | 12⅛ | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | — 1 |
| 57⅛ | 17¼ | AMF In 1.24 | 6 | 144 | 19¼ | 18¾ | 18⅞ | — ¼ |
| 31⅛ | 11 | Amfac .64 | 4 | 237 | 11½ | 10¼ | 11 | — ½ |
| 82⅛ | 38 | AMP .07h | 35 | 168 | 43⅛ | 41¼ | 41⅞ | — 1¼ |
| 9 | 6⅝ | AmpPgh .40 | 5 | 1 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | |
| 6⅞ | 3¼ | Ampex Corp | 7 | 155 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | — ¼ |
| 14⅛ | 3¼ | Amrep Corp | 4 | 27 | 3⅝ | 3¼ | 3⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 30 | 21⅝ | Amster 1.70 | 5 | 20 | 21⅞ | 21¼ | 21⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 43¼ | 33⅛ | Amst pf2.65 | | 5 | 33⅝ | 33⅝ | 33⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 9⅛ | 7⅛ | Amstr pf.68 | | 8 | 8⅛ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | |
| 46⅛ | 32 | Amsted 2.60 | 6 | 40 | 37⅛ | 35¾ | 36⅛ | — 1½ |
| 7⅛ | 4⅛ | Amtel .20 | 6 | 39 | 6⅛ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 29⅛ | 17⅝ | Anacon .50 | 9 | 102 | 24¼ | 23⅝ | 24⅛ | + ⅝ |
| 29⅛ | 12¾ | AnchrH 1.08 | 5 | 31 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | |
| 24⅛ | 14⅝ | And Clay .80 | 5 | 10 | 19⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ¾ |
| 19⅛ | 7 | Angelica .10 | 8 | 119 | 6⅞ | 6½ | 6½ | — ½ |
| 10⅛ | 11 | AnsulCo .50t | 6s | 10 | 12⅝ | 11¾ | 11¾ | — ⅝ |
| 19 | 11¼ | Apache .36b | 6 | 33 | 12⅛ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 28⅛ | 11 | ApcoO .89t | | 39 | 12⅝ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 7⅛ | 2 | Apeco .12p | 15 | 84 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | |
| 21⅛ | 5⅛ | APL Corp | 3 | 19 | 6½ | 6 | 6 | — ⅝ |
| 15¼ | 6½ | APL pf B.50 | | 2 | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | — ½ |
| 9⅛ | 4 | Appild Mag | 8 | 12 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | — ½ |
| 155⅛ | 102½ | ARA Sv 1.32 | 21 | 123 | 112⅝ | 109¾ | 109¾ | — 3½ |
| 14⅝ | 5⅝ | ArcatN .14 | 24 | 16 | 7¾ | 7⅜ | 7 | — ⅞ |
| 24 | 16⅝ | ArchDan .25 | 16 | 63 | 22⅝ | 21 | 21 | — 1½ |
| 19⅞ | 3 | Arctic Entr | | 64 | 3⅝ | 3 | 3 | — ⅜ |
| 13⅛ | 7⅝ | Arister .72 | 5 | 9 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 24⅛ | 16⅝ | ArizPSv 1.36 | 7 | 114 | 18⅝ | 18 | 18 | — ⅝ |
| 22 | 6¾ | ArBest .40 | 8 | 17 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 13⅛ | 2¾ | Arlen RltyD | 9 | 82 | 3 | 3 | 3 | — ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 4⅝ | Armada Cp | 22 | 7 | 7¼ | 7 | 7¼ | |
| 25⅛ | 18⅛ | Armco 1.20a | 5 | 178 | 19⅝ | 19 | 19 | — ⅝ |
| 37⅛ | 25 | Arm pf2.10 | | 12 | 26⅛ | 25⅞ | 26⅛ | + ¼ |
| 65 | 54 | Armr pf4.75 | | z160 | 55⅝ | 55½ | 55½ | |

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 34¼ | 21 | ArmstCk .84 | 11 | 126 | 24¼ | 22⅞ | 23 | — 1 |
| 38 | 16¼ | Arm Ru1.60 | 4 | 35 | 18⅛ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 21⅛ | 12 | Aro Cp .90 | 5 | 5 | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11¾ | — ¼ |
| 27⅛ | 9¾ | ArvinInd .52 | 6 | 59 | 10 | 9½ | 9½ | — ½ |
| 61¾ | 34⅝ | ASA Ltd .70 | 3 | 318 | 62⅝ | 59½ | 61¼ | + 2¼ |
| | | ASA Lt fn.70 | | 23 | 56½ | 56½ | 56½ | |
| 33⅛ | 21¼ | AshdOil 1.30 | 6 | 97 | 22½ | 21¼ | 21¼ | — 1 |
| 67 | 43¼ | AshIO pf2.40 | | 1 | 46 | 46 | 46 | — 1½ |
| 54½ | 26 | AsdDrG 1.40 | 7 | 77 | 26 | 24½ | 25⅝ | — ¼ |
| 33⅝ | 19½ | AsdSpg 1.20 | 6 | 12 | 21¼ | 20¾ | 21 | |
| 15⅝ | 9½ | Athlone .52a | 3 | 17 | 10⅞ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 23 | 10 | AtlcoMtg 2e | 6 | 40 | 13¼ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 23½ | 17⅝ | AtlCyEl 1.50 | 7 | 35 | 18⅞ | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 113¾ | 66½ | Atl Richfl 2 | 23 | 802 | 104⅞ | 99½ | 100 | — 6½ |
| 55¼ | 48 | AtlRc pf3.75 | | z100 | 48½ | 48½ | 48½ | + ¼ |
| 73¾ | 58⅝ | AtlRc pf2.80 | | 81 | 69 | 66¼ | 66¼ | — 3 |
| 3 | 1½ | Atlas Corp | 42 | 291 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2⅛ | |
| 10½ | 5⅝ | ATO Inc .20 | 4 | 73 | 5¾ | 5½ | 5½ | — ¼ |
| 94⅝ | 37½ | Autom Data | 36 | 134 | 55⅝ | 53½ | 54 | — 2⅛ |
| 8 | 2⅝ | Autom Ind | 10 | 154 | 2¾ | 2½ | 2½ | — ⅜ |
| 16 | 6⅝ | Avco Corp | 2 | 221 | 7¼ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 4 | 1⅝ | Avco Cp wt | | 61 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | |
| 46⅝ | 31¾ | Avco pf3.20 | | 9 | 33⅝ | 33 | 33¼ | + ½ |
| 51½ | 36⅝ | AveryPd .25 | 26 | 109 | 35 | 34⅝ | 34⅝ | — 2⅝ |
| 52¾ | 12¼ | Avisinc .40 | 5 | 91 | 12½ | 12 | 12 | — ⅝ |
| 12⅝ | 6⅝ | AvnetInc .30 | 4 | 66 | 7¾ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 140 | 65¼ | AvonPd 1.40 | 26 | 1880 | 65⅝ | 60⅝ | 60½ | — 5 |
| 29 | 12½ | AztecO 1.32t | 54 | 61 | 22⅛ | 21⅝ | 21⅞ | — ⅞ |

**B**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 35 | 21⅛ | BabckW .80 | 19 | 93 | 33½ | 32⅝ | 32⅝ | — ¼ |
| 10⅝ | 4⅛ | Bache .15e | | 36 | 4⅝ | 4¼ | 4¼ | — ¼ |
| 39 | 16½ | Baker In .16 | 12 | 32 | 16¼ | 13⅞ | 16⅝ | — 2⅞ |
| 43⅞ | 22⅝ | BakerOil .37 | 32 | 39 | 38⅝ | 38⅛ | 38⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 17¼ | 11 | BaldDH .40 | 5 | 11 | 12 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | — ½ |
| 31⅛ | 22 | BelGE 1.96 | 7 | 206 | 22⅝ | 22 | 22⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 67 | 56 | Balt pfB4.50 | | z200 | 57 | 57 | 57 | |
| 26⅝ | 21¼ | BanCal 1.3e | 8 | 6 | 21¼ | 21⅛ | 21¼ | |
| 43 | 23⅛ | Bandag Inc | 28 | 232 | 25 | 22 | 23¼ | — 1⅞ |
| 18⅝ | 4⅛ | Banqr Punt | 2 | 33 | 4⅝ | 4½ | 4½ | — ½ |
| 40 | 29⅝ | Bnk of NY 2 | 6 | 22 | 30 | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 37 | 24⅛ | Bk of Va .88 | 9 | 4 | 24 | 24 | 24 | — ⅛ |
| 68 | 42 | BankTr 3 | 6 | 22 | 43⅝ | 42⅛ | 42⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 43⅝ | 24⅝ | BarbOil .20e | | 23 | 27⅝ | 26½ | 26½ | — 1¼ |
| 39⅛ | 17⅝ | BardC .18a | 22 | 103 | 18⅞ | 18 | 18¼ | — 1 |
| 30⅛ | 19⅛ | BarnM 2.66e | 6 | 28 | 19¾ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 9 | 5⅛ | BasicInc .40 | 4 | 15 | 6¼ | 6 | 6 | — ½ |
| 17⅛ | 9½ | BatesMf .20 | 11 | 36 | 13⅞ | 13¼ | 13¼ | — ½ |
| 22 | 15 | Bate Mf pf 1 | | 4 | 17⅛ | 17 | 17 | — ¾ |
| 36⅛ | 14¼ | Bathind .30 | 4 | 35 | 15⅝ | 14¼ | 14⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 60¼ | 17⅛ | BauschL .42 | 19 | 490 | 33⅞ | 32⅛ | 32¼ | — 1⅛ |
| 61⅝ | 41¼ | BaxtLab .17 | 50 | 295 | 48⅝ | 46¼ | 47 | — 1⅝ |
| 13¼ | 8⅝ | BaykCig .50 | 6 | 2 | 8⅝ | 8¾ | 8¾ | |
| 25⅛ | 22 | Bearing .32 | 12 | 1 | 22¼ | 22¼ | 22¼ | — ⅛ |
| 30¼ | 16½ | BeatFds .65 | 12 | 109 | 19 | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | |
| 47¼ | 21¾ | Beckmn .50 | 18 | 23 | 32½ | 31½ | 31½ | — ½ |
| 44⅛ | 32⅝ | BectDic .35 | 24 | 55 | 36¼ | 35⅝ | 35⅝ | — 1¼ |
| 8⅝ | 6½ | Beech Airc | 5 | 70 | 7⅛ | 7¼ | 7¼ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 15 | Beker .10e | 12 | 20 | 18⅛ | 17½ | 17½ | — ⅝ |
| 17¾ | 9 | BelcoPt .25r | 7 | 19 | 13½ | 12½ | 12½ | — 1¼ |
| 30¼ | 15¾ | Belden 1.20 | 6 | 6 | 16½ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 7¾ | BeldHe .30b | 12 | 7 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9⅝ | + ⅝ |
| 56¼ | 20⅝ | Bell How .84 | 6 | 79 | 21½ | 21 | 21⅛ | — ⅞ |
| 28 | 13⅞ | BemisCo .80 | 5 | 25 | 14½ | 14 | 14⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 51¼ | 22¼ | Bendix 1.69 | 6 | 89 | 26¼ | 25⅝ | 26 | — ⅝ |
| 76¼ | 43 | Bendix pf 3 | | 2 | 44 | 43½ | 43½ | — 1½ |
| 53 | 22 | BenfiCp 1.25 | 5 | 172 | 23⅞ | 22⅝ | 22⅞ | — 1 |
| 233 | 101 | Benef pf5.50 | | 1 | 104 | 104 | 104 | + 1¼ |
| 112½ | 58½ | Benef pf4.30 | | 26 | 58 | 56 | 57½ | — 8 |
| 35½ | 27 | Bnfl Spf 2.50 | | z10 | 28¼ | 28¼ | 28¼ | + ¼ |
| 5⅞ | 2½ | Benguet | 5 | 149 | 2¾ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| | | Benguet fn | | 10 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 22⅝ | 7¼ | Berkey .05e | 5 | 88 | 8⅞ | 8½ | 8½ | — ¾ |
| 35⅝ | 24⅝ | BethStl 1.60 | 6 | 342 | 29⅞ | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | — 1½ |
| 60¼ | 33½ | BigThre .60 | 18 | 77 | 45⅝ | 44⅞ | 45 | — ½ |
| 127 | 96⅝ | BlackD 1.08 | 39 | 267 | 105 | 102 | 103 | — 4⅝ |
| 13 | 4⅞ | BlairJhn .48 | 4 | 25 | 5½ | 5⅜ | 5½ | |
| 21⅝ | 13⅞ | BlissLau 1b | 5 | 4 | 13¼ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | |
| 17 | 5¼ | BlockHR .32 | 8 | 86 | 9⅝ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ½ |
| 38 | 12⅛ | BlueBel .65a | 5 | 101 | 13¾ | 13¼ | 13½ | — ⅞ |
| 9⅝ | 2⅝ | Bobbie Brks | 4 | 19 | 2⅞ | 2¾ | 2¾ | |
| 26⅞ | 13½ | Boeing .40 | 6 | 265 | 13½ | 13⅛ | 13¼ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 8¼ | BoiseCas .25 | 5 | 494 | 13⅝ | 13⅛ | 13¼ | — ¼ |
| 7⅝ | 3⅝ | Bond Ind | | 1 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 29 | 15¼ | BkMnth 1.44 | 6 | 19 | 16 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 32¾ | 19 | Borden 1.20 | 9 | 182 | 21½ | 21⅝ | 21⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 36⅝ | 16⅝ | BrgWar 1.36 | 5 | 200 | 18⅞ | 17½ | 17⅞ | — 1⅛ |
| 6 | 2¼ | Bormans | | 48 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 39⅛ | 25⅝ | BosEd 2.44 | 8 | 75 | 26½ | 25⅝ | 26 | — ⅝ |
| 21 | 10¼ | Bourns Inc | 7 | 21 | 14 | 13 | 13¼ | — 1 |
| 16¼ | 8¼ | Braniff Int | 7 | 221 | 9 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — ½ |
| 63⅝ | 37 | BriggsS 1.60 | 11 | 48 | 43½ | 41⅝ | 42¼ | — 1⅝ |
| 71¾ | 43 | BristMy 1.32 | 14 | 395 | 47⅝ | 44½ | 44½ | — 4 |
| 46⅞ | 33 | BristM pf 2 | | 17 | 34 | 31⅞ | 32⅝ | — 2⅛ |
| 16⅛ | 12½ | BritPet .37e | 9 | 338 | 13⅝ | 13 | 13 | — ⅝ |
| | | BritPt fn.37e | | 10 | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11¾ | |
| 42⅛ | 21¾ | BdwyHal .80 | 12 | 56 | 24½ | 23½ | 24½ | — ¼ |
| 72¼ | 42 | BdwyHl pf 2 | | 9 | 43 | 41¾ | 41¾ | — 1¾ |
| 27⅝ | 9⅛ | BrkwyGl .75 | 4 | 43 | 10 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | |
| 25⅝ | 18¼ | BklyUG 1.72 | 8 | 10 | 18⅞ | 18¾ | 18⅞ | + ¼ |
| 16⅞ | 7 | Brown Co | 3 | 30 | 11 | 10½ | 10⅝ | — ½ |
| 34⅝ | 21¾ | BrnGrp 1.60 | 6 | 13 | 23⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 15 | 7¾ | BwnShrp .20 | 7 | 9 | 8⅝ | 8¼ | 8⅝ | |
| 32 | 10½ | BrwnFer .12 | 13 | 79 | 12½ | 12 | 12 | — ¾ |
| 37⅞ | 11⅞ | Brunswk .24 | 5 | 861 | 13 | 12⅛ | 12⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 31 | 21¾ | BrushW .40 | 7 | 24 | 22⅝ | 22⅛ | 22¼ | |
| 34⅝ | 17¾ | BT Mt 2.72e | 7 | 44 | 19⅞ | 19⅛ | 19⅞ | |
| 54¼ | 43⅝ | BucyEr 1.20 | 21 | 516 | 52⅝ | 50 | 50⅝ | — 2⅝ |
| 16⅝ | 9¾ | BuddCo .80 | 5 | 61 | 10¾ | 10⅛ | 10¼ | — ¼ |
| 67¼ | 63½ | BuddCo pf 5 | | z640 | 65½ | 65½ | 65½ | |
| 7⅝ | 5⅝ | BudCa pf.60 | | 7 | 6⅛ | 5¾ | 5¾ | — ⅝ |
| 10⅛ | 2⅝ | Budget Ind | | 4 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 30¼ | 16⅛ | BuffFor 1.20 | 8 | 4 | 16¼ | 17⅛ | 17⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 64⅝ | 22⅝ | BldInv 3.97e | 7 | 51 | 25 | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 20⅞ | 18⅝ | BulovaW .70 | 5 | 8 | 11 | 10⅝ | 10⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 67¾ | 7 | BunkrRa .40 | 4 | 100 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 15 | 18 | Bunk pf1.20 | | 15 | 15⅛ | 15⅝ | 15⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 68⅝ | 20¼ | Burl Indl.40 | 6 | 114 | 21⅛ | 20⅝ | 21 | — ¼ |
| 49⅝ | 28⅝ | BurNor 1.60 | 92 | 243 | 42⅝ | 40⅞ | 40⅞ | — 1 |
| 8⅛ | 7 | BurNr pf.55 | | 27 | 7⅝ | 7¼ | 7¼ | — ⅛ |

**C**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 39⅝ | 22¾ | CebCF 2.35e | 10 | 26 | 26⅞ | 26⅛ | 26⅛ | + ¼ |
| 40⅝ | 23⅝ | Cabot Cp .92 | 6 | 26 | 28¼ | 27⅞ | 27⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 9⅝ | 8⅝ | Cadence Ind | 3 | 29 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 2⅝ | Caesars Wrl | 3 | 116 | 2⅞ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 7⅛ | 2¾ | Cal Financ | 3 | 57 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 14⅝ | CalPUt 1.32 | 5 | 3 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 93 | 8⅝ | CallahM .34f | 17 | 86 | 10⅝ | 10 | 10 | |

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 32 | 10¼ | CamB 2.53e | 4 | 27 | 10⅞ | 13⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 74⅞ | 35⅞ | CampR .50a | 39 | 68 | 75½ | 70½ | 75⅝ | + 5⅝ |
| 35 | 27¼ | CampS 1.16 | 12 | 30 | 29⅞ | 29⅛ | 29¾ | |
| 36 | 28 | Can Sou R 3 | 6 | 240 | 32 | 32 | 32 | |
| 19⅝ | 15⅛ | CdnPac .77e | 10 | 94 | 16¼ | 15¾ | 15¾ | — ⅞ |
| | | CdnP fn.77e | | 11 | 14⅞ | 14 | 14⅝ | |
| 42⅛ | 30½ | CapCit Com | 18 | 83 | 34 | 32¼ | 32¼ | — ⅛ |
| 32¾ | 23⅝ | CapHold .26 | 19 | 23 | 28⅞ | 28 | 28⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 27⅛ | 17 | CapMt 2.57e | 6 | 48 | 17¼ | 17½ | 17⅞ | — ¼ |
| 73¼ | 37¼ | Carbrn 1.60 | 7 | 58 | 39⅝ | 38⅞ | 38⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 6⅝ | 3⅝ | Carling OKe | 32 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 25 | 12⅞ | Carliswe .68 | 5 | 16 | 14⅞ | 14 | 14⅞ | + ⅝ |
| 82 | 61 | CaroC&Oh 5 | | 2400 | 61 | 61 | 61 | — ⅝ |
| 14⅝ | 6¼ | CaroFrg .40 | 5 | 20 | 6¼ | 6⅛ | 6¼ | |
| 30⅝ | 19 | CaroPw 1.60 | 7 | 369 | 20⅝ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 32⅛ | 20 | CarTec 1.30 | 7 | 37 | 26⅛ | 26 | 26⅛ | — ¼ |
| 30¼ | 13⅛ | CarrCp .52 | 8 | 899 | 14⅞ | 13¼ | 13⅝ | — 1 |
| 18⅝ | 7⅝ | CarGn 1.30e | | 5 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | + ⅝ |
| 27⅝ | 7¼ | CartWa .40a | 12 | 99 | 7⅝ | 7 | 7⅛ | |
| 13 | 9½ | CascNGs .92 | 6 | 14 | 10 | 9¾ | 9⅞ | |
| 18¼ | 12⅝ | CastleC 6.0b | 7 | 51 | 14½ | 13⅞ | 14 | — 1 |
| 77⅛ | 53⅝ | CaterTr 1.60 | 14 | 277 | 63⅝ | 62 | 62⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 6⅝ | 2 | Cavngh Cm | 2 | 78 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | — ⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 1⅝ | CCI Corp | | 77 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 15 | 7 | CCI Cp pf | | 5 | 6¼ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 26⅛ | 11 | Ceco Cp 1 | 4 | 69 | 11¼ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | + ¼ |
| 42⅝ | 25 | Celanese 2 | 5 | 83 | 28 | 27 | 27 | — 1 |
| 58⅞ | 50½ | Celn pfA4.50 | | 4 | 51⅝ | 50⅝ | 51⅝ | + ¼ |
| 23⅝ | 9⅝ | Cencolnc .20 | 7 | 114 | 10 | 10 | 10⅛ | — ⅞ |
| 28⅝ | 10 | Centex .20e | 17 | 99 | 10⅝ | 13 | 13 | — 1 |
| 24⅝ | 20⅛ | CenHud 1.72 | 6 | 21 | 20⅞ | 20½ | 20⅞ | + ¼ |
| 25⅛ | 16⅝ | CenIllLt 1.60 | 8 | 6 | 19⅛ | 19 | 19⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 65½ | 56 | CnILt pf4.50 | | z460 | 57½ | 57½ | 57½ | |
| 19⅛ | 10⅛ | CenIIPS 1.20 | 9 | 61 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14 | — ¼ |
| 25 | 14½ | CenLaE 1.16 | 9 | 43 | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | |
| 18⅞ | 15 | CeMPw 1.34 | 8 | 4 | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | |
| 23¾ | 13 | CenSoW 1.08 | 8 | 266 | 14⅝ | 14¼ | 14⅛ | — ¼ |
| 43⅝ | 24⅛ | Cn Soya 1.20 | 10 | 52 | 35 | 33¼ | 33⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 25 | 18⅝ | CenTU 1.04a | 10 | 108 | 20⅞ | 20¼ | 20¼ | — 1⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 12⅝ | CerroCp 1 | 3 | 108 | 14½ | 14 | 14 | — ⅜ |
| 22⅝ | 12⅛ | Cert-teed .60 | 6 | 35 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14 | — ⅝ |
| 43⅛ | 25 | Crt-ted pf.90 | | 18 | 27⅝ | 27⅛ | 27⅞ | — 1⅝ |
| 34⅝ | 10⅝ | Cessna .80 | 3 | 145 | 10⅞ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | |
| 2⅝ | 7⅛ | Chadbrn Inc | | 11 | 15-16 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 23 | 14⅝ | Chmplnt .92 | 5 | z155 | 15 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 24 | 16 | Chml pf1.20 | | x101 | 17⅝ | 16⅛ | 17 | — 1½ |
| 20¼ | 16⅛ | ChamSp .52 | 13 | 749 | 17 | 16 | 16¼ | — ⅞ |
| 30 | 13⅝ | CharirCo .40 | 5 | 52 | 16¼ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 35⅝ | 25 | Charlr NY 2 | 7 | 61 | 26⅛ | 26 | 26⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 42 | 8¼ | ChaseFd .72 | | 39 | 8⅞ | 8¼ | 8¼ | — ⅛ |
| 60¼ | 41⅞ | ChasManh 2 | 10 | 95 | 54 | 53⅝ | 53⅝ | — ¼ |
| 70 | 40½ | ChasT 4.66e | 8 | 38 | 42 | 41 | 41⅝ | — 1 |
| 23 | 15 | Checkr .28e | 8 | 1 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 5 | Chelsea .30 | 3 | 63 | 5⅛ | 4⅞ | 5⅛ | |
| 22 | 13½ | Chemetrn 1 | 5 | 53 | 14⅞ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — 1 |
| 54½ | 39 | ChmNY 2.88 | 8 | 87 | 39⅝ | 39¼ | 39 | — 1¼ |
| 42¼ | 29⅝ | ChesVa 1.60 | 7 | 15 | 31½ | 30½ | 30½ | — 1½ |
| 92 | 64½ | Chsbgh 1.32 | 26 | 119 | 64⅞ | 63½ | 63⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 55⅛ | 40 | Chessie 3160 | 7 | 905 | 53¼ | 52⅞ | 53⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 13⅝ | 9¼ | ChEasIll .26 | 7 | 2 | 11½ | 11½ | 11½ | — ⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 5½ | ChiMilw Cp | 3 | 68 | 7⅛ | 7½ | 7½ | — ⅛ |
| 18 | 11⅝ | Chi Milw pf | | 4 | 13 | 12¼ | 12¼ | — ½ |
| 46⅝ | 25⅞ | ChiPneuT 2 | 8 | 14 | 26⅝ | 26¼ | 26¼ | — ½ |
| 13¼ | 10¾ | ChRl ct UP | | 1 | 11½ | 11½ | 11½ | — ⅜ |
| 26½ | 10½ | ChRl ct NW | | 1 | 11½ | 11½ | 11½ | — ⅛ |
| 7 | 4 | CnkFull .22e | 7 | 15 | 4¼ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 2 | Chris Craft | 8 | 57 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — ¼ |
| 15 | 8 | ChCft pf1.40 | | 2 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| 20⅞ | 9¼ | Chromal .70 | 4 | 56 | 10⅛ | 9¼ | 10 | — ⅝ |
| 44½ | 14¼ | Chrysir 1.40 | 3 | 1075 | 16½ | 15⅝ | 15¼ | — 1¼ |
| 18⅛ | 3½ | Chrysler wt | | 104 | 4⅞ | 4⅝ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 25 | 10½ | Cl Mtg 2e | 5 | 153 | 11¼ | 10½ | 10½ | — ½ |
| 8⅝ | 8¼ | C Rlt 1.30e | | 67 | 8¾ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 22⅞ | 18⅛ | CinBell 1.45 | 8 | 21 | 18⅞ | 18½ | 18⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 25½ | 18⅝ | CinnGE 1.6 | 8 | 490 | 20½ | 19⅝ | 20½ | + ½ |
| 109 | 101½ | CinG pf9.30 | | z30 | 102½ | 102½ | 102½ | + 1⅞ |
| 44¼ | 22⅝ | CinMila 1.40 | 11 | 11 | 26⅝ | 26⅛ | 26⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 49¼ | 35 | CIT Fin 2.20 | 9 | 64 | 38⅛ | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 55⅞ | 41⅝ | CitiesSv 2.20 | 10 | 269 | 50 | 49½ | 49½ | — 1⅝ |
| 39⅝ | 26½ | CitzSo 3.03e | 9 | 34 | 29⅞ | 29 | 29¼ | + ⅛ |
| 76 | 10 | CityInvst .60 | 3 | 139 | 9⅞ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 4⅝ | 1¼ | City Inv wt | | 104 | 1½ | 1¼ | 1¼ | — ⅛ |
| 30½ | 20 | CityIn pf Bc | | 76 | 21⅝ | 21 | 21 | — ½ |
| 33½ | 21½ | CityIn pf1.31 | | 2 | 22 | 22 | 22 | — 2 |
| 7⅝ | 3⅛ | City Strs | 8 | 7 | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | |
| 57 | 29⅝ | ClarkE 1.52 | 11 | 108 | 45⅛ | 44½ | 44½ | — 1 |
| 28⅝ | 10⅞ | ClarkO .40a | 4 | 41 | 15¼ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 11 | 3⅞ | CLC Am | 3 | 58 | 4⅝ | 4⅛ | 4½ | — ⅛ |
| 83⅝ | 56½ | ClvClif 2.10a | 11 | 37 | 75 | 73 | 75 | + 3¼ |
| 37⅛ | 28⅛ | ClvElIl 2.32 | 9 | 151 | 28⅝ | 28½ | 28½ | — ⅝ |
| 15⅛ | 8¼ | viClev Pitt | | z50 | 9⅝ | 9¼ | 9⅝ | |
| 63 | 11⅞ | CloroxCo .52 | 11 | 182 | 13¼ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 13⅝ | 6⅞ | CluetPea .50 | 6 | 75 | 6¼ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ¼ |
| 15⅝ | 10⅛ | CluettP pf 1 | | 29 | 10¼ | 10 | 10 | — ⅛ |
| 91⅞ | 11⅞ | CMIInv Cp | 5 | 52 | 13⅛ | 12⅞ | 13¼ | — ¼ |
| 20⅝ | 9¼ | CNA Fin .58 | 5 | 530 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 26¼ | 13⅝ | CNA pfA1.10 | | 162 | 13¼ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 103⅝ | 11⅛ | CNA In .45es | | 39 | 11⅝ | 11½ | 11¾ | + ¼ |
| 7¼ | 7⅛ | CNA L 1.19e | | 16 | 7¼ | 7⅛ | 7½ | + ⅛ |
| 18 | 17⅝ | CNAL pf2.10 | | 8 | 17⅝ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | |
| 35½ | 7 | CoastSt Gas | 4 | 501 | 9 | 8½ | 8¼ | — ⅝ |
| 42 | 28 | CstSG pf1.83 | | 16 | 20⅝ | 20½ | 20½ | |
| 40¾ | 14½ | CstSG pf1.19 | | 20 | 16⅝ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 150 | 123½ | CocaCol 1.90 | 34 | 863 | 123⅞ | 120⅝ | 123 | — 5⅝ |
| 27 | 17 | CocaBtlg .28 | 20 | 161 | 18 | 17⅞ | 17⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 26⅛ | 12 | ColdwBk .26 | 6 | 31 | 12⅝ | 12 | 12⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 5¼ | Colecoln .06 | 8 | 32 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ¼ |
| 65⅛ | 23⅝ | Colg Pal .54 | 20 | 915 | 27½ | 25⅞ | 26 | — 2⅞ |
| 16⅞ | 6⅛ | CollinAik .56 | 4 | 114 | 6⅝ | 6⅛ | 6½ | — ⅛ |
| 20⅞ | 7½ | Collins Fd | 7 | 15 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 70 | 39¼ | ColPenn .20 | 32 | 136 | 55 | 54 | 54 | — 1 |
| 22¼ | 14¼ | ColonSt 1.04 | 8 | 8 | 17¾ | 17¼ | 17¼ | |
| 22½ | 13 | Cblt Ind 1 | 4 | 86 | 15¼ | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | — 1⅝ |
| 54½ | 44½ | Cblt I pf4.25 | | 2 | 45 | 45 | 45 | — ½ |
| 22¼ | 17½ | Colt I pf1.60 | | 1 | 18 | 18 | 18 | |
| 52 | 25 | CBS 1.46 | 7 | 461 | 25⅝ | 24⅞ | 24⅞ | — ¾ |
| 35½ | 18⅞ | CBS pf 1 | | 16 | 20 | 19½ | 19½ | + ¼ |
| 33⅝ | 25⅛ | ColGas 1.90 | 8 | 108 | 26⅝ | 26⅝ | 26⅝ | + ¼ |
| 9⅞ | 2⅝ | Colum Pict | | 168 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 29 | 22⅝ | ColSOh 19.6 | 8 | 28 | 24⅝ | 24¼ | 24⅝ | |
| 33⅝ | 20⅝ | ColwM 3.07e | 6 | 24 | 24 | 23⅛ | 23¼ | — ⅝ |
| 100⅝ | 49⅝ | CombE 1.51 | 24 | 128 | 99⅝ | 97½ | 97½ | — 1⅝ |
| 22⅝ | 10⅛ | ComISol .40 | 19 | 40 | 13⅝ | 13⅛ | 13½ | |
| 17 | 11⅞ | ComSo pf.90 | | 2 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 36⅛ | 27⅝ | ComwE 2.30 | 8 | 215 | 28 | 27⅛ | 27¾ | |
| 12⅝ | 9 | ComE A wt | | 11 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | |
| 12⅝ | 9 | ComEdB wt | | 11 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | |
| 27⅝ | 24⅝ | ComwE pf 2 | | 2 | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | + ¼ |
| 26⅝ | 23¼ | ComE pf1.90 | | 63 | 23⅝ | 23⅝ | 23⅝ | |
| 24⅝ | 18 | ComE pf1.42 | | 70 | 18¼ | 18 | 18¼ | |
| 19⅛ | 6½ | ComwO .18t | 8 | 109 | 10 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 27 | 18⅝ | ComO pf1.72 | | 15 | 21⅝ | 21 | 21 | — ⅝ |

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5⅛ | 2¼ | Comput Sci | | 89 | 2⅝ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 64⅛ | 38½ | Comsat .68 | 12 | 62 | 40⅛ | 39 | 39⅞ | — 1⅛ |
| 17⅞ | 7½ | ConAgr .50r | 6 | 17 | 9¼ | 8⅝ | 9⅛ | + ⅝ |
| 24⅝ | 15 | CneMill 1.20 | 5 | 9 | 16⅛ | 15 | 15 | — ⅝ |
| 28⅝ | 17 | ConnG 1.86e | 11 | 52 | 20 | 19⅝ | 19½ | — ⅝ |
| 31⅞ | 13¼ | Conrac .60 | 6 | 23 | 14⅝ | 13¼ | 13⅞ | — 1⅝ |
| 26 | 18½ | ConEd 1.80 | 8 | 306 | 19⅛ | 19 | 19 | — ½ |
| 84⅝ | 67 | ConEd pf 6 | | 12 | 67⅛ | 67 | 67½ | + ½ |
| 68 | 55½ | ConEd pf 5 | | 4 | 57 | 56¼ | 56⅛ | — ¼ |
| 46⅞ | 20 | ConFds 1.25 | 7 | 287 | 21½ | 20½ | 20½ | — 1 |
| 114⅝ | 66 | Con F pf4.50 | | 9 | 67 | 64 | 64 | — 4 |
| 23⅝ | 10½ | ConFrgt .56 | 25 | 81 | 13 | 12¼ | 12⅝ | — ⅞ |
| 32 | 21½ | ConNGs 20.3 | 7 | 77 | 23⅝ | 22⅝ | 23⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 30⅝ | 21⅝ | ConsuPow 2 | 8 | 79 | 22⅞ | 22½ | 22½ | — ½ |
| 102½ | 96 | CnPw pf7.76 | | z10 | 97 | 97 | 97 | — 1½ |
| 102 | 89 | CnPw pf7.45 | | 1 | 90 | 90 | 90 | + 1 |
| 65¼ | 54½ | CnPw pf4.50 | | z20 | 56 | 56 | 56 | |
| 17⅝ | 5⅝ | Cont Air Lin | 40 | 220 | 6⅛ | 5¾ | 6 | — ⅛ |
| 30⅞ | 20 | Cnt Can 1.60 | 6 | 162 | 20⅝ | 20 | 20 | — ½ |
| 10⅞ | 4½ | ConCop .10e | 4 | 60 | 8½ | 7⅛ | 7⅝ | — ⅞ |
| 43⅝ | 34⅝ | Cont Cp 24.0 | 7 | 145 | 39¼ | 38⅛ | 38⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 49½ | 37⅝ | Ct C pfA2.50 | | 15 | 43¼ | 42 | 42 | |
| 49¼ | 37⅝ | Ct C pfB2.50 | | 2 | 41½ | 41½ | 41½ | — ½ |
| 61⅝ | 52⅝ | ContlCp 1.96 | 10 | 27 | 53 | 52⅝ | 52⅝ | — ¼ |
| 18⅝ | 12 | ContlIP 1.41e | 10 | 139 | 13½ | 13 | 13⅛ | |
| 26⅛ | 12⅝ | ContlR 1.77e | 7 | 47 | 14⅝ | 13¾ | 13⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 2⅝ | Cont Invst | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| 14 | 7 | CnMtg 1.09e | 7 | 231 | 8⅛ | 7⅝ | 8⅛ | |
| 53 | 26⅝ | ContOil 16.0 | 22 | 437 | 49⅝ | 47⅝ | 49⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 71⅞ | 37½ | ContOil pf 2 | | 1 | 68½ | 68½ | 68½ | — 2½ |
| 25⅞ | 17⅛ | ContTel .92 | 10 | 162 | 19¼ | 18⅝ | 18⅞ | — ⅜ |
| 42 | 30⅝ | Control Dat | 8 | 389 | 33⅝ | 32⅝ | 32⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 32 | 22⅝ | Conwood 2 | 7 | 2 | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | |
| 14⅝ | 5⅛ | CookUnit .52 | 3 | 62 | 5½ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 46⅝ | 28⅝ | Coopind 1.04 | 11 | 87 | 38⅛ | 38⅛ | 38⅛ | + ½ |
| 31⅝ | 5 | Cooper Lab | 9 | 45 | 5⅝ | 5⅜ | 5⅛ | — ½ |
| 20⅝ | 8⅝ | CoopT 1.08e | 4 | 14 | 8⅞ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 12⅝ | CopT pf1.25 | | 2 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 25⅝ | 8⅝ | Copeland .48 | 7 | 36 | 12⅛ | 11½ | 11⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 34⅝ | 18⅝ | Copp Rnge | 9 | 75 | 20¼ | 19½ | 19⅝ | — 1 |
| 30⅛ | 18⅝ | CopwCp 1.60 | 4 | 98 | 20½ | 20 | 20 | — 1⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 3½ | Cordura Cp | 4 | 187 | 3¼ | 3 | 3 | — ¼ |
| 123⅛ | 79⅝ | CorngG 1.12 | 21 | 120 | 83 | 80½ | 82¼ | — 2⅝ |
| 30⅞ | 19⅝ | Cousin 2.40e | 9 | 26 | 23 | 22⅝ | 23 | + ⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 4⅝ | Cowles Com | 11 | 166 | 5½ | 5¼ | 5¼ | — ¼ |
| 40¼ | 13⅝ | CoxBdct .35 | 8 | 26 | 16¼ | 15½ | 15½ | — 1⅛ |
| 34 | 25½ | CPC Int 1.77 | 8 | 150 | 27⅝ | 26¼ | 26¼ | — 1½ |
| 22½ | 14⅝ | CraneCo 1a | 4 | 54 | 16⅝ | 16 | 16⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 6⅝ | CreditF .42 | 7 | 19 | 7 | 6⅝ | 7 | — 1 |
| 32⅛ | 22 | CrockN 1.66 | 6 | 79 | 22 | 21 | 21 | — 1 |
| 19⅝ | 8¼ | CrompK .80 | 6 | 26 | 9 | 8½ | 8½ | — ¼ |
| 28⅝ | 16½ | CrouH:n .60 | 10 | 12 | 17 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 19¼ | Crown Cork | 13 | 266 | 24¼ | 23 | 23 | — ⅝ |
| 43⅝ | 23⅝ | CrwZell 1.60 | 8 | 369 | 35 | 34 | 34⅝ | — ⅞ |
| 71⅞ | 63⅞ | CrnZ pf4.20 | | z170 | 63⅞ | 63⅞ | 63⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 11 | CTS Cp .40 | 4 | 36 | 11⅞ | 11⅛ | 11⅜ | — ⅞ |
| 37⅛ | 10 | Culligan .36 | 10 | 38 | 12 | 11⅞ | | |
| 59⅝ | 29¼ | CumEn .88a | 10 | 46 | 33¼ | 33 | 33¼ | |
| 10⅛ | 3⅞ | CunnDrg .20 | 4 | 14 | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ | |
| 14⅝ | 11¾ | Currinc .63e | | 12 | 12⅛ | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | — 1 |
| 35⅝ | 12 | CurtissWrt | 14 | 142 | 13¼ | 13 | 13 | — ⅝ |
| 44 | 20 | CurtissWr A | | 1 | 21 | 21 | 21 | — ½ |
| 50⅛ | 24 | CutlerH 1.40 | 6 | 27 | 27¼ | 26 | 26 | — 2 |
| 29½ | 14¼ | CyclopsCp 1 | 3 | 28 | 16⅝ | 16⅛ | 16½ | — ⅝ |
| 43⅝ | 27½ | Cyprs 1.12a | 1 | 44 | 37⅝ | 37¼ | 37¼ | — ⅝ |

**D**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 62⅝ | 26½ | Damon Co | 25 | 137 | 35⅞ | 34⅛ | 35⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 12⅛ | 7⅝ | DanRiv .60 | 5 | 19 | 8 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — ¼ |
| 41⅞ | 18⅛ | Dana 1.36b | 4 | 73 | 21 | 20¼ | 20½ | — ⅛ |
| 50⅝ | 14¼ | Dartind .4Cb | 6 | 105 | 16½ | 15½ | 16⅛ | |
| 50⅞ | 22 | Dartind pt 7 | | 28 | 25½ | 25 | 25⅛ | |
| 19⅞ | 12 | Dayco 1.14 | 4 | 47 | 12⅝ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 72 | 50 | Dayc pf4.25 | | z150 | 51½ | 51⅛ | 51⅛ | + 1⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 4 | Daylin .24 | 3 | 708 | 4⅝ | 3⅞ | 4 | — ⅛ |
| 27 | 8½ | DaytHud .54 | 4 | 158 | 9½ | 8½ | 8½ | — ⅜ |
| 25 | 17¾ | DaytPL 1.66 | 9 | 185 | 18½ | 18 | 18 | — ½ |
| 18⅝ | 6½ | DeanWit .40 | 9 | 17 | 7⅝ | 7¼ | 7⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 65½ | 35⅝ | Deere 1.40a | 9 | 385 | 49⅝ | 49 | 49⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 17⅝ | 13 | DimarP 1.16 | 6 | 65 | 14⅛ | 13⅝ | 13⅞ | — ¼ |
| 27⅛ | 15¼ | Del Mnt 1.20 | 8 | 42 | 19½ | 19 | 19¼ | |
| 68⅝ | 35¼ | DeltaAir .60 | 10 | 878 | 38½ | 36⅛ | 37¼ | — 1⅝ |
| 10⅛ | 6¼ | Deltec .10e | 4 | 4 | 6⅞ | 6¼ | 6⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 24¼ | 6½ | Deltona Crp | 3 | 95 | 7⅝ | 7⅛ | 7⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 38⅝ | 18 | DennMfg .90 | 5 | 51 | 19⅞ | 16⅝ | 18⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 20⅝ | 7⅝ | Dennys .06 | 9 | 29 | 8⅝ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 67¼ | 16½ | Dentsply .76 | 14 | 46 | 22⅝ | 21⅝ | 21⅞ | — 1 |
| 16¼ | 6⅞ | DeSotoIn .60 | 5 | 33 | 9¼ | 9 | 9 | — ⅛ |
| 27¼ | 16⅝ | DetEdis 1.45 | 9 | 100 | 17½ | 16⅞ | 17⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 104 | 93 | Det E pf7.68 | | z20 | 93 | 93 | 93 | |
| 83 | 66¼ | Det E pf5.50 | | 2 | 67 | 66½ | 66½ | + ¼ |
| 22⅝ | 12 | Dexter .28 | 10 | 27 | 12⅝ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | — ½ |
| 24⅞ | 15⅝ | Dial Finl .54 | 13 | 33 | 23 | 22⅛ | 22⅝ | + ⅞ |
| 36½ | 23⅝ | DiamInt 2 | 7 | 92 | 25⅝ | 25 | 25 | — ¼ |
| 28⅞ | 16⅞ | DiamSh 1.50 | 9 | 128 | 24 | 23½ | 23⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 37¼ | 25½ | Dia Sh pfC 2 | | 9 | 31¼ | 30½ | 30½ | — 1 |
| 18⅛ | 15 | Dia pf D1.20 | | 18 | 15½ | 15 | 15¼ | |
| 24⅛ | 12½ | DickAB .44 | 7 | 14 | 13⅛ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 14⅝ | 7⅝ | Dictaph .48a | 7 | 42 | 9¼ | 8¼ | 8⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 87⅛ | 41⅝ | Diebold .40b | 17 | 2 | 41 | 41 | 41 | — ⅝ |
| 13⅝ | 7 | DiGiorg .66 | 4 | 57 | 7½ | 7 | 7¼ | + ⅛ |
| 119⅝ | 73½ | Digital Eqpt | 35 | 220 | 89⅛ | 86⅝ | 86⅝ | — 3⅝ |
| 30⅛ | 6⅛ | Dillingm .40 | 8 | 71 | 6⅛ | 6 | 6 | — ½ |
| 28⅝ | 21 | Dilingm pf 2 | | 1 | 22½ | 22½ | 22½ | + ½ |
| 39⅝ | 25¼ | DillonCo 1b | 10 | 7 | 30¼ | 29½ | 29⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 123⅞ | 40½ | Disney .12b | 26 | 400 | 43½ | 42¼ | 42⅞ | — 1⅝ |
| 32⅝ | 10½ | Disston .12 | 7 | 28 | 12⅛ | 10 | 10 | — 1 |
| 49¼ | 37½ | DistSeag .80 | 20 | 1 | 42¼ | 42⅛ | 42¼ | — ¼ |
| 3⅝ | 1½ | Diversfd In | 12 | 48 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 27⅝ | 14½ | DivMt 2.86e | 6 | 125 | 16⅛ | 16 | 16⅛ | — ½ |
| 80 | 20¼ | DrPepper .24 | 42 | 360 | 20⅝ | 20½ | 20⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 132½ | 88 | DomeM 1a | 26 | 57 | 109 | 102 | 103¼ | + 5⅝ |
| 9⅝ | 7 | DomF 1.01e | | 19 | 8 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 5⅛ | DonLufJ .12 | 9 | 13 | 5⅝ | 5¼ | 5⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 27⅝ | 10⅝ | Donnley .48 | 14 | 172 | 22⅝ | 22 | 22 | — ⅝ |
| 26⅛ | 10 | Doric Cp .32 | 5 | 13 | 10⅞ | 10½ | 10⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 16⅛ | 5⅝ | Dorr Oliver | 6 | 12 | 6¼ | 6⅛ | 6¼ | — ⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 3⅝ | Dorsey .10 | 4 | 18 | 4 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 56 | 39½ | Dover 1.04 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 31½ | 31⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 68 | 46⅛ | DowChem 1 | 19 | 785 | 53⅞ | 52½ | 52⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 8⅝ | 2½ | DPF Inc | | 23 | 2¾ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 36⅛ | 22 | Dravo 1.50 | 10 | 22 | 35⅛ | 34⅝ | 34⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 62⅛ | 53⅝ | Dresser 1.40 | 17 | 355 | 60⅝ | 59⅛ | 60⅝ | — 2 |
| 43 | 37 | Dres pf 2.20 | | 58 | 60⅛ | 60⅛ | 60⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 86⅝ | 52⅛ | Dresr pfB 2 | | 8 | 54⅝ | 54 | 54 | — 1⅝ |
| 24 | 16 | DrexB 1.92e | | 26 | 17⅛ | 17 | 17 | — ⅜ |
| 16⅝ | 6⅞ | DreyfusCp 1 | 6 | 50 | 7¼ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | — ¼ |
| 23⅝ | 16 | Duk Pw 1.40 | 8 | 203 | 16⅝ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 109 | 95 | Duke pf8.20 | | z550 | 99 | 97⅝ | 97½ | — ⅝ |
| 105⅝ | 96 | Duke pf7.80 | | z110 | 96⅝ | 94 | 94 | — 8 |
| 99⅝ | 82⅝ | Duke pf6.75 | | 7 | 82 | 80 | 80 | — 2⅝ |
| 42 | 32⅝ | DunBrad .84 | 24 | 93 | 36⅝ | 35⅝ | 35⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 24⅛ | 8 | Duplan Cp | 5 | 44 | 3⅝ | 3⅛ | 3¼ | — ⅛ |
| 203½ | 147 | duPont 5.75e | 13 | 804 | 155⅛ | 150 | 150 | — 6⅝ |
| 70¼ | 64 | duPnt pf4.50 | | 9 | 65⅛ | 65⅛ | 65⅛ | — 1 |
| 24⅛ | 19 | DuqLt 1.80 | 8 | 125 | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | 19 | — ⅛ |
| 30½ | 25⅝ | Dq 4.0pf2.10 | | z100 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | |
| 29 | 25 | DuqLt apf 2 | | z150 | 25½ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 27 | 12⅝ | Dymoln .28 | 7 | 9 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14 | — ⅛ |

**E**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 29 | 20 | EaglePic .97 | 6 | 6 | 20 | 20 | 20 | |
| 12⅝ | 8¼ | Easco .02r | 6 | 40 | 10 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 32⅛ | 5⅝ | East Air Ln | | 154 | 6⅝ | 5⅞ | 6 | — ⅛ |
| 90 | 84⅝ | EastGs .621 | 15 | 43 | 22½ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 22⅝ | 14⅝ | EastUtl 1.60 | 12 | 20 | 15 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — ½ |
| 150⅝ | 103½ | EasKo 1.28a | 36 | 1243 | 107⅝ | 106⅛ | 107⅝ | — 2 |
| 41⅝ | 20⅝ | Eaton 1.80 | 5 | 67 | 26 | 25⅛ | 25⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 40⅝ | 20⅝ | Eaton pf1.19 | | 1 | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | + 2 |
| 40⅞ | 21 | Echlin .84 | 19 | 44 | 26 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 42⅛ | 22⅝ | EckrdJk .20 | 23 | 219 | 29 | 28 | 28 | — 3¼ |
| 40⅝ | 11⅝ | EckdNC .20 | 12 | 17 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 47 | 31 | EdisBro 1.20 | 6 | 22 | 31⅝ | 30¼ | 31 | — 1 |
| 24⅛ | 9⅛ | EG&G .10 | 21 | 228 | 17 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 2⅝ | Elect Assoc | 95 | 45 | 3 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 56⅛ | 23 | EDS .25e | 18 | 220 | 25⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 6⅛ | 2⅝ | El Mem Mg | 5 | 68 | 3⅝ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 7 | EMM pfIk | | 14 | 7⅝ | 7⅛ | 7⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 6⅝ | Elgin Natl | 10 | 6 | 7⅝ | 7 | 7 | |
| 27⅛ | 2 | Eljkir Ind | 4 | 338 | 2⅝ | 2⅛ | 2⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 31 | 18 | ElPasoNG 1 | 6 | 198 | 19½ | 18⅝ | 19⅛ | — ¼ |
| 35⅝ | 33¼ | EltraCp 1.60 | 6 | 70 | 28⅝ | 28 | 28 | — ⅝ |
| 53⅛ | 48⅝ | EmerEl .65 | 30 | 162 | 45⅞ | 44⅝ | 44⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 74 | 64 | EmE pfB.90 | | 3 | 62⅝ | 62⅝ | 62⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 75 | 48⅝ | Emery A .74 | 36 | 40 | 51⅝ | 48⅝ | 49⅛ | — 1⅝ |
| 10⅞ | 6⅝ | Emeryln .31 | 7 | 14 | 7 | 6⅞ | 7 | |
| 30 | 15⅝ | Emhrt 1.80a | 5 | 20 | 18⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 6 | 2⅝ | EMI Lt .28e | 7 | 5 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — ⅛ |
| | | EMI fn.28e | | 19 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 14 | 6⅝ | EmpFin .60t | 8 | 88 | 6⅝ | 6 | 6 | — ⅛ |
| 18 | 8⅝ | Empire Gas | 3 | 9 | 10⅝ | 10¼ | 10⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 27⅝ | 15 | EnglhdM .40 | 8 | 82 | 15⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 8⅝ | 4⅝ | EnnisB .06e | 5 | 27 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 53 | 20⅝ | Envirotech | 17 | 32 | 20⅞ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | — 2⅝ |
| 21 | 14 | Equimrk .80 | 6 | 17 | 15⅝ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | |
| 38⅝ | 28⅝ | EqutGs 2.40 | 6 | 12 | 28⅝ | 28⅛ | 28⅛ | — ½ |
| 37⅛ | 20⅝ | EqutLf 2.3Pe | 10 | 33 | 22⅝ | 20⅞ | 20⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 33⅛ | 22⅝ | ESBInc 1.40 | 6 | 46 | 20⅝ | 20⅛ | 20½ | — 1⅛ |
| 39⅞ | 20½ | Esmark 1 | 5 | 906 | 23½ | 22 | 22 | — 1⅝ |
| 10⅝ | 5⅝ | Esquire .82 | 4 | 1 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | |
| 24⅝ | 12⅝ | EssexInt .72 | 6 | 407 | 14⅝ | 13⅝ | 14 | — ¼ |
| 8⅝ | 3¼ | Esterline .00 | 9 | 7 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 | |
| 38⅝ | 20⅝ | EthylCp .1e | 4 | 88 | 21⅝ | 21 | 21⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 50⅝ | 31 | Ethyl pf2.40 | | 39 | 33 | 31⅞ | 31⅞ | — 1⅝ |
| 24⅝ | 10⅝ | EvansP .40b | 5 | 455 | 10½ | 10¼ | 10½ | — ½ |
| 222 | 94⅝ | ExCellO .80 | 7 | 48 | 15⅛ | 14⅞ | 15 | |
| 25⅝ | 20⅝ | Excelsr .88e | | 6 | 22⅝ | 20½ | 22⅝ | — ¼ |
| 17 | 6⅝ | Exlndcare | 6 | 23 | 7⅛ | 6¾ | 7⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 103⅛ | 87⅛ | Exxon 4.05e | 9 | 643 | 90½ | 88⅝ | 89⅝ | — 2⅝ |

**F**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 18⅛ | 6⅝ | Fabrge .40 | 5 | 82 | 8 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 40⅝ | 32 | FalCam .30e | 10 | 379 | 46¼ | 40½ | 43⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 13⅝ | 4⅝ | Fairind .60e | 40 | 57 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 7⅝ | Fairmt .60a | 12 | 153 | 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 2⅝ | Falstaf Brw | | 23 | 2½ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 8⅝ | Fanstel .30a | 5 | 8 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9½ | — ⅛ |
| 15 | 5⅝ | FarWtF .44t | 8 | 15 | 5⅝ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 12⅝ | 4⅝ | Farah Mfg | | 71 | 4⅝ | 4 | 4 | — ⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 9½ | Fedders .50 | 18 | 991 | 10⅝ | 10¼ | 10½ | — ½ |
| 16 | 10 | Federal .80 | 3 | 20 | 10½ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ¼ |
| 30⅞ | 18⅞ | FedMog 1.80 | 7 | 29 | 18⅛ | 18 | 18 | — ¼ |
| 23⅛ | 10⅛ | FedNMt .50 | 5 | 1061 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — ½ |
| 25⅝ | 15 | FedPapBd 1 | 5 | 8 | 18⅝ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 14⅛ | FPap pf1.20 | | 1 | 14½ | 14½ | 14⅝ | — ¼ |
| 11⅛ | 5⅛ | FdSign S .30 | 4 | 16 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5½ | — ⅛ |
| 57 | 29⅞ | FedDSt 7.08 | 17 | 202 | 30⅝ | 29⅝ | 30⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 11 | 5⅝ | Federat Dv | 10 | 10 | 5½ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ¼ |
| 47⅝ | 22 | FerroCp .90 | 6 | 3 | 23½ | 23⅛ | 23⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 22⅛ | 10⅛ | Fibrebrd .80 | 4 | 46 | 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 6⅛ | 4⅛ | Fidelity Fin | 4 | 1 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 38 | 8⅝ | FidMt 0.02p | 8 | 84 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 47⅛ | 33⅝ | FidUB 2.20b | 7 | 4 | 33⅞ | 33⅛ | 33⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 30⅛ | 14 | FieldM 1.40 | 6 | 6 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 9⅝ | FiltrolCp .60 | 6 | 12 | 10⅝ | 10 | 10⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 27⅝ | 8⅝ | FinlFed .73t | 3 | 30 | 10 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ½ |
| 27⅝ | 13 | Firestone 1 | 4 | 209 | 14¼ | 13⅝ | 14 | + ⅛ |
| 31⅝ | 11⅝ | FstChar .60t | 5 | 143 | 11⅝ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 78⅛ | 48⅛ | FstChIC 1.02 | 16 | 206 | 71 | 69½ | 70⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 60⅛ | 40⅛ | FstntBk .80 | 22 | 141 | 57⅝ | 55⅞ | 55⅞ | — 1⅛ |
| 27⅞ | 8⅝ | Fst Mt 2.04e | 5 | 102 | 10⅝ | 9⅝ | 10 | |
| 48⅛ | 32⅛ | FstNBo 1.62 | 10 | 40 | 41⅛ | 41⅛ | 41⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 51⅛ | 34⅝ | FstNCity .72 | 29 | 787 | 44⅝ | 42 | 42⅝ | — 2⅝ |
| 38 | 24⅝ | FstNStBn 2 | 6 | 6 | 25¼ | 25 | 25 | — ¼ |
| 22⅛ | 15 | FstNatStr | | 2 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | |
| 52⅛ | 34 | Fst Pa 1.32 | 12 | 148 | 41⅛ | 40 | 40 | — 1 |
| 20⅛ | 10 | FPaMt 3.06e | 7 | 31 | 15⅛ | 14⅝ | 15 | — ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 8⅝ | FstU RE .96 | 12 | 87 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 9⅝ | FstVaB .40e | 9 | 5 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 40⅛ | 30⅝ | FstWBk 1.82 | 7 | 4 | 33⅛ | 32⅛ | 32⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 44⅛ | 28⅝ | FsWM 4.40a | 7 | 19 | 30⅝ | 29⅝ | 30⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 68⅝ | 39⅝ | FischbM .96 | 14 | 85 | 47 | 46 | 46 | — 1⅝ |
| 13⅛ | 8⅝ | FishFds .00 | 7 | 41 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 5⅝ | Fishr Scl .05 | 8 | 16 | 6⅝ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 4 | FleetEnt .32 | 6 | 95 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ¼ |

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 13⅛ | 9¼ | Fleming .60 | 7 | 16 | 9⅞ | 9¾ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 32⅛ | 9¼ | Flexvan .74t | 5 | 161 | 10½ | 9⅞ | 9¾ | — 1 |
| 25¾ | 15⅛ | Flintkle 1.08 | 5 | 26 | 15¼ | 15 | 15 | — ½ |
| 75⅛ | 53⅛ | FntpfA 4.50 | | z230 | 52½ | 51½ | 52⅝ | — 1¼ |
| 37⅞ | 23⅝ | Fnt pfB 2.25 | | 2 | 26¾ | 26 | 26⅝ | — ¼ |
| 30⅝ | 18½ | FlaE Coast | 5 | 1 | 19⅝ | 19¼ | 19¼ | |
| 22¼ | 11⅝ | FlaGas .65 | 4 | 40 | 12⅝ | 12 | 12 | — ⅝ |
| 51⅝ | 22 | FlaPow 1.60 | 7 | 233 | 27¼ | 26⅝ | 26⅝ | — ⅞ |
| 40⅝ | 24 | FlaPwL 1.22 | 8 | 192 | 27 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 29¾ | 18 | FlaStl 1.30 | 5 | 211 | 21¾ | 20⅝ | 20¾ | |
| 57⅝ | 27⅛ | Fluor 1.64t | 50 | 211 | 52⅝ | 50⅝ | 52 | — 2¼ |
| 41⅝ | 14 | FlyTigr .20r | 6 | 533 | 16¼ | 15½ | 16 | — 1 |
| 24⅝ | 14⅝ | FMC .92 | 7 | 278 | 17¼ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 39½ | 30½ | FMC pf2.25 | | 6 | 30½ | 30 | 30⅝ | — ½ |
| 9⅞ | 6½ | FdFair .20b | 7 | 300 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 13⅝ | 8½ | FooteCB .80 | 7 | 9 | 9½ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ½ |
| 9⅞ | 4½ | Foote Min | | 2 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 24¼ | 11½ | Foot pf1.65e | | 2 | 19¼ | 19¼ | 19¼ | + ¼ |
| 82¾ | 38⅝ | FordM 3.20a | 3 | 705 | 42⅛ | 40¼ | 40⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 20⅝ | 10¼ | ForMcK .88 | 5 | 63 | 11⅞ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 35⅛ | 21⅝ | FMK pf1.80 | | 6 | 22 | 21¾ | 21¾ | + ⅝ |
| 18¼ | 15 | FtDea 1.23e | | 8 | 16 | 15⅝ | 16 | + ¼ |
| 31⅝ | 17⅝ | FtHowd .35a | 16 | 23 | 18 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 54¼ | 21 | FostWhl .90 | 18 | 66 | 52 | 51 | 51⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 47¾ | 22⅝ | Foxboro .60 | 23 | 64 | 40⅞ | 39¼ | 40⅝ | — 1¼ |
| 23⅝ | 9⅝ | FrnkinM .30 | 12 | 148 | 13⅝ | 12⅝ | 13⅝ | — 1 |
| 34 | 20¼ | FreeptM .80 | 15 | 88 | 25⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 34⅝ | 20¼ | Fruehf 1.80 | 5 | 160 | 20⅝ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 20⅝ | 6¼ | Fuqua Ind | 3 | 94 | 7⅝ | 7 | 7⅛ | |

**G**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 25 | 7⅝ | Gableind .11 | 3 | 28 | 8 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 2 | GAC Corp | | 187 | 2¼ | 2 | 2⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 22¼ | 8½ | GAF Cp .44 | 4 | 215 | 9 | 8½ | 8⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 29 | 14⅝ | GAF pf 1.20 | | 24 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 36⅝ | 22⅝ | GamSk 1.40 | 4 | 295 | 23⅝ | 22 | 22⅛ | — 1⅝ |
| 45 | 29 | Gannett .36 | 25 | 146 | 35⅛ | 33⅝ | 33⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 32⅝ | 16¼ | GardDen .20 | 16 | 228 | 30¼ | 28⅝ | 29⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 19⅝ | 13⅝ | Garlock .84 | 6 | 13 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14 | — ⅝ |
| 17⅝ | 11½ | GasSvc 1.12 | 7 | 17 | 12⅝ | 12 | 12 | — ½ |
| 9⅝ | 3⅝ | Gateway In | 8 | 37 | 3⅝ | 3 | 3 | — ⅝ |
| 13½ | 6 | GCA Corp | 7 | 53 | 6½ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ¼ |
| 17 | 8½ | Gemini Cap | | 13 | 8½ | 8½ | 8½ | — ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 11⅝ | Gen Am. Inv | | 53 | 12¼ | 12 | 12¼ | — ½ |
| 51½ | 27½ | GnAOil .60b | 25 | 16 | 42 | 41⅝ | 41½ | + ⅛ |
| 60⅝ | 38⅝ | GATran 1.80 | 13 | 21 | 55 | 54⅝ | 54⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 75⅛ | 51½ | GATn pf2.50 | | 1 | 68⅛ | 68⅛ | 68⅛ | + 1⅝ |
| 15⅝ | 12⅝ | GnBncs .75e | 6 | 1 | 13 | 13 | 13 | |
| 16¼ | 7¼ | GnCable .50 | 6 | 102 | 7⅝ | 7¼ | 7⅝ | — ¼ |
| 20⅞ | 11⅝ | GenCig 1.20 | 6 | 21 | 12½ | 12 | 12⅛ | |
| 14⅛ | 4½ | Gen Develpt | 4 | 100 | 5½ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | — ½ |
| 28⅝ | 15⅝ | Gen Dynam | 6 | 358 | 21⅝ | 19 | 20½ | — 1½ |
| 75⅝ | 55 | GenEl 1.60 | 18 | 603 | 60⅝ | 59 | 59 | — 2⅝ |
| 30⅞ | 21⅛ | GnFood 1.40 | 10 | 159 | 24⅛ | 23½ | 23⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 20⅝ | 11⅝ | GnGrth .91e | 18 | 36 | 14⅛ | 13⅝ | 14 | + ⅛ |
| 18½ | 6⅝ | Gen Host | 3 | 19 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 29½ | 12⅝ | GenInst .38t | 8 | 215 | 12⅝ | 12¼ | 12¼ | — ⅝ |
| 42⅝ | 30⅝ | GnInstr pf 3 | | 2 | 32 | 31⅝ | 32 | |
| 46 | 12 | GnMedic .12 | 11 | 15 | 15 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 67⅝ | 46½ | GenMill 1.08 | 19 | 123 | 59 | 57⅝ | 57⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 84⅝ | 44⅝ | GnMot 5.25e | 5 | 1433 | 49⅞ | 48⅝ | 48⅞ | — 1¼ |
| 78½ | 70 | GnMot Spf 5 | | 6 | 70⅝ | 70⅛ | 70⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 58½ | 52 | GMt pf 3.75 | | 1 | 52¼ | 52¼ | 52¼ | + ⅛ |
| 21½ | 9⅝ | GenPort .80 | 6 | 111 | 11⅛ | 10⅝ | 10¼ | — ⅝ |
| 22¼ | 17 | GPubUt 1.60 | 7 | 186 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 7⅝ | 3⅝ | Gen Refract | 5 | 15 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 | — ⅛ |
| 57⅛ | 36½ | GnSignal .79 | 15 | 61 | 43⅝ | 41½ | 41⅝ | — 2½ |
| 4⅝ | 2⅝ | Gen Steel | | 22 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 31⅝ | 22½ | G TelEl 1.72 | 8 | 333 | 24½ | 24 | 24⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 42⅛ | 34½ | GTlEl pf2.50 | | 4 | 36½ | 36½ | 36½ | — ½ |
| 18⅛ | 15⅝ | GTFl pf1.25 | | z330 | 15¼ | 15 | 15 | — ¼ |
| 19⅝ | 15⅝ | GTFl pf1.30 | | z30 | 16 | 16 | 16 | — ¼ |
| 23⅝ | 12 | GenTire 1.10 | 3 | 159 | 13⅛ | 13 | 13¼ | — ⅛ |
| 15½ | 5 | Genesc .34p | | 98 | 5½ | 5 | 5 | — ⅛ |
| 48½ | 31 | GenuPts .48 | 28 | 38 | 35⅝ | 35 | 35 | — ¾ |
| 45⅝ | 30 | GaPac .80b | 12 | 401 | 38½ | 35¾ | 37⅝ | |
| 27⅝ | 13 | Gerber 1.35 | 9 | 44 | 15 | 13⅝ | 14⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 168½ | 92½ | GettyO 1.21e | 24 | 107 | 142¼ | 138¾ | 139 | — 4 |
| 21 | 18⅝ | GettO pf1.20 | | 11 | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | |
| 8⅝ | 4¼ | GF Bus .32 | 9 | 6 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5 | |
| 17⅝ | 11⅛ | GianPC .80 | 8 | 9 | 12½ | 12⅛ | 12½ | |
| 34½ | 10½ | GibFinl .79t | 3 | 63 | 11⅝ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — ¾ |
| 12¼ | 4⅝ | Gidd Lewis | 62 | 27 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6¼ | — ¼ |
| 26½ | 11½ | GiffdHill .48e | 6 | 18 | 14¼ | 14 | 14 | |
| 66¼ | 33 | Gillette 1.50 | 11 | 642 | 33 | 31¾ | 32¼ | — ⅞ |
| 30¼ | 11¾ | Ginos Inc | 8 | 112 | 13 | 12 | 12⅝ | |
| 33½ | 14¼ | GleasnW .44 | 14 | 12 | 16⅞ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 23⅝ | 10⅝ | Global Mar. | 11 | 185 | 15⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — 1 |
| 32¼ | 14 | GlobeU .80a | 5 | 7 | 16 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 25¼ | 9⅝ | GoldWt Fin | 5 | 14 | 10⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 30⅛ | 13½ | Goodrh 1.12 | 3 | 157 | 14⅝ | 14¼ | 14½ | + ⅝ |
| 31⅞ | 12⅝ | GoodyrTR 1 | 5 | 1108 | 13⅝ | 12⅝ | 13 | — ⅝ |
| 25⅛ | 7⅝ | GorJwlA .24 | 4 | 50 | 8⅝ | 7⅝ | 8 | — ⅝ |
| 34½ | 18⅝ | Goulbinc 1 | 6 | 50 | 20 | 19⅛ | 19⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 30⅝ | 19⅝ | Grace 1.50 | 8 | 160 | 24¼ | 23½ | 24 | — ⅛ |
| 16⅞ | 9½ | GrandUn .80 | 9 | 242 | 13 | 12¼ | 12⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 15⅝ | 14¼ | Granit n1.20 | 4 | 20 | 14¾ | 14½ | 14½ | — ¼ |
| 46⅝ | 11⅝ | GrantW 1.50 | 5 | 220 | 11¾ | 11 | 11⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 28⅛ | 6½ | GrayDrg 1e | 8 | 15 | 7¼ | 6⅝ | 6⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 40⅞ | 26⅝ | GtAMI 3.39e | 9 | 40 | 30⅝ | 30¼ | 30½ | — ⅛ |
| 19 | 8⅝ | Grt AtlPac | | 321 | 8½ | 8 | 8 | — ⅛ |
| 31¾ | 14¼ | GtLkDr 1.20 | | 6 | 14½ | 14¼ | 14¼ | — ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 9⅝ | GtNoIr 1.10e | 11 | 11 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 50½ | 40 | GtNNek 1.60 | 10 | 23 | 45⅝ | 44¾ | 44⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 34⅝ | 14⅝ | GtWnFin .40 | 5 | 127 | 16⅝ | 16 | 16⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 8¼ | 1½ | Gz Wn Unit | | 28 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | — ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 8½ | GtWnUnt pf | | 23 | 10⅝ | 10¼ | 10⅝ | + ⅝ |
| 4⅞ | 2⅛ | GrtWsh Inv | | 16 | 2½ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 26⅝ | 17⅝ | GrenGiant 1 | 7 | 9 | 18⅝ | 18½ | 18½ | — ⅝ |
| 16⅝ | 10¼ | Greyhd 1.04 | 9 | 225 | 15¼ | 14⅝ | 15 | — ⅛ |
| 5 | 2⅝ | Greyhnd wt | | 64 | 3 | 2⅞ | 3 | + ⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 5⅛ | Grolier .50 | 3 | 137 | 5⅝ | 5 | 5½ | + ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 8 | Grumm .15e | | 39 | 9¼ | 8⅝ | 9 | — ⅛ |
| 35⅝ | 12⅝ | Guardian 1n | 10 | 26 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15½ | — ⅝ |
| 46⅝ | 22 | GuarM 4.09e | 6 | 69 | 28⅝ | 28⅛ | 28⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 57⅛ | 25⅛ | GlfLfH .10h | 5 | 84 | 28⅝ | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 20 | GulfOil 1.50 | 6 | 773 | 20⅝ | 20⅛ | 20⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 6⅛ | Gulf Resrce | 8 | | | | | |
| 11¼ | 6½ | Gulf Resrce | 8 | 55 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 17 | 13⅝ | GfR pfB.65k | | 5 | 15⅝ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | + ⅝ |
| 22⅝ | 13⅝ | GlfStUt 1.12 | 7 | 210 | 14⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 73 | 65⅝ | GlfSU pf5.08 | | z90 | 68 | 68 | 68 | + 1½ |
| 35⅝ | 21⅝ | GulfWn .72 | 4 | 231 | 23⅝ | 22⅝ | 23⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 3⅝ | GlfWind wt | | 46 | 5⅝ | 5¼ | 5¼ | — ⅛ |
| 67⅝ | 48⅝ | GlfW pf 3.87 | | 2 | 49 | 49 | 49 | — ⅝ |
| 77½ | 69½ | GwfW pf5.75 | | 2 | 69⅝ | 69⅝ | 69⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 9 | 3⅝ | Gulton Ind | 7 | 58 | 4⅛ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | — ⅛ |

**H**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 38½ | 32½ | HckWat 2.36 | 7 | 4 | 34½ | 34 | 34 | — ⅝ |
| | | HallFB .26 | 13 | 76 | 13⅝ | 12¼ | 13⅛ | |
| 189 | 125⅝ | Halburt 1.12 | 37 | 400 | 176⅝ | 174⅝ | 175⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 22 | 11¼ | HamPap .70 | 9 | 22 | 16⅛ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 15⅛ | 5⅝ | Hamond .40 | 5 | 40 | 6⅝ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 6⅝ | Handlmn .68 | 5 | 41 | 7⅛ | 6⅝ | 6⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 14¼ | HandyH .72 | 7 | 7 | 16 | 16 | 16 | |
| 18⅝ | 8⅛ | HanesCp .68 | 4 | 19 | 9⅝ | 8⅝ | 9⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 60⅝ | 39⅝ | Hanna 1.35 | 19 | 49 | 51 | 50 | 50½ | — ½ |
| 35⅝ | 16 | Harcourt 1 | 6 | 44 | 17 | 16¼ | 16¼ | — 1¼ |
| 22 | 5⅝ | Hardees .16 | 7 | 61 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6½ | |
| 34¼ | 19½ | Harnisf 1.48 | 5 | 2529 | 27 | | 27 | — 1⅝ |
| 26⅝ | 8⅝ | Harrahs .22 | 8 | 16 | 10¼ | 10 | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 49⅝ | 24½ | Harrint 1.32 | 10 | 25 | 28⅝ | 28⅝ | 28⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 21¼ | 13 | Harsco 1b | 5 | 28 | 13⅝ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 29⅝ | 10⅝ | HrtSMrx .88 | 5 | 37 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 29⅝ | 7 | HartHk .20e | 5 | 31 | 7½ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 34 | 19 | HawilEl 1.56 | 7 | 22 | 20¼ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 19⅛ | 9⅝ | Hayes Alb 1 | 5 | 8 | 11¼ | 11 | 11 | — ½ |
| 8⅝ | 4⅛ | Hazeltine | 5 | 10 | 4⅝ | 4¼ | 4⅝ | |
| 30 | 16 | HCA Martin | 11 | 3 | 18½ | 18¼ | 18¼ | — ¼ |
| 33⅝ | 9⅛ | Hecks .12 | 6 | 76 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9½ | — ¼ |
| 22 | 13⅝ | HeclaM .33t | 30 | 58 | 16⅝ | 16 | 16 | — ¼ |
| 12⅛ | 9 | Heilem .44a | 5 | 23 | 9½ | 9 | 9⅛ | — ½ |
| 52¼ | 37¼ | HeinzH 1.08 | 13 | 39 | 47 | 46⅝ | 46¾ | |
| 6 | 2½ | Helene Curt | | 16 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2½ | — ⅛ |
| 45 | 29¼ | HellerInt .84 | 17 | 230 | 37¾ | 36⅝ | 36⅝ | — 1½ |
| 18 | 12¼ | HelmeP .60 | 13 | 25 | 15⅝ | 15½ | 15½ | — ⅛ |
| 45½ | 18⅝ | HelmrhP .24 | 19 | 65 | 42¼ | 40⅝ | 40⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 3⅝ | 1⅝ | Hemisph Cp | | 4 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 40¼ | 28½ | Hercules .80 | 15 | 268 | 32¼ | 31¾ | 32 | — ¼ |
| 24⅝ | 12⅝ | HershF 1.10 | 10 | 34 | 13⅝ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 46⅝ | 26¼ | Hesston .32 | 8 | 40 | 29⅝ | 28½ | 28½ | — 1½ |
| 62 | 35⅝ | Heublein 1 | 29 | 782 | 48⅝ | 48 | 48 | — 1 |
| 100⅝ | 71 | Hew Pck .20 | 48 | 116 | 78⅛ | 76⅝ | 76⅝ | — 2⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 4⅝ | High Voltg | 15 | 26 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 30⅝ | 18⅝ | Hillenbd .48 | 18 | 156 | 19⅝ | 19 | 19 | — ⅝ |
| 43⅝ | 11½ | Hilton HH 1 | 5 | 18 | 15 | 14½ | 14⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 6⅝ | 3⅛ | HMW Ind | 9 | 8 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | — ⅛ |
| 28 | 24½ | HobartM .72 | 11 | 42 | 24⅝ | 24 | 24 | — ½ |
| 43⅝ | 24⅝ | HoernW 1.12 | 9 | 44 | 32⅛ | 31⅝ | 32 | + ⅝ |
| 21 | 5 | Hoff Elctrn | 6s | 29 | 6 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 42⅝ | 12⅝ | HoldyInn .38 | 7 | 600 | 12¼ | 11¾ | 11⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 15¼ | 11 | HollySug 1e | 6 | 9 | 11⅛ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 58⅝ | 23 | Homestk 1a | 18 | 208 | 58⅝ | 56⅝ | 58⅝ | + 2⅝ |
| 140⅝ | 73⅝ | Honywll 1.40 | 14 | 186 | 73¼ | 71⅝ | 72⅛ | — 1⅝ |
| 41 | 17⅝ | HoovBll 1.28 | 5 | 3 | 20 | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 15⅝ | 5⅛ | Horizon Cp | 4 | 281 | 6 | 5½ | 5⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 27⅞ | 8⅛ | HospAff .57t | 7 | 43 | 10 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 37 | 10⅝ | HosplsA .16 | 16 | 97 | 14⅛ | 13¼ | 13⅞ | — ⅝ |
| 26⅝ | 7⅝ | Host Intl .36 | 6 | 38 | 8½ | 8 | 8 | — ½ |
| 16⅝ | 9¼ | Houdail .80a | 4 | 27 | 9⅝ | 9¼ | 9¼ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 10 | HougMif .48 | 6 | 47 | 10¾ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 13⅝ | 5 | House Fbric | 10 | 206 | 7⅛ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — ½ |
| 35⅝ | 16½ | HousFin .90 | 7 | 105 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 58⅝ | 33 | HouF pf2.50 | | 11 | 34¼ | 34¼ | 34¼ | — ½ |
| 79½ | 41⅝ | HouF pf2.37 | | 10 | 41⅝ | 39¾ | 40 | — 2 |
| 51¾ | 25⅝ | HousLP 1.40 | 18 | 92 | 28¼ | 27⅝ | 28 | — ⅝ |
| 34 | 20¼ | HouNGs .50 | 15 | x82 | 26½ | 25⅝ | 26¼ | — ⅝ |
| 68¼ | 43½ | HouG pf2.50 | | x6 | 53 | 52½ | 52½ | + ⅛ |
| 34⅝ | 10½ | HowJohn .20 | 11 | 115 | 11¾ | 11 | 11⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 21¼ | 10¼ | Howmet .70 | 10 | 9 | 15 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 17 | Hubbd 1.55e | 11 | 24 | 17½ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 32⅞ | 20⅝ | HudBay 1.60 | 8 | 11 | 27¼ | 27 | 27 | + ⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 3⅝ | HughHat .40 | 3 | 149 | 4 | 3¾ | 4 | — ⅝ |
| 89½ | 41½ | HughTl .20e | 32 | 301 | 84⅝ | 81½ | 83⅝ | — 2 |
| 25½ | 7⅝ | HuntCh .78 | 26 | 13 | 20 | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 6⅝ | HutinEF .40 | 14 | 48 | 8 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 37 | 23⅝ | Huyck .28a | 27 | 90 | 27½ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | — 2⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 6⅛ | Hydrom .16 | 4 | 56 | 6⅞ | 6¼ | 6¼ | — ⅛ |

**I**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 22⅝ | 6¼ | ICN Pharm | 13 | 95 | 7⅝ | 7¼ | 7⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 36 | 25⅝ | Idaho P 1.86 | 9 | 109 | 27⅞ | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 12⅝ | IdealBas .80 | 9 | 86 | 18 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — ½ |
| 90 | 68½ | Ideal pf 4.75 | | 1 | 79⅝ | 79⅝ | 79⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 11⅛ | 3½ | IdeaToy .15t | 6 | 29 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 31⅝ | 22⅝ | IDS Rl 2.53e | 10 | 19 | 26 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 29 | 16¼ | IllCent 1.30 | 5 | 115 | 18⅝ | 17⅝ | 18 | — ⅝ |
| 127 | 80 | IllCent pfA6 | | 8 | 81⅝ | 80⅝ | 81½ | — ¼ |
| 55½ | 38 | IllCen pf3.50 | | 12 | 39⅝ | 39⅝ | 39⅝ | |
| 34⅝ | 23 | IllPowr 2.20 | 9 | 76 | 24⅝ | 23⅝ | 24 | — ⅝ |
| 56⅝ | 51⅝ | IlPow pf4.12 | | z10 | 52 | 52 | 52 | — 1 |
| 36 | 22½ | IllTool .36a | 16 | 8 | 24¼ | 24¼ | 24¼ | — ¼ |
| 19 | 7⅝ | ImpCpAm | | 103 | 8 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 49⅝ | 30⅝ | INACp 2.10a | 7 | 144 | 33⅝ | 33⅛ | 33⅝ | — ¼ |
| 24⅛ | 16¼ | INA In 1.18e | | 45 | 18¼ | 18 | 18¼ | |
| 10⅝ | 5⅝ | Income Cap | | 12 | 6 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 15¼ | IndianHd 1 | 5 | 23 | 18¼ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 28⅝ | 20¼ | IndiGas 1.92 | 6 | 12 | 21⅛ | 21 | 21⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 29½ | 21 | IndplPL 1.82 | 7 | 26 | 23¼ | 22½ | 23 | + ½ |
| 44⅝ | 24½ | IndiNat 1.20 | 7 | 45 | 24⅝ | 24 | 24 | — ½ |
| 20⅝ | 7⅛ | Inexco Oil | 24 | 69 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 93⅝ | 51 | IngerR 2.16 | 18 | 492 | 90⅝ | 88⅝ | 88⅝ | — 4⅝ |
| 56½ | 36 | IngR pf2.35 | | 13 | 54⅛ | 53½ | 53½ | — 2⅝ |
| 50⅝ | 35⅝ | InlCon 1.68a | 8 | 6 | 38⅛ | 38 | 38 | — 1 |
| 34⅝ | 25⅝ | InlandStl 2a | 6 | 55 | 26⅝ | 26⅛ | 26⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 5⅝ | Inmont .30 | 4 | 60 | 6 | 5½ | 5½ | — ⅝ |
| 15 | 7⅝ | Insulco .70 | 6 | 44 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |
| 20¼ | 14⅝ | Insc pfA1.25 | | 16 | 15⅝ | 15½ | 15⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 52½ | 34⅝ | InspirCop 2 | 8 | 25 | 40 | 39⅝ | 40 | — 1 |
| 19⅞ | 8½ | Insilw 1.45e | 5 | 11 | 9⅛ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — ½ |
| 72 | 7⅝ | Integon .28 | 8 | 19 | 9⅝ | 8½ | 8⅝ | + ⅛ |

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 54 | 22⅝ | Interco 1.36 | 6 | 17 | 26½ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | — 1 |
| 29 | 19½ | Interlk 1.80a | 5 | 26 | 20⅞ | 20½ | 20½ | + ⅛ |
| 340 | 245 | IBM 4.48 | 25 | 545 | 253 | 249 | 250⅝ | — |
| 100⅝ | 67⅝ | IntFlaF .44r | 47 | 211 | 78 | 69 | 69 | — |
| 39 | 22½ | IntHar 1.50a | 6 | 192 | 25½ | 24⅝ | 25⅛ | — |
| 4⅞ | 9-16 | Int Indust | | 164 | 15-16 | ⅝ | ⅝ | — |
| 14⅝ | 1½ | IntindA pf | | 63 | 1½ | 1¼ | 1¼ | — |
| 40¼ | 20¼ | IntMiner .52 | 15 | 208 | 36⅝ | 35¼ | 35¼ | — |
| 14 | 8½ | Int Mng | 14 | 140 | 13⅝ | 12⅝ | 13¼ | + |
| 34⅝ | 20⅝ | IntMNif 1.25 | 6 | 215 | 20⅝ | 20¼ | 20¼ | — |
| 37⅞ | 27 | InNick 1.20a | 12 | 194 | 32¼ | 30⅝ | 30½ | — |
| 57 | 33 | IntPap 1.50a | 14 | 536 | 48⅝ | 47 | 47½ | — |
| 12⅛ | 4½ | IntRect .10e | 8 | 44 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6⅛ | — |
| 60⅝ | 25⅞ | Int T&T 1.40 | 6 | 590 | 26⅛ | 25⅝ | 25⅛ | — |
| 109 | 50½ | IntTT pfH4 | | 9 | 51¼ | 51 | 51 | — |
| 103 | 51 | ITT pf14.50 | | 73 | 53½ | 53 | 53 | — |
| 101½ | 47½ | IntTT pfJ4 | | 17 | 48¾ | 47½ | 47½ | — |
| 100 | 46 | IntTT pfK4 | | 47 | 48½ | 47¼ | 47¼ | — |
| 74 | 31½ | ITT pfN2.25 | | 102 | 32 | 31 | 31⅛ | — |
| 98¼ | 56 | IntTT pfO5 | | 9 | 56½ | 56 | 56 | — |
| 20⅝ | 12½ | Intrpce 1.10 | 5 | 16 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14⅛ | — |
| 72 | 55 | Intrpce pf 5 | | 7 | 56 | 56 | 56 | |
| 25⅝ | 9⅝ | IntrpbGp .80 | 3 | 88 | 10½ | 9¾ | 9⅞ | — |
| 14 | 4⅝ | Intrst Brds | | 35 | 5¼ | 5 | 5⅝ | + |
| 19⅝ | 14¼ | IntrsPw 1.36 | 9 | 20 | 15⅝ | 15 | 15⅝ | — |
| 14⅝ | ⅜ | Interst Strs | | 347 | 11-16 | ½ | 11-16 | + |
| 11⅝ | 3⅝ | IntrsUn .12a | 3 | 7 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 | |
| 35⅝ | 16⅝ | Iowa Beef | 6 | 41 | 18⅞ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | — |
| 18⅝ | 14⅝ | Iowa El 1.30 | 6 | 58 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | |
| 20⅝ | 15¼ | IowaIlG 1.44 | 6 | 73 | 16 | 15½ | 15⅝ | — |
| 24⅝ | 19⅝ | IowaPL 1.74 | 6 | 40 | 21 | 20 | 20⅛ | — |
| 21⅝ | 16½ | IwaPSv 1.48 | 9 | 24 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16¼ | |
| 8⅝ | 3⅝ | IpcoHsp .15t | 9 | 27 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | — |
| 37⅝ | 15¼ | ITE Imp .60 | 6 | 77 | 15⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — |
| 53⅝ | 12 | Itek Corp | 7 | 1384 | 14¼ | 13⅛ | 13⅝ | + |
| 28⅝ | 17 | IU Int .75 | 7 | 470 | 17⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — |
| 70⅝ | 42 | IU Int A | | 16 | 42½ | 41¾ | 41⅝ | — |
| 45⅝ | 27½ | IU Int pf1.25 | | 1 | 27 | 27 | 27 | — |

**J-K**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 26 | 8½ | JamesF .52 | 8 | 7 | 9⅝ | 9 | 9⅛ | |
| 23⅝ | 11½ | Jantzen .60b | 5 | 10 | 12½ | 12 | 12 | — |
| 16⅝ | 7⅝ | Japan 1.74e | | 44 | 8⅝ | 8 | 8 | — |
| 40⅝ | 27 | JeffPilot .32 | 15 | 42 | 35⅝ | 34⅝ | 34⅝ | — |
| 105 | 53 | JerCe pf8.12 | | z60 | 93 | 92 | 92 | — |
| 103 | 90 | JerCe pf7.88 | | z40 | 93 | 93 | 93 | — |
| 55⅝ | 27½ | Jewel C 1.66 | 8 | 46 | 31⅝ | 30⅝ | 31 | — |
| 31⅝ | 7⅝ | Jewelcor | 8 | 88 | 11⅝ | 10 | 10½ | — |
| 33 | 13⅝ | JimWalt .60 | 4 | 142 | 16 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — |
| 38⅛ | 18⅝ | JimW pf1.60 | | 93 | 21⅝ | 20¼ | 20⅛ | — |
| 21⅝ | 17⅝ | JHanS 1.15e | | 34 | 18⅝ | 18 | 18⅛ | — |
| 27⅝ | 21⅝ | JHanI 1.95e | | 8 | 23⅝ | 23 | 23 | |
| 33 | 15⅝ | JhnMan 1.20 | 6 | 139 | 16⅝ | 16 | 16 | — |
| 132¼ | 108 | JohnJhn .50 | 45 | 189 | 114⅝ | 113¼ | 113¼ | — |
| 37⅝ | 15 | Johns Sv .80 | 6 | 19 | 15 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — |
| 64⅝ | 33 | Jhn Svc pf 2 | | 1 | 32⅝ | 32⅝ | 32⅝ | — |
| 61⅝ | 14⅝ | JonLog .80 | 3 | 27 | 15 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — |
| 22⅝ | 16⅝ | JonLau 1.60 | 5 | 31 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | — |
| 30 | 21½ | Jorgen 1.30b | 4 | 13 | 22⅝ | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | — |
| 31⅝ | 12½ | Jostens .80 | 5 | 26 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | — |
| 52½ | 24¼ | JoyMfg 1.40 | 21 | 321 | 48⅝ | 47⅝ | 47⅝ | — |
| 28⅝ | 13 | KaiAlm .30 | 12 | 164 | 19⅝ | 19 | 19⅝ | — |
| 66 | 53 | Kai Sfpf4.75 | | 1 | 53⅝ | 53⅝ | 53⅝ | — |
| 12⅝ | 6½ | KaisCem .50 | 5 | 14 | 8⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — |
| 36½ | 28⅝ | KiCm pf2.50 | | 2 | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | 29½ | + |
| 16⅝ | 13½ | KiCm pf1.37 | | 9 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14⅝ | + |
| 20⅝ | 10⅝ | KaneMill .70 | 3 | 39 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — |
| 32⅞ | 24 | KCtyPL 2.20 | 8 | 75 | 24⅝ | 24 | 24 | |
| 65½ | 58½ | KCPL pf4.50 | | z20 | 58 | 55 | 55 | — |
| 42 | 16⅝ | KCSou 1.50r | 6 | 54 | 18 | 16⅝ | 18 | + |
| 23⅝ | 17¼ | KanGEl 1.56 | 7 | 82 | 18 | 17⅝ | 17½ | — |
| 18⅝ | 14⅝ | KanNeb 1.32 | 8 | 4 | 16 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — |
| 30 | 18⅝ | KanPLt 1.48 | 7 | 39 | 19⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | — |
| 8⅝ | 4⅝ | Katy Ind | 6 | 46 | 6⅝ | 6 | 6 | — |
| 26⅝ | 16⅝ | Kty pfB 1.46 | | 18 | 18⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — |
| 45⅝ | 10 | KaufBrd .36 | 7 | 357 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | — |
| 39 | 17⅝ | Kauf pf1.50 | | 1 | 20⅝ | 17⅝ | 7⅝ | + |
| ½ | 7⅝ | KawclBrl .0 | | 21 | 21 | 01⅝ | 10⅝ | — |
| 33⅝ | 15⅝ | Keebler .70 | 17 | 4 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — |
| 9⅝ | 2 | KeeneCp .10 | 3 | 98 | 3⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — |
| 39⅝ | 6⅝ | Keller .45 | 3 | 281 | 7⅝ | 7 | 7 | — |
| 17⅝ | 13 | Kellogg .54 | 37 | 140 | 16⅝ | 14⅝ | 15⅝ | + |
| 17⅝ | 12⅝ | Kelwood .80 | 5 | 5 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — |
| 36⅝ | 21⅝ | Kemmt 1.20 | 6 | 41 | 32⅝ | 30⅝ | 30⅝ | — |
| 40 | 23 | Kennecott 2 | 8 | 561 | 37⅝ | 36⅝ | 37 | — |
| 26⅝ | 19⅝ | KyUtil 1.74 | 6 | 193 | 20⅝ | 19⅝ | 20 | — |
| 95⅝ | 57⅝ | KernMG .40 | 36 | 250 | 87½ | 83⅝ | 85⅝ | — |
| 20⅝ | 10⅝ | KeysCon .60 | 4 | 33 | 13⅝ | 10⅝ | 13⅝ | — |
| 29⅝ | 14⅝ | Kidde .60 | 4 | 80 | 16⅝ | 15 | 15⅝ | — |
| 54⅝ | 45⅝ | Kidde pfB 4 | | 1 | 45⅝ | 45⅝ | 45⅝ | — |
| 50⅝ | 31⅝ | KimbCl 1.44 | 10 | 223 | 33⅝ | 32⅝ | 33⅝ | — |
| 13⅝ | 5¼ | KingDSt .30 | 5 | 26 | 6⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | — |
| 40⅝ | 17½ | KirschCo .76 | 5 | 36 | 13⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | — |
| 42 | 21 | KLM Airlin | | 2 | 23⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | — |
| 57⅝ | 25 | KnightN .32 | 11 | 42 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | — |
| 27⅝ | 12 | Koehrng .20 | 4 | 22 | 15⅝ | 14⅝ | 15 | — |
| 44⅝ | 31 | Kopprs 1.80 | 7 | 48 | 37⅝ | 36⅝ | 36⅝ | — |
| 50⅝ | 37⅝ | Kraftco 1.77 | 10 | 93 | 39⅝ | 38⅝ | 38⅝ | + |
| 51⅝ | 28⅝ | Kresge .20 | 25 | 609 | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | + |
| 27⅝ | 11⅝ | Kroehlr .80a | 5 | 4 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | + |
| 24⅝ | 15 | Kroger 1.30 | 9 | 33 | 18 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — |
| 18 | 8⅝ | Kysor .40a | 4 | 14 | 9⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — |

**L**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 22½ | 17½ | LacGas 1.56 | 7 | 8 | 18⅝ | 18 | 18 | — |
| 16⅝ | 10⅝ | Lams Sess 1 | 5 | 71 | 11⅝ | 11 | 11 | — |
| 33 | 11½ | LaneBry .72 | 4 | 10 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | — |
| 32⅝ | 13⅝ | Larwn 2.70e | 8 | 40 | 16⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — |
| 9⅝ | 4½ | Latrobe Stl | 7 | 11 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | — |
| 9⅝ | 4⅝ | LearSieg .28 | 4 | 110 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 32 | 20 | LearS pf2.25 | | 4 | 23⅝ | 23⅝ | 23⅝ | — |
| 19⅝ | 8¼ | Leasco .40 | 4 | 640 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | — |
| 28⅝ | 20 | Leas pfC2.60 | | 215 | 20½ | 20 | 20 | — |
| 34 | 21 | Leasc pf2.20 | | 12 | 22⅛ | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | — |
| 49⅝ | 19 | Leasew .60b | 7 | 67 | 23⅝ | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | — |
| 22⅝ | 10 | LeedsN .50 | 17 | 10 | 16⅝ | 16¼ | 16⅝ | — |
| 19 | 11⅝ | Leesona .50 | 5 | 5 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | — |
| 2⅝ | 1 | LehVal Ind | | 53 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | — |
| 18 | 12⅝ | Lehmn 1.57e | | 71 | 14⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | — |
| 23 | 4⅝ | Lennar Crp | 2 | 38 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | — |
| 44 | 20⅝ | Lenox .60b | 18 | 22 | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | — |
| 14⅝ | 7⅝ | LevFd Cap | | 21 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — |
| 33⅝ | 18⅝ | LevFin .75a | | 3 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | — |
| 49⅝ | 14⅝ | LeviStrs .48 | 6 | 102 | 15 | 14⅝ | 14 | — |
| 27⅝ | 3⅝ | Levitz Furn | 5 | 411 | 4⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | — |
| 8⅝ | 3⅝ | LFE Cp | 11 | 29 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | — |
| 6⅝ | 5⅝ | LFE pf.50 | | 3 | 5⅝ | 5 | 5 | — |
| 42⅝ | 24⅝ | LOF 2.20a | 4 | 152 | 25⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | — |
| 81 | 58⅝ | LOF pf4.75 | | 11 | 59 | 59 | 59 | — |
| 6⅝ | 4⅝ | LibbMcNL | 7 | 6 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | — |
| 26⅝ | 14⅝ | LibrtyCp .30 | 6 | 73 | 14 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | — |
| 13⅝ | 7⅝ | LibrtyLn .40 | 9 | 2 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — |
| 16⅝ | 12⅝ | LibyL pf.25 | | 2 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | — |
| 45⅝ | 28⅝ | LiggMy 2.50 | 7 | 30 | 28⅝ | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | — |
| 109 | 98 | LiggM pf 7 | | z30 | 101⅝ | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | — |
| 92⅝ | 70⅝ | LillyEli 1.80 | 34 | 223 | 75⅝ | 74⅝ | 74⅝ | — |
| 48⅝ | 38⅝ | LincNat 1.16 | 8 | 338 | 37⅝ | 36⅝ | 37⅝ | — |
| 97½ | 81⅝ | LincNt pf 3 | | 3 | 77⅝ | 76⅝ | 77⅝ | — |
| 6⅝ | 2 | Lionel Corp | 7 | 72 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — |
| 18⅝ | 6⅝ | Litton .28t | 6 | 146 | 7⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — |
| 16⅝ | 8⅝ | Litton pfc pf | | 16 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — |
| 41 | 32 | Littn cv pf 3 | | x5 | 30⅝ | 30 | 30⅝ | — |
| 24⅝ | 17⅝ | Litton pfB 2 | | 25 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | — |
| 7⅝ | 2⅝ | Lockhd Airc | 3 | 285 | 4⅝ | 3⅝ | 4 | — |
| 48 | 17 | Loews 1.16a | 4 | 93 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — |
| 28⅝ | 8⅝ | LomaFin .36 | 7 | 52 | 9⅝ | 9 | 9 | — |
| 52⅝ | 36 | LomM 3.80e | 9 | 17 | 38⅝ | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | — |
| 21⅝ | 9⅝ | Wondorntwn | 3 | 29 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | — |
| 25⅝ | 14⅝ | LoneStrind 1 | 6 | 29 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — |
| 40⅝ | 23⅝ | LoneSG 1.46 | 9 | 56 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | — |
| 23⅝ | 16⅝ | LnglsLt 1.46 | 8 | 180 | 17⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — |
| 93⅝ | 73 | LIL pf 5.75 | | 2 | 73⅝ | 73⅝ | 73⅝ | |
| 107 | 97 | LIL pf 8.12 | | z10 | 97⅝ | 97⅝ | 97⅝ | |
| 85⅝ | 51⅝ | LongDrg .56 | 18 | 62 | 60⅝ | 60⅝ | 60⅝ | — |
| 5⅝ | 2 | Loral Corp | 7 | 34 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — |
| 63 | 32 | LaLand 1.04 | 26 | 896 | 48⅝ | 47⅝ | 47⅝ | — |
| 48⅝ | 21⅝ | LaPacif .20 | 5 | 142 | 35⅝ | 34⅝ | 34⅝ | — |
| 34⅝ | 22⅝ | LouisGs 1.84 | 9 | 12 | 24⅝ | 23⅝ | 24⅝ | — |
| 34⅝ | 10⅝ | Lowenstn 1 | 4 | 39 | 14⅝ | 13⅝ | 10⅝ | — |
| 18⅝ | 7½ | LTV Corp | 3 | 141 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — |
| 15⅝ | 8⅝ | LTV Cp AA | | 1 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| 50 | 29⅝ | LTVCp pf 5 | | 3 | 35⅝ | 34⅝ | 34⅝ | — |
| 54⅝ | 30⅝ | Lubrizl .48a | 28 | 90 | 40⅝ | 38⅝ | 38⅝ | — |
| 16⅝ | 9⅝ | LuckyStr .54 | 12 | 73 | 12⅝ | 10⅝ | 12⅝ | — |
| 20⅝ | 8⅝ | Ludlow 1.08 | 5 | 117 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — |
| 32 | 16⅝ | LukensStl 1 | 9 | 82 | 26⅝ | 25⅝ | 26⅝ | — |
| 7⅝ | 4⅝ | LVO Corp | 93 | 97 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | — |
| 13⅝ | 4⅝ | Lykes Yngst | | 81 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | — |
| 32 | 16⅝ | Lyke pf4.37k | | 37 | 16⅝ | 16½ | 16⅝ | — |
| 16⅝ | 6⅝ | LyncCby .40 | 10 | 30 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — |

**M**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 16⅝ | 9⅝ | MacAnF .30 | 3 | 6 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — |
| 4⅝ | 2⅝ | MacDonal | 7 | 28 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — |
| 12⅝ | 4⅝ | Macke 3.0 | 4 | 40 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | — |
| 12⅝ | 4½ | Macmll .16e | 4 | 74 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | — |
| 47⅝ | 16 | Macy 1.10 | 6 | 40 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — |
| 13⅝ | 8 | MadisFd 1e | | 118 | 8½ | 8 | 8 | — |
| 9 | 4⅝ | MadSq Gar | 80 | 208 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | — |
| 21⅝ | 5⅝ | MagicCf .32 | 6 | 265 | 6½ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | — |
| 29⅝ | 6½ | Magnvox .60 | 18 | 337 | 6½ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — |
| 32 | 16¼ | Mallory 1 | 7 | 34 | 17 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — |
| 35¼ | 17 | MalHyde .36 | 16 | 5 | 21 | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | — |
| 17⅝ | 6⅝ | Manind .56b | 4 | 13 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — |
| 31 | 10⅝ | Manpwr .80 | 5 | 15 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | — |
| 43⅝ | 28½ | MfrHan 1.56 | 11 | 227 | 37 | 36 | 36⅝ | — |
| 44¼ | 22½ | MAPCO .54 | 24 | 224 | 43 | 42 | 42⅝ | — |
| 33½ | 8⅝ | Marathn Mf | | 48 | 9 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — |
| 52¼ | 26⅝ | MaratO 1.60 | 12 | 196 | 46⅝ | 45⅝ | 46⅝ | — |
| 29⅝ | 17⅝ | Marcor .90 | 7 | 147 | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | — |
| 39⅝ | 37⅝ | Marcr pf A2 | | 101 | 40 | 40 | 40 | — |
| 59½ | 22¼ | Maremt .30e | 7 | 79 | 26⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | — |
| 32⅝ | 21⅝ | MarMld 1.80 | 6 | 91 | 23 | 22½ | 22½ | — |
| 49⅝ | 27¼ | MarionL .28 | 26 | 17 | 33 | 32 | 32 | — |
| 61⅝ | 30½ | Marlen 1.30 | 20 | 82 | 44½ | 43⅝ | 43⅝ | — |
| 67⅝ | 29⅝ | Marley .50 | 16 | 14 | 35 | 33⅝ | 33⅝ | — |
| 37¼ | 6⅝ | Marotte .07e | 7 | 14 | 8⅝ | 8¼ | 8¼ | — |
| 41 | 15 | Marriot .27t | 28 | 812 | 16½ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | — |
| 37¼ | 17⅝ | MarsFd 1.24 | 7 | 77 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — |
| 19½ | 13 | MartMa 1.20 | 5 | 88 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — |
| 14¼ | 6¼ | MartMAI .40 | 7 | 25 | 9⅝ | 9 | 9 | — |
| 36⅞ | 18⅝ | MrldCup .54 | 6 | 43 | 14⅝ | 10⅝ | 14⅝ | — |
| 63 | 41 | MascoCp .28 | 26 | 38 | 45⅝ | 44 | 44 | — |
| 37⅛ | 21¼ | Masonite .50 | 15 | 68 | 31¼ | 31¼ | 31¼ | — |
| 27¼ | 16⅝ | MassyF .50e | 7 | 38 | 19⅛ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | — |
| 5⅝ | 1¼ | MasMr 1.34e | 7 | 92 | 16⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | — |
| 22⅝ | 15⅝ | MasCp 1.44e | | 31 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — |
| 14½ | 11⅞ | MasInc .81e | | 54 | 12⅝ | 12 | 12 | — |
| 35⅝ | 15 | MatsuE .54r | 4 | 329 | 14⅞ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | — |
| 14⅝ | 3 | Mattel .02p | | 150 | 3⅝ | 3 | 3 | — |
| 58⅝ | 21⅝ | MayDSt 1.60 | 6 | 128 | 22⅝ | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | — |
| 25⅝ | 20 | MayD pf1.80 | | 3 | 21 | 21 | 21 | — |
| 30⅝ | 20 | MayerOs .65 | 18 | 5 | 21⅝ | 21 | 21 | — |
| 12⅝ | 5 | MaysJW .50 | 5 | x6 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | — |
| 49⅝ | 24 | Maytg 1.30a | 18 | 31 | 25⅝ | 24⅝ | 25⅝ | — |
| 34⅝ | 18½ | MCA Inc .64 | 7 | 32 | 20⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | — |
| 24 | 10⅝ | McCord .92 | 4 | 16 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | — |
| 30⅝ | 12 | McCror 1.20 | 3 | 36 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | — |
| 106 | 80 | McDermot 1 | 20 | 186 | 102⅝ | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | — |
| 76⅝ | 44⅝ | McDonalds | 42 | 645 | 52⅝ | 51 | 51⅝ | — |
| 29 | 13⅝ | McDonD .40 | 4 | 184 | 16 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | — |
| 40⅝ | 20 | McGEd 16.0 | 7 | 105 | 20⅝ | 19 | 19 | — |
| 16⅝ | 6½ | McGrwH .48 | 6 | 100 | 6½ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — |
| 38⅝ | 16⅝ | M GH pf1.20 | | 12 | 16½ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — |
| 3⅝ | 2⅝ | McGrg Don | 7 | 10 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | — |
| 69⅝ | 46 | McIntyre | 18 | 2740 | 53½ | 50 | 50 | — |
| 42⅝ | 15⅝ | McKee 1 | 15 | 8 | 35⅝ | 35 | 35 | — |
| 56⅝ | 20⅝ | McLean .72 | 10 | 71 | 38½ | 37½ | 37½ | — |
| 24⅝ | 14⅝ | McLout 1.60 | 4 | 35 | 17⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | — |
| 15⅝ | 10⅝ | McNeil .75 | 5 | 7 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | — |
| 22⅝ | 13⅝ | MeadCp .80 | 7 | 147 | 16⅝ | 15⅝ | 16⅝ | — |
| 44 | 34⅝ | Mea pfA2.80 | | 1 | 35 | 35 | 35 | — |
| 45⅝ | 34⅝ | Mea pfB2.8 | | 4 | 35 | 35 | 35 | — |
| 38 | 19⅝ | Medusa 14.0 | 9 | 29 | 27⅝ | 26⅝ | 26⅝ | — |

(Continued on next page.)


# International Bancorp Limited

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held in the banking hall of Bahamas Commonwealth Bank Limited, Charlotte House, Shirley Street, Nassau, N.P., Bahama Islands, on Monday, December 31, 1973 at 11:30 a.m. (Nassau Time), for the following purposes:

1. To receive the Report of the Directors;
2. To re-elect the Directors of the Company;
3. To appoint the Auditors to the Company.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
OLIVER V. WINGROVE, Assistant Secretary.

P.O. Box N4197,
Nassau, N.P.,
Bahama Islands.
Dated December 13, 1973.

NOTES

1. Copies of the Directors' Report will be available prior to the Annual General Meeting during usual business hours at the offices of the Depositaries listed below or may be obtained by mail from the Secretary, P.O. Box N4197, Nassau, N.P., Bahama Islands.

2. A Member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote instead of him. A Proxy need not be a Member.

3. A holder of Bearer Share Warrant representing Shares of the Company is entitled to attend and vote in person or by proxy in the capacity of a Shareholder at the Meeting if not later than 4:00 p.m. (London Time) December 28, 1973, such holder has:

(a) deposited such Bearer Share Warrants with one of the depositaries named below, and
(b) received from such depositary a signed Deposit Certificate with respect to such deposit, and
(c) lodged such Deposit Certificate (together with a proper instrument appointing a proxy if such holder wishes to attend and vote by proxy) at Overseas Development Bank, Share Registrar Department, Berger House, 36 Berkeley Square, London, W1X 5DA, England.

DEPOSITARIES

Orbis Bank GmbH.
Marstallstrasse 8, 8000 Munich 22 Germany.

Overseas Development Bank S.A.,
40 Rue de Rhône, Geneva, Switzerland.

Overseas Development Bank.
Share Registrar Department.
Berger House, 36 Berkeley Square,
London, W1X 5DA, England.

Bahamas Commonwealth Bank Limited
Charlotte House, P.O. Box N3909,
Nassau, N.P., Bahama Islands.



# Value Capital Limited

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held in the banking hall of Bahamas Commonwealth Bank Limited, Charlotte House, Shirley Street Nassau, N.P., Bahama Islands, on Monday, December 31, 1973, at 10:00 a.m. (Nassau Time), for the following purposes:

1. To receive the Report of the Directors;
2. To re-elect the Directors of the Company;
3. To appoint the Auditors to the Company.

By order of the Board of Directors.
OLIVER V. WINGROVE, Secretary.

P.O. Box N3932,
Nassau, N.P.,
Bahama Islands.
Dated December 13, 1973.

NOTES

1. Copies of the Directors' Report will be available prior to the Annual General Meeting during usual business hours at the offices of the Depositaries listed below or may be obtained by mail from the Secretary, P.O. Box N3932, Nassau N.P., Bahama Islands.

2. A Member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote instead of him. A Proxy need not be a Member.

3. A holder of a Bearer Share Warrant representing Shares of the Company is entitled to attend and vote in person or by proxy in the capacity of a Shareholder at the Meeting if not later than 4:00 p.m. (London Time), December 28, 1973, such holder has:

(a) deposited such Bearer Share Warrants with one of the depositaries named below, and
(b) received from such depositary a signed Deposit Certificate with respect to such deposit, and
(c) lodged such Deposit Certificate (together with a proper instrument appointing a proxy if such holder wishes to attend and vote by proxy) at Overseas Development Bank, Share Registrar Department, Berger House, 36 Berkeley Square London, W1X 5DA, England.

DEPOSITARIES

Orbis Bank GmbH.
Marstallstrasse 8, 8000 Munich 22, Germany.

Overseas Development Bank S.A.,
40 Rue du Rhône, Geneva, Switzerland.

Overseas Development Bank,
Share Registrar Department,
Berger House, 36 Berkeley Square,
London W1X 5DA, England.

Bahamas Commonwealth Bank Limited,
Charlotte House P.O. Box N3909,
Nassau, N.P., Bahama Islands.



STAY WITH PEOPLE WHO CARE. HILTON INTERNATIONAL

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CYPRUS HILTON Nicosia's best. Pool. Tennis. Lush garden setting.
ISTANBUL HILTON The city's only luxury hotel. Magnificent dining.
TEL AVIV HILTON All rooms view the sea. Heated salt-water pool.

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هكذا من الأصل

# New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | 1¼ | MEI Cp | 5 | 13 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | — ⅛ |
| | 11½ | Melv Sh .46 | 7 | 309 | 11½ | 10 | 10½ | — 1⅛ |
| | 4⅝ | Menasc .33f | 4 | 19 | 5⅝ | 5¼ | 5⅝ | — ⅛ |
| | 4⅞ | MercStr .80 | 12 | 6 | 46½ | 45⅝ | 45⅝ | — 1½ |
| | 76¼ | Merck 1.40 | 35 | 236 | 83¼ | 81½ | 82⅞ | — 1 |
| | 8¾ | Meredith .70 | 4 | 45 | 9 | 8¾ | 8¾ | |
| | 12½ | MerrLyn .56 | 12 | 207 | 13⅞ | 13⅝ | 13¾ | — ⅛ |
| | 24½ | MesaPet n | 18 | 114 | 27⅜ | 26⅛ | 27¼ | — 1¼ |
| | 118 | MesP pf2.20 | | 2 | 152 | 150½ | 152 | — 13½ |
| | 8⅛ | MesabiTr 1e | 9 | 44 | 9 | 8⅞ | 9 | + ⅛ |
| | 11⅝ | MestaM .40e | 12 | 4 | 15⅞ | 15 | 15 | — ¼ |
| | 8⅝ | MGM 17.5e | 21 | 274 | 8⅜ | 7¼ | 7¾ | — 1 |
| | 7½ | Metrom 5.0b | 4 | 27 | 7¾ | 7 | 7½ | — ⅛ |
| | 47⅞ | MetE pf3.90 | | z10 | 48 | 48 | 48 | |
| | 24½ | MGIC In .10 | 15 | 363 | 31 | 28½ | 28⅞ | + ⅛ |
| | 13¾ | MichGs 1.04 | 9 | 79 | 14⅞ | 14¼ | 14½ | + ⅛ |
| | 12¾ | MichTube 1 | 6 | 6 | 16⅛ | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 8½ | Microdor .44 | 4 | 39 | 9⅛ | 8⅝ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 15⅞ | Microw .79t | 8 | 37 | 16¼ | 15 | 15 | — 1⅛ |
| | 15¾ | MidConTel 1 | 9 | 18 | 16¼ | 15¾ | 15¾ | — ⅛ |
| | 14 | MidSUt 1.20 | 7 | 343 | 16 | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 11¼ | MidIM 1.74e | 7 | 18 | 13¼ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 9⅞ | Micl Res .80 | 5 | 51 | 9⅞ | 9¼ | 9¼ | — ⅛ |
| | 29⅞ | MilesLb 1.28 | 9 | 122 | 32¾ | 31¼ | 31½ | — 1⅛ |
| | 6⅞ | MiltBrd 3.4e | 8 | 82 | 9⅛ | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 74¼ | MinMM 1.70 | 29 | 447 | 77½ | 75⅛ | 75¾ | — 2⅞ |
| | 15⅛ | MinnPL 1.46 | 8 | 31 | 18 | 17⅛ | 17¼ | — ⅛ |
| | 10⅞ | MirroAl .56 | 6 | 32 | 11½ | 11 | 11¼ | |
| | 14⅛ | MissnEq .28 | 10 | 202 | 16½ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | — 1⅛ |
| | 14½ | MissRivr .76 | 9 | 27 | 16⅞ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 70 | MoPac A 5 | 4 | 1 | 71 | 71 | 71 | — ¾ |
| | 20½ | MPCam 1.60 | 6 | 8 | 22¼ | 22¼ | 22¼ | — ⅛ |
| | 11½ | MoPSv .84b | 7 | 31 | 12 | 11¼ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 44⅛ | MobilO 2.80 | 6 | 429 | 48 | 45½ | 45⅞ | — 3⅛ |
| | 4⅛ | MobHom .20 | 4 | 106 | 4⅞ | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | — ⅛ |
| | 13⅞ | Mohsa 1.20 | 5 | 70 | 15¼ | 14⅛ | 14⅝ | — ⅛ |
| | 2½ | Mohk Data | | 60 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 11 | Mohk Rub 1 | 3 | 7 | 11⅛ | 11 | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 13⅞ | Molybden | 8 | 108 | 17⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — 1 |
| | 26⅛ | Molyb pf2.50 | | 2 | 29½ | 29 | 29 | — 1 |
| | 11½ | Monarch .60 | 11 | 3 | 14 | 13½ | 13½ | — ⅛ |
| | 3⅝ | Mongrm Ind | 3 | 37 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 | — ⅛ |
| | 11½ | MonrEq .44 | 7 | 98 | 13⅞ | 13 | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 44⅝ | Monsanto 2 | 7 | 898 | 47 | 45½ | 45⅞ | — 1⅜ |
| | 58½ | Mons pf2.75 | | 4 | 63 | 63 | 63 | — 3 |
| | 28½ | MonlDUt 2 | 9 | 11 | 30½ | 30⅛ | 30¼ | — ⅛ |
| | 28 | MonPw 1.80 | 11 | 29 | 34⅛ | 33½ | 33½ | — 1⅛ |
| | 19⅞ | MontSt 1.21e | | 57 | 21⅛ | 20½ | 20⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 7⅞ | Mony .94e | 7 | 200 | 7⅞ | 7½ | 7⅝ | — ⅛ |
| | 10⅛ | MooreMcC | 3 | 24 | 13 | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 47 | Morgan 1.60 | 16 | 104 | 64 | 62⅛ | 62¼ | — 1⅜ |
| | 14⅛ | MorrsKn 8.0 | 7 | 26 | 23 | 22 | 22⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 5⅞ | MorseEl Pd | 2 | 17 | 5⅞ | 5⅜ | 5⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 3 | MorseS .41e | 2 | 77 | 3⅝ | 3⅜ | 3⅝ | — ⅛ |
| | 7⅛ | MtgTr 1.82e | 2 | 62 | 8 | 7⅞ | 8 | + ⅛ |
| | 10⅞ | MorNor 8.8 | 20 | 35 | 19⅞ | 19⅛ | 19⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 41¼ | Motorola .50 | 17 | 1772 | 50¼ | 49 | 49⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| | 67⅛ | MzFuel 1.92 | 25 | 78 | 95⅛ | 92½ | 93 | — 3 |
| | 19⅞ | MtStTel 15.2 | 9 | 16 | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 16⅞ | MSL Ind | 3 | 5 | 18⅞ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 5 | Munford .28 | 4 | x20 | 5⅝ | 5⅜ | 5⅝ | — ⅛ |
| | 4⅝ | Munfd pf.40 | | x2 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5 | — ⅛ |
| | 15¼ | Munsng 1.08 | 5 | 3 | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 13 | MurphC 1.20 | 6 | 15 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14⅛ | + ⅛ |
| | 47½ | MurpOil .64 | 11 | 91 | 81½ | 77½ | 79 | — 3 |
| | 22¼ | MurrOh .60a | 7 | 13 | 22⅛ | 21½ | 21⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 15 | MutlO 1.32a | | 20 | 15⅞ | 15⅛ | 15⅞ | |
| | 9½ | MyersL .80 | 7 | 45 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9½ | — ⅛ |

## N

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 38⅛ | Nabisco 2.30 | 12 | 54 | 41 | 40 | 41 | + ½ |
| | 25 | NalcoCh .48 | 26 | 100 | 31⅛ | 30⅞ | 30⅞ | — 1 |
| | 8 | NarcoSci .60 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 9 | 9 | — ⅛ |
| | 25⅛ | NashuC .52 | 14 | 29 | 36⅛ | 36⅛ | 36⅛ | + ⅛ |
| | 11⅝ | NatAirl .40e | 5 | 53 | 12⅞ | 12¼ | 12¼ | — ⅛ |
| | 10 | N Avis 1.35a | | 55 | 11⅛ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 7¼ | Nat Can .45 | 4 | 71 | 8⅛ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 26⅛ | N CashR .72 | | 125 | 32⅛ | 31⅛ | 31½ | — ⅛ |
| | 78¼ | N Chms .48a | 42 | 41 | 86¼ | 84¼ | 85⅛ | |
| | 10 | NatCityL .90 | 4 | 5 | 11 | 11 | 11 | — ⅛ |
| | 36⅛ | NatDef 2.36 | 5 | 45 | 37 | 36½ | 36⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| | 12⅛ | NatDistil .90 | 8 | 71 | 13⅛ | 13 | 13⅛ | — ½ |
| | 34⅛ | NDst pf 2.25 | | 1 | 34⅛ | 34⅛ | 34⅛ | + ⅛ |
| | 20½ | NatFuel 1.90 | 6 | 22 | 21½ | 21 | 21½ | + ⅛ |
| | 11 | NatGyp 1.05 | 5 | 101 | 11½ | 11¼ | 11¼ | — ⅛ |
| | 2⅛ | NHome .15p | | 70 | 2⅜ | 2½ | 2½ | |
| | 2½ | NatInd .05e | 7 | 142 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | — ⅛ |
| | 10¼ | NtInd pf12.5 | | 10 | 10⅞ | 10¼ | 10¼ | — ⅛ |
| | 9⅝ | N Mig 1.45e | 7 | 2 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| | 27 | N Pres 1.10a | 45 | 10 | 27½ | 27 | 27 | — ⅛ |
| | 23 | N Semicndr | 29 | 425 | 52⅛ | 49 | 51 | + ⅛ |
| | 9 | N Svcind .70 | 6 | 40 | 9⅛ | 9½ | 9⅛ | + ⅛ |
| | 15 | N Stand .75 | 9 | 68 | 15⅛ | 14½ | 14⅞ | — ½ |
| 5½ | 47⅞ | N Starch .46 | 20 | 19 | 54½ | 53⅞ | 53⅞ | |
| | 30⅛ | Nt Steel 2.50 | 6 | 44 | 30½ | 30⅛ | 30⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 3⅛ | Nat Tea | | 28 | 3⅛ | 3½ | 3⅛ | |
| | 12 | NatUnEl 9.0 | 3 | 4 | 13½ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 28⅛ | Natomas .25 | 90 | 369 | 63½ | 60⅞ | 61⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| | 8 | Neptune .40 | 9 | 20 | 8⅛ | 8 | 8⅛ | |
| | 18 | NevPw 1.35 | 5 | 23 | 19⅞ | 18⅛ | 18½ | — 1⅛ |
| | 18⅛ | NEngEl 1.78 | 7 | 123 | 19⅞ | 19 | 19 | — ⅛ |
| | 13¼ | NEnGE 1.24 | 7 | 23 | 16⅞ | 13¼ | 13¼ | — ½ |
| | 28½ | N EngT 2.36 | 10 | 29 | 29 | 28⅛ | 28⅛ | — ½ |
| | 7 | Newhall .30 | 94 | 7 | 8⅛ | 8 | 8½ | — ⅛ |
| | 31⅛ | Newmt 1.40 | 9 | 280 | 29⅛ | 29 | 29⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 23⅛ | NYSEG 22.0 | 8 | 71 | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 101½ | NYSE pf8.80 | | 260 | 103 | 103 | 103 | |
| | 13⅛ | NiaMP 11.8 | 9 | 337 | 13⅞ | 13¼ | 13⅞ | |
| | 76 | NiaM pf 6.10 | | z130 | 76 | 76 | 76 | + ½ |
| | 63½ | NiaM pf 5.25 | | z10 | 64 | 64 | 64 | + ½ |
| | 44½ | NiaM pf 3.90 | | z30 | 45 | 44½ | 44½ | |
| | 41 | NiaM pf 36.0 | | z200 | 41¼ | 41 | 41 | — ⅛ |
| | 15⅛ | NiagSh .18e | | 10 | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 11 | NL Ind 1 | 6 | 161 | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | + ⅛ |
| | 17⅛ | NLT Cp .36 | 8 | 141 | 18⅛ | 17⅛ | 17⅞ | — 1⅛ |
| | 58 | NorfkWn 5 | 7 | 160 | 69⅛ | 68⅞ | 68⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 13¼ | NorlinCp .80 | 3 | 7 | 14½ | 14¼ | 14¼ | — ⅛ |
| | 19½ | Norris 1.08 | 4 | 14 | 20 | 19½ | 19½ | — ½ |
| | 17⅛ | NoACoal .60 | 17 | 88 | 39⅞ | 38 | 39 | — 1 |
| | 17½ | NoAMt 2.51e | 8 | 64 | 22½ | 21½ | 21½ | — 1 |
| | 16⅛ | NoAmPhil 1 | 4 | 53 | 17⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — 1½ |
| | 2½ | NoCAir .05e | 4 | 88 | 2⅞ | 2⅛ | 2⅞ | — ¼ |
| | 1 | NoCeAir wt | | 108 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 | |
| | 10⅛ | NoestUt 1.02 | 7 | 481 | 10⅞ | 10½ | 10⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 9⅛ | NoCenGs .30 | 8 | 13 | 10¼ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 5 | viNoCen Ry | | z140 | 8½ | 8 | 8½ | + ½ |
| | 21¼ | NoIlGas 1.92 | 7 | 67 | 22⅛ | 22¼ | 22⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 23⅛ | NIlGs pf1.90 | | 6 | 23⅞ | 23⅛ | 23⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 15⅛ | NIndPS 1.36 | 6 | 220 | 16¼ | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 34⅛ | N NGas 2.70 | 9 | 97 | 44⅛ | 44 | 44 | — ⅛ |
| | 99 | NoNG pf8.48 | | z150 | 101 | 100 | 101 | + ⅛ |
| | 22½ | NoStPw 1.84 | 5 | 43 | 24½ | 23⅞ | 24 | |
| | 52½ | NSPw pf4.11 | | z20 | 52 | 52 | 52 | — 1 |
| | 45 | NSPw pf3.50 | | z100 | 44⅛ | 44½ | 44½ | — ⅛ |
| | 4⅛ | Northgate | 4 | 110 | 5 | 5 | 5 | — ⅛ |
| | 14 | Northrop 1 | 7 | 30 | 17 | 16¼ | 16⅛ | + 1 |
| | 17⅛ | NwstAirl .45 | 10 | 507 | 18⅞ | 17⅞ | 18¼ | — ⅛ |
| | 52⅛ | NwtBnc 1.60 | 14 | 17 | 59 | 58⅛ | 58⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| | 15⅛ | Nwst Ind .85 | 3 | 132 | 17⅞ | 17⅛ | 17½ | + ⅛ |
| | 5⅛ | Nwstind wt | | 44 | 7⅛ | 6½ | 7 | — ⅛ |
| | 58 | Nwind pfA5 | | 3 | 61 | 60 | 60 | — 1⅛ |
| | 58⅛ | Nwind pfC5 | | 8 | 62½ | 61⅛ | 61⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 47⅛ | Nwtin pf4.20 | | 27 | 50⅛ | 49⅛ | 50 | — 1½ |
| | 21⅛ | NwMu 1.91e | 11 | 40 | 23½ | 22½ | 22⅞ | — ⅛ |
| | 21⅛ | NwtStW 1.04 | 6 | 15 | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 23¼ | Norton 1.50 | 5 | 28 | 26⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 17½ | NorSim .70 | 10 | 444 | 18 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 37 | Nrt S pf1.60 | | 120 | 41½ | 38½ | 39½ | — 1½ |
| | 11⅛ | Nucor .10e | 5 | 22 | 14⅞ | 14 | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 12¼ | NVF 4.03t | 2 | 15 | 14⅛ | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | — ¼ |

## O

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 9½ | Oak Ind .32 | 6 | 8 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 7⅛ | Occid Pet | 10 | 960 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 41⅛ | OccidPt pr 4 | | 17 | 42⅛ | 42 | 42 | — 1⅛ |
| | 37⅛ | OccP pf3.6 | | 18 | 39½ | 39 | 39 | — 1 |
| | 22⅛ | BcciP pf2.16 | | 1 | 23⅛ | 23⅛ | 23⅛ | — ½ |
| | 12½ | OgdenCp .80 | 5 | 51 | 13 | 12⅛ | 12⅞ | — ½ |
| | 25 | Ogdf pf1.67 | | 10 | 24 | 24 | 24 | — 1 |
| | 17⅛ | OhioEd 1.60 | 9 | 89 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ½ |
| | 57½ | OhEd pf4.56 | | z300 | 59½ | 57 | 59½ | + ½ |
| | 18⅛ | OklaGE 1.32 | 10 | 59 | 21¼ | 20½ | 20⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| | 10½ | OklGE pf | | z100 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | |
| | 18⅛ | OklaNG 1.32 | 8 | 67 | 20½ | 20 | 20 | — ⅛ |
| | 12 | OlinCorp .88 | 6 | 138 | 12⅛ | 11½ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 6⅛ | Omark .36 | 4 | 10 | 7⅛ | 7½ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 10⅛ | Oneida .6 | 5 | 17 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 11⅛ | Opelika 1 | 5 | 7 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | + ⅛ |
| | 12⅛ | OrangR 1.28 | 9 | 53 | 13⅛ | 12⅞ | 13⅛ | + ⅛ |
| | 33 | OtisElv 2.20 | 7 | 87 | 33⅛ | 33½ | 33½ | — 1⅛ |
| | 16 | OutMar 1.20 | 3 | 81 | 16⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | — ⅛ |
| | 8 | OutletCo .65 | 4 | 20 | 8⅛ | 8 | 8 | — ⅛ |
| | 12⅞ | OvernhT .72 | 4 | 184 | 14⅞ | 13 | 13 | — 2 |
| | 19⅛ | Over Shiphg | 10 | 6 | 21½ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| | 39⅛ | OwenCn .68 | 14 | 124 | 44⅛ | 43⅛ | 44⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| | 27½ | OwenIll 1.48 | 6 | 110 | 31⅛ | 30½ | 30½ | — 1½ |
| | 63 | OwnII pf4.75 | | 11 | 66½ | 66 | 66 | — ⅛ |
| | 14 | Oxfrind .60b | 3 | 6 | 14 | 13⅛ | 10½ | — ⅛ |

## P-Q

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 32½ | 10⅛ | PacASh .67e | | 60 | 13⅛ | 13 | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 28⅛ | | PacGsE 1.78 | 7 | 118 | 23⅛ | 23¼ | 23⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 18¼ | | PacLtg 1.68 | 8 | 69 | 18⅛ | 18½ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 23⅛ | | PacPetrl .60 | 18 | 165 | 33⅛ | 32 | 32 | — 1⅛ |
| 20½ | | PacPw 1.60 | 10 | 45 | 24½ | 23⅛ | 23⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 15½ | | PacTT 1.20 | 9 | 70 | 15½ | 15¼ | 15⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 79 | | PacTT pf 6 | | z220 | 80¼ | 78½ | 79¼ | — ⅛ |
| 6⅛ | | Pac Tin .60a | 6 | 7 | 8¼ | 7⅛ | 8 | — ⅛ |
| 3⅛ | | PaineWb .30 | | 7 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 10⅛ | | PalW pf.30 | | 26 | 11½ | 11½ | 11½ | + ⅛ |
| 3⅛ | | PalmBc .2b | 4 | 10 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 4 | | Pamida Inc | 8 | 81 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5 | — ½ |
| 3⅛ | | PanAm Air | | 753 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 27 | | PanhEP 2 | 7 | 32 | 31¼ | 30⅛ | 30⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 8⅛ | | Paprcft .40b | 5 | 20 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 10 | | Pargas .93 | 6 | 22 | 12 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 29⅛ | | Parg pf2.64 | | 1 | 32 | 32 | 32 | + ⅛ |
| 19 | | ParHan 1.08 | 8 | 15 | 23⅛ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 15⅛ | | ParPen .50e | 8 | 3 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 8⅛ | | Pasco Inc | 15 | 17 | 17⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — 1 |
| 10⅛ | | Payl me .27 | 7 | 10 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 26⅛ | | PeabGs .04e | 21 | 48 | 28⅛ | 27½ | 28 | — ⅛ |
| 3 | | Penn Cent | | 273 | 3⅛ | 3½ | 3½ | |
| 4⅛ | | PennDx .0b | 8 | 42 | 5⅛ | 4⅛ | 5 | |
| 3 | | Penn Fruit | | 29 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 61⅛ | | Penney 1.72 | 19 | 168 | 62⅛ | 61½ | 61⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 47⅛ | | PaC pfs 10k | | 2 | 53½ | 53½ | 53½ | — ½ |
| 19⅛ | | PaPwLt 1.68 | 7 | 96 | 20 | 19½ | 19½ | — ⅛ |
| 97½ | | PaPL pf8.70 | | z70 | 102 | 101¼ | 101¼ | + ⅛ |
| 98 | | PaPL pf8.40 | | z10 | 98 | 98 | 98 | — 1 |
| 96 | | PaPL pf8.30 | | z10 | 96 | 96 | 96 | — ½ |
| 53 | | PaPL pf4.40 | | z10 | 53 | 53 | 53 | |
| 18½ | | Pennwlt 1.20 | 9 | 21 | 20 | 19½ | 19½ | — ⅛ |
| 17½ | | Pennzoil .80 | 10 | 340 | 22⅛ | 21⅛ | 22⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 80 | | Pennz pfB | | 1 | 90 | 90 | 90 | — 1 |
| 25½ | | Pennz pf 1.33 | | 7 | 32½ | 31⅛ | 32 | — ½ |
| 5 | | PeopDrg .40 | 6 | 10 | 5¼ | 5 | 5¼ | + ⅛ |
| 26 | | PeopGs 2.36 | 6 | 265 | 27⅛ | 26⅛ | 27 | — ⅛ |
| 64 | | PepsiCo 1.20 | 20 | 118 | 69⅛ | 68⅛ | 68⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 29 | | PerkE m .23 | 37 | 83 | 34⅛ | 33⅛ | 34½ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | | Pet Inc 1.35 | 7 | 30 | 20⅛ | 20½ | 20⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | | PetInc pf | | 3 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 11½ | | PetInc pf.80 | | 12 | 11½ | 11 | 11½ | — ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | | PeterPl 1.20 | 16 | 42 | 13⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 45½ | | Petrles .40a | 25 | x194 | 52 | 51 | 51 | — 1⅛ |
| 10¼ | | Petrolan .36 | 8 | 79 | 10⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 20 | | Petrim 2.10e | | 4 | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 39½ | | Pfizer .68a | 24 | 779 | 42½ | 40⅛ | 40⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 39⅛ | | PhelpD 2.20 | 9 | 188 | 44⅛ | 44⅛ | 44⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 17 | | PhilaEl 1.64 | 8 | 135 | 18 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 103 | | PhilE pf8.75 | | z30 | 106 | 106 | 106 | |
| 92⅛ | | PhilE pf7.75 | | z100 | 97 | 97 | 97 | |
| 58 | | PhilE pf4.68 | | z60 | 59 | 58 | 59 | |
| 54 | | PhilE pf4.40 | | z30 | 54½ | 54½ | 54½ | — 1⅛ |
| 17 | | PhilSub 1.2 | 6 | 54 | 17⅛ | 17 | 17 | — ⅛ |
| 97½ | | PhilMor 1.20 | 30 | 191 | 111 | 108⅛ | 108⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| 3¼ | | Phillip In .20 | 5 | 106 | 3⅛ | 3½ | 3⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 8⅞ | | Phil Ind pr | | 10 | 10 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 40½ | | PhillPet 1.30 | 26 | 401 | 65⅛ | 63⅛ | 64⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 9¼ | | PhilVH .40e | 5 | 41 | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9¼ | + ⅛ |
| 16¼ | | Pickwk 1.29t | 8 | 73 | 16 | 14½ | 15½ | — 1 |
| 13⅛ | | PiedNG 1.28 | 5 | 31 | 14½ | 14¼ | 14¼ | — ⅛ |
| 4⅛ | | Pier 1 Imprt | 6 | 54 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 35 | | Pillsbry .64 | 8 | 35 | 38⅛ | 37⅛ | 37⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| 14½ | | PionNGs .64 | 11 | 127 | 18⅛ | 18 | 18 | — ⅛ |
| 6⅛ | | PitnyB .51p | | 205 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17⅞ | 13 | PittFrg .46b | 10 | 22 | 13⅛ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 24⅞ | 23 | Pittston .60b | 17 | 151 | 25⅛ | 23¼ | 23½ | — 2½ |
| 36 | 14¼ | Pizza Hut | 12 | 108 | 16¼ | 16⅛ | 16 | — ½ |
| 7¼ | 2 | Plan Resrch | 10 | 352 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2⅛ | |
| 10½ | 4½ | Playboy .3 | 4 | 39 | 6⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅞ | — ½ |
| 26¼ | 17½ | Plessey .87e | 6 | 19 | 18 | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 26½ | 15⅛ | PNBM 2.08 | 8 | 21 | 18¼ | 17¼ | 17¼ | — 1½ |
| 143½ | 69⅛ | Polaroid .32 | 46 | 402 | 71 | 68⅞ | 69⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| 86¼ | 32 | Ponderosa 5 | 18 | 218 | 38⅛ | 36⅛ | 37⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 29½ | 15⅛ | PopeTa .40b | 2 | 23 | 18½ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ½ |
| 18⅛ | 11⅛ | Portecin | 7 | 8 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 22½ | 16½ | PortGE 1.48 | 8 | 37 | 18¼ | 17⅛ | 18 | — ⅛ |
| 33½ | 19½ | Poltlvh 1.20 | 5 | 15 | 25 | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 75⅛ | 11⅛ | PotmE .08 | 8 | 227 | 13 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 69 | 52 | PotE pf.50 | | z230 | 52 | 52 | 52 | |
| 51½ | 46 | PotEl pf4.04 | | z110 | 48 | 48 | 48 | + 1 |
| 47 | 25 | PPGInd .70 | 5 | 401 | 23½ | 22½ | 22⅞ | — 1 |
| 14⅛ | 7⅛ | Premr pf.40 | 7 | 5 | 7½ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 14 | Premr pf.20 | | 10 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | |
| 120 | 93 | ProctG 1.86 | 26 | 236 | 96⅛ | 94⅛ | 94⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| 9½ | 4⅛ | ProdRsh .10 | 4 | 24 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 21⅞ | 7 | PSA Inc | 9 | 97 | 7⅛ | 6⅞ | 7 | — ¼ |
| 24⅛ | 14⅛ | PSvCol 1.20 | 6 | 182 | 15 | 14⅛ | 15 | |
| 25⅛ | 18 | PSvEG 1.2 | 7 | 198 | 18⅛ | 18¼ | 18½ | + ⅛ |
| 122½ | 111 | PSEG pf8.62 | | z130 | 112 | 111⅞ | 112 | |
| 93½ | 80 | PSEG pf4.80 | | z240 | 82 | 80 | 80 | — 3⅛ |
| 70½ | 60 | PSEG pf5.05 | | z70 | 60½ | 60 | 60 | — ½ |
| 53⅛ | 53 | PSEG pf4.30 | | z10 | 52½ | 52½ | 52½ | — 1⅛ |
| 21⅛ | 16⅛ | PSEG pf1.40 | | 2 | 17 | 17 | 17 | — ⅛ |
| 46 | 30½ | PSvInd 2.42 | 9 | 68 | 34 | 33 | 33⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 13½ | PSInd pf1.08 | | z7000 | 14½ | 14 | 14⅛ | + ½ |
| 25½ | 17 | PSvNH 1.64 | 8 | 25 | 17⅛ | 17½ | 17½ | — ½ |
| 25⅛ | 16 | PSvNM 1.20 | 6 | 27 | 16⅛ | 16¼ | 16¼ | |
| 5⅛ | 3 | Publckr .24t | 25 | 1627 | 3¼ | 2½ | 2¾ | — ½ |
| 7 | 3½ | Pueblol .28a | 9 | 37 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 6 | PR Cemt .40 | 9 | 7 | 6½ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 34½ | 23½ | PugSPL 1.96 | 8 | 33 | 25¼ | 24½ | 24⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 67 | 53⅛ | Pullm n1.50 | 15 | 142 | 65 | 64 | 64 | — ½ |
| 19½ | 10⅛ | PurexCp .28 | 7 | 75 | 11⅛ | 10⅛ | 10½ | |
| 27½ | 18⅛ | Purex pf1.35 | | 2 | 20 | 20 | 20 | + ½ |
| 12⅛ | 4 | PuritFsh .28 | 3 | 51 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4⅛ | |
| 40⅛ | 27½ | Purolatr .80 | 10 | 59 | 30⅛ | 28⅛ | 27 | — 3⅛ |
| 47½ | 27½ | QuakOat .76 | 16 | 74 | 30⅛ | 29½ | 29½ | — 1 |
| 115 | 73 | QukOat pf 3 | | 2 | 73 | 72½ | 72½ | — 2 |
| 44 | 16⅛ | QuakStO .50 | 19 | 104 | 25 | 24 | 24⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| 24 | 8½ | Questor .50 | 5 | 26 | 8½ | 8 | 8 | — ½ |

## R

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 49⅛ | 32½ | RalstonP .75 | 17 | 47 | 39⅛ | 38⅛ | 38⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 22 | 4⅛ | Ramad .12b | 8 | 1181 | 5⅞ | 5 | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 24 | 14¼ | Ranco In .92 | 5 | 20 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | |
| 21 | 10⅛ | RapdAm .50 | 3 | 139 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 62⅛ | 33 | Rap Irpf2.25 | | 2 | 40⅛ | 40⅛ | 40⅛ | — 1½ |
| 32⅛ | 18⅛ | Raybest 1.20 | 4 | 3 | 18⅛ | 18½ | 18½ | — ½ |
| 16⅛ | 7⅛ | Raymlnt .20 | 10 | 74 | 10⅛ | 9¼ | 9⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 34⅛ | 21⅛ | Raythen .70 | 9 | 57 | 28⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | — 1 |
| 39⅛ | 16⅞ | RCA 1 | 7 | 662 | 17⅞ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | — ½ |
| 91 | 53½ | RCA cv pf 4 | | 4 | 55⅛ | 55½ | 56⅛ | — ½ |
| 53 | 43 | RCA pf 3.50 | | z100 | 44⅛ | 44½ | 44½ | |
| 4⅛ | 1⅛ | viReadg Co | | 6 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 1 | viReadg 1pf | | 21 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | — ⅛ |
| 3 | 1 | viReadg 2pf | | 48 | 1⅞ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 42 | 20½ | RdgBate .20 | 27 | 123 | 28⅛ | 37¼ | 37⅛ | — 2 |
| 20⅛ | 4 | Redman .12 | | 97 | 5 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 27½ | 15 | Reece .74a | 10 | 23 | 21 | 20½ | 20⅞ | — ½ |
| 19⅛ | 10 | Reed Tool | 24 | 29 | 15½ | 15⅛ | 15½ | |
| 30⅞ | 18½ | Reeve 1.50b | 4 | 6 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 13⅛ | 6⅛ | ReichCh .40 | 4 | 56 | 7 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 10½ | 7 | Reliab St .60 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 7 | |
| 27½ | 18⅛ | RelianEl .80 | 10 | 59 | 19⅞ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 76⅛ | 43⅛ | Relian pf 3 | | 2 | 54 | 52½ | 52⅛ | — 3½ |
| 4⅛ | 1⅞ | Republic Co | 11 | 128 | 1⅞ | 1⅛ | 1⅞ | |
| 25 | 13 | RepFinS .80 | 3 | 25 | 10½ | 13¼ | 13⅛ | — ½ |
| 19⅛ | 10⅛ | RepMtg 1.80 | 7 | 11 | 12⅛ | 13 | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 20½ | 19⅛ | RepStl 1.20a | 4 | 58 | 21⅞ | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 33⅛ | 18 | RetailCred 2 | 7 | 14 | 19 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 57⅛ | 30⅛ | RevcoDS .32 | 19 | 144 | 32⅛ | 32 | 32 | — ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 4⅛ | Revere Cop | | 87 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7 | — 1 |
| 75⅛ | 58¼ | Revlon 1.08 | 18 | 171 | 59⅛ | 57½ | 57⅛ | — 2 |
| 6⅛ | 2⅛ | Rexham Co | 6 | 22 | 3 | 2⅞ | 3 | |
| 29⅛ | 15¼ | Rexnrd 1.04 | 7 | 12 | 14⅞ | 14 | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 45⅛ | 27⅛ | Rexn pf2.36 | | 3 | 29 | 29 | 29 | |
| 55⅛ | 38 | Reylnd 2.68 | 6 | 231 | 39⅛ | 38⅛ | 39 | — 1¼ |
| 61 | 36½ | Reyl pf 2.25 | | 64 | 38⅛ | 37 | 37 | — 2½ |
| 23⅛ | 12 | ReynMet .40 | 18 | 307 | 17⅛ | 17 | 17⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 63⅛ | 52⅛ | ReyM pf4.50 | | 3 | 55 | 54⅛ | 55 | — ½ |
| 40 | 38⅛ | ReyM pf2.37 | | 2 | 38⅛ | 38½ | 38½ | |
| 18⅛ | 8 | ReynSec .50 | 9 | 16 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 14⅛ | 8 | Richrdsn .80 | 4 | 17 | 8⅛ | 8 | 8½ | — ⅛ |
| 30⅞ | 25½ | RichMer .58 | 14 | 127 | 27⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 24⅛ | 15⅛ | Richmnd .60 | 7 | 51 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | — ½ |
| 29⅞ | 12 | RidderP .40 | 7 | 19 | 12⅛ | 12 | 12 | — 1⅛ |
| 20⅛ | 12 | RlenelT 1.10 | 3 | 3 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 9½ | RioGran .40 | 5 | 50 | 13⅛ | 13 | 13⅛ | |
| 12⅛ | 9⅛ | RioGr pf.80 | | 77 | 9⅛ | 9½ | 9½ | + ⅛ |
| 54⅛ | 14⅛ | RiteAid .10 | 13 | 272 | 14⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅞ | — 1⅛ |
| 40 | 17⅛ | RivlanF .94 | 12 | 18 | 19⅛ | 18⅛ | 19⅛ | + ½ |
| 6⅛ | 4⅛ | RoanST .99e | | 4 | 5 | 4⅛ | 5 | |
| 37⅛ | 17⅛ | Robshaw .90 | 5 | 32 | 15 | 10⅛ | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 22 | 14 | Robrtsn 1.10 | 5 | 13 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 20 | RobinsA .22 | 21 | 67 | 21⅛ | 21 | 21 | — 1 |
| 24⅛ | 17⅛ | RochGs 1.24 | 7 | 36 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | |
| 24⅛ | 14 | RochTl .70a | 9 | 41 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14 | — ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 7 | Rockwr .28 | 3 | 9 | 7⅛ | 7½ | 7⅛ | |
| 39⅛ | 19⅛ | Rockwll 1.80 | 5 | 164 | 23⅛ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 29⅛ | 28 | Rklnt pf1.25 | | 2 | 29 | 29 | 29 | — 1⅛ |
| 104 | 61⅞ | RohmH 1.17 | 14 | 125 | 68⅛ | 67⅛ | 68⅛ | — 1 |
| 69⅛ | 66⅛ | Rohrlnd .90 | 14 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 71 | — ⅛ |
| 34⅛ | 16⅛ | Rollinsin .18 | 15 | 87 | 18 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | — 1 |
| 7⅛ | 4⅛ | Ronson .20b | 5 | 13 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ¼ |
| 32⅛ | 12⅛ | Roper 1.10 | 5 | 23 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 29⅛ | 27 | RorerA .80 | 19 | 343 | 24⅛ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 18⅛ | Rosario .35r | 18 | 281 | 24⅛ | 23⅛ | 24⅛ | + 2⅛ |
| 24⅛ | 17⅛ | RoyCCol .64 | 9 | 225 | 19⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 44⅛ | 39⅛ | RoyD 2.48 | 5 | 54 | 39⅛ | 39⅛ | 39⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 5⅛ | Royal Ind | 4 | 94 | 6⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 8 | RTE Co .0?e | 13 | 29 | 10⅛ | 9⅞ | 10 | + ⅛ |
| 59⅛ | 32 | Rubbrm .32 | 25 | 194 | 34⅛ | 34 | 34⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 4⅛ | Rucker Co | | 61 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 8 | RussTog .70 | 3 | 29 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 46⅛ | 23½ | RydrSys .30 | 14 | 69 | 26 | 23 | 23 | — 2⅛ |

## S

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 | 2⅛ | Safeguard Ind | 5 | 35 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 44⅛ | 27¼ | Safewy 1.60 | 9 | 165 | 34⅛ | 34 | 34⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 35⅛ | 24⅛ | StJoeM 1.60 | 9 | 46 | 34⅛ | 33⅛ | 34 | — 1⅛ |
| 17 | 17⅛ | StJoLtP 1.12 | 7 | 5 | 18 | 18 | 18 | |
| 44⅛ | 27⅛ | StLSaF 2.50 | 6 | 44 | 30 | 29⅛ | 29 | — 1 |
| 18⅛ | 10⅛ | StPaul 1.04 | | 40 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | |
| 59⅛ | 37⅛ | StRegP 1.80 | 10 | 271 | 45⅛ | 44 | 44⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 4⅛ | SalentCo .34 | 3 | 29 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 29⅛ | 13⅛ | SanDGs 1.20 | 7 | 103 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | |
| 27⅛ | 8⅛ | Sandrs Assn | 8 | 43 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7 | — ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 8⅛ | Sangamo .60 | 5 | 45 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10 | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 13⅛ | S Juan 1.29t | 10 | 7 | 10⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | |
| 24⅛ | 20⅛ | SFe In 1.40a | 8 | 819 | 28⅛ | 26⅛ | 27⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 4⅛ | SFeInd pf.50 | | 17 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | |
| 52 | 34⅛ | SanFeInt .40 | 39 | 102 | 48⅛ | 47 | 47 | — 3 |
| 9½ | 4⅛ | SarWaSc .20 | 6 | 71 | 5 | 5 | 5 | — ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 11⅛ | SaulRE 1.55a | 7 | 98 | 13⅛ | 12⅛ | 13⅛ | — 1 |
| 14⅛ | 12 | SavanE 1.12 | 10 | 18 | 12⅛ | 12 | 12⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 3⅛ | SavA Sto .24 | 6 | 24 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 11⅛ | 4⅛ | SavOlDr .70 | 5 | 37 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 2⅛ | SavinB Mch | 13 | 47 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 7⅛ | 2⅛ | Saxon Ind | 3 | 489 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 5⅛ | SCA Svc | 6 | 14 | 6⅛ | 6 | 6 | — ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 4⅛ | Schaefer Cp | | 94 | 6⅛ | 5⅛ | 6 | — ⅛ |
| 87⅛ | 67⅛ | ScherPlg .62 | 34 | 325 | 77⅛ | 73⅛ | 73⅛ | — 3⅛ |
| 49⅛ | 29 | SchlitzBr .64 | 29 | 125 | 34⅛ | 33⅛ | 33⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 139 | 89⅛ | Schlmbg .40 | 56 | 279 | 122 | 120⅛ | 120⅛ | — 3⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 8⅛ | SCM Cp .40 | 4 | 61 | 9⅛ | 9½ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 4⅛ | SCOAInd .40 | 9 | 64 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 31⅛ | 9⅛ | ScotLFd .58 | 4 | 10 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10 | — ⅛ |
| 44⅛ | 19 | ScotFetz 1e | 6 | 24 | 19⅛ | 19 | 19⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 7⅛ | ScottFor .60 | 5 | 8 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 10⅛ | ScottPap .44 | 8 | 772 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 28⅛ | 17⅛ | ScovlMF .80 | 5 | 22 | 11 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 69 | 37 | Scovl pf7.50 | | 5 | 38 | 38⅛ | 38 | |
| 9½ | 5⅛ | ScudDuoVt | | 18 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ½ |
| 8⅛ | 7⅛ | Scud pf.67k | | 7 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 52⅛ | 21⅛ | SeaCt 2.20b | 5 | 210 | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 12 | 3⅛ | SbdWA .55t | 5 | 174 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 15⅛ | 5⅛ | Seagrve .24e | 3 | 35 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ½ |
| 29⅛ | 11 | SealPw .72b | 5 | 31 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 39⅛ | 27⅛ | SearleG .45 | 22 | 292 | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| 123⅛ | 80⅛ | Sears 1.60a | 19 | 354 | 87⅛ | 83⅛ | 83⅛ | — ½ |
| 9⅛ | 1 | Seatrain Lin | | 97 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 66⅛ | 34⅛ | Sedcolnc .08 | 32 | 74 | 43⅛ | 42⅛ | 43⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| 26⅛ | 10⅛ | Servmt .54 | 5 | 16 | 12⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 4⅛ | Shakspre .28 | 4 | 8 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 22 | 8 | Shapell .10 | 4 | 17 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 67⅛ | 45⅛ | ShellOil 2.40 | 11 | 138 | 58½ | 57⅛ | 59 | — 1⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 5⅛ | ShellrGl .56 | 3 | 19 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 24⅛ | 14 | ShllGl pf1.40 | | 4 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14 | |
| 34⅛ | 14 | ShllGl pf1.35 | | 11 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14 | — ½ |
| 51⅛ | 27⅛ | Sherw Wm 2 | 7 | 58 | 30⅛ | 30⅛ | 30⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 10 | 5⅛ | SiegelH .20e | 5 | 17 | 5⅛ | 5½ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 10 | SierraPc .86 | 7 | 44 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 16⅛ | Signal .60b | 7 | 102 | 19⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 57 | 36 | Signal pf2.20 | | 6 | 41 | 41 | 41 | |
| 34⅛ | 17⅛ | Signal pf 1 | | 2 | 18⅛ | 18 | 18 | — ½ |
| 54 | 38⅛ | Signode .84a | 14 | 5 | 41 | 40⅛ | 40⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 2⅛ | Simm Prec | 7 | 78 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 28 | 13⅛ | Simm .88a | 6 | 75 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 60⅛ | 41⅛ | SimPat .33a | 30 | 539 | 39⅛ | 37⅛ | 37⅛ | — 4⅛ |
| 73⅛ | 35 | Singer 2.60 | 7 | 380 | 37⅛ | 37 | 37⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 96 | 52⅛ | Singr pf3.50 | | 11 | 54 | 53⅛ | 53⅛ | — 1 |
| 24⅛ | 10⅛ | SkaggCo .40 | 7 | x59 | 12⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 72 | 52 | Skelly Oil 1 | 18 | 8 | 63⅛ | 62⅛ | 62⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 44 | 11⅛ | SkllCp .67p | 5 | 37 | 12 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 33⅛ | 9⅛ | Skyline .24 | 7 | 180 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10 | — ½ |
| 34⅛ | 11⅛ | SlaterW .41 | 7 | 6 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 77⅛ | 10⅛ | SmithAO .78 | 3 | 20 | 11⅛ | 11 | 11 | — ⅛ |
| 29 | 15 | SmithInt .22 | 24 | 192 | 27 | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 61⅛ | 41⅛ | SmithKline 2 | 14 | 49 | 49⅛ | 48⅛ | 48⅛ | — 1 |
| 22 | 10⅛ | SmithTr .40 | 5 | 19 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — 1 |
| 25⅛ | 13⅛ | Smucker .80 | 7 | 10 | 15 | 14½ | 14⅛ | — ½ |
| 20⅛ | 12 | SolaBas .56 | 6 | 2 | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | |
| 6⅛ | 2⅛ | Sonest 1.45c | | 219 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | — ⅛ |
| 57⅛ | 27⅛ | SonyCo .10e | 21 | 499 | 27⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | — 2 |
| | | Sony fn.10e | | 49 | 24⅛ | 24 | 24⅛ | |
| 34⅛ | 27⅛ | SooLin 1.80e | 4 | 20 | 32⅛ | 31⅛ | 30 | — ⅛ |
| 10 | 5⅛ | SOS Con .27 | 4 | 5 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| 25 | 15⅛ | SCarEG 1.43 | 8 | 62 | 16½ | 16 | 16 | — ⅛ |
| 24 | 14⅛ | SoJerin 1.56 | 6 | 1 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | |
| 20 | 8⅛ | Southdwn In | 3 | 55 | 11 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 29⅛ | 20⅛ | Sodw pf1.80 | | 11 | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 38⅛ | 27⅛ | SoeastBk .76 | 12 | 39 | 28⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 12⅛ | SoestPS 1.28 | 9 | 5 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 29⅛ | 17⅛ | SoCalE 1.56 | 7 | 661 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 20⅛ | 14⅛ | SouthCo 1.34 | 7 | 628 | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 65⅛ | 42⅛ | SoNRes 1.50 | 9 | 34 | 47⅛ | 45⅛ | 45⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 45 | 34⅛ | SoNETl 2.84 | 8 | 28 | 36 | 35⅛ | 35⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 33⅛ | 49⅛ | SNET pf3.82 | | 20 | 49⅛ | 49 | 49 | — ⅛ |
| 44⅛ | 28 | SouPac 2.16 | 9 | 203 | 35 | 33 | 33⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 50⅛ | 29⅛ | SouRy 1.92 | 10 | 126 | 43⅛ | 41⅛ | 42⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 7⅛ | 6⅛ | Sou Ry pf.50 | | 29 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 33⅛ | 24 | SouUGs 1.50 | 8 | 108 | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | |
| 32⅛ | 10⅛ | Southld .30b | 9 | 96 | 14 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ½ |
| 12⅛ | 7⅛ | SwstFor .20 | 9 | 27 | 8⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 18⅛ | SwtFl pf1.50 | | 7 | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 14⅛ | 10 | SwstPSv .82 | 9 | 124 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 30⅛ | 10⅛ | SperryHut 1 | 3 | 55 | 12 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 51⅛ | 32⅛ | Sprry H pf 3 | | 3 | 32⅛ | 32⅛ | 32⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 56 | 35⅛ | SperryR .66 | 14 | 412 | 43⅛ | 42⅛ | 42⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 32⅛ | 11 | Sprague El | 7 | 95 | 17⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 11 | SpringM .60 | 5 | 8 | 12⅛ | 11⅛ | 12⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 38 | 23 | SquarD 1.10 | 17 | 58 | 25⅛ | 25 | 25⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 114⅛ | 84⅛ | Squibb 1.62 | 24 | 82 | 86 | 85 | 85 | — 1⅛ |
| 31½ | 20⅛ | StaleyM 1.40 | 7 | 2 | 23⅛ | 23 | 23 | — ½ |
| 27⅛ | 22 | StPoor 1.18e | | 63 | 24½ | 24½ | 24⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 55⅛ | 46⅛ | StBrand 1.83 | 13 | 43 | 47⅛ | 46⅛ | 47⅛ | |
| 56⅛ | 30 | StBPaint .25 | 29 | 54 | 35⅛ | 34⅛ | 34⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 27⅛ | StOCal n1.70 | 6 | 1032 | 28⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 100⅛ | 76½ | StOilInd 2.68 | 14 | 576 | 98⅛ | 95⅛ | 95⅛ | — 3⅛ |
| 171 | 84⅛ | StOilOh 2.72 | 33 | 219 | 159⅛ | 150½ | 150½ | — 9½ |
| 81 | 75 | StdOilOh wl | | 2 | 80½ | 77 | 77 | — 3 |
| 9⅛ | 5 | StdPress .24 | 4 | 41 | 5⅛ | 5½ | 5½ | — ⅛ |
| 11⅛ | 8⅛ | StPrudnt .66 | 8 | 25 | 9⅛ | 8⅛ | 9⅛ | |
| 20⅛ | 9 | Standex .44 | 4 | 26 | 10 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 44⅛ | 27⅛ | StanWks .96 | 9 | 44 | 29⅛ | 28⅛ | 28⅛ | — 1 |
| 16⅛ | 8⅛ | Stanray .60 | 5 | 15 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 25 | 16⅛ | Starrett 1 | 7 | 8 | 19⅛ | 18⅛ | 19⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 28 | 13½ | StatMl 2.44e | 5 | 505 | 15 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 14 | 10⅛ | StatMS .81e | | 40 | 10⅛ | 11 | 11⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 55⅛ | 35⅛ | StauffChm 2 | 8 | 25 | 39 | 38½ | 38½ | — ⅛ |

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 54⅛ | 38 | Stau pf1.65a | | 2 | 38⅛ | 38⅛ | 38⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 10¼ | 6⅛ | Sterchl .48b | 5 | 9 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 37¼ | 27 | SterDrug .60 | 22 | 247 | 28⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 35⅛ | 23⅛ | StevensJP 2 | 4 | 45 | 24⅛ | 23⅛ | 23⅛ | |
| 35⅛ | 22⅛ | StewWa 1.92 | 7 | 12 | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 21⅛ | 13¼ | StokeVanC 1 | 5 | 22 | 14¼ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 14½ | 12⅛ | StokVC pf 1 | | z250 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 80¼ | 32¼ | StoneWeb 2e | 14 | 65 | 74⅛ | 71⅛ | 72 | — 2½ |
| 13½ | 8⅛ | StoneCon .40 | 5 | 2 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 44 | 12 | StorerBdg 1 | 6 | 38 | 13½ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 6⅛ | StrideRite .65 | 5 | 22 | 7 | 6⅛ | 7 | — ⅛ |
| 55 | 25½ | StuWor 1.32 | 5 | 39 | 26⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 88 | 66 | StgWr pf85 | | 1 | 68 | 68 | 68 | — 1 |
| 41⅛ | 21 | SIW pfA1.40 | | 4 | 21 | 21 | 21 | |
| 17⅛ | 1⅛ | SuavSh .20p | 4 | 125 | 2 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 33 | 15 | SubnPro .80 | 9 | 136 | 20½ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | — ½ |
| 10⅛ | 4⅛ | SuCrest .10e | | 2 | 7 | 7 | 7 | — ⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 14 | Sun Chm .40 | 5 | 3 | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 61⅛ | 42⅛ | SunOil .98r | 12 | 72 | 55⅛ | 54⅛ | 55⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 52 | 48⅛ | Sun O pf2.25 | | 97 | 50⅛ | 48⅛ | 49 | — 1⅛ |
| 34⅛ | 17 | Sunbeam .90 | 8 | 53 | 19 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 15⅛ | Sundstrd .80 | 13 | 75 | 25⅛ | 25 | 25 | — 2⅛ |
| 50⅛ | 39 | Sunds pf3.50 | | 7 | 42 | 41 | 41 | |
| 16⅛ | 9⅛ | SunshM .20e | 74 | 55 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 24⅛ | 13 | SupValu .76 | 6 | 28 | 14 | 13⅛ | 14 | — ⅛ |
| 353 | 201 | Supr Oil 1.40 | 52 | 28 | 284 | 270 | 270 | — 16 |
| 14⅛ | 5⅛ | SupmkG .20 | 9 | 7 | 6⅛ | 6½ | 6½ | — ⅛ |
| 40⅛ | 16⅛ | Suprscpe | 4 | 203 | 21½ | 19 | 19⅛ | — 3 |
| 19 | 10⅛ | Sutro 1.60e | 6 | 104 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 5⅛ | Swank .68a | 5 | 35 | 6⅛ | 5⅛ | 6 | + ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 20⅛ | Sybron .72 | 15 | 41 | 28⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 62 | 40⅛ | Sybrn pf2.40 | | 3 | 46⅛ | 46 | 46⅛ | + 2 |
| 15⅛ | 7⅛ | Systron Don | 6 | 8 | 8⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |

## T

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 58⅛ | 16 | Taft Brd .60 | 5 | 70 | 16¼ | 15¼ | 15½ | — ½ |
| 20 | 5⅛ | Talcott .27p | | 14 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| 11⅛ | 5 | Talley .60 | 4 | 36 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 8⅛ | Talley pfB 1 | | 16 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | — ⅛ |
| 22⅛ | 12⅛ | TampaE .88 | 8 | 107 | 15⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — 1 |
| 46⅛ | 18⅛ | Tandy Corp | 10 | 82 | 20⅛ | 19 | 19 | — 1⅛ |
| 23 | 6⅛ | Toppan .40 | 3 | 85 | 7⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 9⅛ | Technicon | 18 | 8 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — 1 |
| 56⅛ | 29⅛ | Tektronx .20 | 17 | 18 | 40⅛ | 40⅛ | 40⅛ | — ½ |
| 19⅛ | 4⅛ | Telecor .25 | 5 | 26 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5 | |
| 20½ | 9⅛ | Teledyn .59t | 4 | 87 | 11 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 78 | 63 | Telodyn pf 6 | | 10 | 65⅛ | 64 | 64 | — 1 |
| 24⅛ | 3⅛ | Teleprmpt | 5 | 424 | 4⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 9 | 2⅛ | Telex Cp | | 192 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | — ⅛ |
| 30⅛ | 19⅛ | Tennco 1.44 | 8 | 299 | 22⅛ | 21⅛ | 22⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 8⅛ | 3⅛ | Tennco wt A | | 495 | 3⅛ | 2⅛ | 3⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 112⅛ | 75½ | Tennc pf5.50 | | 15 | 83 | 82½ | 83 | — 1 |
| 49½ | 24 | Tesoro .100 | 11 | 332 | 45½ | 44 | 44 | — 1⅛ |
| 43⅛ | 25 | Texaco 1.76 | 6 | 797 | 27⅛ | 26⅛ | 26⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 61⅛ | 38⅛ | TexETr 1.58 | 14 | 83 | 49⅛ | 48⅛ | 48⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 43 | 22⅛ | TexGsT 1.64 | 6 | 291 | 24⅛ | 23⅛ | 24⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 33⅛ | 17⅛ | Texasplf .76 | 15 | 338 | 29⅛ | 27½ | 28½ | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 16 | Texasind 1b | 6 | 12 | 17⅛ | 17 | 17 | |
| 138⅛ | 83 | TexInst .68 | 31 | 443 | 101½ | 98⅛ | 100 | + ⅛ |
| 3 | 13⅛ | TexOilG .01 | 16 | 277 | 16⅛ | 14⅛ | 15⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 18⅛ | TexPLd .54a | 22 | 6 | 21⅛ | 21½ | 21⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 34½ | 20⅛ | TexUt 1.64 | 11 | 124 | 24⅛ | 23⅛ | 23⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 31⅛ | 8⅛ | Texfl Ind | 3 | 23 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | |
| 34⅛ | 16⅛ | Textron 1 | 8 | 79 | 22⅛ | 21½ | 21½ | — 1⅛ |
| 44⅛ | 28⅛ | Textr pf2.08 | | 7 | 30⅛ | 30 | 30⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 34⅛ | 19⅛ | Textr pf1.40 | | 1 | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 22 | 8⅛ | Thiokol .50 | 5 | 59 | 10⅛ | 10½ | 10½ | — ⅛ |
| 61½ | 43⅛ | ThomBet .64 | 26 | 45 | 46 | 45 | 45 | — 1½ |
| 21⅛ | 8 | Thomin .40b | 5 | 20 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 24⅛ | 8¼ | ThompJW 1 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| 12 | 6 | ThriftDg .37 | 6 | 15 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 28⅛ | 17⅛ | TI Corp 1.40 | 6 | 96 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 43⅛ | 23 | TidwatM .52 | 16 | 172 | 38⅛ | 37 | 37⅛ | — 2 |
| 63⅛ | 26⅛ | Time In 1.90 | 5 | 67 | 26½ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 15⅛ | TimeMir .32 | 10 | 148 | 17⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 42⅛ | 30½ | Timkn 1.80a | 6 | 42 | 31 | 30 | 30 | — 1 |
| 25 | 15½ | TishRlt .40b | 112 | 7 | 15⅛ | 15½ | 15⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 5⅛ | Tobin Pkg | | 3 | 6 | 5⅛ | 6 | + ⅛ |
| 24⅛ | 12 | TodShp .20p | 20 | 1 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | |
| 30⅛ | 22⅛ | ToledE 1.92 | 7 | 58 | 24 | 23⅛ | 24 | — ⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 12½ | TonkaCp .40 | 7 | 14 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 46 | 15⅛ | ToolRh 1.14t | 8 | 214 | 16½ | 15½ | 15⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 17½ | 6⅛ | ToolRol .40b | 9 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7 | |
| 69½ | 28⅛ | TraneCo .96 | 8 | 16 | 32⅛ | 31 | 31⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 44 | 26 | TranUn 1.44 | 13 | 28 | 39½ | 39 | 39⅛ | — ½ |
| 42⅛ | 13 | Trans W Air | 3 | 843 | 14½ | 14 | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 29⅛ | 18 | TWA pf 2 | | 5 | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 5⅛ | TrnWF .16e | 3 | 22 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 8⅛ | Transam .59 | 6 | 655 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 128 | 73 | Trans pf4.50 | | 2 | 73½ | 73 | 73 | — 2 |
| 21⅛ | 18⅛ | Tralnc 1.65e | | 40 | 19⅛ | 18⅛ | 19 | |
| 15 | 6⅛ | Transcn .43 | 5 | 31 | 6⅛ | 6½ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 40⅛ | 23⅛ | Travelers 1 | 9 | 162 | 34⅛ | 33 | 33⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 50⅛ | 36⅛ | Travelr pf 2 | | 28 | 41 | 39 | 39⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 34⅛ | 21 | TriCon 2.81e | | x63 | 23⅛ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 36⅛ | 31⅛ | TriCn pf2.50 | | x14 | 31⅛ | 31⅛ | 31⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 37 | 21½ | TriSM 2.92e | 7 | 21 | 23 | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 11⅛ | Trianlnd .90 | 5 | 12 | 12 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 21 | 11 | TrianPlc .40 | 3 | 27 | 12 | 11⅛ | 12 | |
| 27⅛ | 6 | Trinity .60 | 9 | 222 | 24⅛ | 23⅛ | 23⅛ | — 1 |
| 57⅛ | 16 | Tropicana | 18 | 164 | 21 | 19 | 19⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 34⅛ | 17½ | TRW In 1.12 | 6 | 101 | 19⅛ | 18⅛ | 19 | — ½ |
| 82½ | 55 | TRW pf4.50 | | 16 | 57 | 55½ | 55½ | — 1⅛ |
| 89⅛ | 55 | TRW pf4.40 | | 19 | 58 | 57⅛ | 57⅛ | — 1½ |
| 15⅛ | 10⅛ | TucsonG .84 | 6 | 21 | 11⅛ | 11½ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 5 | TwenCe .15e | 5 | 224 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 25¼ | 11⅛ | TylerCp .20 | 4 | 15 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |

## U

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 34½ | 15⅛ | UAL Inc | 10 | 675 | 19⅛ | 18⅛ | 19⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 22⅛ | 14⅛ | UARCO 1.10 | 6 | 16 | 15⅛ | 15 | 15 | — ⅛ |
| 19½ | 13⅛ | UGI Cp 1.32 | 6 | 34 | 14 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 21⅛ | 10 | UMC Ind .96 | 4 | 122 | 10½ | 10 | 10 | — ½ |
| 62⅛ | 35⅛ | U Camp 1.40 | 14 | 50 | 55½ | 54⅛ | 54⅛ | — 1½ |
| 51⅛ | 29⅛ | UnCarb 2.10 | 6 | 710 | 30⅛ | 29⅛ | 30 | — 1⅛ |
| 41⅛ | 14⅛ | UnCom 1.33 | 4 | 19 | 15⅛ | 15 | 15 | — ⅛ |
| 13⅛ | 4⅛ | Union Corp | 10 | 77 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ½ |
| 18⅛ | 14⅛ | Un Elec 1.28 | 9 | 143 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 100⅛ | 90 | Un El pf7.44 | | 1 | 90 | 90 | 90 | |
| 27⅛ | 2⅛ | Un Fidelity | 2 | 162 | 2⅛ | 2½ | 2⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 49⅛ | 32⅛ | UnOCal 1.70 | 9 | 434 | 46⅛ | 44⅛ | 45 | — 1½ |
| 64⅛ | 46⅛ | UOCa pf2.50 | | 403 | 61⅛ | 57⅛ | 57⅛ | — 3⅛ |
| 87½ | 51½ | UPacCp 2.40 | 14 | 76 | 83½ | 81⅛ | 81⅛ | — 2½ |
| 15½ | 9½ | UnPac pf.47 | | 21 | 14½ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ½ |
| 40 | 21⅛ | Unionam .84 | 8 | 42 | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 16 | 7⅛ | Uniroyal .70 | 5 | 188 | 7⅛ | 7½ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 106½ | 89 | Uniryl pf 8 | | z190 | 91 | 90 | 90 | — 1 |
| 46⅛ | 22½ | Unit Air 1.80 | 4 | 122 | 23⅛ | 22⅛ | 23 | |
| 12⅛ | 6 | Unit Brands | 5 | 80 | 7½ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 15½ | 12⅛ | UBrd pf1.20 | | 10 | 12⅛ | 12½ | 12⅛ | |
| 10 | 7⅛ | UnitCp .72e | | 41 | 8⅛ | 7⅛ | 8 | + ⅛ |
| 15 | 5⅛ | UnitFin Cal | 3 | 65 | 6 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 31 | 10⅛ | UnitGas .92 | 6 | 1 | 19⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 34⅛ | 25⅛ | U Illum 2.52 | 7 | 26 | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | |
| 9⅛ | 5 | UnitInd .34 | 4 | 12 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 6⅛ | 4⅛ | Unitin pf.42 | | 2 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 30⅛ | 5 | UnitInn .30 | 5 | 40 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5½ | |
| 23⅛ | 15⅛ | UJerBk 1.04 | 8 | 33 | 16⅛ | 15⅛ | 16⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 24⅛ | 10⅛ | UnMM 1.20 | 4 | 62 | 17½ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 20⅛ | 6 | Un Nuclr | | 60 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 2⅛ | 1⅛ | UnitPk Min | | 23 | 2 | 1⅞ | 2 | + ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 10⅛ | UnRelng .32 | 4 | 7 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 45⅛ | 30⅛ | CSFldG 2.40 | 9 | 38 | 35 | 34⅛ | 34⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 39⅛ | 18½ | USFor 6.05e | | 18 | 20⅛ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | — 1 |
| 24⅛ | 13⅛ | US Frgt 1.40 | 6 | 205 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 17⅛ | USGyps 1.60 | 5 | 143 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | 17½ | — ⅛ |
| 30⅛ | 21½ | USGy pf8.80 | | 4 | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 3⅛ | USHome .16 | 2 | 82 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 7⅛ | US Ind .85 | 3 | 309 | 7⅛ | 7½ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 35⅛ | 16½ | USLeasg .24 | 12 | 145 | 17⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 16⅛ | 9⅛ | US Rlty 1.36 | 10 | 27 | 9½ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 10⅛ | US Shoe .95 | 6 | 43 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 28⅛ | USSteel 1.60 | 6 | 248 | 30⅛ | 30⅛ | 32 | — ⅛ |
| 20 | 11⅛ | USTobac .76 | 9 | 11 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 13⅛ | |
| 22⅛ | 16 | UniTel 1.04 | 10 | 105 | 16 | 15⅛ | 16 | |
| 7⅛ | 1⅛ | UniTel wt | | 52 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 30 | 19⅛ | UnTl 2pf1.50 | | 3 | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 6 | Unitrode Cp | 8 | 26 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7⅛ | |
| 35 | 33⅛ | UnLeaf 1.76 | 6 | 8 | 35 | 34⅛ | 35 | + ½ |
| 20½ | 10⅛ | UnivOil .26e | 9 | 230 | 14 | 10⅛ | 14 | + ⅛ |
| 104⅛ | 72⅛ | Upjohn .89 | 38 | 271 | 87 | 84 | 85 | — 1⅛ |
| 16⅛ | 10 | UrisBld .20p | | 5 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| 39⅛ | 27⅛ | USLIFE .28 | 10 | 300 | 28½ | 27⅛ | 28 | — ⅛ |
| 14⅛ | 10⅛ | USLInc .90e | | 34 | 11 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 15 | USM stp .60 | 4 | 12 | 16⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 33⅛ | 26 | USM pf2.10 | | 3 | 26 | 26 | 26 | |
| 20 | 16⅛ | USM pf1.50 | | z70 | 17 | 17 | 17 | |
| 57 | 30⅛ | Utahlnt .62 | 29 | 212 | 33⅛ | 32 | 33½ | — 1⅛ |
| 39⅛ | 30⅛ | UtahPL 2.32 | 8 | 35 | 30⅛ | 32⅛ | 32⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 23 | UV Ind 1e | 4 | 35 | 28 | 27 | 27⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 71 | 65⅛ | UV In pf5.50 | | 2 | 66⅛ | 65⅛ | 65⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 29 | 20⅛ | UV In pf1.26 | | 3 | 21⅛ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | — 1⅛ |

## V

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 18½ | 9⅛ | Varian .05e | 10 | 106 | 11⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 20⅛ | 7⅛ | VCA Cp .44 | 4 | 34 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 34⅛ | 20½ | Veedr 1.72a | 6 | 4 | 25⅛ | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | — ½ |
| 15 | 5 | VendoCo .40 | 6 | 25 | 6 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 17 | 7 | Venice .20 | 5 | 6 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | — ½ |
| 15⅛ | 10⅛ | VestSe 1.14e | | 12 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 38⅛ | 18 | Vetco Offsh | 37 | 112 | 32½ | 31 | 31⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 34⅛ | 15⅛ | VF Corp .64 | 8 | 51 | 17⅛ | 17 | 17⅛ | + ½ |
| 20 | 4⅛ | Viacom Int | 7 | 201 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 18⅛ | 7 | VictCmp .50 | 7 | 52 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 18½ | VaEPw 1.18 | 6 | 822 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 104⅛ | 95 | VE 7? pf7.72 | | z180 | 97 | 95⅛ | 96 | + 1 |
| 70½ | 63 | VaE&P pf 5 | | z30 | 60⅛ | 63⅛ | 60⅛ | |
| 18⅛ | 3 | Vornado .97t | 5 | 222 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 27½ | 16⅛ | VSI Corp .52 | 5 | 38 | 18⅛ | 17⅛ | 18⅛ | — 1 |
| 29⅛ | 20½ | VulMat 1.40 | 6 | 14 | 24⅛ | 24 | 24⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 10 | VWR Un .64 | 5 | 6 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |

## W

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 44⅛ | 29½ | Wachova .76 | 14 | 24 | 32⅛ | 32 | 32⅛ | |
| 96⅛ | 60⅛ | Wach pf2.30 | | 2 | 69½ | 67⅛ | 69½ | |
| 32⅛ | 15⅛ | WacRl 2.44es | 7 | 82 | 17⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | |
| 26⅛ | 10⅛ | Walgreen 1 | 6 | 19 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 57½ | 49⅛ | WlkrA 1.40a | 10 | 12 | 51½ | 50⅛ | 50½ | — 1⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 14⅛ | Wall Bus .45 | 10 | 10 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 9⅛ | WallMu .60a | 3 | 20 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 14 | WalMar .05e | 17 | 11 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 30⅛ | 12 | Wang Labs | 16 | 44 | 18 | 18⅛ | 17 | — 1⅛ |
| 12 | 4⅛ | Ward Foods | | 19 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 20½ | 8⅛ | Warnaco .80 | 3 | 41 | 9 | 8⅛ | 9 | + ⅛ |

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 16 | 8⅛ | WrnerCo .50 | 5 | 3 | 9 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 39⅛ | 9 | WrnCom .40 | 3 | 203 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 100⅛ | 47⅛ | WrnC pf4.25 | | 1 | 47⅛ | 47⅛ | 47⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 55⅛ | 25⅛ | WarnL .72a | 23 | 663 | 27⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| 42⅛ | 22 | Warn S 1.20 | 10 | 22 | 24⅛ | 24 | 24 | — 1⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 20 | WashGs 1.63 | 6 | 18 | 21⅛ | 21 | 21⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 14⅛ | WashStl .88 | 4 | 6 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 22⅛ | 17⅛ | WasWP 1.44 | 8 | 79 | 18⅛ | 18 | 18⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 10⅛ | Waste Mgm | 17 | 173 | 14⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 4⅛ | 1⅛ | WatknJ .05e | 11 | 16 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 5 | WayGos .60 | 5 | 11 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 20⅛ | 16⅛ | WayG pf1.60 | | 3 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 6⅛ | 3⅛ | Wean Unit | | 9 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 5⅛ | Weathrd .40 | 3 | 23 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 8⅛ | 3⅛ | Webb Del E | 3 | 256 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 6⅛ | WeilMcL .54 | 3 | 19 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 20⅛ | 10⅛ | WelsMkt .50 | 7 | 14 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10 | — ⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 16⅛ | Welbilt Corp | | 75 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | |
| 29⅛ | 19⅛ | WellFgo .95 | 9 | 130 | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | 20 | — ⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 15⅛ | WllFM 2.74e | 7 | 29 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 21⅛ | 7⅛ | WelRG .68a | 3 | 47 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 10⅛ | WescoF .4e | 4 | 10 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 20⅛ | WestctTr .75 | 6 | 9 | 22⅛ | 20⅛ | 21⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 60⅛ | 58 | WlPP pf4.50 | | 250 | 58 | 58 | 58 | |
| 30⅛ | 19 | WlPrPep 1a | 6 | 32 | 22⅛ | 21⅛ | 22⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 14⅛ | 6½ | WnAirL .25e | 6 | 63 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 23½ | WnBnc 1.40 | 7 | 395 | 25⅛ | 23⅛ | 24 | — 1⅛ |
| 14½ | 6⅛ | Wn Pac Ind | 7 | 45 | 7⅛ | 6⅛ | 7 | + ⅛ |

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 49 | 16⅛ | WUnion 1.40 | 3 | 878 | 11⅛ | 10½ | 10⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 83 | 61 | Wn Un pf 6 | | 1 | 68⅛ | 68⅛ | 68⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 60 | 44 | WnUn pf4.60 | | 17 | 31 | 42⅛ | 43 | — 1 |
| 71 | 45⅛ | WnUn pf4.90 | | 79 | 49⅛ | 49 | 49 | — 1 |
| 47⅛ | 29⅛ | WestgEl .97 | 14 | 672 | 32⅛ | 30⅛ | 32⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 64 | 54 | Wst E pf3.80 | | z150 | 54⅛ | 54½ | 54⅛ | |
| 42⅛ | 19⅛ | Walvco 1.10 | 7 | 107 | 22⅛ | 20⅛ | 21⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 16⅛ | Weybrg 1.28 | 5 | 12 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | 16⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 42⅛ | 34⅛ | Weyhsr n.80 | 16 | 902 | 38⅛ | 37⅛ | 38⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 13 | 9⅛ | WhelFry .40 | 9 | 163 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 10⅛ | WheelPitt S | 7 5 | 4 | 17⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | |
| 61⅛ | 55 | WhelPit pf 6 | | z200 | 55 | 55 | 55 | |
| 51⅛ | 45⅛ | WhelPit pf 5 | | z150 | 44⅛ | 43⅛ | 43⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 23⅛ | Whirlpool .80 | 10 | 177 | 24 | 23⅛ | 24 | — ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 9⅛ | WhitCon .80 | 3 | 268 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 47⅛ | 34 | WhitC pfC 3 | | 5 | 37 | 37 | 37 | |
| 75 | 8⅛ | White Motor | 5 | 60 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | — ⅛ |
| 7⅛ | 2 | Whittaker | 37 | 314 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 29⅛ | 17⅛ | WickesCrp 1 | 5 | 105 | 17⅛ | 11 | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 8 | 5⅛ | WiebtSt .25b | 5 | 13 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 47⅛ | 17⅛ | WillRoss .48 | 20 | 91 | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | — 2⅛ |
| 72⅛ | 37 | Williams Co | 16 | 359 | 77⅛ | 69 | 69 | — 2 |
| 51⅛ | 19 | Wms Co wt | | 104 | 50⅛ | 49⅛ | 49⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 27⅛ | WinnDx 1.56 | 16 | 38 | 36⅛ | 36⅛ | 35⅛ | — ½ |
| 29⅛ | 3 | Winnebago | 8 | 203 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 23⅛ | 21 | WisEl P 1.72 | 9 | 56 | 24⅛ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 28 | 14⅛ | WiscPS 1.24 | 7 | 23 | 15⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ½ |
| 23⅛ | 16⅛ | Witco 1.04 | 5 | 19 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — ½ |

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 60 | 40 | Witco pf2.65 | | 5 | 43⅛ | 43⅛ | 43⅛ | — ½ |
| 7⅛ | 2½ | WolvW .05p | 3 | 9 | 3⅛ | 2⅛ | 3⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 16⅛ | 7⅛ | Wometco .50 | 6 | 38 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 9⅛ | WoodsCp .48 | 5 | 102 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10 | — ½ |
| 30⅛ | 18⅛ | Wolwth 1.20 | 5 | 160 | 18⅛ | 17⅛ | 18 | — ½ |
| 47⅛ | 30⅛ | Wolw pf2.20 | | 6 | 32⅛ | 31⅛ | 32⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 7⅛ | 2½ | World Arwy | 6 | 16 | 4 | 4 | 4 | + ⅛ |
| 69⅛ | 54 | Wrigly 2.40a | 10 | 14 | 53⅛ | 53 | 53 | — 1 |
| 17⅛ | 6⅛ | Wurlitzr .80 | 10 | 9 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 3 | Wyly Corp | | 92 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | — ⅛ |

## X

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 170 | 102⅛ | XeroxCp 1 | 33 | 64 | 109⅛ | 103⅛ | 103⅛ | — 6⅛ |
| 29½ | 16⅛ | Xtra 1.51t | 4 | 40 | 18⅛ | 16⅛ | 17⅛ | — 1 |

## Y

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 16⅛ | 9¼ | YngSDr .30e | 8 | 3 | 10⅛ | 10¼ | 10¼ | — ¼ |

## Z

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 43⅛ | 16 | ZaleCorp .72 | 6 | 76 | 16¼ | 16 | 16 | — ¼ |
| 37⅛ | 16⅛ | Zapata .10e | 6 | 75 | 25⅛ | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 73 | 47⅛ | Zapata pf 2 | | 1 | 56 | 56 | 56 | |
| 27⅛ | 4⅛ | Zayre Corp | 2 | 108 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 55 | 25⅛ | ZenithR 1.52 | 8 | 105 | 26 | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 20⅛ | 9 | Zurn Ind .28 | 8 | 47 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |

z—Sales in full.

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vi—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

| Commodity and unit | Wed. | Year ago |
|---|---|---|
| **FOODS** | | |
| Cocoa Accra, lb. | *.65½ | *.38 |
| Coffee 4 Santos, lb. | *.70 | *.57¼ |
| **TEXTILES** | | |
| Printcloth 64-60 38½ yd.. | .50 | .21 |
| **METALS** | | |
| Steel billets (Pitt.) ton.. | 132.00 | 126.00 |
| Iron 2 Fdry Phila ton.. | 87.92 | 83.28 |
| Steel scrap No 1 hvy Pitt. | 78-79 | 42-43 |
| Lead, spot lb | 19-19 | 14½-15 |
| Copper elec. lb | 68.15-69½ | 50½-⅝ |
| Tin (Straits), lb. | 3.055 | 1.76 |
| Zinc. E St L basis, lb.. | 20½-32 | 18 |
| Silver N Y. oz | 3.105 | 1.93⅜ |
| **COMMODITY Indices** | | |
| Moody's Index (base 100 Dec. 31, 1931) | 686.3 | 474.5 |

* Nominal

NEW YORK FUTURES

Dec. 12, 1973

World sugar No. 11: March 11.22 b, May 10.54 b, July 9.90 b, Sept 9.30 b, Oct. 9.05, March 8.45, May 8.11.

Wool: Dec. 238.0 b, March 246.0 a, July 240.0 a.

Cocoa: Dec. 56.95, March 53.60, May 51.75, July 50.90, Sept. 51.15, Dec. 48.20, March 47.64.

Copper: Dec. 102.25, Jan. 95.20, March 83.00, May 79.60, July 77.00, Sept. 75.80, Oct. 75.10, Dec 73.90, Jan. 73.30.

Orange juice: Jan. 56.05, March 58.85, May 57.45 b, July 57.00 b.

Silver: Dec. 309.00, Jan. 309.30, Feb. 310.70, March 312.10, May 313.70, July 315.00, Sept. 317.40, Dec. 320.00, Jan. 320.80, March 322.70.

b—Bid a—Asked n—Nominal

COTTON No. 2

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Ch. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| March | 82.00 | 82.25 | 80.60 | 80.60 | —195 |
| May | 77.05 | 77.05 | 77.70 | 77.70 | —200 |
| July | 77.00 | 77.50 | 75.70 | 75.70 | —200 |
| Oct. | 67.50 | 67.85 | 66.55 | 66.55 | —300 |
| Dec. | 63.10 | 63.10 | 61.55 | 61.55 | —200 |
| March | 62.00 | 62.00 | 61.90 | 60.65 | —200 |
| May | 61.00 | — | — | 60.65 | —200 |

(b) Bid. (a) Asked

CHICAGO FUTURES

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **WHEAT** | | | | | |
| Dec | 5.72 | 5.78 | 5.47 | 5.52 | 5.63 |
| Mar | 5.52 | 5.57 | 5.28 | 5.31 | 5.43 |
| May | 5.33 | 5.37 | 5.05 | 5.06 | 5.21½ |
| Jul | 4.55 | 4.64 | 4.37 | 4.42 | 4.50 |
| Sep | 4.52 | 4.60 | 4.37 | 4.41 | 4.48 |
| **CORN** | | | | | |
| Dec | 2.63 | 2.71¼ | 2.64¾ | 2.65½ | 2.69 |
| Mar | 2.73 | 2.76¾ | 2.70 | 2.73¼ | 2.75 |
| May | 2.75½ | 2.79¼ | 2.72½ | 2.73 | 2.77 |
| Jul | 2.78 | 2.80¼ | 2.74 | 2.75 | 2.73¼ |
| Sep | 2.74 | 2.74 | 2.67 | 2.68 | 2.71 |
| Dec | 2.60 | 2.61¼ | 2.53½ | 2.54 | 2.53 |
| Mar | 2.50½ | 2.60½ | 2.55¼ | 2.56¼ | 2.61¼ |
| **SOYBEANS** | | | | | |
| Jan | 6.32 | 6.39 | 6.19 | 6.21 | 6.28 |
| Mar | 6.37 | 6.45 | 6.24 | 6.26 | 6.35 |
| May | 6.33½ | 6.48½ | 6.28 | 6.23 | 6.33 |
| Jul | 6.40 | 6.53¼ | 6.30 | 6.32 | 6.41 |
| Sep | 6.23 | 6.37 | 6.23 | 6.20 | 6.27 |
| Nov | 6.22 | 6.31 | 6.13 | 6.13 | 6.22 |
| Jan | 6.22 | 6.34 | 6.14 | 6.15 | 6.24 |
| **SOYBEAN OIL** | | | | | |
| Dec | 27.45 | 27.45 | 25.35 | 25.70 | 27.45 |
| Jan | 25.20 | 25.30 | 24.12 | 24.25 | 25.15 |
| Mar | 22.30 | 22.35 | 21.25 | 21.40 | 22.05 |
| May | 21.15 | 20.40 | 19.35 | 19.40 | 20.25 |
| Jul | 17.50 | 19.81 | 18.65 | 19.00 | 19.60 |
| Aug | 19.20 | 19.50 | 18.55 | 18.55 | 19.15 |
| Sep | 18.00 | 18.85 | 18.25 | 18.50 | 18.90 |
| Oct | 18.00 | 18.20 | 17.90 | 17.90 | 18.00 |
| **SOYBEAN MEAL** | | | | | |
| Dec | 193.00 | 198.00 | 192.00 | 197.50 | 191.50 |

## Wednesday's New Highs and Lows

NEW HIGHS—5

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ASA Ltd | Dome Mine | Rosario Res |
| vamRLk | Homestke | |

NEW LOWS—237

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Abbott Lab | Farah Mfg | Nat Stand |
| Addressog | Federal Co | Nat Tea |
| Alberto Cul | Feder Dev | NewEng GE |
| Alexandrs | FlexiVan Cp | NLT Corp |
| Amer Hess | Flintkote | NorAm Phil |
| AmeHess pf | Flintkt ptA | NSPw 4.11pf |
| AmAir Filt | FMC Cp pf | NSPw 3.60pf |
| Am Airlin | Food Fair | OgdenCp pf |
| Am Cyan | FtHow Pap | Olin Corp |
| ADualVst pf | Fruehf Corp | Outbd Mar |
| Am Invest | Gamb Skog | Oxford Ind |
| Am Medical | Gatewy Ind | Pac T&T pf |
| A Std 4.75pf | Gemini Cap | Penn Fruit |
| Amfac Inc | Gen Inszru | Penney JC |
| Amstal Cp | GTelFla pf | PetInc 2dpf |
| Angelica | Gillette Co | Pet Inc pf |
| APL Cp pfB | Grant WT | Petrolane |
| Aro Corp | GtAtlP | Pickwck Int |
| Arvin Ind | GrtLkDred | Pit Forging |
| Assd DGds | GtrWshInv | Polaroid |
| Avco Corp | Grolier Inc | PPG Ind |
| Avery Prod | Hobart Mfg | PSA Inc |
| Avis Inc | Holiday Inn | PSEG 6.50pf |
| Avon Prod | Holly Sug | PSEG 4.30pf |
| Baker Ind | Honeywell | Publick Ind |
| BanCal Tr | Horizon Cp | QuakOat 3pf |
| Bandag Inc | Houghf Miff | Questor |
| BankofVa | HseF 2.37pf | Rite Aid |
| Benef 4.30pf | ImpCpAm | Rockwel Int |
| Bliss Laug | Industrl Nat | RockInt pfB |
| Boeing | Int Indst pf | Ryder Sys |
| Brist Myer | Int Multifd | Salant Cp |
| BristMy pf | IntTelZel | Saul REst |
| BdwyHa pf | IntT&T pf N | Sav On Drg |
| Buff Forge | Iowa PSvc | Saxon Ind |
| Bunk Ramo | ITE Impert | Schaefer Cp |
| Burroughs | IU Int Cp | SCOA Ind |
| Cadence Ind | IUInt A | Scott Fetzer |
| Caro FrgIC | IU Int pf | Seagrave |
| Carter Wall | JerCe 8.12pf | Searle GD |
| CCI Corp | Johnson Svc | Simmons |
| CCI Corp pf | JohnsSv pf | Simp Pat |
| Ceco Corp | Jon Logan | Smucker J |
| Chelsea Ind | Jostens | Sonesta |
| Chem NY | KCPL 4.50pf | Sony Corp |
| Chesebrgh | Kidde pfB | SoNETel pf |
| CI Rltylnv | Levi Straus | StokeVC pf |
| City Invest | LFE Cp pf | Sutro Mtg |
| Cluett Pea | Liberty Cp | Taft Brdcst |
| CluetPea pf | Ligg Myers | Time Inc |
| CNA F pfA | Litton cvpf | Timken Co |
| Coca Cola | Lynch CSys | Transcn Lin |
| CBS | Macke Co | Tri-Cont pf |
| Comput Sci | Magnavox | Union Elec |
| ConFds pf A | Manpower | Un Fidelity |
| Cook Unit | Marathn Mf | Vendo Co |
| Cordura Cp | Marsh Field | VSI Corp |
| Crocker Nat | MasMu Mtg | Ward Foods |
| Daylin Inc | Matsush El | WarnC pfB |
| Dayln Hud | May DStr | Weil McLn |
| Diebold In | McGraw Ed | Wn Bancorp |
| Dillinghm | McGrw Hill | Wstn Union |
| DonLuf Jen | Melv Shoe | WnUn 4.60pf |
| Duke 7.80pf | MGM | WnUn 4.90pf |
| Duke 6.75pf | Metromed | WhlgPit 5pf |
| Duqsne Lt | Microwave | Whirlpool |
| Edison Bros | Midld Ross | White Cons |
| Engelh Min | Murry Ohio | Wickes Cq |
| Fairch Ind | Nat Detroit | Wrigley |

## U.S. Profit Margins Drop 10% in Quarter

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (AP-DJ).—U.S. manufacturers' after-tax profit margins in the third quarter equaled 4.6 cents on each dollar of sales, down 10 percent from the second quarter but up 10 percent from the year-ago period, the Federal Trade Commission said today.

The annual rate of return on stockholders' equity stood at 12.2 percent in the third quarter, compared with 14 percent in the second quarter and 10.1 percent in the third quarter last year.

# U.S. Commodity Prices

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan | 197.00 | 199.66 | 194.00 | 197.00 | 194.00 |
| Mar | 189.20 | 191.00 | 187.00 | 187.00 | 187.50 |
| May | 183.00 | 185.00 | 181.00 | 183.00 | 182.00 |
| Jul | 182.00 | 185.00 | 180.20 | 181.03 | 181.00 |
| Aug | 183.00 | 183.00 | 181.00 | 182.00 | 181.0 |
| Sep | — | — | — | 181.00 | 181.00 |
| Oct | — | — | — | 179.00 | 177.00 |

b-Bid; a-Asked; n-Nominal.

SILVER

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec | 307.50 | 310.00 | 307.00 | 308.00 | 312.50 |
| Feb | 314.60 | 314.00 | 311.70 | 311.50 | 314.80 |
| Apr | 316.50 | 316.70 | 313.70 | 313.70 | 317.60 |
| Jun | 315.00 | 317.20 | 315.00 | 315.00 | 319.00 |
| Aug | 317.80 | 319.30 | 316.00 | 316.60 | 320.00 |
| Oct | 317.20 | 322.80 | 317.00 | 318.00 | 321.50 |

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec | 319.80 | 322.50 | 317.00 | 320.00 | 322.50 |
| Feb | 322.03 | 323.30 | 320.50 | 322.50 | 323.50 |

LIVE BEEF CATTLE

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec | 37.50 | 38.57 | 36.75 | 36.75 | 37.75 |
| Feb | 45.30 | 45.65 | 44.90 | 45.15 | 45.40 |
| Apr | 48.42 | 48.75 | 48.30 | 48.40 | 48.55 |
| Jun | 47.60 | 49.85 | 49.10 | 49.50 | 49.05 |
| Aug | 48.70 | 48.80 | 49.25 | a49.60 | 48.50 |
| Oct | 47.70 | 48.55 | 47.70 | a53.22 | b47.50 |

Sales: Dec 1164; Feb 4892; April 3076; June 1555; Aug 160; Oct 40.

SHELL EGGS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec | 65.90 | 67.30 | 65.70 | 67.55 | 66.00 |
| Jan | 55.70 | 55.60 | 55.60 | 56.15 | 56.23 |
| Feb | 51.73 | 52.00 | 51.30 | 51.40 | 51.50 |

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mar | 50.45 | 50.50 | 50.00 | 50.30 | 49.90 |
| Apr | 47.75 | 48.00 | 47.70 | 47.95 | 47125 |
| May | 45.75 | 45.75 | 45.05 | 45.45 | 45.50 |
| Jun | 46.95 | 46.95 | 46.45 | b46.45 | n45.45 |

Sales Dec 420; Jan 916; Feb 151; Mar 120; Apr 25; May 12; Jun 2.

LIVE HOGS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec | 41.50 | 41.90 | 41.05 | 41.50 | a42.12 |
| Feb | 45.00 | 45.35 | 44.55 | 45.32 | 45.30 |
| Apr | 44.45 | 45.10 | 44.25 | 45.10 | 44.45 |
| Jun | 46.60 | 47.50 | 46.60 | 47.50 | 46.60 |
| Jul | 47.20 | 48.30 | 47.20 | 48.00 | 47.40 |
| Aug | 46.40 | 47.40 | 46.15 | 47.40 | 46.70 |
| Oct | 44.00 | 44.60 | 44.00 | b44.60 | 44.25 |
| Dec | 44.00 | 44.75 | 44.00 | b44.75 | 44.00 |

Sales: Dec 784; Feb 1825; April 895; June 220; July 100; Aug 52; Oct 13; Dec 10.

FROZEN PORK BELLIES

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb | 65.20 | 65.70 | 64.65 | 64.10 | 66.50 |
| Mar | 64.82 | 65.15 | 63.70 | 64.05 | 65.00 |
| May | 65.70 | 65.80 | 64.20 | a64.90 | 65.47 |
| Jul | 65.63 | 65.25 | 64.95 | 65.22 | 65.60 |
| Aug | 64.15 | 64.70 | 63.45 | 63.80 | b64.50 |
| Feb | 57.10 | 57.50 | 55.20 | a56.20 | a55.30 |

Sales: Feb 3150; March 572; May 721; July 231; Aug 61; Feb 13.

Open interest: Feb 3850; March 1657; May 871; July 925; Aug 310; Feb 251.

b—Bid; a—Asked; n—Nominal.

12-12-73 C? 52pcs

# European Markets

(Yesterday's closing prices in local currencies)

**Amsterdam**

| | |
|---|---|
| AKZO | 47.70 |
| Albert Heijn. | 77.50 |
| Algembank. | 253 |
| Amrobank. | 55 |
| A'dam | 141 |
| Fokker | 23.20 |
| Heineken | 223 |
| H.V.A. | 72 |
| Holland-Am.. | 130.55 |
| Hoogovens | 55.50 |
| K.L.M. | 66 |
| Philips new. | 32.30 |
| Robeco | 194.70 |
| Rolinco | 133.30 |
| Royal Dutch. | 63.50 |
| Unilever | 121.70 |
| Van Ommer. | 309 |
| Ver.Mach. | 123 |

**Brussels**

| | |
|---|---|
| Arbed | 3,930 |
| Brux.Lamb. | 2,325 |
| Cock-Ougree. | 1,516 |
| Electrobel | 6,430 |
| GB Ente | 2,230 |
| Hoboken | 5,200 |
| Pétrofina | 6,370 |
| Ph Gevaert | 1,323 |
| Soc.Générale | 2,650 |
| Solvay | 2,270 |
| Un.Minière | 1,338 |

**Frankfurt**

| | |
|---|---|
| AEG | 121.50 |
| BASF | 132 |
| Bayer | 132 |
| Commerzbk. | 152.20 |
| Cont.Gummi. | 63 |
| Daimler-Benz | 235 |
| Demag | 127.50 |
| DeutBank | 226.50 |
| DresdeBank. | 170.60 |
| Ge's Aktien. | 82 |
| Hoesch | 49.20 |
| Karstadt | 295 |
| Kaufhof | 184 |
| KHD | 75.50 |
| Lufthansa | 47 |
| Mannesmann | 143 |
| Metallgesell. | 249 |
| Neckermann. | 95 |
| Rheinstahl | 147 |
| RWE new | 142 |
| Schering | 313 |
| Siemens | 254.30 |
| Thyssen | 57.70 |
| Veba | 154 |
| Volkswagen. | 105 |

**London**

| | |
|---|---|
| Anglo-Am Cp | 2.80 |
| Anglo-Am' | 22.50 |
| BarclayBk. | 2.95 |
| BeechamGr. | 2.54 |
| BICC | 1.24 |
| Boots | 2.23 |
| Bowater | 1.52 |
| Brit.AmTob. | 2.30 |
| Brit.Cxyg. | 0.42 |
| Brit.Pet | 5.34 |
| BLMC | 0.19¼ |
| Burmah | 3.52 |
| Cadbury Sch. | 0.50¼ |
| Chartered | 1.24 |
| Courtaulds. | 1.02 |
| Daggafont | 0.09 |
| DeBeers D | 2.44 |
| Decca Rec. | 2.78 |
| Distillers | 1.35 |
| Dunlop | 0.49 |
| E. Mus'Ind. | 1.20 |
| FreeStGed. | 9.35 |
| GEC | 1.20 |
| GKN | 1.81 |
| GlaxoGr. | 3.80 |
| Gt.Uni.St.(A) | 2.35 |
| Guinness | 1.03 |
| Hawker-Sidd. | 3.04 |
| Hudson Bay. | 9.15 |
| ImpChem. | 1.93 |
| Imps | 0.74 |
| Mar&Spen. | 2.07 |
| MetalBox | 3.25 |
| Nicho's | 0.61 |
| Plessey | 1.00 |
| RandMines. | 1.90 |
| Rank Org | 35 |
| Royal Dutch. | £16⅛ |
| R.T.Z. | 1.72 |
| Shell | 2.34 |
| Thorn (A) | 3.20 |
| Tube Invest. | 2.35 |
| Union Cor. | 2.20 |
| Vickers | 0.94 |
| War L3½ | £21⅛ |
| West Deep. | 9.35 |
| West Drief. | 20.50 |
| West Hold. | £17⅜ |
| West Min. | 0.37 |
| Woolworth | 0.62 |
| ZCI | 0.49 |

**Milan**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bastogi | 1,706 |
| Erba | 15,150 |
| Ercole Marell | 750 |
| Fiat | 1,737.50 |
| Finsider | 332.50 |
| Generali | 64,550 |
| IFI | 4,760 |
| Italgas | 890 |
| Italsider | 653 |
| LaRinas | 274 |
| Montedis | 791 |
| Olivetti | 1,615 |
| Pirelli | 1,233 |
| SniaVisco. | 1,715 |
| Terni | 160 |

*Ex Rights.

**Paris**

| | |
|---|---|
| AirLiquide | 239.50 |
| Alimentaire. | 133 |
| BSN | 1,700 |
| Carrefour | 2,370 |
| Cim.Lafarge. | 181.50 |
| Citroën | 54 |
| Cie.Bancaire. | 476 |
| CFP | 177.80 |
| CGE | 384 |
| CCF | 135 |
| Ferodo | 322 |
| L'Oréal | 2,180 |
| Mach.Bull | 47 |
| Michelin | 1,166 |
| Moet Henn. | 1,030 |
| Moulinex | 3,340 |
| Nickel | 79 |
| Paribas | 164.50 |
| PUK | 120.90 |
| Penarroya | 53.70 |
| Perrier | 297 |
| Peugeot | 215 |
| Rh.Poulenc. | 134 |
| Sacilor | 87.50 |
| St.Gobain | 140.70 |
| Suez | 280 |
| Télémécaniqu | 821 |
| Thomson | 251.10 |
| Usinor | 104.50 |

**Zurich**

| | |
|---|---|
| Alusuisse | 1,920 |
| B. Boveri | 915 |
| Ciba-Geigy | 1,330 |
| Cr.Suisse | 3,020 |
| Fischer | 870 |
| HoffRocheb. | 113,500 |
| Nestlé | 3,530 |
| Sandoz | 2,650 |
| Sté B.Suisse. | 3,170 |
| Sulzer | 3,060 |
| U.B. Suisses. | 3,585 |

# International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

**Dollar Bonds**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Anglo-Am 7½-87.. | 87½ | 89½ |
| Amax 8-76 | 98¼ | 99¼ |
| Amax 8¼-86 | 99¼ | 100¼ |
| ASEA 8½-86 | 96 | 97 |
| Ashland 8-87 | 93¼ | 95¼ |
| Aust-Swiss 8-87 | 93¼ | 94¼ |
| Bk Tokyo 7¾-78 | 97¼ | 98¼ |
| Barclay 8¼-86 | 99¼ | 100¼ |
| Beecham 8¼-86 | 95¼ | 96¼ |
| BICC 7¾-87 | 90½ | 91½ |
| Borregaard 8¼-86 | 97¼ | 98¼ |
| CN PTT 8-86 | 97¼ | 95¼ |
| Carlsberg 8¼-86 | 100 | 101 |
| Carrier 8-87 | 95 | 96 |
| C. Lafarge 8¾-86 | 93½ | 95½ |
| Com Union | 93 | 99 |
| Cons. Food 7½-91 | 90 | 91 |
| Cont Oil 7-80 | 94 | 95 |
| Conoco 8-86 | 96½ | 97¼ |
| Cont Tel 8¼-86 | 93½ | 99½ |
| Copen Coun 7½-87 | 92 | 93 |
| Copen Tel 8½-86 | 99 | 100 |
| Corning 8½-86 | 100¼ | 101¼ |
| Cut Ham 8-87 | 95½ | 96½ |
| Denmark 9-82 | 103¼ | 104¼ |
| Denmark 7½-90 | 88½ | 90 |
| Dow Cor 8½-86 | 100 | 101 |
| Dupont 7½-78 | 94¼ | 95¼ |
| E.D.F. 8½-86 | 97¼ | 100¼ |
| E.I.B. 7½-90 | 89 | 91 |
| Esso 7½-76 | 95¼ | 97¼ |
| Esso 8-86 Nov | 98½ | 99½ |
| Escom 8¼-86 | 94½ | 95½ |
| FinMtgBk 8½-86 | 97½ | 98½ |
| First Chic 7-80 | 91 | 92 |
| Ford 8-81 | 92¼ | 97¼ |
| Gen Cable 8¼-87 | 96½ | 97½ |
| GenMills 8-86 | 98¼ | 99¼ |
| GenMot 8¼-76 | 100 | 101 |
| GenMot 8¼-86 | 102½ | 103½ |
| G.H.H. 7¾-88 | 89¼ | 97¼ |
| Granges 8½-89 | 95½ | 96½ |
| GTE 8¼-86 | 93½ | 99½ |
| Guar Roy 8-87 | 92½ | 93½ |
| Haas 8-78 | 98 | 97 |
| Haas 8¼-86 | 100½ | 101½ |
| Hambros 7¾-86 | 91¼ | 92¼ |
| Helsinki 8¼-86 | 93¼ | 99¼ |
| Hill Samuel 8½-86 | 98 | 99 |
| Iceland 8-87 | 92½ | 93½ |
| I.C.I. 7½-92 | 89 | 90 |
| I.N.I. 8-97 | 90 | 91 |
| Ireland 8¼-89 | 93½ | 95 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| I.S.E. 8¼-86 | 94 | 99 |
| Intl Util 8¼-82 | 97 | 98 |
| Kimberley 8½-86 | 100¼ | 101¼ |
| Klein Ben 8¼-87 | 95¼ | 96¼ |
| Lyons 8¼-86 | 93 | 99 |
| Mafina 4½-88 | 94 | 95 |
| Metro Est 8¼-86 | 94¼ | 95¼ |
| Montecnto 8¼-85 | 102½ | 103½ |
| Mount Isa 8¼-86 | 95½ | 96½ |
| Newfoundl'd 8½-86 | 100½ | 101½ |
| Nickel (Le) 9-86 | 100½ | 101½ |
| NorskKomBk 7½-8 | 89½ | 93½ |
| Ontario 8¼-86 | 97¼ | 100¼ |
| Oslo 8¼-86 | 96¼ | 97¼ |
| Otis-Elv 8¼-85 | 100¼ | 101¼ |
| OwensCorn 9-86 | 102½ | 103½ |
| Pac. Light 8-86 | 95¼ | 95¼ |
| Pekema 8¼-86 | 97¼ | 95¼ |
| Pennwalt 8-86 | 94½ | 95½ |
| Petronor 8½-86 | 95¼ | 95¼ |
| PhilMorris 8½-78 | 99¼ | 100¼ |
| PhilMorris 8½-86 | 102½ | 103½ |
| Plessy 8½-86 | 96¼ | 97¼ |
| QuebecHyd 8½-86 | 101¼ | 102¼ |
| Queb. Prov. 7½-88 | 93 | 94 |
| Queensid 8½-86 | 95½ | 97½ |
| Ralston 7½-87 | 90 | 91 |
| Rank 8½-86 | 95½ | 100½ |
| Richardson 8¼-85 | 100½ | 101½ |
| S.A.S. 8-88 | 94¼ | 95¼ |
| Scott 8¼-86 | 100¼ | 101¼ |
| Shell 8-86 | 96½ | 97½ |
| Shell 7½-87 | 91½ | 92½ |
| St. Ind. 8½-88 | 100 | 101 |
| Sth Africa 8-87 | 87¼ | 95¼ |
| Sybron 8-87 | 94½ | 95½ |
| Tenneco 7¾-87 | 93½ | 94½ |
| Textron 7¾-87 | 93¼ | 94¼ |
| Transamer 8½-86 | 97½ | 98½ |
| Transocean 8-86 | 97½ | 98½ |
| Transocean 8-84 | 97¼ | 93¼ |
| Transocean 7½-87 | 91½ | 92½ |
| T.R.W. 8¼-86 | 98½ | 99½ |
| Union Oil 7-79 | 93 | 94 |
| Union Oil 7½-87 | 92½ | 93½ |
| Utah 8-87 | 95 | 96 |
| Volvo 8-87 | 93½ | 94½ |
| Wellcome 8¼-87 | 95 | 96 |
| Will Glyn 8¼-87 | 95½ | 96½ |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Am Tob 5¼-88 | 96 | 97½ |
| Ashland 5-88 | 90½ | 92 |
| Beatrice 4½-92 | 89½ | 91 |
| Borden 5-92 | 80 | 81½ |
| BroadHale 4¾-87 | 75 | 76½ |
| Carnation 4-88 | 70½ | 72 |
| Chevron 5-88 | 97 | 98½ |
| Chrysler 4¾-88 | 53½ | 60 |
| Chrysler 5-88 | 60½ | 62 |
| Con Tel 5½-88 | 87 | 88½ |
| Cummins In 6¼-86 | 90 | 91½ |
| Dart Ind 4¾-87 | 98 | 99½ |
| EastKodak 4½-88 | 116½ | 118½ |
| Econ Lab 4¾-87 | 97 | 98½ |
| Fedders 5-92 | 59½ | 61 |
| Firestone 5-88 | 74½ | 76 |
| Ford 6-86 | 83 | 84½ |
| Ford 5-88 | 74½ | 76 |
| GenElec 4¼-85 | 97 | 100½ |
| GenElec 4¼-87 | 91 | 92½ |
| Gen Foods 4¾-82 | 80 | 81½ |
| Gillette 4¾-87 | 77 | 78½ |
| Halliburt 4½-87 | 135 | 136½ |
| Honeywell 6-86 | 89 | 90½ |
| ITT 4¼-87 | 73½ | 75 |
| I.S.E. 6¼-89 | 89 | 90½ |
| Mass Mut 6¼-87 | 78½ | 80 |
| McDerm 4¾-87 | 151½ | 153 |
| Miles 4¾-93 | 76 | 77½ |
| Morgan JP 4¼-87 | 119 | 120½ |
| Motorola 4½-83 | 126 | 127½ |
| Murphy Oil 5-89 | 161 | 163 |
| Nabisco 5¼-88 | 93½ | 95 |
| Owens Ill 4½-87 | 93½ | 95 |
| PanAm 5¼-88 | 59½ | 58 |
| Penney JC 4½-87 | 86 | 87½ |
| Phil Lamp 4¾-83 | 93½ | 95 |
| Rank 4¼-93 | 71½ | 73½ |
| R.C.A. 5-88 | 74½ | 76 |
| Revlon 4¾-87 | 85 | 86½ |
| Sperry 4¼-88 | 95 | 96½ |
| Squibb Intl 4¼-87 | 91 | 92½ |
| Texaco 4½-88 | 77½ | 79 |
| UnCarb 4¾-82 | 86½ | 88 |
| WarnLam 4½-87 | 92 | 93½ |
| WarnLam 4¾-88 | 83½ | 85 |

**Convertible Bonds**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Addressog 4¾-88. | 58½ | 60 |
| Amexco 4¼-87 | 92 | 93½ |
| Amoco 5½-84 | 129½ | 131 |

**Bondtrade—Index**

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966=100)

| | Med. | Long | Conv. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Yesterday. | 97.43 | 91.58 | 113.52 |
| Previous | 97.25 | 91.48 | 114.65 |

## Market Summary

**Most Actives—New York**

Dec. 12, 1973

| | Sales | Close | N.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alberto Cul | 245,500 | 7⅛ | + ⅛ |
| Avon Prod | 198,500 | 60½ | —5 |
| Publick Ind | 162,700 | 2⅛ | — ⅛ |
| Gen Motors | 143,300 | 48⅛ | —1⅛ |
| Am Tel&Tel | 137,400 | 47 | —1⅛ |
| Hek Corp | 133,400 | 13½ | +1¼ |
| East Kodak | 124,300 | 107⅛ | —2 |
| Ramada In | 118,100 | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| Am Cyan | 117,100 | 19 | — ⅛ |
| Goodyear | 110,200 | 13 | — ⅛ |
| Chrysler | 107,500 | 15⅛ | —1⅛ |
| FedNat Mtg | 106,100 | 16⅛ | — ½ |
| StdOl'Cal n | 103,200 | 27⅛ | —1⅛ |
| Am T&T wt | 102,600 | 3⅛ | — ⅛ |
| Alrco Inc | 97,000 | 17 | |

| | Today | Prev. day |
|---|---|---|
| Volume (millions) | 18.19 | 23.10 |
| Advances | 191 | 511 |
| Declines | 1395 | 1029 |
| Unchanged | 247 | 317 |
| Total Issues | 1823 | 1856 |
| New 1973 highs | 5 | 23 |
| New 1973 lows | 237 | 95 |

**Most Actives—American**

| | Sales | Close | N.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Rollins Intl | 229,900 | 3⅛ | —1⅛ |
| Hycel Inc | 105,450 | 1⅛ | — ½ |
| Syntex | 96,500 | 103½ | —5 |
| Houst Oil M | 51,500 | 55⅛ | —2⅛ |
| Marindug B | 32,300 | 3⅛ | |
| Texas Intl | 30,570 | 8⅛ | + ⅛ |
| Asamera O | 29,400 | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| Champ Ho | 25,900 | 3⅛ | — ⅛ |
| Resortintl A | 29,000 | 2 | + ⅛ |
| McCull Oil | 27,300 | 4⅛ | — ⅛ |
| Approx total stock sales | | 3,290,000 | |
| o/Stock sales year ago | | 3,925,835 | |

**American Stock Index:**

| High | Low | Close | N.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 90.75 | 89.11 | 83.86 | —2.17 |

### Dow Jones Averages

| | | Open | High | Low | Close | Net |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30 | Ind | 825.13 | 823.64 | 806.27 | 810.73 | —22.45 |
| 20 | Trn | 176.42 | 178.76 | 170.81 | 172.20 | —9.22 |
| 15 | Util | 87.81 | 88.51 | 86.72 | 87.18 | —0.25 |
| 65 | Stk | 259.64 | 250.74 | 253.34 | 255.38 | —6.45 |

### Standard & Poor's

| | High | Low | Close | N.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 425 Industrial | 105.98 | 104.02 | 104.75 | —2.87 |
| 20 Railroads | 40.79 | 37.67 | 39.79 | —1.20 |
| 55 Utilities | 46.22 | 45.27 | 45.72 | —0.55 |
| 500 Stocks | 95.32 | 92.70 | 93.57 | —2.47 |

### NYSE Index

| | High | Low | Close | N.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Composite | 50.46 | 49.83 | 49.83 | —1.37 |
| Industrials | 54.94 | 54.52 | 54.52 | —1.57 |
| Transportat. | 33.73 | 33.55 | 33.56 | —1.27 |
| Utility | 33.22 | 33.04 | 33.04 | —0.60 |
| Finance | 62.61 | 62.09 | 62.09 | —1.59 |

### Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

Shares

| | Buy | Sales | *Short |
|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 11 | 433,472 | 479,161 | 11,004 |
| Dec. 10 | 431,512 | 445,816 | 9,507 |
| Dec. 9 | 494,667 | 429,826 | 7,961 |
| Dec. 6 | 373,270 | 497,961 | 10,742 |
| Dec. 5 | 372,935 | 487,855 | 9,705 |
| Dec. 4 | 330,797 | 508,946 | 11,108 |

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

**ELLIS AG ZUERICH**
Weinplatz 6
Phone: 27 41 47 Telex: 53 641
BROKERS FOR
Stocks-Eurobonds-Eurodeposits

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

St Michael

The Ordinary Shares
of
**Marks & Spencer Ltd**
are now listed on the
**Stock Exchanges of Amsterdam, Brussels and Paris**

The listings have been arranged through
**N. M. Rothschild & Sons Limited**
by

**Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V.**
**Pierson, Heldring & Pierson**
**Amsterdam**

**Société Générale de Banque S.A.**
**Banque Lambert S.C.S.**
**Brussels**

**Société Générale**
**Banque Rothschild**
**Paris**

Copies of an English Introduction Document and of the respective national prospectuses are available for inspection at the offices of any of the above Banks or by application to the Company.

*DECEMBER, 1973*

# American Stock Exchange Trading

| 1973 High | 1973 Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 26⅝ | 9⅝ | AAR Cp .02e | 6 | 11 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9½ | -⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 4⅝ | AAV Cos .20 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | -⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 1¼ | Acme Haml | 175 | 2 | 1¾ | 1⅝ | 1¾ | -⅛ |
| 2¼ | ¾ | Acme Prec | 6 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 36 | 3½ | Action Ind | 4 | 14 | 3¾ | 3½ | 3¾ | +⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 2 | Adam Russl | 6 | 5 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | +⅛ |
| 6¼ | 1 | ADM Indust | | 8 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 17½ | 7½ | Adobe Corp | 19 | 19 | 11⅝ | 11⅛ | 11¼ | -⅜ |
| 12 | 10⅛ | AdobeOil Gs | | 30 | 11⅛ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | -½ |
| 5½ | 1⅛ | A&EPlast P | 2 | 12 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | +¼ |
| 2⅝ | 1½ | Aerodex Inc | | 1 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 7½ | 3⅛ | AeroFlo .15e | 5 | 1 | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ | -⅛ |
| 4⅛ | ⅞ | Aeronca Inc | | 12 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1⅛ | +⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 1 | Aerosol | 4 | 9 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 8⅝ | 2⅝ | AffilCap .39t | 3 | 15 | 2⅞ | 2¾ | 2¾ | -⅛ |
| 3⅝ | ⅞ | Affil Cp wt | | 20 | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ | |
| 16⅞ | 4⅝ | AfflHsp .20 | 7 | 3 | 4½ | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | -⅛ |
| 16¼ | 6¼ | AfflPub .65e | 5 | 19 | 8 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | -⅜ |
| 16 | 2¾ | AIC Phr .56t | 4 | 24 | 3⅛ | 2⅞ | 3 | -¼ |
| 4⅛ | 1⅝ | Aiken Ind | 5 | 6 | 1¾ | 1⅝ | 1¾ | -⅛ |
| 12 | 6⅝ | Airborn Frt | 8 | 20 | 6⅝ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | -⅜ |
| 11¼ | 5¼ | Airpax .45t | 4 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| 24⅝ | 11⅝ | Airwick .16 | 16 | 28 | 10⅛ | 12⅞ | 10 | -½ |
| 19⅝ | 10⅝ | Alan Wood | 3 | 1 | 12 | 12 | 12 | +⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 4¼ | Alaska Airl | | 18 | 5½ | 5¼ | 5¼ | |
| 4⅝ | 1½ | Alba Waldn | | 5 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | |
| 2⅝ | ⅞ | AllAmer Ind | | 8 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 17 | 4½ | Alleghy Airl | 9 | 38 | 6 | 5½ | 5½ | -⅜ |
| 10½ | 2½ | AllegA wtO | | 7 | 3¼ | 3⅛ | 3¼ | -⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 1¾ | AllegA wtN | | 10 | 2½ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 10⅞ | 4½ | Allies Cp wt | | 1 | 5½ | 5½ | 5½ | -⅛ |
| 10⅞ | 6⅝ | AllanTR .88t | 5 | 3 | 8¼ | 8⅛ | 8¼ | +⅜ |
| 4½ | 1⅞ | Allied Art | 15 | 19 | 2⅞ | 2¾ | 2⅞ | -⅛ |
| 26½ | 13⅝ | AlldThr 1.20 | 4 | 5 | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼ | -⅝ |
| 2⅝ | 1⅞ | Alpha Ind | 13 | 4 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| 7½ | 4 | Altamil Cp | 4 | 2 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| 1⅝ | ½ | Altec Corp | | 74 | 9-16 | ½ | ½ | -1-16 |
| 1¼ | ⅛ | Altec Cp wt | | 2 | ½ | ½ | ½ | |
| 7⅝ | 7 | AlterFds .50 | 4 | 22 | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | |
| 84⅝ | 48⅝ | Alcoa pf3.75 | | z400 | 50¼ | 50 | 50 | -⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 7⅝ | AlumSpc .44 | 11 | 5 | 10¾ | 9¾ | 9¾ | -½ |
| 6⅝ | 2⅝ | Amco Ind | 17 | 1 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 16⅝ | 5 | AHessLL wt | | 118 | 12⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | -⅝ |
| 4⅝ | 1¾ | Am Agroncs | | 21 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | |
| 14 | 5⅝ | AmBilrt .50 | 4 | 28 | 6⅜ | 6½ | 6½ | -¼ |
| 26⅝ | 14⅝ | AmBusP .20 | 16 | 6 | 14½ | 14¼ | 14⅝ | -½ |
| 3½ | ⅛ | ACenMtg wt | | 26 | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ | -¼ |
| 30⅝ | 20⅝ | AFitch 2.77e | 6 | 37 | 20¾ | 20¾ | 21¼ | -⅞ |
| 5 | 1⅝ | AmFltch wt | | 22 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | |
| 16½ | 7¾ | A GarP .12e | 5 | 11 | 8¼ | 8 | 8 | +¼ |
| 6 | 3⅝ | Am Int Pict | 5 | 2 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 | -⅛ |
| 10⅞ | 5⅝ | Alsraell .26e | 5 | 34 | 5⅞ | 5⅝ | 5⅞ | |
| 9 | 5½ | AMaizeA .33 | 5 | 5 | 5⅞ | 5⅝ | 5⅞ | |
| 7 | 5⅞ | AMaizeB .33 | 5 | 3 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | +⅛ |
| 9 | 5⅛ | AmMot Inns | 5 | 57 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | -½ |
| 40½ | 29½ | A Petrl 1.20 | 9 | 27 | 28¾ | 28½ | 28½ | -¾ |
| 14⅝ | 5½ | A Plen 1.02t | 6 | 1 | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | -¼ |
| 11 | 7⅛ | A R'ty 1.25e | 9 | 17 | 8⅝ | 8¼ | 8⅜ | -⅜ |
| 2¼ | ½ | AmRltyT wt | | 10 | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ | |
| 16¼ | 2½ | Am Recreat | 4 | 122 | 2⅞ | 2¾ | 2⅞ | -⅛ |
| 16⅛ | 5 | A SafeE .58t | 3 | 68 | 5 | 4¾ | 5 | |
| 6¼ | 3¼ | A Techl .11e | 3 | 10 | 3¼ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | -¼ |
| 26¾ | 5½ | AmTrain Sv | 5 | 52 | 5⅝ | 5 | 5 | -½ |
| 62 | 7⅝ | AMICCp .04 | 5 | 23 | 9 | 8⅝ | 8⅞ | -⅜ |
| 3¼ | 1⅛ | Andrea Rad | | 3 | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ | |
| 2⅞ | 1⅜ | Anglo L .10e | 11 | 14 | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | |
| 24⅝ | 3½ | Anthony Ind | 2 | 23 | 4 | 3¾ | 4 | +⅛ |
| 2 | ⅝ | AO Indust | 7 | 67 | 13-16 | 11-16 | 11-16 | -1-16 |
| 4 | 1⅝ | Applid Data | 7 | 3 | 1⅞ | 1⅝ | 1⅞ | +⅛ |
| 30½ | 20 | Aquit Ca .20 | 22 | 1 | 24½ | 24½ | 24½ | +⅛ |
| 2⅛ | 9-16 | Argus Inc | | 18 | ⅞ | 11-16 | ⅞ | |
| 22¾ | 12⅝ | Ariz Col .08a | 8 | 13 | 13¼ | 13 | 13 | -⅜ |
| 12⅛ | 7⅝ | ArzCol pf.48 | | 5 | 8¾ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | +⅛ |
| 29⅝ | 19⅛ | ArkLGs 1.30 | 8 | 44 | 25¾ | 24⅞ | 25⅛ | -½ |
| 16⅝ | 6½ | Armac Ent | 3 | 20 | 7¼ | 6½ | 6½ | -⅞ |
| 17⅝ | 6⅝ | Armin Co | 4 | 21 | 8¼ | 8 | 8 | -⅛ |
| 10¾ | 4⅞ | Arrow Elect | 4 | 18 | 5½ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | -⅛ |
| 18¼ | 8 | Arundel .89t | 6 | 36 | 8½ | 8 | 8⅛ | -⅜ |
| 4⅛ | 2⅛ | Arwood Cp | | 3 | 2¾ | 2⅝ | 2¾ | +⅛ |
| 17 | 8 | Asamera O | 20 | 294 | 12½ | 11½ | 11⅝ | -⅞ |
| 16½ | 9¾ | AshlOil Can | 12 | 28 | 11⅞ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | -1 |
| | | AshlOil In | | 3 | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | -⅛ |
| 3⅛ | ⅛ | AskinSv .08t | | 10 | ⅜ | ⅜ | ⅜ | -⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 3⅞ | Aspro .40b | 9 | 8 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5⅛ | |
| 4⅞ | 1⅛ | AssdFd .05p | | 6 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 6⅝ | 2⅝ | Astrex Inc | 6 | 4 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | -⅛ |
| 10½ | 6⅛ | Atalanta Cp | 4 | 11 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ | -⅛ |
| 2 | 1 | Atco Ind | 7 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 7¾ | 1⅞ | AticoMtg wt | | 27 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | +½ |
| 30½ | 10⅛ | AtlCMi 1.150 | 6 | 4 | 25⅞ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | -¼ |
| 1¾ | 13-16 | Atlas Cp wt | | 89 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | +⅛ |
| 34⅝ | 17⅝ | Augatinc .10 | 24 | 7 | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | -⅛ |
| 86½ | 11 | Austral Oil | 25 | 25 | 17¼ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | -⅜ |
| 9⅛ | 3⅛ | Auto Bldg | 3 | 22 | 3½ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | -⅛ |
| 7½ | 2⅝ | Autmat Rad | 4 | 45 | 2¼ | 2 | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 4⅝ | AutmSvc .20 | 4 | 5 | 5¼ | 5⅛ | 5¼ | -¼ |
| 67 | 41 | Auto Switch | 14 | 2 | 44 | 43½ | 43½ | -1 |
| 8 | 1¾ | AVC Corp | 6 | 40 | 2½ | 2⅛ | 2¼ | -⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 2⅞ | AVEMC .14 | 7 | 63 | 3¾ | 3½ | 3¾ | +⅛ |
| 45¾ | 31½ | Avondl 1.15a | 7 | 2 | 31¾ | 31¾ | 31¾ | -⅞ |
| 20⅝ | 10¾ | AVX Corp | 10 | 16 | 12⅞ | 12 | 12⅞ | |
| **B** | | | | | | | | |
| 6⅝ | 4⅝ | BaldSec .31e | | 8 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 18⅝ | 12⅛ | BanFd 1.45e | | 24 | 13¾ | 13⅝ | 13¾ | |
| 4⅛ | 1 | BanePun wt | | 13 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 25⅝ | 18 | BanstrCtl Lt | 10 | 35 | 20⅛ | 19¾ | 19¾ | -⅝ |
| 8⅛ | 6⅛ | BankrU .20e | 17 | 21 | 6¾ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | +⅛ |
| 7¼ | 2 | Banner Oil | 3 | 5 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | -⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 2⅝ | Barbra Lyn | 5 | 1 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | -⅛ |
| 7⅞ | 1⅞ | Barclay Ind | 7 | 9 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 3½ | Barnes Eng | | 5 | 3⅞ | 3¾ | 3¾ | -⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 7⅝ | Barnwel Ind | 29 | 10 | 8⅝ | 8¼ | 8¾ | |
| 12⅛ | 3⅞ | Barry R .421 | 6 | 10 | 4 | 4 | 4 | +⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 5 | BarryWr .32 | 5 | 8 | 5½ | 5⅛ | 5½ | -⅛ |
| 3½ | 1 | Bartell Med | 3 | 22 | 1¼ | 1⅛ | 1¼ | |
| 8⅝ | 2⅝ | Barth Sp .27 | 6 | 10 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 4⅛ | 2 | Bartons Cdy | 14 | 16 | 2 | 1⅞ | 2 | |
| 3½ | 1 | Baruch Fost | | 5 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | -⅛ |
| 7½ | 2⅝ | Barwick ET | 5 | 16 | 2¾ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | -⅛ |
| 7⅞ | 3 | BasinPet Cp | 13 | 35 | 6⅝ | 6 | 6⅛ | +⅛ |
| 10⅞ | 8⅝ | BayrkU .90e | | 12 | 9½ | 9¼ | 9¼ | -⅛ |
| 4 | ½ | Bhaviort RL | 2 | 43 | ⅝ | ½ | ½ | -⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 1⅝ | Bell Ind .08 | 4 | 17 | 1⅞ | 1¾ | 1¾ | -⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 14½ | BenSM 2.82e | 5 | 10 | 18 | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | |
| 8⅛ | 1⅝ | BenStMg wt | | 26 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 6½ | 2⅝ | Benrus Crp | 5 | 26 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 15¼ | 3 | Berg En .44t | 7 | 7 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | +⅛ |
| 8 | 4½ | BergRlt .57e | | 11 | 5¼ | 5⅛ | 5¼ | |
| 1 | ⅛ | BergRlt wt | | 24 | ½ | ½ | ½ | |
| 7⅝ | 3 | Berg Bruns | 40 | 18 | 3½ | 3¼ | 3¼ | -¼ |
| 17 | 10⅛ | Brg B pfl.16 | | 2 | 10⅞ | 10⅝ | 10⅞ | |
| 8¼ | 3⅝ | BernzOmat | 8 | 13 | 4⅝ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 8½ | 4½ | Bertea Corp | 5 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | -¼ |
| 10½ | 5⅝ | BervenC .10 | 5 | 46 | 4 | 3¾ | 3⅞ | |
| 3⅞ | 1⅞ | Bethlem Cp | | 4 | 1⅞ | 1¾ | 1¾ | -¼ |
| 4⅞ | 1⅝ | Beverly Ent | 9 | 71 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 14⅞ | 3¾ | BevHill Bnc | 5 | 34 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | -⅛ |
| 32½ | 10⅝ | Bic Pen .27 | 11 | 10 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | +¼ |
| 5⅝ | 2¼ | BlgV Supmk | 5 | 1 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | -⅛ |
| 20½ | 13⅝ | BlnkMf .80a | 6 | 4 | 14¼ | 14 | 14 | -½ |
| 37¼ | 10¼ | BinnySm.72 | 7 | 2 | 11 | 10¾ | 11 | |
| 16⅝ | 5 | Bio Dynam | 17 | 109 | 14⅞ | 13½ | 14⅛ | -⅝ |
| 10⅞ | 4½ | Blessing .40 | 4 | 7 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 4⅞ | 1⅞ | Blount .08 | 3 | 22 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 4⅛ | 2½ | Bluebird Inc | 4 | 30 | 3 | 2⅝ | 3 | +⅛ |
| 24¼ | 7 | Bodin Ap .40 | 3 | 10 | 9⅛ | 8½ | 8½ | -⅜ |
| 13½ | 4 | Bohack Crp | 90 | 16 | 5⅝ | 4½ | 4½ | -⅞ |
| 12⅝ | 5⅝ | Bolt Berank | 8 | 17 | 7⅛ | 7¼ | 7¼ | -⅛ |
| 44⅞ | 19¼ | Bowmar Ins | 6 | 172 | 23⅝ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | -1¼ |
| 25¼ | 5⅛ | Bowne .20 | 5 | 6 | 6⅛ | 6¼ | 6¼ | -⅞ |
| 55 | 25⅝ | BowVall .10 | 118 | 101 | 29¼ | 28½ | 28½ | -1½ |
| 25¼ | 6 | Brad Regan | 6 | 25 | 6⅞ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | +⅛ |
| 50 | 20¼ | BradfCm Sy | 27 | 9 | 20½ | 20 | 20 | -¾ |
| 8 | 3 | Brnchin .25 | 6 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 3 | -⅛ |
| 17½ | 9½ | BranltAr wt | | 3 | 9⅜ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | -⅛ |
| 27⅞ | 15⅞ | BrascanLt 1 | 4 | 29 | 16½ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | -⅜ |
| 12½ | 4⅝ | ColwMtg wt | | 11 | 5½ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | -¼ |
| 20½ | 12½ | BraunEn .44 | 4 | 1 | 14 | 14 | 14 | +½ |
| 10⅝ | 3¼ | Breeze Corp | | 3 | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ | -¼ |
| 16¼ | 9½ | Brewer .40 | 5 | 1 | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | |
| 3¼ | 1¼ | BroDart Ind | 7 | 9 | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ | |
| 9⅞ | 4⅝ | BrookP .16a | 7 | 2 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | -⅜ |
| 6 | 2 | BrownCo wt | | 10 | 3½ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | -¼ |
| 32⅛ | 16½ | BwnFA .40b | 10 | 3 | 16½ | 16¼ | 16½ | +¼ |
| 33⅝ | 15⅝ | BwnFB .40b | 10 | 6 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15¼ | -¼ |
| 5¼ | 5 | BrwnF pf.40 | | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | -⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 2¼ | Buehler Cp | 8 | 12 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | -⅛ |
| 15⅞ | 7⅛ | Buell In .25r | 4 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| 8½ | 2⅝ | Bulldex .20 | 3 | 4 | 3½ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | -⅛ |
| 27⅞ | 11 | Bundy 1.08a | 4 | 29 | 12⅝ | 12¼ | 12¼ | -⅜ |
| 20¼ | 8⅛ | BurnsInt .60 | 7 | 9 | 8¼ | 8¼ | 8¼ | -⅛ |
| 10⅞ | 4⅛ | Butler Aviat | 3 | 47 | 5 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | -¼ |
| 37½ | 16 | Buttes G Oil | 29 | 260 | 30½ | 29⅛ | 29⅝ | -¾ |
| **C** | | | | | | | | |
| 8⅝ | 1⅞ | Cabicom Gn | | 12 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| 13½ | 5 | Cagles In A | 3 | 13 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5⅛ | +⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 7⅝ | Caldor .15b | 5 | 50 | 8⅛ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | -⅛ |
| 16¼ | 5⅝ | Calcomp | 6 | 69 | 8½ | 8 | 8 | -⅝ |
| 4⅞ | 2¾ | Calvert Exp | 17 | 5 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 13¾ | 5½ | Camco INC | | 1z? | | 6 | 6⅛ | + |
| 8½ | 5 11-16 | CampChib | 7 | 16 | 6½ | 6¼ | 6¼ | -⅜ |
| 13¾ | 7⅝ | Campin .30b | 3 | 1 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | -⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 2¾ | CdnExp GO | 40 | 26 | 3 7-16 | 3¼ | 3¼ | -3-16 |
| 11 | 5 9-16 | Cdn Homstd | 89 | 20 | 6 7-16 | 5 15-16 | 5 15-16 | -⅝ |
| 13¾ | 6⅞ | CdnHydr .25 | 9 | 2 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | |
| 14 | 9⅞ | CdnInP 1.08 | 4 | 113 | 12½ | 12⅛ | 12½ | |
| 5⅝ | 3⅛ | CdnMarc .15 | 11 | 2 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 8⅛ | 4⅝ | Cdn Merrill | 16 | 12 | 5 | 5 | 5 | +⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 9⅝ | Cdn Occidnt | 31 | 3 | 10½ | 10½ | 10½ | |
| 61⅛ | 41 | Cdn SuprOil | 65 | 44 | 59 | 58⅝ | 58⅝ | -1⅜ |
| 4⅝ | 1½ | Canveri Int | | 11 | 1¾ | 1⅝ | 1¾ | +⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 1⅛ | CapitlFd .12 | 5 | 10 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 13¾ | 6⅝ | Cap Ind .33e | 5 | 7 | 7½ | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | -⅛ |
| 2⅛ | 3⅝ | Caressa .20 | 4 | 148 | 3⅝ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | |
| 103 | 59¼ | Carnat .88a | 17 | 104 | 64 | 59½ | 60 | -4½ |
| 15½ | 9⅝ | CarPipl .84b | 6 | 3 | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¼ | +⅛ |
| 72½ | 61½ | CaroPL pf 5 | | z450 | 61 | 61 | 61 | -1¼ |
| 9⅝ | 2¼ | Carr wt | | 25 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -¼ |
| 9 | 1¾ | Carrols Dev | 8 | 43 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | -⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 16⅞ | Castle AM 1 | 3 | 2 | 19¾ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | -⅛ |
| 2¼ | 1⅛ | Castleton In | 14 | 63 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 | -⅛ |
| 20½ | 10 | Castlwd Int | 13 | 14 | 11½ | 11 | 11 | -⅝ |
| 15 | 6½ | Cavitron Cp | 19 | 23 | 8⅛ | 7⅝ | 8 | +⅛ |
| 3⅞ | 1⅞ | CDI Corp | 5 | 22 | 2⅛ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| 4⅞ | ⅞ | CelluCraft | | 21 | 1¼ | 1 | 1 | |
| 47⅝ | 40½ | CenM pf3.50 | | z20 | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | -⅛ |
| 56¼ | 51 | CenPL pf 4 | | z25 | 50½ | 50½ | 50½ | -1 |
| 8⅝ | 4⅝ | CentSec .09e | | 6 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 15½ | 9 | Cenvill Com | 2 | 153 | 9⅝ | 8⅛ | 8½ | -⅞ |
| 6¼ | 2¾ | CertifCp .33f | 4 | 9 | 2⅝ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | -⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 15-16 | Cerfron Cp | 16 | 42 | 1 | 15-16 | 1 | -⅛ |
| 9½ | 4⅞ | ChadMill .40 | 4 | 3 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5 | -⅛ |
| 14⅞ | 3⅛ | ChamH .02h | 7 | 289 | 3⅞ | 3¼ | 3¼ | -⅝ |
| 3 | 1½ | Charan Ind | 4 | 2 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | |
| 7⅞ | 2¾ | Chartr Med | 5 | 23 | 3¼ | 3 | 3¼ | |
| 8⅝ | 6 | CHB Fd .55t | 4 | 4 | 6⅞ | 6¾ | 6⅞ | |
| 7⅞ | 2 | CHC Corp | 5 | 2 | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ | -⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 3½ | ChmExp .20 | 4 | 3 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 10⅞ | 7⅝ | CherryB .24 | 32 | 18 | 10 | 9½ | 10 | |
| 27¼ | 21⅞ | ChIRiv 1.60a | 7 | 1 | 21¾ | 21¾ | 21¾ | -½ |
| 11¼ | 3⅝ | ChicUnl .51t | 7 | 6 | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3½ | -⅛ |
| 20¼ | 7⅝ | Child World | 12 | 13 | 7¾ | 7¼ | 7¼ | -⅝ |
| 4⅞ | 1⅝ | Christian Co | 8 | 13 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| 17⅞ | 14½ | CICvF 1.59e | | 6 | 15⅛ | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | -⅛ |
| 4¼ | 1 | CIMtgGr wt | | 35 | 1¼ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | -⅛ |
| 5⅞ | 1¾ | Cinema 5 Lt | | 11 | 2⅝ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 2 | ⅞ | Cinerama | | 54 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 36½ | 6¼ | Circle K .26 | 8 | 87 | 9⅛ | 8½ | 8⅞ | +⅛ |
| 9½ | 2⅝ | CitznFinl .16 | 8 | 6 | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ | +⅛ |
| 19¾ | 10¼ | CitMtg 1.81e | 6 | 5 | 10½ | 10⅜ | 10⅜ | -⅛ |
| 3⅝ | ⅝ | CitzMtgl wt | | 7 | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ | -⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 6¼ | CityGsFl .50 | 5 | 1 | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | -⅛ |
| 16⅞ | 5¾ | CK Petrolm | 30 | 18 | 12¾ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | -⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 2¼ | CL Finl | 2 | 4 | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ | |
| 3⅝ | ¾ | Clark Cons | 6 | 1 | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ | -1-16 |
| 17⅞ | 7½ | Clarkosn .16 | 6 | 2 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | |
| 4¼ | 1⅛ | Clary Corp | | 6 | 1½ | 1⅜ | 1½ | +⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 6¾ | Clausng .40a | 4 | 3 | 6¾ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | -¼ |
| 11½ | 3⅝ | Clopay .05r | | 19 | 3½ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | -⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 1¼ | CMI Corp | 19 | 8 | 1¾ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | -⅛ |
| 61¾ | 4¾ | CMI Inv wt | | 36 | 5⅜ | 5¼ | 5¼ | -¼ |
| 12¾ | 2 | Coachmn In | 2 | 8 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 22¼ | 11 | Coff Mat .56 | 11 | 16 | 14¼ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | -¾ |
| 4⅝ | 1⅞ | Cohen Hatfd | 6 | 7 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| 7⅞ | 2¾ | Cohu In .15e | 5 | 26 | 3 | 2⅞ | 3 | +⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 2⅛ | Colt Intl | 4 | 95 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2¼ | +⅛ |
| 25¾ | 8⅛ | ColeNat .52 | 5 | 38 | 9⅝ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | -⅜ |
| 33 | 6⅞ | Coleman .44 | 4 | 92 | 6⅞ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | -¼ |
| 10¾ | 5½ | CollTow .25e | 2 | 9 | 5⅝ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | -⅜ |
| 11⅞ | 1⅛ | Col Coml .20 | | 4 | 1⅞ | 1⅛ | 1⅞ | +⅛ |
| 25¾ | 6⅛ | ColwellC .28 | 5 | 9 | 6¼ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| 44 | 10½ | Comb Com | 9 | 26 | 18⅞ | 13⅞ | 16⅜ | -¼ |
| 38⅝ | 14⅝ | Cmbustn Eq | 12 | 36 | 16⅝ | 15¾ | 16 | +¼ |
| 39¼ | 25 | Comnc 1.20a | 16 | 1 | 35½ | 35½ | 35½ | -⅜ |
| 21¼ | 8⅛ | ComlAlll .30 | 7 | 3 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |
| 9 | 1⅛ | Commodor | | 56 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | -⅛ |
| 16⅞ | 5¼ | CompPsyc Ct | 10 | 8 | 8⅝ | 8¼ | 8¼ | -⅛ |
| 30¼ | 22⅝ | ComSv 1.67b | 6 | 7 | 23⅛ | 22⅞ | 22⅞ | -¼ |
| 6⅛ | 2½ | Compac Cp | 9 | 3 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 12⅞ | 5⅝ | Compoln .32 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 | -⅛ |
| 2⅝ | 1 | CompuDyn | 10 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 37¼ | 10¼ | Compugrp | 13 | 50 | 26¾ | 25⅝ | 26 | -1⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 1⅛ | Comput Eq | 10 | 15 | 1⅝ | 1⅛ | 1⅝ | |
| 3¼ | ⅞ | Comput Insl | | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | -⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 1¾ | Comput Inv | 8 | 12 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | -¼ |
| 4⅞ | ⅞ | Cmput Mch | | 2 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | |
| 16⅛ | 7⅛ | Conche .29e | 4 | x5 | 9 | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | -⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 2 | Condec Crp | | 20 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2⅝ | +⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 3⅞ | Connlly Con | 11 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4¼ | 4¼ | |
| 11½ | 2 | Conroy Inc | 2 | 20 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅜ |
| 7¼ | 2⅝ | Con Oil Gas | 66 | 170 | 6¾ | 6⅛ | 6⅝ | +⅜ |
| 17¼ | 8¼ | Cons Ref .20 | 6 | 1 | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¼ | -¼ |
| 11⅝ | 6⅝ | Consyne Cp | 11 | 18 | 7⅝ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | -⅝ |
| 2¼ | 1 | Cont Mater | 7 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 5⅞ | 1¼ | Cont Tel wt | | 67 | 1¾ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | -¼ |
| 37⅝ | 14⅛ | Cook In .40e | 1 | 21 | 20⅞ | 20 | 20⅛ | -1 |
| 19⅝ | 11½ | Cook Pt V 1 | 5 | 4 | 11⅝ | 11⅜ | 11⅜ | -¼ |
| 9⅝ | 2⅞ | Cop Jar .20a | | 12 | 3⅝ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | -¼ |
| 14⅝ | 4⅝ | Cordon Intl | 11 | 23 | 7¾ | 7½ | 7½ | -⅛ |
| 21¼ | 10½ | Core Labs | 14 | 6 | 14⅝ | 14½ | 14½ | +½ |
| 24⅝ | 14⅝ | CorrBlk .91a | 6 | 6 | 15⅝ | 15 | 15 | -½ |
| 4¼ | 2 | Cott Corp | 152 | 8 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | |
| 1½ | ½ | CottCorp wt | | 5 | ½ | ½ | ½ | |
| 5⅞ | 2 | Cousins wt | | 34 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2½ | -⅛ |
| 37¾ | 8⅝ | CoxCbl Com | 15 | 22 | 8⅝ | 7¾ | 7¾ | -1⅛ |
| 6¾ | 1⅞ | Craig Corp | 3 | 21 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | -⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 5 | CramrE .21t | 10 | 78 | 7⅛ | 5⅝ | 7⅛ | +1 |
| 9½ | 3 | Creativ Mgt | 3 | 21 | 3¾ | 3½ | 3½ | -⅛ |
| 22 | 15¼ | CreolP 2.20a | 8 | 32 | 17⅞ | 17½ | 17⅝ | -⅛ |
| 4⅛ | 1¾ | Crest Foam | 17 | 6 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| 23¼ | 14½ | Crompton 1 | 5 | 3 | 14½ | 14½ | 14½ | -⅛ |
| 69 | 48⅛ | CrossAT .43 | 25 | 68 | 49⅝ | 49 | 49⅝ | -⅛ |
| 25 | 10½ | CwnCPt .25r | 7 | 3 | 17¾ | 17½ | 17½ | |
| 13 | 5¾ | Crownl .20e | 3 | 11 | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | |
| 22⅞ | 6⅛ | Crystal Oil | 14 | 410 | 16⅝ | 15¼ | 15⅜ | -⅞ |
| 17⅝ | 9⅝ | CSECorp .40 | 4 | 5 | 10¼ | 10 | 10 | -⅛ |
| 14¼ | 4½ | Cubic Cp .20 | 8 | 52 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | -⅜ |
| 4¼ | 2 | Curtis Math | | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | -⅛ |
| 18½ | 6½ | CutterA .22p | | 92 | 18⅜ | 18⅛ | 18⅜ | |
| 19½ | 6 | CutterB .22p | | 3 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | -⅛ |
| 17½ | 7⅝ | CW Transpr | 3 | 1 | 8¾ | 8¼ | 8¼ | |
| **D** | | | | | | | | |
| 8⅝ | 3 | Damon .20p | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 19 | 12¾ | Danielin .28 | 8 | 5 | 14 | 14 | 14 | -⅛ |
| 3¼ | 1 | Data Contrl | | 7 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1⅛ | -⅛ |
| 25⅞ | 16½ | Data Dcumt | 7 | 6 | 20⅝ | 20¼ | 20⅝ | -⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 2¼ | Data Prod | 6 | 95 | 3⅛ | 2⅞ | 3 | -⅛ |
| 10 | 6¼ | DayMin .10e | 16 | 25 | 7⅝ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 10 | 6¼ | DayMin .10e | 16 | 25 | 7⅝ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | -1½ |
| 5½ | 1 | Daylin wt | | 23 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 | -⅛ |
| 3 | 2 | ⅝ DCL Inc | | 51 | ½ | 7-16 | 7-16 | -1-16 |
| 26 | 11⅞ | Dearb St .25 | 35 | 33 | 15⅞ | 14¾ | 14¾ | -1⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 2⅞ | DeJur Amsc | 16 | 6 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| 13¾ | 5⅞ | Del Lab .05e | 4 | 11 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | -⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 1 | DeltaCp Am | | 37 | 15-16 | ⅞ | 15-16 | -1-16 |
| 20¼ | 7⅝ | Dlln Fd .50a | 7 | 28 | 7½ | 7¼ | 7½ | +⅛ |
| 57⅝ | 15¼ | DTalEz .05e | 9 | 31 | 15½ | 15 | 15 | -1 |
| 21¾ | 18 | Depsitr 1.20 | 6 | 1 | 18 | 18 | 18 | -¼ |
| 3⅛ | ½ | Dero Ind | | 26 | ½ | ½ | ½ | |
| 5⅛ | 1⅝ | DeRose Ind | 8 | 2 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | -¼ |
| 34 | 18¼ | Deseret .19h | 23 | 111 | 26 | 25¼ | 25¼ | -1 |
| 16⅞ | 4 | Designcr Jw | 5 | 3 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| 5⅛ | 1½ | Detecto Scal | | 13 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | -⅛ |
| 41½ | 7½ | Dev Cp Am | 3 | 19 | 10¼ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | -⅝ |
| 15⅝ | 5 | DevonA .20a | 4 | 45 | 7⅝ | 7¼ | 7¼ | |
| 14½ | 6¼ | DHJ In .10e | 2 | 19 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7 | -⅛ |
| 30⅝ | 10⅞ | DiemM Drll | 13 | 44 | 19¾ | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | -1⅛ |
| 5⅞ | 2¾ | Diebold VC | | 10 | 3 | 2⅞ | 3 | +⅛ |
| 28 | 12 | DillardSt .40 | 6 | 7 | 15 | 15 | 15 | -¼ |
| 3⅝ | ⅞ | Diodes Inc | 9 | 60 | 1⅝ | 1⅛ | 1⅜ | -¼ |
| 5⅛ | 2⅝ | Discont Fab | 5 | 5 | 3⅛ | 2⅞ | 3⅛ | |
| 16⅞ | 10 | Diversey .56 | 6 | 10 | 11⅞ | 11¼ | 11⅞ | +⅛ |
| 1½ | ½ | Divrsfin wt | | 5 | ½ | ½ | ½ | -⅛ |
| 9⅞ | 4¾ | Divilyn Cor | | 21 | 8⅛ | 8 | 8 | |
| 13⅞ | 7½ | Donkeny .26 | 3 | 5 | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | -⅛ |
| 15½ | 6¼ | DownyS .15e | 2 | 29 | 6¼ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | -⅜ |
| 6¾ | 1½ | Drew Natl | 18 | 26 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 23¼ | 13⅞ | DrexU 2.23e | | 3 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | +⅛ |
| 15¼ | 5⅝ | Driver Harr | 2 | 13 | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | -⅛ |
| 12¼ | 5⅛ | DrgFair .40 | 8 | 6 | 5¼ | 5 | 5¼ | +⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 1⅝ | Dunlop .06e | 4 | 4 | 1½ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | -⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 7⅞ | Durfst .25b | 9 | 18 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | -⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 2¼ | Dynalectn | 13 | 42 | 2⅞ | 2¾ | 2⅞ | |
| 10¼ | 3½ | Dynell .48t | 6 | 18 | 3⅞ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | -¼ |
| **E** | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | 7⅛ | E Systm .80 | 4 | 23 | 8 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | -⅛ |
| 4¼ | 1⅛ | Eagle Cloth | | 7 | 1½ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | -⅛ |
| 29⅝ | 8½ | EriScheb .36 | 7 | 12 | 8 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |
| 28¼ | 11¼ | EasonO .10r | 17 | 76 | 16 | 15¼ | 15¼ | -⅝ |
| 10⅝ | 3 | EstnAir .47t | 5 | 28 | 4⅝ | 4 | 4⅛ | +⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 10¼ | Eastn Co .88 | 4 | 13 | 11 | 10 | 10 | -1¼ |
| 11⅞ | 5⅛ | Eastrn Frgt | 5 | 2 | 5¾ | 5¼ | 5¼ | -¼ |
| 4⅝ | 2⅝ | Eazor .04e | 4 | 3 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2½ | |
| 3¼ | 1⅛ | Eckmar Cp | 10 | 13 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 20 | 10¼ | Ecodyne | 15 | 13 | 12⅝ | 11¾ | 11¾ | -1¼ |
| 29⅝ | 8½ | Edgingtn O | 7 | 83 | 23 | 21½ | 21⅝ | -1⅝ |
| 12¾ | 2⅝ | Edmos .13 | 4 | 41 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | +⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 3 | Edo Corp | 2 | 8 | 3⅝ | 3¼ | 3¼ | -⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 4⅛ | Edwards .20 | 20 | 6 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4⅛ | |
| 7⅝ | 3⅝ | Esan M .15e | 7 | 2 | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3⅞ | -¼ |
| 20⅛ | 7⅝ | EhrnhPh .20 | 6 | 17 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | -⅛ |
| 6¼ | 3⅝ | Elco Corp | 3 | 8 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | -⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 1⅞ | Elcor Chm | 26 | 17 | 2⅛ | 1⅞ | 2⅛ | |
| 8½ | 4⅝ | El Hose .40e | 4 | 9 | 4½ | 4¼ | 4¼ | -⅜ |
| 17⅝ | 8 | Electrog .80 | 5 | 3 | 8⅝ | 8¼ | 8¼ | -⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 1¼ | Elect Assist | 5 | 37 | 1⅝ | 1¼ | 1⅜ | +⅛ |
| 2⅛ | ¼ | Elect Comp | | 3 | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ | +⅛ |
| 2¼ | ⅜ | Elect Resch | | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | -⅛ |
| 34⅝ | 16⅞ | ElectrnA .80 | 10 | 2 | 21 | 21 | 21 | +⅛ |
| 10⅞ | 2 | Electsp .36t | 7 | 25 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2½ | -⅛ |
| 23⅞ | 13¼ | ElkHrn .88a | 21 | 12 | 23⅝ | 23½ | 23½ | |
| 16 | 6⅝ | El Tronics | 6 | 39 | 8⅝ | 8 | 8⅛ | -½ |
| 7⅝ | 1⅝ | Empress Int | 3 | 5 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 11¼ | 8½ | EpkoSh .64a | 5 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 7 | |
| 4⅝ | ⅝ | EquityNat | | 13 | 13-16 | ¾ | ¾ | |
| 7⅝ | 3½ | ErnstA .15e | 3 | 2 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | +⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 1¼ | Ero Ind | | 12 | 1¼ | 1⅛ | 1¼ | |
| 4¼ | 2¼ | Espey Mfg | 22 | 15 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 12⅛ | 5 | EsqRad El | 3 | 30 | 6 | 5⅝ | 6 | |
| 4⅝ | 2⅝ | Essex Chem | 4 | 14 | 3⅛ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| 17¼ | 4¼ | ElzLav .09e | 3 | 20 | 5¼ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | -⅜ |
| 8⅞ | 3⅞ | Euthenc .20t | 30 | 11 | 5 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | -⅜ |
| 17¼ | 4⅝ | EvanAr .10b | 7 | 2 | 6 | 5⅞ | 6 | -⅛ |
| 35⅝ | 7 | Excellnv Co | 8 | 18 | 9¼ | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | -½ |
| 20⅛ | 6½ | Execuln .24 | 10 | 18 | 7⅝ | 7 | 7⅛ | +⅛ |
| **F** | | | | | | | | |
| 7¼ | 2⅝ | Fab Ind | 5 | 52 | 3⅛ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | -⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 5 | Fabien .40a | 5 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | -⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 6½ | FabriCtr .04 | 5 | 4 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | -⅛ |
| 4 | ¼ | Fabrics Nat | | 213 | 1 | 11-16 | 13-16 | -3-16 |
| 8¼ | 2 | FairTex Mil | 3 | 1 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 15½ | 5⅝ | FairNbl .30b | 3 | 41 | 6¼ | 6⅛ | 6¼ | |
| 3½ | 1⅝ | FairCh .10e | 8 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | -⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 5¼ | Falcon Sbd | 31 | 16 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11½ | -⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 6 | FamDol Str | 10 | 21 | 8 | 7¾ | 7½ | -⅜ |
| 3⅝ | 1⅝ | Family Rec | 15 | 1 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| 10½ | 5⅝ | Fanny Frm | | 8 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5 | -⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 4 | FashFa .32t | 6 | 48 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4½ | -⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 1⅝ | Fed Resrces | | 39 | 3½ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | -¼ |
| 21⅝ | 12⅝ | FedMrt .40a | 5 | 12 | 16½ | 16¼ | 16¼ | -¼ |
| 16¼ | 8⅞ | Felmont Oil | 13 | 15 | 11¼ | 11½ | 11½ | -½ |
| 12½ | 3 | Felsway .32 | 2 | 62 | 3½ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | -⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 3⅞ | Fibrebrd wt | | 13 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | -⅛ |
| 44⅞ | 22⅞ | FidelG 3.31e | 6 | 24 | 24⅝ | 23⅞ | 23⅞ | -1⅛ |
| 19¼ | 4⅛ | FidelcGr wt | | 5 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | +⅛ |
| 4¼ | 1⅛ | Fields Plast | | 4 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 13⅞ | 4⅛ | Film Cp .06 | 2 | 49 | 5 | 4 | 4⅛ | -⅝ |
| 5⅛ | 2⅛ | Filmways | 6 | 29 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | -⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 6⅞ | FiltDyn .01a | 6 | 41 | 8⅝ | 8 | 8⅛ | -½ |
| 31½ | 9¾ | FinSanB .20 | 3 | 23 | 9½ | 9¼ | 9½ | +⅛ |
| 79⅝ | 8⅝ | Fin Gen .36r | 4 | 6 | 8¾ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |
| 13¼ | 8¾ | FinGnlA .30 | | 3 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | -⅛ |
| 17 | 11½ | Fst Conn 1a | 8 | 10 | 11½ | 11 | 11½ | -½ |
| 25 | 17 | Fst Dn 2.25e | 8 | 27 | 19¼ | 18¾ | 19 | |
| 4⅞ | 1⅝ | Fst Denv wt | | 25 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| 5⅝ | 2 | Fst Hartfrd | 9 | 3 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 25 | 9⅝ | FstSL Sh .48 | 4 | 10 | 12⅛ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | -⅝ |
| 18⅞ | 10⅝ | Fst Va 1.99e | 5 | 20 | 11½ | 10⅝ | 10⅞ | -⅞ |
| ¾ | ½ | FstVaMt wt | | 17 | ½ | ½ | ½ | |
| 20¼ | 8½ | Fstmark .24 | 4 | 2 | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | -¼ |
| 24 | 8 | FischP 1.11t | 8 | 241 | 9½ | 8 | 8⅝ | -1 |
| 7⅛ | 1⅝ | Fishmen .20 | | 5 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | -⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 2½ | Flaggin .12e | 6 | 7 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 7 | 3⅝ | Flagstaff | 3 | 15 | 4 | 3¾ | 3¾ | |
| 12½ | 6⅛ | Flavrind .30 | 2 | 15 | 6¾ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | -⅜ |
| 15¼ | 7⅛ | Flight Safty | 6 | 4 | 7⅝ | 7 | 7⅛ | -¼ |
| 8⅛ | 1½ | Flock Ind | | 20 | 1⅞ | 1¾ | 1¾ | -⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 1¾ | Fla Capital | 5 | 23 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | |
| 10⅛ | 4⅝ | FlaRck .10a | 4 | 73 | 5⅝ | 5⅜ | 5½ | -⅛ |
| 17 | 10⅛ | FlowerA .28 | 7 | 3 | 10⅝ | 10 | 10⅝ | -¼ |
| 37¼ | 14⅝ | Fluke M .85t | 8 | 16 | 15⅝ | 14⅝ | 15⅛ | |
| 25⅝ | 6⅝ | FlyTiger wt | | 188 | 9¼ | 8⅛ | 8⅝ | -¼ |
| 4⅞ | 2⅛ | Foodram Sp | | 5 | 2⅝ | 2¼ | 2¼ | -¼ |
| 12 | 5⅝ | Forest C .17 | 8 | 10 | 6⅛ | 6 | 6 | -⅛ |
| 10 | 1⅝ | ForestL .09t | | 10 | 2⅛ | 1⅞ | 2 | |
| 22⅞ | 7⅝ | FoxStaP .28 | 7 | 42 | 9 | 8⅝ | 9 | +¼ |
| 9⅛ | 4⅛ | Frank Ri .48 | 7 | 3 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | -⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 5½ | FrankNu .32 | 6 | 9 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5½ | -⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 14⅝ | Fresnillo .40 | 8 | 35 | 18⅝ | 18¼ | 18⅝ | +⅛ |
| 2⅝ | 1½ | Friend Frst | 10 | 10 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 11⅞ | 4⅝ | Frler Ind | 4 | 11 | 4⅝ | 4⅛ | 4⅝ | |
| 25½ | 12 | Frigitronic | 31 | 77 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | +⅛ |
| 19½ | 9½ | Frischs .30b | 5 | 4 | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| 8⅛ | 3⅞ | Frontier Air | 4 | 31 | 4¼ | 4 | 4⅛ | -⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 1¾ | FrontAir wt | | 6 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | -⅛ |
| **G** | | | | | | | | |
| 13⅝ | 5⅝ | Gabriel .43t | 5 | 18 | 7 | 6⅞ | 7 | +⅛ |
| 7¼ | 3¼ | Galaxy Cpt | 3 | 6 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | -⅛ |
| 16 | 6⅝ | Garan .56a | 4 | 12 | 7 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | -⅜ |
| 14⅝ | 4½ | Garcia Corp | 4 | 26 | 4⅝ | 4½ | 4½ | |
| 4⅞ | 2⅝ | GaylrNtl .20 | 3 | 4 | 2½ | 2⅜ | 2½ | +⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 2 | Gaynor Staf | | 19 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 14⅝ | 6⅞ | Gearhart .24 | 10 | 9 | 10½ | 10 | 10 | -½ |
| 2⅝ | 1 | Gen Buildrs | 12 | 17 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 37¼ | 7 | G Cinma .40 | 4 | 59 | 8 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | -⅛ |
| 7 | 1¾ | GenEduc Sv | 2 | 47 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -¼ |
| 4⅞ | 1⅝ | G Empl .12e | 5 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| 7¼ | 1¼ | G Housewar | 4 | 16 | 1¾ | 1¼ | 1¼ | |
| 9¼ | 3⅝ | Gen Interior | | 47 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | -⅛ |
| 6⅛ | 2 | Gen Recrat | 3 | 7 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2½ | -⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 2⅝ | Gen Resrch | 3 | 6 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | -⅛ |
| 2½ | 1⅛ | GResrc .01e | | 18 | 1¼ | 1 | 1 | -¼ |
| 12⅝ | 3⅝ | Genge Inc | 5 | 21 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | -¼ |
| 4 | 1½ | Genisco Tch | 12 | 10 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 23 | 6⅝ | Geon Ind | 13 | 89 | 12⅝ | 11½ | 12⅝ | +¼ |
| 8⅞ | 3⅝ | Gerber Sci | 15 | 5 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | -⅝ |
| 22⅛ | 10⅝ | Giant F .50a | 5 | 11 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | -⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 7 | Giant Y .40a | 12 | 86 | 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10⅝ | +¼ |
| 2⅝ | ½ | Gilbert Cos | | 1 | 9-16 | 9-16 | 9-16 | |
| 10½ | 7⅝ | GIT Rl 1.20e | 7 | 4 | 8⅝ | 8 | 8⅛ | |
| 8⅛ | 2 | Glading .13t | 5 | 20 | 3 | 2¾ | 3 | |
| 7⅛ | 2⅝ | Glasrock Pr | | 8 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 8½ | 4½ | Glen G 1.12a | 3 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 10¼ | 6 | GlenDis .39t | 9 | 9 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| 7½ | 4⅝ | Globelnd .40 | 4 | 3 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | -⅛ |
| 16⅝ | 4⅝ | GlobeSec Sy | 5 | 6 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | -¼ |
| 14⅝ | 7 | Glosser .22 | 4 | 1 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | +¼ |
| 20⅝ | 10⅛ | Gloucstr Eo | 5 | 4 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | -⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 7 | Glover Inc | 4 | 2 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | +¼ |
| 8⅝ | 4⅞ | Gldblatt .36 | 5 | 14 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 27 | 13 | Golden Cycl | 8 | 20 | 13⅝ | 13¼ | 13¼ | |
| 10⅞ | 2 | Gold W Mob | 5 | 14 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 16 | 3 | GoodLS .15e | 4 | 152 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 6⅝ | 2⅛ | Goodrich wt | | 45 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2¼ | -⅛ |
| 23¼ | 13 | Gorm R .90 | 6 | 2 | 13 | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | -⅜ |
| 9½ | 3 | Gouldinc wt | | 21 | 7⅛ | 6⅞ | 7 | |
| 10 | 7⅝ | Gould IT .92 | 10 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 8 | +⅛ |
| 45 | 27 | Grainger .27 | 26 | 83 | 34½ | 33⅛ | 33¼ | -1 |
| 12 | 3⅝ | Grand Auto | 4 | 9 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 6⅝ | 2¼ | Granite Mgt | | 33 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 16 | 5½ | GrasVa .18e | 12 | 9 | 11⅝ | 10¼ | 10⅞ | -⅝ |
| 13¾ | 4⅝ | GrayMf .84t | 4 | 18 | 5 | 4½ | 4⅝ | -⅛ |
| 1⅛ | ⅝ | GreatAm In | 12 | 61 | ¾ | 11-16 | ¾ | |
| 4½ | 2½ | GtBasin Pet | 50 | 85 | 3 | 2⅞ | 3 | |
| 16¼ | 6⅛ | GtLkCh .11e | 12 | 53 | 12 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | -½ |
| 6¼ | 3⅝ | GtLakR .10r | 9 | 1 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 10¼ | 6⅝ | GtScotS .39t | 7 | 1 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |
| 25½ | 4 | Greenm .27t | 4 | 2 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | +⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 7¼ | GREIT 1.20 | 8 | 3 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| 6¼ | 3 | GrybdC .20e | 4 | 14 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 32⅞ | 16⅝ | GRI Cp .06a | 15 | 272 | 21½ | 19¾ | 19¾ | -2 |
| 15⅝ | 11¾ | Griesd 1.15e | | 1 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | -⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 10 | GrossTlc .90 | 7 | 2 | 11¾ | 11⅝ | 11¾ | +⅛ |
| 11 | 4½ | Grow C .32b | 9 | 10 | 4⅝ | 4½ | 4½ | -⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 1⅜ | Gruen Ind | 10 | 11 | 2 | 1¾ | 1⅞ | |
| 1⅞ | ⅝ | GSC En .05e | | 47 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 | |
| 4⅝ | 2½ | GTI Corp | 10 | 19 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2½ | -⅛ |
| 10¼ | 4 | Gulftrd .05e | 3 | 14 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4½ | |
| 21½ | 13⅝ | GlfMtg 1.79a | 8 | 2 | 14¾ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | -⅛ |
| 2⅝ | 1-16 | GulfMRlt wt | | 38 | 13-16 | ¾ | ¾ | -1-16 |
| 44⅝ | 31⅝ | Glf Can .60e | 17 | 3 | 32¼ | 32¼ | 32¼ | -⅛ |
| 15½ | 4½ | GulfRep Fin | 2 | 24 | 4½ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | -¼ |
| 20½ | 13⅛ | GlfSM 2.35e | 5 | 22 | 13½ | 11 | 13¼ | |
| 2¼ | ⅝ | Gulf SoM wt | | 1 | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ | |
| 25 | 10 | Glistrm LD | 3 | 51 | 10⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅞ | -½ |
| **H** | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 1½ | Hallett Hom | | 12 | 2 | 1⅞ | 2 | +⅛ |
| 10½ | 6⅝ | HallsMot .40 | 4 | 10 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | -⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 4¾ | HamlC .22e | 4 | 11 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5 | |
| 6¾ | 3¼ | Kamp D .28 | 2 | 24 | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ | |
| 10 | 3⅝ | Hamptin .32 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| 14¼ | 4 | Hanvr Plan | 28 | 47 | 11⅞ | 11½ | 11½ | -⅜ |
| 35 | 17¾ | Harland .15 | 22 | 6 | 21¾ | 21¾ | 21¾ | -⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 9¼ | HartAlr .30p | 11 | 3 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | +⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 2⅛ | Hartfrd Zdy | 2 | 100 | 2 | 2 | 2 | -⅛ |
| 36½ | 19½ | HartzMt Cp | 30 | 29 | 28½ | 27¼ | 27⅝ | -1⅛ |
| 5¼ | 1 | Harvey Grp | 31 | 16 | 1¾ | 1⅛ | 1½ | +⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 1⅞ | Harvey Strs | 4 | 5 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | -⅛ |
| 12¼ | 3⅝ | Hasbro Ind | 4 | 15 | 3⅝ | 3¼ | 3¼ | -⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 5⅝ | Hasting .20a | 6 | 3 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | +⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 1⅝ | HaydnS .05p | | 7 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| 11⅛ | 3⅝ | Health Chm | 5 | 28 | 4 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | -⅛ |
| 4⅛ | 1⅛ | Helnick Inst | 6 | 10 | 1⅝ | 1¼ | 1¼ | |
| 15⅛ | 9⅝ | Helm 1.53a | 6 | 71 | 10⅝ | 10 | 10⅜ | -⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 7¼ | Her Mal .48 | 3 | 11 | 7⅝ | 7 | 7 | -⅛ |
| 11⅛ | 5 | HIG Inc | 12 | 17 | 6¼ | 5⅝ | 6 | |
| 11¾ | 6½ | HiShear Cp | 22 | 5 | 9⅛ | 9½ | 9½ | |
| 5⅝ | 1½ | Highlnd Cap | | 4 | 1¾ | 1½ | 1½ | +⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 3 | Hollhvn .23t | 5 | 12 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | -⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 2⅞ | Hiptronics | 7 | 7 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | -⅛ |
| 2⅝ | 1⅝ | Hofmn Ind | 4 | 4 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 2⅛ | 1 | Holly Corp | 15 | 45 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | -⅛ |
| 57½ | 35⅛ | HomeOA .58 | 29 | 18 | 51⅝ | 50 | 50½ | -1¼ |
| 23 | 15⅝ | HormelG .81 | 10 | 25 | 15⅝ | 15½ | 15½ | -⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 6½ | Hoskins .25p | 3 | 19 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6¼ | -⅛ |
| 22⅝ | 13¼ | HospM 2.18e | 6 | 20 | 13⅝ | 13½ | 13½ | -⅛ |
| 3 | ½ | HospMtg wt | | 26 | ¾ | 11-16 | 11-16 | |
| 35⅝ | 7⅝ | Hosp Mtr In | 5 | 1 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | -⅛ |
| 25¼ | 11⅝ | Hotel I 2.11e | 5 | 38 | 12⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | +⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 3⅝ | HousRo .10b | 4 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 11⅛ | 4⅛ | House Vi .32 | 2 | 4 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | +⅛ |
| 68⅝ | 28½ | Houst Oil M | 88 | 515 | 57 | 55 | 55⅝ | -2 |
| 1⅛ | ⅜ | Howell Ind | 2 | 6 | ⅜ | ⅜ | ⅜ | |
| 53 | 33½ | HubellA 1.20 | 12 | 4 | 35 | 34⅝ | 34½ | -1 |
| 53⅝ | 33⅝ | HubelB 1.20 | 12 | 2 | 34⅝ | 34⅝ | 34⅝ | -1 |
| 79½ | 50⅝ | Hub pfB1.75 | | 1 | 54 | 54 | 54 | |
| 57⅝ | 40 | HudBOG .70 | 24 | 24 | 44⅝ | 43⅝ | 44⅝ | -⅝ |
| 6 | 2⅝ | Hudson Gen | 18 | 17 | 3½ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | -⅛ |
| 19¼ | 6½ | Huffmn .40e | 7 | 14 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | -⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 2½ | HuntHlt .10e | 6 | 6 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | -⅛ |
| 32 | 18¾ | HuskyOil .35 | 10 | 249 | 22⅞ | 20 | 20⅝ | -⅝ |
| 11⅞ | 2 | Hycel Inc | | 1064 | 2½ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 15⅝ | HygFd 1.23t | 5 | 5 | 24⅝ | 23½ | 23½ | -⅛ |
| **I** | | | | | | | | |
| 16⅛ | 9¼ | ICB Cp .34 | 8 | 4 | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9¼ | |
| 22¾ | 16¼ | ICM R 1.85e | 8 | 42 | 16⅝ | 15½ | 15⅝ | -⅛ |
| 8½ | 3⅞ | IMC Magnet | 5 | 36 | 6 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | -⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 2 | Imoco Gate | 6 | 5 | 2⅝ | 2 | 2⅝ | +⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 4 | Imper Ind | 2 | 11 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| 49⅝ | 35¼ | Imp Oil .80a | 37 | 200 | 48⅝ | 45½ | 45⅝ | -3 |
| 6 | 1⅝ | InarcoCp .12 | 3 | 4 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | -⅛ |

(Continued on next page.)

# Toronto Stocks

**Closing prices on Dec. 13, 1973**

| Sales | Stock | High | Low | Last | Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3197 | Abitibi | $ 9⅞ | 9 | 9¾ | |
| 8075 | Acklands | $ 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10½ | -⅛ |
| 20293 | Acres Ltd | $ 11 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | |
| 6250 | Agnico E | 620 | 590 | 620 | +50 |
| 1105 | Agra Ind | $ 10 | 9⅝ | 10 | -⅛ |
| 2415 | Alta Gas T | $ 10½ | 10 | 10¼ | -⅛ |
| 255 | Algo Cent | $ 12½ | 12¼ | 12½ | -¼ |
| 1600 | Alliance B | $ 7½ | 7⅝ | 7½ | |
| 2350 | Alminex | 620 | 670 | 673 | -15 |
| 450 | Argus C pr | $ 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | |
| 6724 | Bank N S | $ 25½ | 25 | 25 | -¼ |
| 6094 | Bell Canad | $ 40⅜ | 39¾ | 40 | +⅛ |
| 1001 | Berlm | $ 14 | 14 | 14 | -⅛ |
| 6380 | Block Bros | 250 | 240 | 250 | |
| 2400 | Bovis Cor | 195 | 185 | 185 | -10 |
| 4890 | BP Can | $ 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10⅝ | -⅛ |
| 7650 | Bralor Res | 155 | 145 | 145 | -10 |
| 6425 | Bramalea | $ 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | |
| 4050 | Brameda | 50 | 50 | 50 | -2 |
| 3400 | Brenda M | 700 | 675 | 695 | -20 |
| 620 | BC Forest | $ 18¼ | 17⅞ | 18⅛ | -1 |
| 6360 | BC Phone | $ 55½ | 55¼ | 55¼ | -¼ |
| 15950 | Brunswk | 505 | 470 | 475 | -40 |
| 5900 | Buddd Auto | $ 10 | 10 | 10 | -½ |
| 400 | Burns Fds | $ 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | -⅛ |
| 1950 | Cad Dev | $ 10 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | -⅛ |
| 16400 | Cal Pow | $ 23¼ | 23 | 23 | -¼ |
| 4035 | Camflo | $ 10⅝ | 10 | 10¼ | -⅛ |
| 2700 | Campau A | $ 8½ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | -⅛ |
| 4350 | C Pakrs C | $ 23 | 23 | 23 | |
| 2275 | Can Perm | $ 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | -¼ |
| 5030 | C Tung | 280 | 270 | 270 | -10 |
| 150 | C Cablesy | $ 14 | 14 | 14 | -⅛ |
| 9645 | C Imp Bank | $ 25⅛ | 25¼ | 25⅛ | -½ |
| 6730 | C Ind Gas | $ 8⅛ | 7⅝ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |
| 1678 | CIL | $ 37¼ | 37 | 37¼ | -¼ |
| 6501 | Cdn Tire A | $ 48 | 45¾ | 45¾ | -1½ |
| 380 | C Utilles | $ 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | -¼ |
| 200 | Candel Oil | $ 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10⅝ | |
| 543 | Cassiar | 10 | 980 | 983 | |
| 3775 | Celanese | 5 | 475 | 475 | -37 |
| 39450 | Chemalov | 295 | 273 | 277 | -9 |
| 5030 | Chieftan D | 950 | 900 | 930 | -60 |
| 700 | C Holiday 1 | $ 8¼ | 8 | 8¼ | |
| 5700 | Con Bldg | 260 | 250 | 250 | -15 |
| 1800 | C Rambler | 255 | 250 | 250 | -5 |
| 16355 | Con Distrb | $ 10⅝ | 10 | 10 | -½ |
| 3650 | Cons Gas | $ 16½ | 16¼ | 16½ | +⅛ |
| 2375 | Craigmt | 665 | 640 | 640 | -35 |
| 1675 | Crush Intl | $ 9 | 8⅝ | 9 | -⅛ |
| 7434 | Denison | $ 49⅝ | 45½ | 49½ | -2 |
| 2000 | Dicknsn | 330 | 320 | 330 | +5 |
| 3500 | Dofasco | $ 27⅝ | 26⅝ | 26⅝ | -⅛ |
| 775 | Dom Store | $ 10⅝ | 10 | 10⅛ | +¼ |
| 833 | Dupont | $ 24⅛ | 23½ | 23⅝ | -⅛ |
| 1800 | Dylex L A | $ 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | -⅛ |
| 1950 | Electro Itd | $ 8⅝ | 8 | 8 | -⅛ |
| 325 | Emco | 5 | 470 | 470 | -42 |
| 6193 | Falcon C | $ 11½ | 10⅝ | 11 | -⅜ |
| 100 | Fraser | $ 20½ | 20½ | 20½ | -1 |
| 800 | Fed Ind Wtd | $ 6 | 6 | 6 | -⅛ |
| 2700 | Falcon | $ 61½ | 59½ | 59½ | -2½ |
| 2180 | Francana | $ 10⅝ | 10 | 10 | -½ |
| 200 | Fruehauf | $ 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | |
| 50 | Gen Distrb | $ 10½ | 10½ | 10½ | |
| 10520 | Gnt Masct | 215 | 200 | 202 | -18 |
| 2350 | Gibraltar | $ 10⅝ | 10½ | 10⅝ | -⅛ |
| 200 | Goodyer | $ 13¼ | 13½ | 13⅛ | -½ |
| 1000 | Granduc | 350 | 325 | 325 | |
| 965 | Gt Collsds | 975 | 950 | 950 | -15 |
| 235 | GL Paper | $ 25½ | 25½ | 25½ | -½ |
| 950 | Gr Plains | $ 28 | 27 | 27½ | -⅝ |
| 150 | Gt W Life | $ 57 | 55 | 55 | -9 |
| 5100 | Greyhnd | $ 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10½ | -½ |
| 6725 | Guar Trst | $ 10½ | 10½ | 10⅝ | +⅝ |
| 9775 | Hambro C | 450 | 425 | 425 | -80 |
| 6100 | Houston O | 295 | 290 | 290 | -5 |
| 805 | Hawker S | 475 | 460 | 460 | -25 |
| 9105 | H Bay Co | $ 16¾ | 16¼ | 16¼ | -⅝ |
| 2225 | Huron Eri | $ 30⅞ | 30⅝ | 30⅝ | -⅛ |
| 1921 | IAC | $ 17½ | 17¼ | 17¼ | -¼ |
| 275 | Indusmin | $ 9½ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | -⅛ |
| 1455 | Inland Gas | $ 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | -½ |
| 3665 | Inlpr Pipe | $ 21½ | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | -¼ |
| 1200 | Int Mogul | 845 | 830 | 830 | -20 |
| 725 | Inv Grp A | $ 7⅞ | 7½ | 7⅝ | -⅛ |
| 875 | Jannock | $ 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| 4200 | Kaiser Re | 405 | 395 | 395 | -5 |
| 2550 | Kaps Tran | 495 | 465 | 470 | -25 |
| 250 | Kelsey H | $ 9½ | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | -⅝ |
| 9306 | Kerr Add | $ 11 | 10½ | 10⅝ | -⅛ |
| 1500 | Koffler | $ 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | -⅛ |
| 2350 | Labatt A | $ 23 | 22⅝ | 22⅞ | |
| 100 | Lab Min | $ 41¼ | 41¼ | 41¼ | +1 |
| 350 | Laura Sec | 475 | 455 | 455 | -20 |
| 1010 | Lob Co A | $ 6 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | -⅛ |
| 2000 | Lob Co B | $ 6 | 5⅞ | 6 | -⅛ |
| 300 | Loeb M | 390 | 370 | 370 | -40 |
| 4800 | Mclan H A | $ 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| 6525 | MB Ltd | $ 33½ | 31¾ | 31⅞ | -1⅝ |
| 685 | Mattgmi | $ 28½ | 28 | 28¼ | -1⅝ |
| 500 | McGraw H | 415 | 415 | 415 | -5 |
| 1870 | Microsyst | $ 5¾ | 5½ | 5½ | -⅛ |
| 9200 | Moore | $ 51 | 49⅝ | 49⅝ | -1⅝ |
| 6224 | Murphy | $ 9½ | 9 | 9 | -⅜ |
| 500 | Nat Trust | $ 18⅝ | 18 | 18 | -⅝ |
| 14999 | Noranda A | $ 49¼ | 48⅝ | 48⅞ | -⅝ |
| 2225 | Orchan | 425 | 410 | 420 | -5 |
| 7555 | Oshawa A | $ 7½ | 6⅝ | 6⅞ | -⅝ |
| 12100 | Pamour | 665 | 645 | 645 | |
| 1325 | PanCan P | $ 12⅝ | 12¼ | 12⅝ | -⅛ |
| 2000 | Pembin A | 400 | 380 | 380 | -60 |
| 200 | Pembin B | 365 | 365 | 365 | -35 |
| 600 | Petrofina | $ 21¼ | 21 | 21 | -¼ |
| 925 | Pine Point | $ 30½ | 30 | 30 | -1 |
| 13585 | Placer | $ 22⅝ | 21 | 21½ | -1½ |
| 2800 | Rapid Dta | 220 | 210 | 220 | -5 |
| 1500 | Rayrock | 95 | 95 | 95 | |
| 120 | Redpath I | $ 24⅞ | 24⅞ | 24⅞ | -⅛ |
| 350 | Reed Ostr A | $ 9¾ | 9½ | 9½ | -½ |
| 1310 | Relchhold | $ 16½ | 16⅝ | 16½ | |
| 700 | Rothman | $ 13⅝ | 13½ | 13½ | -⅝ |
| 1500 | Scotts | $ 8½ | 8 | 8½ | |
| 13445 | Shell Can | $ 18⅛ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | -⅝ |
| 3430 | Sherritt | $ 13¾ | 13½ | 13⅝ | -¼ |
| 1950 | Siebens | $ 14⅝ | 14 | 14 | -⅞ |
| 3600 | Simpsons | $ 8⅝ | 8 | 8⅛ | +⅛ |
| 890 | Simpson S | $ 11 | 10¾ | 11 | +¼ |
| 340 | Slater Stl | $ 9⅞ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | -⅜ |
| 3700 | Slat W Can | $ 7⅛ | 7 | 7¼ | -⅜ |
| 2475 | Southam | $ 29 | 29 | 29 | +½ |
| 3700 | St Brodest | $ 9⅝ | 9 | 9 | - |
| 7575 | Stelco | $ 28¼ | 27⅝ | 28⅛ | - |
| 6700 | Steep R | 177 | 170 | 175 | |
| 4000 | Sundale O | 790 | 760 | 760 | - |
| 7700 | Tara | $ 13⅝ | 12¾ | 13⅛ | - |
| 1861 | Teck Cor A | 310 | 300 | 305 | - |
| 1100 | Teck Cor B | 285 | 280 | 280 | - |
| 75 | Teledyne | 415 | 415 | 415 | |
| 2250 | Texaco | $ 43 | 42½ | 42⅞ | - |
| 4365 | Thom Nes | $ 12½ | 12¼ | 12½ | |
| 9136 | Tor Dm Bk | $ 34⅝ | 33⅝ | 33⅝ | - |
| 3425 | Traders A | $ 14½ | 14⅛ | 14½ | - |
| 2380 | Tr Can PL | $ 32 | 31½ | 31⅝ | + |
| 1703 | Trans Mt | $ 15 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | |
| 600 | U Keno | 405 | 390 | 405 | |
| 6735 | U Siscoe | 495 | 450 | 490 | |
| 405 | Un Carbid | $ 15⅝ | 15 | 15⅝ | |
| 5145 | Un Gas | $ 9¼ | 9 | 9⅛ | |
| 400 | Union Oil | $ 14⅛ | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | |
| 2700 | Upp Can | 272 | 265 | 270 | |
| 350 | Van Der | $ 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | |
| 11350 | Voyager P | 560 | 555 | 555 | |
| 850 | Waldwrd | $ 11¾ | 11½ | 11⅝ | |
| 1900 | Wstburne | $ 10 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | |
| 1100 | W Cdn Seed | 460 | 450 | 450 | |
| 2600 | West Mine | 292 | 285 | 285 | |
| 1200 | W Realty | 450 | 435 | 435 | |
| 100 | Westnhse | $ 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ | |
| 1 | Weston | $ 19⅝ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | |
| 923 | White Pas | $ 8⅝ | 8½ | 8½ | |
| 2200 | Woodwd A | $ 20⅝ | 19¾ | 20⅛ | |
| 3820 | Yk Bear | 470 | 455 | 455 | |

Total sales 2,580,718 shares

# Montreal Stocks

| Sales | Stock | High | Low | Last | Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 525 | Algoma | $ 19 | 19 | 19 | -½ |
| 2957 | Bank Mont | $ 19½ | 19¼ | 19¼ | |
| 250 | Bombard | 195 | 195 | 195 | -5 |
| 1725 | Brinco | $ 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 5080 | Can Cement | $ 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | |
| 200 | Canron | $ 17½ | 17¼ | 17½ | |
| 1643 | Con Bath | $ 25 | 25¼ | 25¼ | -½ |
| 300 | Crn Zell A | $ 23⅝ | 22¼ | 22¼ | -⅛ |
| 31458 | Dom Bridge | $ 35½ | 36 | 35¼ | +¼ |
| 500 | Dom Glass | $ 11¼ | 11¼ | 11¼ | -¼ |
| 4404 | Dom Text | $ 8⅝ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | -⅛ |
| 300 | Fncl Col | 475 | 475 | 475 | -25 |
| 970 | Imasco | $ 23½ | 27½ | 27½ | -1 |
| 200 | Ivaco | $ 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | -⅛ |
| 3495 | Molson A | $ 22¼ | 21⅞ | 22 | -⅛ |
| 150 | Molson B | $ 22 | 22 | 22 | +¼ |
| 300 | Phoenix C | 290 | 290 | 290 | -20 |
| 14920 | Power Cp | $ 10½ | 10 | 10 | -¼ |
| 1200 | Price Co | $ 14½ | 12⅛ | 13⅝ | -⅝ |
| 100 | Rolland A | $ 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| 11510 | Royal Bank | $ 34½ | 33⅝ | 33⅝ | -⅞ |
| 320 | Royal Trust | $ 24¼ | 25 | 26¼ | +¼ |
| 200 | Steinberg A | $ 19 | 19 | 19 | |
| 300 | Zellers | $ 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼ | -¼ |

Total sales 752,853 shares.

# Tokyo Exchange

Dec. 12, 1973

| Stock | Price Yen | Stock | Price Yen |
|---|---|---|---|
| Asahi Glass | 275 | Matsu El Wks | 431 |
| Canon Camera | 241 | Mitsubi Hvy Ind | 145 |
| Dai Nip. Print | 262 | Mitsubi Corp. | 453 |
| Fuji Bank | — | Mitsui Co. | 450 |
| Fuji Photo | 245 | Mitsukoshi | 446 |
| Hitachi | 144 | Nippon Elec. | 165 |
| Honda Motor | 405 | Sharp | 274 |
| C. Itoh | 662 | Shiseido | 855 |
| Japan Air Lines | 1,850 | Sony Corp. | 3,423 |
| Kansai El P | 755 | Sumitomo Bk | 450 |
| Kao Soap | 213 | Taisho Marine | 356 |
| Kirin Brewery | 274 | Takeda Chem. | 217 |
| Komatsu | 216 | Teijin | 330 |
| Kubota I Wks | 338 | Tokyo Marine | 475 |
| Matsu E Ind | 432 | Toray | 168 |
| | | Toyota Motor | 405 |

# International Stock Indexes

| | Yest. | Prev. | 1973 High | 1973 Low |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amsterdam | 100.0 | 100.6 | 144.8 | 93.1 |
| Brussels | 133.87 | 134.61 | 166.56 | 132.01 |
| Frankfurt | 103.01 | 107.04 | 156.21 | 105.01 |
| London 30 | 327.5 | 330.9 | 509.8 | 327.5 |
| London 500 | 144.44 | 145.78 | 217.35 | 143.72 |
| Milan | 109.03 | 108.71 | 147.36 | 95.49 |
| Paris | 87.1 | 88.4 | 115.3 | 87.1 |
| Sydney | 432.95 | 435.64 | 669.27 | 432.95 |
| Tokyo (n) | 296.64 | 299.68 | 432.48 | 296.64 |
| Tokyo (o) | 4097.10 | 4135.95 | 5359.74 | 4097.10 |
| Zurich | 305.1 | 306.8 | 418.8 | 305.1 |

(n) New. (o) Old.


**Forward Contract Exchange Co. Ltd.**

| Dec. 13, 1973 | Close | Dec. '73 | Mar. '74 | Jun. '74 | Sept. '74 | Dec. '74 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| DJIA | 810.73 | | | | | |
| Bid | | 808 | 810 | 812 | 820 | 830 |
| Offer | | 816 | 825 | 825 | 845 | 850 |
| FTI | 327.4 | | | | | |
| Bid | | 324 | 326 | 329 | 332 | 338 |
| Offer | | 331 | 335 | 339 | 340 | 345 |
| TKDJ | 4097.10 | | | | | |
| Bid | | 3900 | 3900 | 3900 | 3950 | 4100 |
| Offer | | 4100 | 4100 | 4100 | 4250 | 4400 |

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The net asset value of

Viking Resources International N.V.

on 31-11-1973 was U.S. $20.22.

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange

Information: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson Herengracht 214, Amsterdam



Weekly net asset value

on December 10, 1973

**Tokyo Pacific Holdings N.V.**

U.S. $31.48

**Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V.**

U.S. $22.97

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange

Information: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson Herengracht 214, Amsterdam


# Mutual Funds

**Closing prices on Dec. 12, 1973**

NEW YORK (AP) — The following quotations, supplied by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., are the prices at which these securities could have been sold (net asset value) or bought (value plus sales charge) Wednsdy.

| Fund | Bid | Ask |
|---|---|---|
| AGE Fnd | 4.41 | 4.59 |
| Advisrs | 4.15 | 4.54 |
| Aetna F | 7.15 | 7.81 |
| Aetna Shr | 13.30 | 14.54 |
| Afuture F | 8.07 | N.L. |
| AllAm Fd | .50 | .55 |
| Allstate | 10.76 | 11.57 |
| Alpha | 10.76 | 11.76 |
| Amcap | 4.20 | 4.59 |
| Am Birth | 9.56 | 10.51 |
| Am Diver | 7.99 | 8.73 |
| Am Eqlty | 4.19 | 4.59 |
| Amer Express: | | |
| Capit | 6.50 | 7.10 |
| Incme | 7.90 | 8.63 |
| Invest | 7.33 | 8.01 |
| Specl | 6.65 | 7.27 |
| Stock | 6.71 | 7.33 |
| Am Grth | 5.09 | 5.56 |
| Am Insin | 4.42 | 4.83 |
| Am Invs | 4.67 | N.L. |
| Am Mutl | 7.69 | 8.40 |
| AmN Gth | 1.90 | 2.08 |
| Anchor Group: | | |
| Capit | 3.58 | 3.92 |
| Grwth | 6.73 | 7.38 |
| Incme | 6.96 | 7.63 |
| Fd Inv | 6.72 | 7.36 |
| Vent | 7.61 | 8.34 |
| Wash N | 10.61 | 11.63 |
| Astron | 3.36 | 3.67 |
| Audax Fd | 6.09 | 6.65 |
| Axe Houghton: | | |
| Fnd A | 4.20 | 4.57 |
| Dnd B | 6.65 | 7.23 |
| Stock | 5.44 | 5.95 |
| Scien | 3.92 | 4.26 |
| BLC Grth | 9.96 | 10.87 |
| Babson | 10.32 | N.L. |
| Bayrk Fd | 6.20 | 6.78 |
| Bayrk Gr | 5.99 | 6.55 |
| Beacn Hll | 7.48 | N.L. |
| Beacn In | 9.50 | N.L. |
| Berk Gth | 3.38 | 3.69 |
| Bondstk | 4.20 | 4.59 |
| Bost Fdn | 8.65 | 9.45 |
| Brwn Fd | 2.81 | 3.07 |
| Burnh Fd | 9.39 | N.L. |
| Calvin Bullock: | | |
| Bulick | 11.36 | 12.44 |
| Candn | 20.85 | 22.84 |
| Divid | 3.15 | 3.46 |
| NatW S | 9.02 | 9.89 |
| NY Vnt | 10.16 | 11.12 |
| CG Fund | 8.92 | 9.64 |
| Cap Trin | 9.74 | 10.64 |
| Centry Sh | 13.13 | 14.35 |
| Channing Funds: | | |
| Balan | 9.77 | 10.68 |
| Bond | 8.89 | 9.72 |
| Com St | 1.24 | 1.36 |
| Eq Grt | 7.19 | 7.86 |
| Eq Pro | 2.83 | 3.09 |
| Fd Am | 7.34 | 8.02 |
| Grwth | 4.58 | 5.01 |
| Incom | 6.59 | 7.20 |
| Specl | 1.72 | 1.88 |
| Vent | 7.50 | 8.20 |
| Chase Gr Bos: | | |
| Fund | 7.22 | 7.89 |
| Frt Cap | 4.43 | 4.84 |
| Shrhld | 6.82 | 7.45 |
| Specl | 5.99 | 6.55 |
| Chemicl | 9.46 | 10.36 |
| CNA MgemtFds: | | |
| Liby Fd | 4.52 | 4.94 |
| Man Fd | 3.43 | 3.75 |
| Schust | 7.04 | 7.69 |
| Schu Sp | 6.82 | 7.45 |
| TMR A | 7.37 | 8.05 |
| Colonial: | | |
| Cnvrt | 9.14 | 9.99 |
| Equty | 2.85 | 3.11 |
| Fund | 9.80 | 10.71 |
| Grwth | 5.48 | 5.99 |
| Incom | 9.62 | 10.51 |
| Vent | 2.66 | 2.91 |
| Colu Grth | 11.24 | N.L. |
| Cwlth AB | 1.02 | 1.10 |
| Cwlth C | 1.31 | 1.42 |
| Comp Gr | 5.99 | 6.55 |
| Comp Bd | 7.56 | 8.22 |
| Comp Fd | 6.44 | 7.00 |
| Concord | 8.52 | N.L. |
| Cons Inv | 10.00 | 10.50 |
| Constel G. | 4.91 | 5.37 |
| Cont Mut | 7.33 | N.L. |
| Ctry Cap | 11.24 | 12.15 |
| Crn WDiv | 5.22 | 5.70 |
| Crn WDel | 5.55 | 6.07 |
| Dallas Fd | 3.10 | |
| Davge Fd | 6.62 | N.L. |
| deVegh | 56.04 | N.L. |
| Delaware Group: | | |
| Decat | 8.94 | 9.77 |
| Delaw | 8.30 | 9.07 |
| Delta | 4.39 | 4.79 |
| Dir Cap | 3.96 | 4.34 |
| Dodg Cox | 14.09 | N.L. |
| Drexel | 8.77 | N.L. |
| Dreyfus Grp: | | |
| Dreyf | 9.84 | 10.75 |
| Equit | 3.59 | 3.85 |
| Levge | 13.78 | 15.10 |
| Spl Inc | 7.13 | 7.81 |
| Third C | 9.50 | 10.41 |
| E&E Fd | 3.06 | N.L. |
| Eagle Gr | 6.67 | 7.31 |
| Eaton&Howard: | | |
| Balan | 9.17 | 10.02 |
| Grwth | 11.05 | 12.08 |
| Incom | 5.95 | 6.50 |
| Specl | 6.75 | 7.38 |
| Stock | 11.40 | 12.46 |
| EDIE Spl | 17.52 | N.L. |
| Egret Gt | 11.12 | 12.09 |
| Elfun Tr | 14.72 | |
| Emer Sec | 2.85 | 3.12 |
| Energy | 11.13 | N.L. |
| Fairfld | 7.66 | 8.37 |
| Farm Bu | 8.18 | N.L. |
| Fed Reg | 6.95 | |
| Fidelity Group: | | |
| Bond | 8.87 | 9.69 |
| Capit | 10.24 | 11.19 |
| Contfd | 8.52 | |
| Conv | 6.78 | |
| Dstny | 6.00 | |
| Essex | 7.90 | |
| Evrst | 10.54 | 11.52 |
| Fidel | 13.92 | 15.21 |
| Puritn | 8.88 | 9.70 |
| Salem | 3.45 | 3.77 |
| Trend | 20.37 | 22.26 |
| Financial Prog: | | |
| Dyna | 4.08 | N.L. |
| Indust | 3.87 | N.L. |
| Incom | 5.54 | N.L. |
| Vent | 3.72 | N.L. |
| FstFd Va | 9.75 | 10.66 |
| Fst Investors: | | |
| Disco | 4.61 | 5.05 |
| Grwth | 6.68 | 7.32 |
| Incom | 7.65 | 8.38 |
| Stock | 7.07 | 7.75 |
| Fst Mult | 7.51 | N.L. |
| Flem Brg | 7.90 | N.L. |
| Forum Group: | | |
| Climb F | 7.38 | N.L. |
| 100 Fd | 9.40 | N.L. |
| 101 Fd | 7.71 | N.L. |
| Twen F | 5.30 | N.L. |
| Fnd Gth | 4.13 | 4.51 |
| Founders Group: | | |
| Grwth | 4.84 | 5.26 |
| Incom | 10.73 | 10.73 |
| Mutal | 8.11 | 8.86 |
| Specl | 10.75 | 11.75 |
| Foursq | 8.10 | N.L. |
| Franklin Group: | | |
| DNTC | 6.56 | 7.19 |
| Grwth | 6.52 | 7.15 |
| Utils | 4.07 | 4.46 |
| US Gov | 9.83 | 10.77 |
| Capit | 4.59 | 5.03 |
| Equit | 3.82 | 4.19 |
| Frkln Life | 10.07 | 11.03 |
| FdF Dep | 7.93 | N.L. |
| Fund Inc Grp: | | |
| Comm | 8.35 | 9.13 |
| Impac | 7.47 | 8.16 |
| Ind Trd | 9.92 | 10.84 |
| Pilot | 7.43 | 8.12 |
| Gatewy | 5.58 | 6.03 |
| GE S&S | 30.50 | |
| Gen Sec | 5.60 | N.L. |
| GrthFd A | 3.95 | 4.32 |
| Grth Ind | 10.39 | N.L. |
| Guard M | 20.78 | N.L. |
| Hamilton: | | |
| F HDA | 3.76 | 4.11 |
| Grwth | 5.52 | 6.04 |
| Incom | 5.86 | 6.41 |
| H&C Fd | 8.81 | N.L. |
| H&C Lev | 7.82 | N.L. |
| Hedb Gor | 6.94 | 7.58 |
| Hedge | 5.81 | |
| Heritge | 1.49 | 1.58 |
| Hor Man | 16.53 | 17.87 |
| ISI Group: | | |
| Grwth | 4.15 | 4.54 |
| Incom | 4.04 | 4.42 |
| Trus sh | 13.36 | 4.60 |
| Trus un | 3.61 | |
| Imp Cap | 8.85 | 9.67 |
| Imp Gth | 6.65 | 7.27 |
| IncF Am | 11.99 | 13.10 |
| Industry | 2.96 | 3.23 |
| INTGN | 8.10 | 8.76 |
| Int Invst | 12.58 | 13.79 |
| Inver Gth | 7.42 | N.L. |
| ICA | 11.48 | 12.55 |
| Inv Guid | 6.58 | N.L. |
| Inv Indic | 2.21 | |
| Inves Bos | 9.97 | 10.90 |
| Inv Counsel: | | |
| Caprn | 6.86 | 7.52 |
| Capit G | 2.50 | 2.74 |
| Capit S | 5.00 | 5.40 |
| Investors Group: | | |
| IDS Grt | 5.94 | |
| IDS ndl | 5.28 | 5.73 |
| Mutl | 8.9 | 9.70 |
| Prog | 3.63 | 3.95 |
| Stock | 17.89 | 19.44 |
| Select | 9.27 | 9.96 |
| Var Py | 7.43 | 8.07 |
| Inv Resh | 4.71 | 5.15 |
| Istel | 21.41 | 23.07 |
| Ivy | 6.40 | N.L. |
| JP GrthF | 8.52 | 9.26 |
| Janus F | 15.76 | N.L. |
| J. Hanck | 6.92 | 7.52 |
| J Hanc Sl | 7.43 | 8.08 |
| Johnstn | 21.92 | N.L. |
| Keystone Funds: | | |
| Apollo | 4.07 | 4.46 |
| Cus B1 | 18.57 | 19.43 |
| Cus B2 | 19.32 | 21.17 |
| Cus B4 | 7.83 | 8.59 |
| Cus K1 | 6.83 | 7.49 |
| Cus K2 | 5.34 | 5.85 |
| Cus S1 | 19.70 | 21.59 |
| Cus S2 | 9.90 | 10.85 |
| Cus S3 | 6.94 | 7.60 |
| Cus S4 | 3.49 | 3.82 |
| Polar | 3.31 | 3.61 |
| Knickb | 5.56 | 6.09 |
| Knick Gt | 6.37 | 6.98 |
| Land Gth | 6.47 | 7.06 |
| Lenox Fd | 4.65 | N.L. |
| Lexington Grp: | | |
| Cp Ldr | 14.40 | 15.80 |
| Lex Gr | 5.20 | 5.68 |
| Lex Rh | 12.28 | 13.42 |
| Life Ins | 7.53 | 8.23 |
| Linc Ntl | 6.10 | 6.67 |
| Loomis Sayles: | | |
| Capit | 12.30 | N.L. |
| Mut | 13.85 | N.L. |
| Lord Abbett: | | |
| Affild | 6.11 | 6.61 |
| A Bus | 2.69 | 2.91 |
| Bnd Db | 9.35 | 10.22 |
| Luth Bro | 9.43 | 10.31 |
| Luth Inc | 9.32 | 1?.19 |
| Massachusett Co: | | |
| Freed | 7.55 | 8.27 |
| Indep | 7.85 | 8.38 |
| Mass | 10.81 | 11.85 |
| Mass Financl: | | |
| MIT | 10.34 | 11.80 |
| MIG | 10.24 | 12.08 |
| MID | 12.52 | 13.63 |
| MFD | 11.14 | 12.80 |
| MCD | 10.75 | 13.93 |
| Mates | 1.66 | N.L. |
| Mathers | 8.70 | N.L. |
| Mid AM | 4.66 | 5.09 |
| MONY F | 9.81 | 10.72 |
| MSB Fd | 12.66 | N.L. |
| Mut Ben | 8.60 | 9.48 |
| MIF Fd | 7.07 | 7.95 |
| MIF Gth | 3.79 | 4.10 |
| M OmaG | 4.30 | 4.68 |
| M Omaht | 8.41 | 9.14 |
| Mut Shrs | 94.85 | N.L. |
| Mut Trst | 1.85 | N.L. |
| NEA Mut | 8.31 | 8.48 |
| Natl Ind | 9.04 | N.L. |
| Nat Secur Ser: | | |
| Balan | 7.62 | 8.33 |
| Bond | 4.68 | 5.08 |
| Divid | 3.26 | 3.55 |
| Grwth | 5.65 | 6.17 |
| Pf Stk | 5.76 | 6.30 |
| Incom | 4.33 | 4.73 |
| Stock | 6.01 | 6.62 |
| NE LifeFund: | | |
| Equit | 16.25 | 17.59 |
| Groth | 9.31 | 10.15 |
| Side | 14.69 | 15.87 |
| Neuw Cel | 4.05 | N.L. |
| Neuw Fd | 7.04 | N.L. |
| New Per | 10.44 | 11.09 |
| New Wld | 10.64 | 11.52 |
| Newton | 10.20 | 10.93 |
| Nich Strg | 12.00 | N.L. |
| Noreast | 14.84 | N.L. |
| Omega | 7.83 | 7.65 |
| One Wms | 16.55 | N.L. |
| ONeill Fd | 10.85 | N.L. |
| Oppenheimer Fd: | | |
| Oppen | 6.03 | 6.61 |
| AIM | 9.30 | 10.36 |
| Time | 5.07 | 6.01 |
| OTC Sec | 9.19 | 10.10 |
| Param M | 5.98 | 6.54 |
| Paul Rvr | 6.07 | 6.85 |
| Pegas Fd | 4.39 | 4.82 |
| Penn Sq | 6.37 | N.L. |
| Penn Mu | 1.07 | |
| Phila | 5.56 | 6.09 |
| Pilgrim Grp: | | |
| Pilgm | 6.64 | 7.26 |
| Mag C | 8.04 | 8.80 |
| Incom | 8.33 | 9.05 |
| Pine St | 9.66 | N.L. |
| Pine Tree | 2.89 | |
| Pioneer Fund: | | |
| Entrp | 6.22 | 6.80 |
| Fund | 10.99 | 12.01 |
| II | 8.98 | 7.81 |
| Plan Inv | 8.87 | 9.68 |
| Plgrth | 10.81 | 11.80 |
| Price Funds: | | |
| Grwth | 11.48 | N.L. |
| N Era | 10.89 | N.L. |
| N Horiz | 8.81 | N.L. |
| Pro Fund | unavail | |
| Provid | 3.58 | 4.05 |
| Prov Gth | 7.45 | 8.84 |
| Pru SIP | 8.98 | 9.82 |
| Putnam Funds: | | |
| Conv | 10.82 | 10.06 |
| Equit | 7.92 | 8.66 |
| Georg | 10.70 | 11.97 |
| Grwth | 9.52 | 10.40 |
| Incom | 7.82 | 8.65 |
| Invest | 8.70 | 9.51 |
| Vista | 8.91 | 9.74 |
| Voyag | 9.32 | 10.05 |
| Revere | 5.40 | 5.90 |
| Rinfret | 12.86 | |
| Safec Eqt | 7.37 | 8.08 |
| Sagittars | 2.16 | N.L. |
| Scudder Funds: | | |
| Int Inv | 18.70 | N.L. |
| Specl | 28.86 | N.L. |
| Balan | 14.6 | |
| Com St | 9.2 | |
| Seaboard Funds: | | |
| Ad Grt | 4.0 | |
| Ad Inc | 3.65 | |
| Ad Ins | 7.27 | |
| Comp C | 4.4 | |
| Inc Bos | 5.6 | |
| Lever | 4.2 | |
| Security Funds: | | |
| Equty | 3.00 | |
| Invest | 6.08 | |
| Ultra | 5.72 | |
| Selected Funds: | | |
| Sel Am | 6.90 | |
| Sel Opp | 8.04 | |
| Sel Spl | 12.08 | |
| Sent Gth | 10.52 | |
| Sentry F | 11.50 | |
| Shareholders Gr | | |
| Cmstk | 3.31 | |
| Entrp | 5.88 | |
| Flet Fd | 3.90 | |
| Harbr | 7.24 | |
| Legal | 6.11 | |
| Pace | 6.49 | |
| Shearson Funds | | |
| Appre | 17.03 | |
| Oncom | 16.38 | |
| Invest | 8.75 | |
| Sherm D | 7.99 | |
| Side Fd | 6.43 | |
| Sigma Funds: | | |
| Capit | 6.55 | |
| Invest | 9.35 | |
| Trust | 7.39 | |
| Vent | 6.64 | |
| SB Eqty | 9.22 | |
| SB I&Gr | 9.79 | |
| SoGen Int | 10.00 | |
| Sw Invs | 6.6 | |
| Swin Gt | 5.84 | |
| Sover Inv | 10.4 | |
| Spectra F | 3.4 | |
| S&P IntD | 5.65 | |
| State BondGr: | | |
| Com F | 4.95 | |
| Div Fd | 4.76 | |
| Prog F | 4.88 | |
| StFrm Gt | 4.84 | |
| S Frm In | 8.35 | |
| State St | 47.84 | |
| Steadman Fund | | |
| Am Ind | 2.71 | |
| Asso F | 1.09 | |
| Invest | 1.02 | |
| Ocean | 6.15 | |
| Stein Roe Fds | | |
| Balan | 19.38 | |
| Cap O | 9.28 | |
| Stock | 13.68 | |
| Supervisd Inv | | |
| Grwth | 5.6 | |
| Incom | 7.8 | |
| Sumit | 7.6 | |
| Tech | 5.8 | |
| Survey F | 6.8 | |
| Sync Gth | 5.4 | |
| Temp Gt | 7.8 | |
| Trns Cap | 7.8 | |
| Trev Eq | 9.3 | |
| Tudr Hed | 10.3 | |
| TwnC Gt | 3.4 | |
| TwnC Inc | 4.8 | |
| USAA Gt | 8.0 | |
| US GovSe | 10 | |
| USLIFE Funds | | |
| Apex | 4.5 | |
| Balan | 7.1 | |
| ComSt | 10 | |
| Unif Mut | 7.3 | |
| Unifund | 6.4 | |
| Union Svc Gr | | |
| Broad | 12.3 | |
| Nat Inv | 7.4 | |
| U Cap | 7.4 | |
| Whieh | 11.2 | |
| United Funds: | | |
| Accm | 6. | |
| Bond | 7. | |
| Con Gr | 8.8 | |
| Con Inc | 6.9 | |
| Incom | 10. | |
| Scien | 6.1 | |
| Vang | 5.2 | |
| Value Line Fd | | |
| Val Li | 4.6 | |
| Incom | 4. | |
| Lev Grt | 4.6 | |
| Spl Sit | 2.4 | |
| Vance Sanders | | |
| Invest | 6.4 | |
| Specl | 6.3 | |
| Vandrbt | 3.7 | |
| Vangd | 7.0 | |
| Vang TN | 4.9 | |
| Varin P | 3.3 | |
| Viking | 4.8 | |
| WallSt G | 6.8 | |
| Wash Mu | 10.8 | |
| Weing Eq | 10.1 | |
| Wellingtn Group | | |
| Expir | 10.8 | |
| Ivest | 8. | |
| Morg | 10. | |
| Trust | 10.2 | |
| Wellsl | 10.5 | |
| Welltn | 9.9 | |
| West B | 10. | |
| Windr | 6.2 | |
| West Ind | 2.8 | |
| Westl Grt | 6.7 | |
| Wisc Fd | 5. | |
| Ziegler | 9.6 | |

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# American Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8½ | 4⅝ | IndianHd wt | | 3 | 4¾ | 4½ | 4⅝— | ⅛ |
| 3⅞ | ¾ | Insight Svc | 14 | 28 | ⅞ | 13-16 | ⅞—1-16 | |
| 10⅝ | 5½ | Instrop .10e | 7 | 4 | 6 | 5⅞ | 6 | |
| 3⅞ | 1⅝ | Instrum Sys | 5 | 72 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1⅝ | |
| 12⅛ | 1⅞ | IntegRe .19t | 3 | 31 | 2¼ | 2 | 2 — | ⅛ |
| 7¾ | 1⅝ | Intrmedco | 60 | 19 | 2 | 1⅞ | 2 + | ⅛ |
| ¾ | 7-16 | Intl Banknot | | 25 | ½ | 7-16 | ½+1-16 | |
| 8¾ | 3⅞ | Int Foodsvc | 4 | 1 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 6¼ | 2 | InFuneral S | 5 | 37 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2⅛— | ⅛ |
| 14¼ | 8⅛ | IntGenIn .70 | 4 | 21 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛— | ¾ |
| 14⅞ | 5⅞ | Int Prot .10 | 3 | 12 | 6¼ | 5⅞ | 5⅞— | ½ |
| 7¼ | 1⅞ | IntSeaw .10r | 3 | 7 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 — | ⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 1¾ | Int Stretch | | 9 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | |
| 89⅞ | 19⅛ | Int Syst .19h | 60 | 27300 | 35⅛ | 33 | 33⅛— | 1⅞ |
| 6⅛ | 1¾ | Interphoto | | 12 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 — | ¼ |
| 38 | 10⅝ | Intrsyst .10n | 10 | 32 | 12½ | 12¼ | 12½— | ⅛ |
| 68½ | 9½ | Interway Cp | 4 | 10 | 11 | 10⅞ | 10⅞— | 1 |
| 6½ | 1⅞ | Investm Fla | 9 | 9 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝— | ⅛ |
| 36⅛ | 21⅞ | InDiv A 1.80 | 5 | 14 | 21⅛ | 21¼ | 21¼— | ¾ |
| 9¼ | 5⅛ | InvDivB .45 | 5 | 12 | 5⅞ | 5½ | 5½+ | ⅛ |
| 7⅛ | 2¼ | InvFdA .15e | | 2 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 36⅜ | 10⅞ | InvRlt 1.40e | 12 | 15 | 12¼ | 12 | 12⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 26⅝ | 8⅝ | Ionics Inc | 14 | 18 | 9 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |
| 15⅞ | 6¾ | Iroquois Bd | 9 | 24 | 7¼ | 7 | 7⅛— | ⅜ |
| 30⅞ | 2⅝ | Irvin Indust | 4 | 15 | 3¼ | 3 | 3 — | ⅛ |
| 8 | 5 | ISC Ind .30 | 7 | 2 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | |
| 8⅛ | 7 | IsraelD .75e | | 3 | 7¼ | 7 | 7¼+ | ⅛ |
| 39⅞ | 3⅝ | Itel Corp | 3 | 97 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ⅜ |

**J - K**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8¼ | 4⅝ | Jaclyn .20b | 4 | 2 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ⅛ |
| 30⅝ | 7½ | Jacobs Eng | 9 | 12 | 9⅛ | 9½ | 9⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 3⅜ | Jamswy .16t | 3 | 41 | 4⅛ | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ⅛ |
| 10⅞ | 5½ | Jeanner .48t | 3 | 4 | 6½ | 6⅛ | 6⅛— | ⅛ |
| 26⅝ | 11⅞ | Jervis 1.30t | 4 | 17 | 13⅛ | 13 | 13 — | ⅜ |
| 9⅛ | 1⅞ | Jetronic Ind | 5 | 10 | 2⅜ | 2¼ | 2¼— | ⅛ |
| 37⅞ | 18⅜ | John Pd .20 | 28 | 12 | 25⅝ | 26 | 26 — | ⅞ |
| 9⅞ | 6⅛ | Jupiter Ind | 6 | 23 | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ | |
| 11 | 3⅛ | K Tel Intl | 4 | 5 | 3⅞ | 3⅜ | 3⅜— | ¼ |
| 9⅛ | 4 | Kalbrin .16r | 4 | 112 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞— | ⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 1⅝ | Kalvex Inc | 4 | 49 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝— | ⅛ |
| 10 | 3⅛ | KaneMill wt | | 25 | 4⅛ | 5⅝ | 5⅞— | ⅞ |
| 38⅝ | 23⅞ | Kaneb Svc 1 | 11 | 7 | 34½ | 34 | 34 — | ¾ |
| 3⅛ | 1⅝ | Kauf Brd wt | | 119 | 2⅞ | 2½ | 2⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 5⅜ | 1⅝ | Kavanau | 6 | 20 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | |
| 14⅞ | 4⅛ | KayCorp .20 | 8 | 1 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 3⅝ | KemwinS .32 | 3 | 16 | 4 | 3⅝ | 4 + | ⅛ |
| 25⅞ | 17⅛ | Kewanee .48 | 10 | 66 | 19 | 17½ | 18⅝— | ⅞ |
| 7 | 2½ | Key Co .20 | 5 | 9 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛— | ¼ |
| 6⅛ | 4¼ | Keystin .22e | 6 | 1 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ⅛ |
| 2 15-16 | 1⅛ | Kilemb .15e | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞— | ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 2⅝ | Killearn Pr | | 86 | 2½ | 1⅞ | 1⅞— | ⅝ |
| 1⅝ | ¾ | Kin Ark Crp | | 64 | 1 | ⅞ | 1 + | ⅛ |
| 25½ | 8 | KingRd .15e | 6 | 12 | 10 | 9⅝ | 9⅞ | |
| 14¼ | 4½ | Kingstn .13e | 4 | 7 | 5⅝ | 5 | 5⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 27½ | 15 | Kirbylnd .50 | 6 | 5 | 20 | 20 | 20 | |
| 10⅞ | 1⅞ | Klr Mfg | 15 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 2 — | ⅛ |
| 18¼ | 3⅝ | Kleinerts | | 7 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 — | ⅛ |
| 10½ | 6 | Kilkiok .50 | 4 | 5 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝— | ⅜ |
| 27⅛ | 10 | Knicker Toy | 4 | 16 | 12½ | 11⅞ | 12 — | 1 |
| 12⅝ | 5⅜ | Knott H .15p | | 3 | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | |
| 27⅜ | 17⅞ | Kolmorg .40 | 11 | 5 | 21 | 21 | 21 + | ¼ |
| 21¼ | 5⅝ | KuhnStr .10 | 3 | 17 | 6 | 5⅝ | 5⅝— | ¼ |

**L**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3⅞ | 1⅝ | LaBarge | | 20 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½— | ⅛ |
| 30⅞ | 7 | Lafay Radio | 4 | 93 | 7¾ | 7 | 7⅛— | ¾ |
| 4⅛ | 2½ | Lake Shore | 34 | 30 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 22⅞ | 3 | LaMaur .36 | 4 | 19 | 4⅛ | 3⅞ | 3⅞— | ⅛ |
| 8½ | 3¼ | Lane W .24t | 4 | 23 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ⅛ |
| 6½ | 3½ | LaPointe .20 | 5 | 2 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ⅛ |
| 1⅞ | ½ | LaTour Bck | | 211 | ½ | ½ | ½—1-16 | |
| 3⅝ | 1⅝ | Ladmrk Ld | 3 | 22 | 2½ | 2⅜ | 2½ | |
| 16⅝ | 8 | LarwR 1.27e | 6 | 78 | 9 | 8⅝ | 8¾— | ⅛ |
| 1⅞ | ⅜ | LarwinR wt | | 15 | ⅜ | ⅜ | ⅜ | |
| 38 | 8¼ | LCA Cp .45 | 4 | 58 | 9 | 8½ | 8½— | 1 |
| 11½ | 1½ | LCA Cp wt | | 14 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞— | ⅛ |
| 14 | 5 | LaGran .16 | 9 | 1 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛— | ⅛ |
| 20⅞ | 9⅝ | Lea Ronl .24 | 9 | 11 | 12¼ | 11½ | 11⅞— | ⅝ |
| 8½ | 3½ | Leadr Hous | 7 | 17 | 5⅛ | 5¼ | 5¼ | |
| 5½ | 1⅝ | Leasc Cp wt | | 99 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1⅝ | |
| 17⅞ | 6⅝ | Leath Co .30 | 3 | 15 | 6⅞ | 6⅝ | 6⅝— | ⅛ |
| 25 | 9⅞ | Lee Entr .30 | 7 | 21 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10 — | ⅜ |
| 7¼ | 3⅛ | Lee Natl | 6 | 37 | 3⅞ | 3⅝ | 3⅞ | |
| 22½ | 14⅞ | Lee Pharm | 28 | 6 | 16½ | 16¼ | 16¼— | ½ |
| 7⅛ | 3½ | Lehigh Pres | 4 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3⅜ | 3⅝+ | ¼ |
| 20½ | 5 | Leigh Pr .40 | 3 | 40 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5⅛— | ⅜ |
| 12⅞ | 3⅛ | Leisure Tec | 2 | 7 | 4 | 3⅜ | 3⅞ | |
| 18⅞ | 4½ | LesFay .20b | 3 | 8 | 4⅞ | 4⅝ | 4⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 13⅛ | 6 | LewisBF .20 | 4 | 5 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6¼ | |
| 4⅛ | ⅜ | Libco Corp | | 20 | ½ | ⅜ | ½ | |
| 3⅝ | 1⅛ | Liberty Fab | | 4 | 1½ | 1¼ | 1⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 9¼ | 4 | LilliAnn .20e | 4 | 2 | 4 | 3⅞ | 4 | |
| 4⅛ | 2 | LilyLynn A | 2 | 1 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 4⅜ | 1⅝ | Lincoln Am | 8 | 23 | 1⅞ | 1⅝ | 1⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 22 | 8½ | Lloyds Elec | 3 | 7 | 8⅝ | 8½ | 8½ | |
| 2⅝ | 1½ | Lodge S .05e | 15 | 5 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½— | ⅛ |
| 19½ | 3⅝ | LoewThz wt | | 110 | 4⅝ | 4⅛ | 4⅛— | ⅜ |
| 4¼ | 1½ | Logistic Ind | 5 | 31 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1½ | |
| 12⅛ | 7½ | LaGenSv .62 | 6 | 3 | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | |
| 5¼ | 2½ | LSB Ind .28t | 5 | 2 | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ | |
| 4½ | 2⅝ | LTVCorp wt | | 35 | 2⅞ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 1 | Loby Corp | | 6 | 1⅝ | 1¼ | 1¼— | ⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 1⅛ | Lynch Corp | | 7 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½ | |

**M**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2⅝ | ⅞ | Macro Chat | | 37 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 16⅞ | 13½ | Me PbS 1.28 | 7 | 4 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 1⅝ | ½ | Mallry Ran | | 23 | ⅝ | ½ | ½— | ⅛ |
| 8 | 2 1½ | MamMrt .22 | | 26 | 1⅝ | 1⅛ | 1⅛— | ⅛ |
| 11 | 4⅞ | Mansf T .50 | 6 | 21 | 5 | 4⅞ | 5 + | ⅛ |
| 6⅛ | 3½ | Marindus B | 10 | 324 | 3⅝ | 3⅜ | 3½ | |
| 10¼ | 4½ | Mark Contrl | 125 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 4⅝ | 2½ | Marlene Ind | 3 | 18 | 2⅞ | 2⅝ | 2⅞+ | ⅜ |
| 9⅝ | 4⅛ | Marshall Fd | 4 | 2 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛— | ⅛ |
| 9⅞ | 4¼ | Marshal Ind | 5 | 19 | 6⅛ | 5⅝ | 5¾— | ¼ |
| 13⅞ | 4½ | Masland .40 | 1 | 8 | 5⅛ | 4⅞ | 4⅞— | ⅛ |
| 22¼ | 7 | Masnelin .30 | 6 | 1 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝— | ¼ |
| 7⅞ | 2⅝ | Masters Inc | 2 | 7 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 10⅞ | 2⅝ | Mau'Bro .10 | | 29 | 3¼ | 3 | 3⅛ | |
| 15⅞ | 9⅝ | Maule I .30e | 2 | 1 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝— | ¼ |
| 10½ | 3⅞ | McCro wt n | | 13 | 4 | 4 | 4 — | ⅛ |
| 16½ | 4⅝ | McCull Oil | | 377 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ⅛ |
| 19⅞ | 10 | McDonh .40 | 4 | 25 | 10 | 9¼ | 9¼— | ¾ |
| 10 | 4⅞ | McIntsh .32 | 3 | 25 | 5¼ | 5⅛ | 5⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 8⅛ | 2 | McKeon Cn | 5 | 17 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 15⅝ | 9¼ | Means FW 1 | 6 | 2 9 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝— | ⅛ |
| 16½ | 8⅝ | Medalist .36 | 4 | 3 | 9 | 8⅞ | 8⅞— | ⅛ |
| 5¼ | 2 | Medaln Leis | 7 | 1 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | |
| 10⅝ | 3¼ | Medco Jwly | 3 | 1 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½+ | ¼ |
| 14⅞ | 4⅞ | Medenco .17 | 10 | 15 | 9 | 8⅞ | 8⅞— | ⅛ |
| 43⅛ | 21 | MediaGn .54 | 8 | 60 | 21¾ | 21¼ | 21½ | |
| 7⅝ | 1½ | Mego Intl In | | 9 | 2 | 1⅞ | 2 + | ⅛ |
| 21 | 9⅝ | MEM Co .64 | 4 | 15 | 9⅞ | 9⅝ | 9⅝— | ⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 1 | Meridian In | 20 | 4 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 14⅞ | 7¼ | MerleN .20a | 5 | 11 | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ | |
| 8⅞ | 2⅝ | Metrocare | 4 | 21 | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3½ | |
| 5¼ | 2⅝ | Mich Genl | 2 | 14 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2½— | ⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 2½ | Mich S pf.24 | | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 + | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 6¼ | MiddCo .30 | 3 | 2 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ | |
| 11⅞ | 4⅜ | Midld Glass | 3 | 1 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ⅛ |
| 15¼ | 9 | Midw Ru .48 | 5 | 4 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 — | ⅛ |
| 19 | 7½ | MidFlnl .36b | | 36 | 10⅛ | 9⅝ | 9⅝— | ⅛ |
| 27⅝ | 13⅝ | Milgo Elect | 7 | 117 | 15¼ | 14 | 14¼— | ⅞ |
| 14⅞ | 5 | Miller H | 2 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 12⅝ | 5⅝ | MiltOnx .38t | 4 | 12 | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | |
| 37⅝ | 18 | Mill Roy .20e | 10 | 12 | 18⅛ | 17⅝ | 17⅝— | ½ |
| 19⅝ | 9⅞ | MoBerf Pkr | 3 | 9 | 11⅛ | 12¼ | 10⅝— | ½ |
| 7⅞ | 2⅝ | MoKanTx ct | | 3 | 5⅝ | 5⅛ | 5⅛— | ⅛ |
| 41¼ | 16⅝ | Mitchell En | 15 | 126 | 24 | 22⅝ | 24 + | ⅜ |
| 5⅞ | 2¾ | Mite Cp .15 | 6 | 22 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 10⅞ | 1⅞ | MoAmCo Cp | 4 | 21 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 9⅝ | 5⅞ | Modern Md | 4 | 11 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝— | ⅛ |
| 15⅞ | 4⅝ | Mlybdan wt | | 44 | 9⅝ | 8¼ | 8⅝— | ⅛ |
| 12 | 6⅝ | Moog In .40 | 4 | 15 | 8⅞ | 8½ | 8⅝— | ¼ |
| 6½ | 3⅝ | Morton S .32 | 7 | 5 | 3⅝ | 3⅜ | 3⅝— | ⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 1½ | Mouldings | | 14 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 9½ | 3⅝ | Mov Star .40 | 4 | 4 | 4⅞ | 4⅝ | 4⅞+ | ⅜ |
| 1⅞ | ½ | Movielab | | 100 | ⅝ | ½ | ½— | ⅛ |
| 12 | 7¼ | MPB Cp .40 | 4 | 7 | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7½— | ⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 2 | MPO Video | | 1 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 5⅞ | 1 | MPS Intl Cp | | 4 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 15⅞ | 7⅝ | MultiAm .20 | 10 | 15 | 9¼ | 8⅞ | 9¼— | ½ |
| 7⅜ | 5¼ | MWA .40r | 6 | 5 | 5⅝ | 5 | 5 — | ⅛ |

**N**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | 2⅝ | Napco Ind | 5 | 15 | 2½ | 2½ | 2½— | ⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 3¾ | NardaM .14t | 4 | 6 | 4¼ | 4⅛ | 4⅛— | ⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 9-16 | NatBellas H | | 1 20 | 9-16 | ½ | ½—1-16 | |
| 16½ | 4 | N Distr .10e | 4 | 14 | 4⅝ | 4½ | 4⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 1½ | NatHlth Ent | 8 | 25 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 1⅜ | ½ | Natind wt | | 7 | ⅝ | ½ | ½— | ⅛ |
| 16⅜ | 3⅝ | NKinney Cp | 2 | 20 | 3⅝ | 3¼ | 3¼— | ¼ |
| 22⅞ | 7⅜ | NMedEn .0 | 5 | 26 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8½— | ¼ |
| 24⅝ | 9 | Nat Paragn | 8 | 15 | 13⅝ | 13 | 13 — | ⅝ |
| 8⅝ | 4 | Nat Slv .20e | 3 | 7 | 4 | 3⅞ | 3⅞— | ⅛ |
| 11 | 4½ | NatSpin .10e | 4 | 40 | 5 | 4⅝ | 5 | |
| 4 | 1 | Nat System | | 16 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 10 | 4 | NatlnwH .20 | 4 | 4 | 4½ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ¼ |
| 11½ | 6⅝ | Nelsner .10p | 5 | 12 | 6½ | 6¼ | 6½— | ⅛ |
| 6½ | 1⅞ | Nelly Don | 9 | 3 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞— | ⅛ |
| 10½ | 1⅜ | NelsonL .58t | | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 — | ⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 2 | Neonex .05 | 4 | 5 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛— | ⅛ |
| 2¼ | 1⅛ | Nestle LeM | 8 | 16 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 — | ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 9⅝ | Newcor .40 | 13 | 13 | 11⅛ | 10⅝ | 11⅝+ | ¼ |
| 65 | 25⅝ | NE Nuc .07e | 25 | 44 | 45⅝ | 44⅝ | 45½— | ¼ |
| 6⅝ | 4¼ | NHamp .12e | 6 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 1½ | ¾ | Newldria M | 11 | 51 | ⅞ | 11-16 | 11-16—1-16 | |
| 4 | 1⅞ | Newpark Rs | 10 | 43 | 2½ | 2½ | 2½— | ⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 7¼ | N Proc .35e | 10 | 65 | 8¼ | 8 | 8⅛ | |
| 16 | 10¼ | NYTimes .60 | 6 | 60 | 10⅝ | 10¼ | 10⅝— | ⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 5 | NiagFSv .26 | 5 | 10 | 5⅞ | 5½ | 5⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 6⅞ | 1½ | Nichols SE | 3 | 2 | 2½ | 2½ | 2½— | ⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 11⅛ | NJBPi 2.35e | 6 | 38 | 15¼ | 14½ | 15⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 12¼ | 3 | Noel Indust | 3 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3½— | ⅛ |
| 31 | 22⅝ | Nort So Rv | | 2 | 30¼ | 30¼ | 30¼— | ½ |
| 6⅝ | 2 | Nortek Inc | 12 | 41 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 — | ⅛ |
| 5¼ | 1⅝ | NoAmMt wt | | 6 | 2½ | 2¼ | 2½— | ⅛ |
| 22⅝ | 7⅝ | NorAm Roy | 45 | 74 | 16 | 14⅝ | 14⅝— | 1⅞ |
| 8⅝ | 5⅜ | NorCdn Oils | 14 | 120 | 5⅝ | 5 3-16 | 5 3-16— | ⅜ |
| 29⅝ | 11 | NNGMn wt | | 36 | 13⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝— | 1⅝ |
| 7¼ | 3⅛ | Novo Corp | 3 | 4 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½— | ⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 4 | Nuclear Dat | | 13 | 5¼ | 4⅞ | 5 — | ⅛ |
| 26⅞ | 13½ | NumacO Gs | 25 | 4 | 16⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝— | ½ |

**O**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 42¼ | 17 | Offshore Co | 12 | 9 | 29½ | 29 | 29 — | ⅜ |
| 5⅜ | 2⅝ | Ohio Art .70 | 9 | 6 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 23⅝ | 13⅝ | OhioBrass 1 | 8 | 20 | 13⅞ | 13⅝ | 13⅞— | ⅛ |
| 20 | 9 | Oh Sealy .24 | 7 | 6 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 — | ⅛ |
| 29 | 15⅝ | OKC Cp .80e | 5 | 59 | 24¼ | 24 | 24 — | 1 |
| 7⅛ | 2½ | Olla Ind | | 9 2 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ⅛ |
| 42⅞ | 9⅛ | OnanCp .50e | 3 | 16 | 10½ | 10½ | 10½— | ¼ |
| 90¼ | 55¼ | OOkep 8.29e | 7 | 2330 | 78 | 77¼ | 77¼— | 1½ |
| 28⅝ | 2½ | OpenRd Ind | 1 | 255 | 2½ | 2 | 2⅛— | ⅜ |
| 7 | 1⅞ | Originala | | 10 | 2 | 2 | 2 + | ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 7⅝ | OriolHo .10h | 3 | 11 | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾— | ⅛ |
| 2⅞ | ⅜ | Ormand Ind | 18 | 13 | 13-16 | ¾ | ¾—1-16 | |
| 11⅝ | 6 | OSullvn .50b | 5 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 7 | |
| 21 | 5⅞ | Outdr Sprt I | 4 | 6 | 6 | 5⅞ | 5⅞— | ⅛ |
| 20⅞ | 11½ | OverhDr .32 | 7 | 6 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | |
| 11¼ | 5 | OxfdFst .45e | 7 | 1 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 6⅝ | 3 | Ozark Airlin | | 49 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 — | ¼ |

**P - Q**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2⅝ | ⅝ | P&F Indust | | 23 | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝— | ⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 1 | Pac Cst Prp | | 35 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 22⅝ | 18⅞ | PGE5pf 1.50 | | 18 | 19⅝ | 18⅞ | 19 — | ⅝ |
| 20 | 17 | PGE pf 1.37 | | 4 | 17 | 17 | 17 | |
| 17⅞ | 15 | PGE5pf 1.25 | | 1 | 15½ | 15½ | 15½+ | ¼ |
| 7⅝ | 16½ | PGRd pf1.25 | | 3 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝— | ½ |
| 17⅞ | 15⅝ | PG pfA 1.25 | | 2 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | |
| 16 | 12⅝ | PG 4.5pf1.12 | | 4 | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼ | |
| 15 | 10⅝ | PG 4.3pf1.09 | | 2 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 31⅝ | 27⅛ | PG 9.2pf2.32 | | 5 | 27¼ | 27¼ | 27¼ | |
| 28⅝ | 25¼ | PG 8.1pf2.04 | | 8 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 30⅞ | 26⅛ | PGE 9pf2.25 | | 1 | 27¼ | 27¼ | 27¼+ | ¼ |
| 27⅛ | 23⅝ | PG 7.8pf1.96 | | 14 | 24⅞ | 24⅛ | 24⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 27⅝ | 24¼ | PGE 8pf 2 | | 13 | 25¼ | 25⅛ | 25⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 5⅛ | P Holdg .34 | 5 | 6 | 5⅞ | 5⅛ | 5⅛— | ⅛ |
| 64 | 54 | PacLt pf4.50 | | 240 | 59½ | 58 | 59½+ | 3¼ |
| 61¼ | 52½ | PacLt pf4.40 | | 240 | 54 | 54 | 54 + | 1½ |
| 16¼ | 13½ | PNwTel 1.12 | 9 | 2 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | |
| 19 | 7⅜ | PacSv L .28 | 3 | 20 | 7⅝ | 7⅜ | 7⅜— | ⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 9⅞ | Pall Corp | 10 | 11 | 15⅛ | 14⅝ | 14⅞— | ⅛ |
| 9 | 1⅝ | PaloFnl .05p | 7 | 23 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛— | ⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 6⅛ | PaloM 1.76e | 4 | 43 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 2⅞ | 9-16 | PalmrMl wt | | 5 | 11-16 | 11-16 | 11-16—1-16 | |
| 13⅛ | 3⅛ | Pandl Bradt | 4 | 20 | 3⅞ | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 2 | Pantasote | 6 | 5 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 7¼ | 2⅛ | ParaPkg .10 | 5 | 4 | 2⅝ | 2⅛ | 2⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 7¼ | 4⅝ | Park Ch .36 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 4⅞ | 4⅞— | ¼ |
| 8 | 3⅝ | Park El .26t | 4 | 7 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 — | ⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 2⅛ | Parklan Hos | 5 | 13 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 13 | 2⅜ | Parkwy Dis | 4 | 3 | 3⅜ | 3⅛ | 3⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 35 | 19½ | Parsons .35e | 17 | 38 | 26½ | 25½ | 25⅞— | 1¼ |
| 6⅛ | 1⅞ | Pat Fash .24 | 5 | 6 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞— | ⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 9⅝ | Patgonia .20 | 6 | 18 | 10 | 9½ | 9½— | ⅛ |
| 5½ | 1½ | PatPar Pap | | 7 | 2 | 1¾ | 2 + | ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 6 | PatoCG .20e | 9 | 27 | 9¼ | 8⅞ | 9¼+ | ¼ |
| 11 | 9¼ | Patrick Pet | 13 | 38 | 9⅛ | 9¼ | 9¼ | |
| 16¼ | 11½ | PeasE 1.1e | | 3 | 12⅛ | 12 | 12 — | ⅜ |
| 12¼ | 9 | Peel Elder | 20 | 33 | 9¼ | 8¾ | 9¼ | |
| 11⅞ | 7¼ | PeerTu .20a | 10 | 14 | 7¼ | 7 | 7 — | ⅜ |
| 4⅞ | 1⅞ | Pemcor Inc | 3 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 — | ⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 1⅝ | Penn Dix wt | | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 12¼ | 8⅞ | PenEng .60b | 3 | 8 | 9½ | 9¼ | 9¼— | ¼ |
| 13⅝ | 11¼ | PenRIE 1.10 | 9 | 8 | 12 | 11¾ | 11¾— | ¼ |
| 5 | 1⅞ | Penob Shoe | | 3 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛— | ⅛ |
| 1⅝ | ½ | Pentron Ind | | 26 | ⅝ | ½ | 9-16—1-16 | |
| 29½ | 12 | PepBoys 1 | 4 | 38 | 12⅝ | 12 | 12⅛— | ⅜ |
| 13⅛ | 5⅛ | PepCom .40 | 4 | 7 | 6⅛ | 5 | 5⅛ | |
| 7⅝ | 4½ | Perini .20e | 3 | 26 | 5¼ | 5 | 5⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 9⅞ | 2⅞ | Permaner | 11 | 56 | 4⅝ | 4⅛ | 4¼— | ⅛ |
| 8¼ | 3⅝ | Pertec Corp | 9 | 22 | 4⅝ | 4 | 4¼— | ⅛ |
| 9 | 3⅝ | Phil LD .53r | 5 | 2 | 6⅝ | 6⅛ | 6⅝— | ⅛ |
| 4½ | 2 | Phoenix Sil | | 19 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 8⅝ | 3⅝ | Pic n Pay St | 5 | 11 | 3⅞ | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ¼ |
| 9½ | 3 | Piedlnd .24 | 3 | 31 | 3⅛ | 2⅞ | 3 | |
| 9⅞ | 4½ | Pioner Plas | 4 | 20 | 4⅝ | 4¼ | 4¼— | ⅛ |
| 5½ | 1⅝ | Pioneer Sys | 4 | 18 | 1¾ | 1⅝ | 1⅝— | ⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 4 | Pioneer Tex | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 — | ⅛ |
| 74¼ | 26 | PitDM 1.20a | 20 | 4 | 72 | 71 | 71 — | 1½ |
| 7⅛ | 5⅝ | PitWVT .57e | 8 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 + | ⅛ |
| 45⅞ | 33¼ | Pittway .60b | 12 | 7 | 30½ | 30½ | 30½— | ¼ |
| 21⅛ | 7½ | PizzaCp Am | 12 | 6 | 9½ | 9⅛ | 9⅛— | ¼ |
| 10⅛ | 3⅝ | Plant Ind | 12 | 11 | 4¼ | 4 | 4 — | ¼ |
| 36¼ | 15⅛ | Plantrnics | 8 | 48 | 15 | 14⅞ | 15 — | ¼ |
| 3¼ | 7-16 | Plaza Group | 7 | 15 | ⅝ | ½ | ⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 6¼ | 1 | PNB MR wt | | 4 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛— | ⅛ |
| 6¼ | 2½ | Pneumo Dy | | 8 | 3⅛ | 3¼ | 3⅛ | |
| 5⅛ | 1⅝ | Poloron Pd | | 30 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1½ | |
| 15 | 8½ | Polychr .65t | 5 | 8 | 8½ | 8¼ | 8¼— | ⅜ |
| 9⅝ | 6 | Polymr .45t | 7 | z200 | 7½ | 7⅛ | 7⅛— | ⅜ |
| 8⅞ | 3 | Pottor Inst | | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 13⅝ | 6⅛ | Prairie Oil | 20 | 8 | 7⅝ | 7 | 7 — | ⅜ |
| 16⅝ | 10½ | Pratt Lmb 1 | 6 | 1 | 11¼ | 11¼ | 11¼ | |
| 5⅝ | 3 | Pratt Rd .25 | 5 | 1 | 3½ | 3⅛ | 3⅛— | ⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 2⅛ | Prel Corp | 2 | 45 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛— | ⅛ |
| 33⅛ | 16⅛ | PrenHall .84 | 10 | 34 | 18¾ | 18⅛ | 18⅛— | ⅝ |
| 14⅞ | 9½ | PresRIB .88 | 30 | 8 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝— | ⅛ |
| 13⅞ | 2⅛ | Presley Cos | 2 | 39 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 8⅝ | Preston .70 | 7 | 1 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝— | ⅛ |
| 16⅝ | 4⅝ | PrimMt .05e | 5 | 72 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ⅛ |
| 24⅝ | 15⅝ | Proler Intl 1 | 5 | 20 | 18¼ | 17¾ | 18⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 25⅞ | 9⅝ | PrpCT 1.81e | 6 | 59 | 11⅝ | 10½ | 10½— | 1⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 2⅛ | PrdRIE .26e | 20 | 5 | 2½ | 2¼ | 2¼— | ¼ |
| 28 | 4⅜ | PrudBdg .24 | 4 | 92 | 5⅛ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | |
| 12¼ | 2½ | PSA Inc wt | | 6 | 2½ | 2¼ | 2½— | ⅛ |
| 60 | 50 | PSCol pf4.25 | | z100 | 52 | 52 | 52 — | 1 |
| 7⅝ | 1⅝ | Pulte Hmes | 2 | 20 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞— | ⅛ |
| 10¼ | 4 | PuntaGrd Is | 3 | 65 | 4¼ | 3½ | 3⅝— | ½ |
| 10½ | 8½ | Purepac Lb | 91 | 1 | 8½ | 8½ | 8½— | ¼ |
| 19¼ | 9½ | PutnamS .44 | 5 | 4 | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | |
| 19½ | 10¼ | Quebcor Inc | 10 | 4 | 12 | 11⅝ | 11⅝— | ⅝ |

**R**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 19¼ | 11 | Ranchrs Ex | 21 | 132 | 16¼ | 15 | 15⅝— | 1⅝ |
| 31¼ | 23⅝ | RangrO Can | 8 | 62 | 33⅛ | 29½ | 29½— | 4 |
| 34⅞ | 16⅝ | Ransbrg .80 | 7 | 4 | 19¼ | 19 | 19 — | 1 |
| 6⅛ | 3 | RapdAm wt | | 246 | 3 | 2⅝ | 3 | |
| 7 | 4 | Rath Pack | | 44 9 | 4⅝ | 4 | 4 — | ⅛ |
| 7 | 3⅞ | Ray Resrcs | 8 | 11 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛— | ⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 6⅝ | RaymPr .40 | 6 | 2 | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼— | ⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 4 | RB Indust | 5 | 17 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 — | ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 3 | Reading Ind | 9 | 1 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 19⅞ | 15⅞ | ReaEst 1.40 | 10 | 1 | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | 15⅞— | ¼ |
| 16 | 10⅝ | RlitnT 1.64e | 8 | 2 | 10⅝ | 10¼ | 10¼— | ¼ |
| 22½ | 15 | Rlt RT 2.56e | 6 | 11 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | |
| 23½ | 16⅝ | Recrion .18 | 5 | 32 | 22 | 20⅝ | 20⅞— | ½ |
| 3¼ | 1¼ | Reeves Telc | 7 | 38 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝— | ⅛ |
| 17⅞ | 4⅝ | RefrigTr .12 | 3 | 10 | 5⅛ | 4⅝ | 5 — | ⅜ |
| 10⅛ | 6 | ReitfFd .8e | | 13 | 7 | 7 | 7 | |
| 67½ | 48 | ReitF pf4.38 | | 2 | 44 | 44 | 44 + | ½ |
| 18 | 9⅝ | RemAr .80e | 7 | 5 | 10½ | 10⅝ | 10⅝— | ⅛ |
| 5½ | 2 | RepHous .56 | 3 | 24 | 2⅝ | 2⅛ | 2⅛— | ½ |
| 2 | 9-16 | RepMtln wt | | 7 | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ | |
| 31 | 23 | Repblr NY | 5 | 80 | 26⅞ | 26 | 26 — | 1 |
| 65⅛ | 32⅝ | ReschCll .08 | 26 | 64 | 35⅝ | 35 | 35⅛— | 2⅝ |
| 10⅝ | 5⅝ | Reserve OG | 14 | 106 | 7⅝ | 7 | 7⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 5⅛ | Resistflx .30 | 7 | 2 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝— | ⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 1⅝ | Resrtslntl A | 6 | 300 | 2 | 1⅞ | 2 + | ⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 1⅞ | Resrtslntl B | 6 | 22 | 2 | 1⅞ | 2 + | ⅛ |
| 4⅛ | 1⅞ | Rest Assoc | | 21 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞— | ⅛ |
| 8⅛ | 1⅝ | Rex Nor .14t | | 40 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | |
| 9⅛ | 2⅝ | RH Med Svc | 3 | 2 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 10⅞ | 3 | Ribiet Prod | 3 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3 | 3½+ | ⅛ |
| 5½ | 2 | Richford In | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 — | ⅛ |
| 6½ | 1⅞ | Richton .10e | | 103 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1⅝ | |
| 2⅛ | ⅜ | Riker Mays | | 18 | ⅞ | 13-16 | 13-16 | |
| 1⅝ | ⅜ | Riker Mx pf | | 9 | ⅜ | ⅜ | ⅜— | ⅛ |
| 22⅝ | 7⅝ | Riley Co | 7 | 1 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝— | ⅜ |
| 10⅛ | 5⅝ | RisdonM .36 | 4 | 22 | 7½ | 7½ | 7½— | ⅜ |
| 10⅞ | 6¼ | RlnFinB .24 | 12 | 12 | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9¼ | |
| 15⅝ | 4⅝ | Robino Lad | 2 | 27 | 4⅝ | 4½ | 4½— | ⅛ |
| 39⅞ | 15⅝ | Robintech | 12 | 34 | 27⅛ | 26⅞ | 26⅞— | ⅜ |
| 6⅛ | 1⅝ | Roblin Ind | | 8 | 2 | 2 | 2 — | ⅛ |
| 15⅞ | 8½ | Rockwy .80a | 4 | 3 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝— | ⅛ |
| 3 | ¾ | Rockw Nat | | 52 | 13-16 | 13-16 | ¾— | ⅛ |
| 6⅛ | 2⅞ | Roland Intl | 2 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 3 — | ⅛ |
| 13⅛ | 2⅝ | Rollins Intl | 10 | 2239 | 4⅝ | 2½ | 2⅝— | 1⅝ |
| 6⅛ | ⅝ | Ronco Telep | | 51 | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ | |
| 4 | 13-16 | Rosenau Br | | 11 | 13-16 | ¾ | 13-16 | |
| 10⅝ | 4 | Rossmor Cp | 2 | 3 | 4¼ | 4⅛ | 4¼+ | ⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 1 | Rossmor wt | | 11 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | |
| 41 | 16⅝ | Rowan .14 | 17 | 60 | 35 | 34 | 34⅛— | 1⅝ |
| 10⅞ | 3⅝ | Rowind Inc | | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 5⅞ | 1⅞ | RoyBus .20e | 4 | 25 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 6 | 2 | RoyBch Col | 4 | 25 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 8⅝ | 2⅛ | RPS Prod | | 7 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ⅛ |
| 2½ | ⅞ | RSC Indust | 7 | 11 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 4⅝ | 1⅝ | Ruddick Cp | | 22 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝— | ⅜ |
| 7 | 3⅝ | Rudick pf.56p | | 1 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | |
| 3⅝ | 1 | Rusco Ind | 9 | 22 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 9⅛ | 2¼ | Russeks Inc | 3 | 4 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 15½ | 6⅝ | Russell .43e | 3 | 7 | 7¾ | 7½ | 7¾+ | ¼ |
| 22¼ | 7½ | Rust Cft .40 | 4 | 11 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| 29⅞ | 12⅝ | RyanHo .15e | 9 | 18 | 13¼ | 12½ | 12½— | 1 |
| 7⅝ | 2½ | Ryersn Hay | | 5 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ⅛ |

**S**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6½ | 3⅝ | SafranSy A | 4 | 3 | 4¼ | 4 | 4 | |
| 27⅝ | 7½ | StJohnsT .62 | 3 | 9 | 8⅛ | 8 | 8⅛— | ⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 4⅞ | Salem Corp | 13 | 7 | 6¼ | 6 | 6¼+ | ⅜ |
| 14⅞ | 12 | Sambos Rst | 18 | 171 | 13⅝ | 12 | 12 — | 1⅛ |
| 8 | 5¼ | S Carlo .88e | 6 | 2 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ | |
| 7¼ | 1¼ | Sanitas .12 | | 48 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 2 | Sargent Ind | | 11 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2⅛— | ⅛ |
| 7¼ | 3⅝ | Saturn Airw | 3 | 1 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 16⅛ | 6⅛ | Saundr L .20 | 3 | 10 | 6⅝ | 6⅛ | 6⅛— | ¼ |
| 7 | 3½ | Savoy Ind | | 2 | 4 | 3⅞ | 4 + | ⅛ |
| 9½ | 7¼ | Schenuf .40e | 3 | 1 | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ | |
| 9⅝ | 3⅝ | Schick Inc | 2 | 5 | 3⅞ | 3⅝ | 3⅞— | ⅛ |
| 4¼ | 2¼ | Sci Mgt .09e | 5 | 16 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2¼— | ⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 6¼ | Scient Atlan | 8 | 6 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6¼— | ¼ |
| 10 | 8 | Scope Ind | 10 | 2 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |
| 8¼ | 1⅛ | Scottex Cp | | 256 | 1⅝ | 1¼ | 1⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 25⅞ | 18½ | Scottys .05 | 12 | 39 | 12½ | 11½ | 11½— | 1⅛ |
| 34⅞ | 14⅝ | Scurry Rain | 97 | 26 | 19⅝ | 18¼ | 19½— | ⅜ |
| 22 | 10¼ | Sea Contain | 5 | 8 | 11⅝ | 11⅛ | 11⅛— | ½ |
| 5⅝ | 2⅝ | Sealectr Cp | 5 | 1 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ¼ |
| 2⅛ | ½ | Seaport Cp | | 9 | ¾ | ⅝ | ⅝ | |
| 7⅛ | 4¼ | Seaprt pf.56 | | z100 | 4⅝ | 4⅛ | 4⅛— | ⅜ |
| 9⅞ | 5 | Searsind .44 | 5 | 2 | 5⅝ | 5¼ | 5⅝ | |
| 10 | 4⅝ | Season All | 4 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 15⅛ | 5½ | SecMt 1.22e | 6 | 39 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6½ | |
| 2⅝ | ½ | SecMt In wt | | 25 | ⅝ | ½ | ½—1-16 | |
| 16⅝ | 3⅝ | Sec Plastics | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3⅞ | 3⅞— | ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 5⅛ | Selas Cp .27 | 6 | 7 | 6⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝— | ⅛ |
| 14⅞ | 7⅝ | SelgLat .40b | 3 | 4 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝— | ⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 8¼ | Semtec .63t | 7 | 7 | 9⅝ | 9⅛ | 9⅛— | ⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 4⅛ | SvcCp I .05e | 4 | 51 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 — | ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 4½ | Servisco .30 | 3 | 14 | 5⅝ | 5⅛ | 5⅛— | ⅛ |
| 6⅞ | 3 | Servo Corp | 7 | 20 | 3⅝ | 3⅛ | 3⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 14⅛ | 4½ | Servotr .10r | 4 | 29 | 5⅝ | 4⅝ | 5⅛— | ⅜ |
| 10⅝ | 7⅛ | Seton Co .45 | 8 | 2 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛— | ⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 4⅝ | SGL In .10b | 4 | 2 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 5⅞ | SG Sec .51e | | 23 | 7⅞ | 7⅝ | 7⅝— | ⅜ |
| 16⅝ | 14⅝ | SG Se pf.86e | | 5 | 16 | 16 | 16 | |
| 3⅛ | 1⅜ | Sheer Shoe | 43 | 1 | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜— | ⅛ |
| 24⅛ | 7⅝ | Shawind .40 | 4 | 25 | 9 | 8⅛ | 8⅛— | ⅜ |
| 10⅝ | 2⅝ | SheltRes .06 | 4 | 53 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2½— | ⅛ |
| 10¼ | 3⅝ | ShndCp .71t | 3 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4½ | 4⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 20¼ | 8 | Shnandh Oil | 37 | 8 | 13⅞ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | |
| 23⅝ | 18⅞ | Shn O pf1.25 | | 6 | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | 19⅝— | ½ |
| 85 | 12⅝ | Sherwd Med | 7 | 32 | 14⅝ | 13½ | 13½— | 1⅛ |
| 6½ | 2⅝ | Shopwll .26e | | 17 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞— | ⅛ |
| 16⅝ | 8 | Showbot .60 | 3 | 28 | 7¾ | 7⅛ | 7⅝— | ⅛ |
| 13 | 2⅛ | ShulmTr En | 18 | 1 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼+ | ⅛ |
| 14⅞ | 8½ | SierrPac .12 | 2 | 5 | 8⅞ | 8⅝ | 8⅝— | ⅜ |
| 19½ | 7 | Sierracin Cp | 13 | 2 | 7⅝ | 7¼ | 7⅝— | ⅜ |
| 13⅝ | 7⅝ | Sifco In .28a | 5 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 8 — | ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 4½ | Sigma .37t | 4 | 19 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4⅞— | ⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 3 | SikesCp .20 | 7 | 38 | 4¼ | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ⅝ |
| 5 | 2⅝ | Simc St .22b | 9 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 3 — | ⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 6 | Simkins .51 | 5 | 20 | 6⅛ | 6 | 6 — | ⅛ |
| 4½ | 2½ | Sim Sch .10e | 6 | 1 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ⅛ |
| 9 | 4 | Simplxl .37t | 5 | 24 | 4 | 4 | 4 — | ¼ |
| 19⅞ | 10¼ | Simp.ex Wir | 10 | 27 | 14 | 13 | 13 — | 1⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 1⅛ | Sitkin SmRf | 5 | 9 | 1½ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | |
| 17⅛ | 6 | Sky City .48t | 5 | 5 | 6½ | 6⅝ | 6⅞— | ⅜ |
| 4⅝ | 1½ | SMD Ind | 3 | 9 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1⅝ | |
| 11¼ | 3 | Solitron .06 | 181 | 56 | 3⅞ | 3⅛ | 3⅛— | ¼ |
| 15⅝ | 6⅛ | Sonder Brdc | 3 | 6 | 7 | 6¾ | 6⅝— | ½ |
| 28⅛ | 10⅝ | Soundsn .40 | 4 | 43 | 12⅛ | 10⅝ | 11⅝— | 1⅝ |
| 25⅝ | 16¼ | SCEO pf1.56 | | z300 | 19 | 19 | 19 — | ⅛ |
| 116⅛ | 108 | SCE pf8.96 | | 1 | 110 | 110 | 110 + | 2 |
| 105⅛ | 97⅛ | SCE pf7.58 | | 2 | 97 | 97 | 97 — | 1⅛ |
| 20⅞ | 18⅛ | SC 5.8pf 1.45 | | 1 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝+ | ¼ |
| 22¼ | 15¼ | SC 5.2pf 1.30 | | 6 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | |
| 15⅝ | 12⅞ | SC 4.3pf 1.08 | | 4 | 13⅝ | 13 | 13 — | ¼ |
| 15⅛ | 13⅝ | SC 4.2pf 1.06 | | 6 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 5⅝ | 3⅞ | Sou Real Ut | 16 | 7 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅞ | |
| 47⅝ | 36¼ | Sou Roy .60 | 41 | 129 | 45⅛ | 42⅝ | 44⅛— | ⅜ |
| 24⅞ | 4 | Specty Rest | 3 | 17 | 4⅛ | 3⅞ | 4 — | ¼ |
| 7¾ | 3⅝ | Spector Ind | 8 | 10 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛— | ⅛ |
| 7 | 2⅞ | SpedOP .34t | 19 | 6 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞— | ⅛ |
| 8½ | 2 | Speizmn Ind | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 9⅞ | 3⅝ | Spencer .32t | 3 | 25 | 3⅞ | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 6⅝ | Splentex .72 | 3 | 2 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝— | ¼ |
| 14⅛ | 6½ | SSP In .20e | 4 | 4 | 7 | 6¼ | 7 | |
| 18 | 10 | StdAllian .80 | 3 | 2 | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| 4⅝ | 1⅝ | Std Containr | 4 | 5 | 1⅞ | 1⅝ | 1⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 14 | StdCoosaT 1 | 4 | 3 | 14 | 14 | 14 | |
| 5 | ⅝ | Std Dredge | | 9 | 13-16 | ¾ | ¾— | ⅛ |
| 14⅞ | 6 | StdDredg pf | | z100 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝— | ⅜ |
| 4⅛ | 2⅝ | Std Metals | 4 | 4 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ⅛ |
| 25¼ | 5⅛ | StdMotA .42 | 4 | 68 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5½— | ⅛ |
| 3½ | 1⅛ | StdPac Corp | 4 | 27 | 2 | 1⅞ | 2 + | ⅛ |
| 23⅞ | 12⅝ | Std Prod 1 | 3 | 10 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | |
| 28¼ | 18⅛ | Std Shrs .64t | | 3 | 19 | 18¼ | 18¼— | ⅜ |
| 24 | 12¼ | StThom .36a | 4 | 11 | 13 | 13 | 13 — | |
| 20⅛ | 12½ | Stange .20 | 15 | 2 | 13⅝ | 13 | 13 — | ⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 2 | Stardust Inc | 5 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 10⅝ | 8 | StarSmk .60 | 5 | 8 | 8¼ | 8¼ | 8¼+ | ⅛ |
| 15⅞ | 5⅝ | StarrHo .20 | 4 | 27 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6¼+ | ⅛ |
| 10⅞ | 6 | StateSL .30h | 3 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| 24⅝ | 10⅛ | Statham Ins | 9 | 26 | 11⅞ | 11⅝ | 11⅝— | ⅜ |
| 5⅞ | 3 | Stelmet Inc | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 — | ⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 4½ | Stelber Ind | 5 | 66 | 5⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ½ |
| 1⅝ | ¾ | Stellar Ind | | 8 | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞+1-16 | |
| 31⅝ | 10¼ | Stepn Ch .36 | 8 | 5 | 13⅝ | 12⅝ | 13⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 2¼ | 1 | Strl Electr | 6 | 54 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 5½ | 1⅝ | Sterl Ext .10 | 1 | 1 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝— | ⅛ |
| 5½ | 2¾ | SterlPre .15t | 4 | 51 | 2⅞ | 2¾ | 2⅞— | ⅛ |
| 15⅞ | 7 | Sterndent | 5 | 38 | 8¼ | 7¼ | 7¼— | 1 |
| 20⅛ | 13 | StopShop .90 | 5 | 11 | 14⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝— | ⅝ |
| 18⅞ | 4 | STP Cp .55e | 4 | 49 | 4¼ | 4 | 4⅛ | |
| 7⅝ | 3⅝ | Struth Wells | 18 | 28 | 5⅞ | 5⅝ | 5⅞ | |
| 25 | 13⅝ | Sun Elec .40 | 9 | 15 | 14 | 13½ | 13⅝— | ¼ |
| 9⅝ | 3¼ | Sunair 1.5e | 3 | 1 | 3½ | 3⅝ | 3½ | |
| 5⅝ | 4⅝ | SupFdSv .30 | 4 | 1 | 4⅝ | 4¼ | 4¼— | ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 2⅝ | Sup Ind .05e | 3 | 9 | 3½ | 3 | 3 — | ½ |
| 17½ | 6¼ | Sup Surg Mf | 5 | 19 | 7 | 6½ | 6½— | ⅜ |
| 2⅝ | 13-16 | Supronics | 2 | 2 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 9 | 2¼ | Susquhana | | 82 | 2⅝ | 2¼ | 2⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 4⅝ | Susqu pf.75k | | 6 | 4⅝ | 4½ | 4½— | ⅛ |
| 2¼ | ¾ | SutrMtg wt | | 26 | 13-16 | ¾ | 13-16+1-16 | |
| 17 | 14½ | SW Ind .40a | 6 | 1 | 14½ | 14½ | 14½ | |
| 8⅞ | 2¼ | Synalloy | 4 | 17 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝+ | ¼ |
| 128⅛ | 46¼ | Syntex .40 | 35 | 985 | 116⅛ | 112¾ | 110⅞— | 5 |
| 63 | 59½ | SyntexCp wi | | 67 | 58⅛ | 56¼ | 56¼— | 3¼ |
| 32⅛ | 16 | Sysco Cp .20 | 13 | 61 | 22⅝ | 22 | 22 — | ⅜ |
| 8⅝ | 1⅝ | System Eng | | 31 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½— | ⅛ |

**T**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 57½ | 11 | TastyB 9.2r | 7 | 2 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | 10⅞— | ¼ |
| 1⅞ | 1⅛ | Tech Sym | | 9 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 13½ | 4⅝ | Techcl Oper | 5 | 24 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ½ |
| 3 | ¾ | Techcl Tape | 6 | 19 | ⅞ | ¾ | ¾— | ⅛ |
| 19¼ | 6½ | Tchnicolor | 5 | 183 | 6⅝ | 6 | 6⅛— | ⅜ |
| 3⅞ | 1⅞ | Technitrol | 11 | 1 | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 30 | 16¼ | Tejon R .20e | 18 | 5 | 19 | 18⅞ | 19 — | ⅛ |
| 27¼ | 12⅞ | Telefix 1.29t | 4 | 49 | 13 | 12⅞ | 12⅞— | ⅛ |
| 5¼ | ¾ | Telex Cp wt | | 13 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 5¼ | 1⅜ | Tenna Corp | | 47 | 2⅛ | 1⅞ | 1⅞— | ⅛ |
| 8 | 3¼ | Tenneco wt | | 127 | 4⅝ | 4 | 4 — | ⅛ |
| 2⅝ | 1 | Tenney Eng | 2 | 3 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 6⅝ | 2⅝ | Tensor Cp | 4 | 12 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| 27¼ | 13⅝ | Teradyn Inc | 14 | 19 | 15 | 14 | 14 — | 1½ |
| 29⅝ | 11¼ | TesbroPt wt | | 177 | 24½ | 23 | 23⅝— | 1⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 3⅝ | TexasInt Co | 195 | 315 | 8⅝ | 8 | 8⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 66¼ | 58 | TxPL pf4.56 | | z100 | 61½ | 59½ | 59½— | 1½ |
| 7⅛ | 2½ | Texstar | 3 | 24 | 3 | 2⅞ | 3 + | ⅛ |
| 25¼ | 10⅝ | Textron wt | | 5 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛— | ⅜ |
| 5⅝ | 2½ | TFI Co Inc | 8 | 7 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | |
| 7⅞ | 3½ | ThorMk .32t | | 2 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 14⅞ | 6¾ | Thrftmt .05a | 5 | 3 | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7⅝— | ⅛ |
| 14¼ | 1⅞ | Tidwell 2.3p | 8 | 19 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞— | ⅛ |
| 7⅜ | 4½ | Tiffany 2.0 | 4 | 22 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 — | ½ |
| 16⅞ | 7½ | Timpte 2.0e | 6 | 50 | 14 | 13⅝ | 13⅝— | ⅜ |
| 9⅛ | 2⅝ | Titmus Opt | | 8 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛— | ⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 17⅝ | TMCM 16.9e | | 9 | 19½ | 19¼ | 19⅛— | ¼ |
| 25⅝ | 4⅝ | Tokheim .35 | 13 | 59 | 6⅞ | 6⅛ | 6⅞ | |
| 11⅞ | 2⅝ | Tolchin Inst | 4 | 11 | 3½ | 3¼ | 3½+ | ¼ |
| 24⅞ | 6⅝ | ToppsG 20.e | 6 | 5 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝— | ½ |
| 10 | 5⅝ | TotalPet NA | 7 | 106 6 | 5 11-16 | 5 11-16 | 5 11-16—5-16 | |
| 20⅛ | 13½ | Total pf.70 | | 1 | 14⅛ | 14⅝ | 14⅛— | ⅜ |
| 8 | 2⅝ | TownCnt .20 | 4 | 14 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ¼ |
| 8⅝ | 3⅝ | Tracor Inc | 3 | 17 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ¼ |
| 10⅝ | 2⅝ | TranLux .35 | 16 | 5 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ¼ |
| 1⅝ | 9-16 | Trnsair .01e | | 2 | 9-16 | 9-16 | 9-16 | |
| 9⅛ | 2⅝ | Treadw .23t | 4 | 12 | 3⅝ | 3¼ | 3⅝— | ⅛ |
| 9½ | 4½ | TriStMtr .20 | 5 | 9 | 5 | 4⅝ | 5 | |
| 3¼ | 2 | TubosM .22e | 7 | 1 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 9¼ | 1⅞ | Tuftco Corp | 4 | 16 | 1⅞ | 1¾ | 1⅞— | ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 4½ | Turbodyne | 33 | 7 | 6½ | 6⅝ | 6⅝— | ⅛ |
| 13¼ | 4 | TwinFair In | 4 | 27 | 5⅝ | 5¼ | 5⅛— | ⅜ |
| 14⅝ | 5⅞ | Tyco Labs | 8 | 52 | 9 | 8⅝ | 8⅞— | ⅜ |

**U**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2⅝ | 1⅝ | UIP Cp .04e | 8 | 6 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | |
| 25⅝ | 9½ | Uninvest .60 | 5 | 5 | 9⅝ | 9¼ | 9¼ | |
| 27½ | 16 | UnaTr 2.08e | 7 | 27 | 17¼ | 16⅝ | 15⅝— | ½ |
| 7¼ | 2 | Unam Ir wt | | 84 | 3⅝ | 3¼ | 3⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 11 | 6¼ | UnAirPr .40 | 5 | 11 | 6¾ | 6⅝ | 6⅝— | ⅛ |
| 4 3-16 | 2 3-16 | Un Asb Irr | | 26 | 2 13-16 | 2 11-16 | 2 11-16—1-16 | |
| 2⅝ | 1 | UnBrand wt | | 79 | 1¼ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 18⅝ | 13¼ | UnCorp 3½ | 7 | 15 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14 + | ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 2⅞ | Un Dollar St | 2 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 3 | 1½ | Unit Foods | 4 | 81 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1⅝ | |
| 6⅞ | 3½ | UnNat Corp | | 6 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 1½ | ¼ | UnNatC wt | | 3 | 7-16 | ⅜ | ⅜ | |
| 1¼ | ½ | Un Nat wt n | | 2 | 9-16 | 9-16 | 9-16—1-16 | |
| 11 | 9¾ | Un Nat pf .70 | | z16 | 11 | 10¾ | 11 + | 1¼ |
| 19⅞ | 4⅝ | UnPDye .60 | 4 | 15 | 4⅞ | 4⅝ | 4⅞+ | |
| 32⅝ | 20½ | USBnI 2.37e | 11 | 4 | 23⅛ | 22⅝ | 22⅛— | ⅝ |
| 7⅝ | 4⅝ | US Cer .15e | 5 | 4 | 4½ | 4¼ | 4½+ | ¼ |
| 19¼ | 6⅝ | US Fil .13e | 8 | 66 | 8 | 7⅝ | 8 | |
| 21⅝ | 13⅝ | USLsR 1.78e | 10 | 10 | 14½ | 13¼ | 13¼— | ½ |
| 2⅝ | ⅝ | USLsg R wt | | 19 | 15-16 | ¾ | ¾— | ⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 2 | USNat Rsrc | 3 | 45 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ¼ |
| 10⅛ | 3½ | US Radium | 5 | 43 | 4 | 3½ | 4 | |
| 14⅝ | 6½ | US Reducin | 4 | 6 | 11 | 10⅞ | 10⅞— | ¼ |
| 14⅞ | 7⅝ | US Rub .54a | 7 | 1 | 7½ | 7½ | 7½+ | ½ |
| 29⅝ | 13½ | Unitek Corp | 11 | 4 | 16¼ | 15⅝ | 15⅝— | ¼ |
| 31 | 12⅝ | Unity Buy S | 9 | 14 | 13 | 12⅝ | 13 — | ¼ |
| 5 | 2¼ | UnivCig .10r | 5 | 2 | 2½ | 2½ | 2½+ | ⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 1 | Un Cont .04t | 9 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 13 | 7¾ | Univ Mar 9c | 27 | 2 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10 — | ⅜ |
| 11⅞ | 4⅛ | Univ Resrcs | | 50 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 5¼ | Univ Sav .26 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| 8⅝ | 2¼ | URS Systms | 4 | 31 | 3 | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ⅛ |
| 13⅞ | 9⅝ | Utah IdS .40 | 24 | 23 | 9⅞ | 9¼ | 9⅛— | ⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 4 | UVInd wt | | 34 | 5⅝ | 5⅛ | 5⅝— | ⅛ |

**V**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7¼ | 3 | Val DOr Ind | 6 | 12 | 4 | 3⅝ | 4 + | ½ |
| 20⅝ | 5⅝ | ValleySt .95t | 4 | 18 | 5½ | 5⅛ | 5⅛— | ⅜ |
| 6½ | 3⅞ | Valley Mlal | 10 | 17 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 25⅞ | 9½ | Valmac .60 | 1 | 22 | 14 | 13½ | 13½— | ⅜ |
| 6⅛ | 3⅛ | Valspar .24 | 6 | 5 | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 5½ | 2 | ValueLin D | | 13 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 15⅛ | 5⅞ | VanDorn .28 | 5 | 19 | 6⅛ | 5⅞ | 6 — | ⅛ |
| 5 | 2 | Varo Inc | 4 | 1 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | |
| 8⅞ | 7¼ | Veecoinst n | 6 | 44 | 8¼ | 8 | 8¼— | ⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 1 | Verit Indust | 4 | 2 9 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 | |
| 5⅜ | 2¼ | Vernitron | 7 | 40 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2⅝— | ¼ |
| 5½ | 1 | Vertipil Inc | 37 | 9 | 1¼ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 10¼ | 2½ | Vesely Co | 9 | 12 | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3½— | ¼ |
| 5⅝ | 1¼ | Viatech Inc | | 2 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝— | ¼ |
| 5⅛ | 1 | Viewlex | | 36 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 14⅝ | 4⅞ | Viking Genl | 2 | 16 | 5¼ | 5 | 5 — | ¼ |
| 9⅛ | 1⅝ | Vikoa Inc | | 40 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 2⅞ | Vintage Ent | 3 | 219 | 3⅝ | 3¼ | 3¼— | ⅛ |
| 8¼ | 4⅞ | VLN Corp | 4 | 57 | 4⅝ | 4½ | 4½— | ⅛ |
| 7½ | 2 | VulcCp .07p | 10 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅝ | 2⅞— | ⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 3⅝ | Vulcinc .30 | 6 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ⅛ |

**W**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8⅛ | 4¼ | WabMag .10 | 8 | 19 | 5¼ | 5 | 5¼ | |
| 17⅝ | 5½ | Wacknht .28 | 6 | 13 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 6⅞ | WagnrEl .48 | 4 | 10 | 8¼ | 8 | 8 — | ¼ |
| 10⅝ | 5½ | Walnoco Oil | 12 | 15 | 5 3-16 | 5 | 5½— | ⅜ |
| 2½ | ½ | WardFds wt | | 1 | ½ | ½ | ½ | |
| 14 | 2⅛ | WarC pfC.05 | | 53 | 2½ | 2¼ | 2½— | ⅛ |
| 37 | 16 | WasPstB .40 | 5 | 123 | 16⅞ | 13⅝ | 15¼— | ⅞ |
| 16 | 12 | WashRl 1.20 | 11 | 8 | 12⅛ | 12¼ | 12⅛— | ⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 2⅞ | Welman Co | 4 | 13 | 3 | 2⅞ | 3 | |
| 6⅝ | 2 | WeldTu Am | 8 | 211 | 2½ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 8 | 3½ | Wellco .10e | 3 | 8 | 3½ | 3¼ | 3⅛— | ¼ |
| 22¼ | 8⅛ | WestChP .72 | 10 | 3 | 9¼ | 9⅝ | 9¼+ | ⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 1⅝ | Westats Pll | | 71 | 2⅝ | 2¼ | 2¼— | ⅛ |
| 2⅞ | ½ | Westby Fsh | | 16 | ⅝ | 9-16 | 9-16 | |
| 8½ | 4 | Westn Decal | 21 | 9 6 | 11-16 | 6⅝ | 6⅝—7-16 | |
| 2⅝ | 9-16 | Wstrn Orbis | | 32 | ⅝ | ½ | ⅝—1-16 | |
| 5½ | 1 | WstPacl wt | | 38 | 1⅞ | 1¼ | 1¼ | |
| 15⅝ | 4⅞ | Westran Ind | 19 | 14 | 8⅝ | 8 | 8 — | ⅛ |
| 11 | 8 | Whippny .60 | 11 | 1 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | |
| 11¼ | 5⅜ | Whitaker .34 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 6 — | ⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 2 | Whitehal Co | 4 | 63 | 2⅛ | 1⅞ | 1⅞— | ⅛ |
| 2⅝ | ⅜ | Whitakr wt | | 29 | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ | |
| 4⅝ | 2½ | Willcx Gibb | 4 | 10 | 2¾ | 2⅝ | 2¾ | |
| 16⅝ | 7 | Wmhous .24 | 4 | 13 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7⅛ | |
| 7¼ | 3⅝ | WilshrO .05e | 15 | 55 | 6⅞ | 6⅝ | 6⅝— | ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 7⅞ | WilsonCo .80 | 6 | 210 | 12¼ | 12⅛ | 12¼+ | ¼ |
| 5⅞ | 3 | WilsonBr .30 | 5 | 2 | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼+ | ⅛ |
| 10¼ | 5⅜ | Winkimn .40 | 3 | 4 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | |
| 7⅝ | 2¼ | Winston Mil | 3 | 5 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ¼ |
| 63 | 53½ | Wis P pf4.50 | | z50 | 56⅛ | 56 | 56¼+ | 1⅝ |
| 16 | 2⅞ | WolfHB .24 | 4 | 13 | 2⅞ | 2⅝ | 2⅞ | |
| 9⅝ | 5 | Wolvind .32 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 — | ⅛ |
| 22 | 7½ | Woodin .72t | 7 | 6 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝— | ⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 6¼ | Worces Cont | 5 | 4 | 8¼ | 8⅛ | 8⅛— | ⅜ |
| 12⅝ | 6⅞ | Work Wr .60 | 3 | 18 | 7⅝ | 7¼ | 7¼— | ⅜ |
| 16⅝ | 4⅛ | Wrather Cp | | 84 | 4¼ | 4 | 4 — | ⅜ |
| 10⅛ | 1⅞ | WTC Air .10 | 5 | 16 | 2⅝ | 2¼ | 2¼— | ⅛ |
| 40¼ | 13 | WUI In .20e | 7 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 — | ⅜ |
| 4⅝ | 2⅝ | Wyle Labs | 5 | 35 | 3⅛ | 2⅞ | 2⅞— | ⅛ |
| 29⅞ | 6¼ | Wynn Intl | 3 | 41 | 7⅝ | 7 | 7⅛— | ¾ |
| 5⅝ | 1½ | Wyomising | 13 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 2 — | ⅛ |

**Y**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 25 | 11¾ | Yates Ind | 7 | 76 | 15⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝— | ⅝ |

**Z**

| —1973— High | Low | Stocks and Div. in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5½ | 3¼ | Zero Mfg | 6 | 2 | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ | |
| 8½ | 3⅛ | ZimHom .24 | 7 | 13 | 3½ | 3 | 3 — | ⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 1 | Zion Foods | | 7 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 | |


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| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
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| Germany | 4.7% | Norway | 1.3% |
| France | 9.0% | U.K. | 4.7% |
| Holland | 5.9% | Australia | 5.0% |
| Belgium | 1.3% | South Africa | 1.8% |
| Denmark | 0.4% | Japan | 2.6% |
| Hong Kong | 0.7% | Fixed interest & | |
| Italy | 0.2% | cash | 17.6% |

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## Eurodollars

Dec. 12, 1973

| | Bid | Ask | Change Bid |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7 Day Fix .... | 9 1/2 | 9 5/8 | —1/4 |
| One Month .... | 10 7/16 | 10 9/16 | —1/2 |
| 3 Months .... | 10 7/16 | 10 9/16 | —1/4 |
| 6 Months .... | 10 5/16 | 10 7/16 | —1/16 |
| One Year .... | 9 11/16 | 9 13/16 | — |

## European Gold Markets

Dec. 12, 1973

| | Open | Close | N.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| London Fix ...... | 104.50 | 104.00 | —0.15 |
| Zurich ........... | 104.50 | 104.50 | +0.50 |
| Paris (12.5 kilo) .. | 104.17 | 104.03 | —0.63 |

U.S. dollars per ounce.


## INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISEMENT

Dec. 12, 1973

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (r)—regularly; (I)—irregularly

| Fund | Value |
|---|---|
| (w) Alexander Fund | $8.81 |
| (d) Am. Express Int'l Fd. | $8.03 |
| (w) Amitalia Fund | $7.45 |
| **AMINCOR BANQUE S.A.:** | |
| — (d) Globvalor | SF80.00 |
| (w) Andreae Equity | Can.$5.07 |
| (w) Apollo(Tempus) Iss.pr. | SF93.42 |
| (I) Apollo Fund S.A. | $89.78 |
| (w) Aries Fund | $31.42 |
| (w) Asca Corporation | DM11.08 |
| (w) Austral. Trust S.A. | $8.85 |
| (w) Austral'n Selection Fd. | $5.50 |
| **AUSTRALIAN INV. MGT. CORP.:** | |
| — (w) Prop. Bonds Aust. | Aus.$1.30 |
| — (w) — — Int'l Ltd. | Aus.$8.85 |
| **BAER, Julius & Co.:** | |
| — (d) Baerbond | SF920.70 |
| — (d) Conbar | SF862.00 |
| — (d) Grobar | SF666.00 |
| — (d) Stockbar | SF915.00 |
| **BARCLAYTRUST FRONTIER:** | |
| — (w) BtF Growth Fund | $8.56 |
| — (w) BtF Japan Fund | $9.60 |
| — (w) BtF Trust S.A. | $9.57 |
| — (w) BtF Income Fund | $9.53 |
| (w) Broad & Wall. Fd. Int'l. | $41.71 |
| (w) Browninvest | $15.84 |
| (r) Cal. Land & Constr. | $21.54 |
| (d) Can. Gas & Energy Fd. | Can.$14.57 |
| (d) Can. Secur. Growth Fd. | Can.$4.86 |
| **CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:** | |
| — (w) Capital Int'l | $12.10 |
| — (w) Capital Italia S.A. | $10.21 |
| (d) Capital Rentinvest | SF982 |
| (d) Caribico N.V. "C" Sh. | $115.80 |
| (I) Cleveland Offshore Fed | $668.40 |
| (w) Convert.Fd.Int.A Certs. | $8.34 |
| (w) Convert.Fd.Int.B Certs. | $10.83 |
| (d) Convert. Bond Fd. N.V. | $8.31 |
| (r) Convert. Sec.N.V. | $802.57 |
| **CREDIT SUISSE:** | |
| — (d) C.S. Fonds-Bonds | SF66.50 |
| — (d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l | SF83.25 |
| **CREDIT SUISSE: SWISS BANK CORP.:** | |
| — (d) Europa-Valor | SF137.25 |
| — (d) Intervalor | SF86.75 |
| — (d) Swissvalor New Ser | SF236.70 |
| (I) Crosby Fund S.A. | $6.68 |
| (w) D.G.C. | $49.73 |
| (d) Delta Invest. Fund | $8.97 |
| (d) Delta Multifund | $8.83 |
| (d) Daiwa Int'l Fund | Yen 8,263 |
| **DREYFUS GROUP:** | |
| — (d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l. | $10.37 |
| — (w) Dr.Interct.Inv.Fd. | $11.83 |
| — (w) Dr. Offsh. Com. Sh. | $8.65 |
| — (w) Dr.Offsh.Deb.Prem. | — |
| (w) Europe Obligations | LF1,027 |
| (d) Eurunion | $41.41 |
| (d) Executive Fd of Canada | $6.10 |
| **FIDELITY:** | |
| — (w) Fidelity Equitalia | $10.14 |
| — (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund | $18.27 |
| — (w) Fidelity Pacific Fd. | $22.00 |
| — (d) Fidelity World Fd. | $10.80 |
| (d) Fiducem | BF1,004 |
| (d) Finance Union | $8.93 |
| (w) First/Fund | $13.45 |
| **FIRST INVESTORS:** | |
| — (w) American Trust | $4.01 |
| — (w) Int'l Min. Petr. Fd. | $8.33 |
| — (d) Dollar Fund | $2.11* |
| — (d) Fund of N.Y. | $1.09* |
| (d) First Nt'l City Fund | $29.67 |
| (d) First Security Cap. Fd. | $86.46 |
| (w) Fleming Fund S.A. | $71.51 |
| (w) Fleming Japan Fund | $17.60 |
| (w) Fonselex Issue Pr. | SF2,178 |
| (d) Formula Selection Fd. | SF102.04 |
| (d) Fonditalia | $10.81 |
| (d) Fund of Nations | $6.90 |
| (w) Future Australia Fd. | Aus.$7.37 |
| **G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED:** | |
| — (w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd. | Berm.$21.61 |
| — (w) G T Dollar Fund | Berm.$5.12 |
| (w) Guardian Gr.Fd.Int'l. | $7.42 |
| (w) Haussmann Holdgs. NV | $5.076 |
| (w) Hedged Investors | $10.378 |
| (I) H.O.I.T./Hobet | $26.02 |
| (d) ICOFUND | $10.26 |
| (w) INGROW | $23.35 |
| (d) Interfix | SF351.18 |
| (d) Interfund S.A. | $10.89 |
| (d) Interitalia | Lire 8,229 |
| (w) Intermarket Fund | $107.53 |
| (w) Int'l Income Fund | $22.05 |
| (r) Int'l Invest. Network | $10.37 |
| (r) Int'l Privilege Ltd. | Can.$4.98 |
| (r) Invest. Atlantiques | $46.61 |
| (r) Italfortune Int'l Fd.S.A. | $10.20 |
| (d) Italamerica S.A. Fund | $9.94 |
| (r) Japan Growth Fund | $13.74 |
| (d) Japan Selection Fund | $44.78 |
| (w) Japan Pacific Fund | $13.42 |
| **JARDINE FLEMING:** | |
| — (r) Jardine East. Trust | $63.33 |
| — (r) Jardine Japan Fund | $37.79 |
| — (r) Jardine Selection NV | $18.33 |
| (d) KB Income Fund | LF1,699 |
| (w) Keyfund | $7.39 |
| (w) Kleinwort Benson IntlF. | $10.10 |
| (w) Kleinwort Bens.Jap.F. | $15.81 |
| (w) Leverage Cap Hold. | $22.29 |
| **LLOYDS & BOLSA-TYNDALL:** | |
| ++(w) L&B-T Multi-wayFd | SF456.00 |
| ++(w) L&B-T Income Fund | SF456.00 |
| (w) Luxfund | $21.05 |
| (d) Mediolanum Sel. Fund | $11.55 |
| (d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund | $3.17 |
| (d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund | $5.73 |
| (w) N.A.M.F. | $78.55 |
| (w) Nippon Fund | $29.54 |
| (w) Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund | $6.42 |
| (w) Nor. Amer. Bank Fd. | $11.63 |
| (r) Olympic Cap. Fd. Inc | $1.85 |
| (r) Pegasus Intern'l. | $7.84 |
| (d) Putnam Intern'l Fund | $19.99 |
| (d) Renta Fund | LF2,025 |
| (d) Renta Capital Fund | LF3,582 |
| (d) Rentinvest | LF895 |
| **SAFE GROUP:** | |
| — (d) Safe Fund | $7.00 |
| — (d) Safe Trust Fund | $11.72 |
| — (d) Global Fund | $5.58 |
| (w) Samurai Portfolio | SF59.90 |
| (r) Senator Portfolio N.V. | $4.26 |
| **SEPRO:** | |
| — (w) Sepro (N.A.V.) | $11.54 |
| **SHARE GROUP:** | |
| — (d) Share Int'l Fund | $6.44 |
| — (d) Share Realty | $14.12 |
| — (w) Shareholders Excal. | $5.97 |
| — (d) Enterprise Fund | $5.53 |
| — (d) Harbor Fund | $7.46 |
| **S.M.C. FUNDS:** | |
| — (d) Chase Selection Fd. | $9.07 |
| — (d) Crossbow Fund | SF6.14 |
| — (d) I.T.F. | $8.09 |
| (w) SMH Special Fund | DM90.89 |
| **SOFID GROUPE GENEVA:** | |
| — (r) Parfon Sw. R. Est. | SF1,438.00* |
| — (r) Securswiss | SF1,260.00 |
| (w) Stand & Poor Int. Fd. | $167.42 |
| (w) Star Fund | $7.08 |
| (r) Suez Int'l Ventures Inc. | $6.79 |
| **SWISS BANK CORP.:** | |
| — (d) Japan Portfolio | SF339.75 |
| — (d) Univ Bond Select | SF92.25 |
| — (d) Universal Fund | SF102.13 |
| (r) Talent Global Fund | $12.74 |
| (w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. (Sea.) | $22.97 |
| (w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. NV | $31.45 |
| (w) Tokyo Valor | $12.87 |
| (w) Transpacific Fund | $14.13 |
| **TYNDALL GROUP:** | |
| + (r) Overseas Fund | $1.32 |
| + (r) Do. Accumulation | $1.55 |
| **UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:** | |
| — (d) Amca U.S. Sh. | SF50.50 |
| — (d) Bond Invest | SF88.75 |
| — (d) Convert-Invest | SF97.75 |
| — (d) Eurit Europ. Sh. | SF129.50 |
| — (d) Fonsa Swiss Sh. | SF101.50 |
| — (d) Globinvest | SF78.00 |
| — (d) Pacific-Invest | SF77.00 |
| — (d) Rometac-Invest | SF442.00 |
| — (d) Safit South Afr. Sh. | SF250.00 |
| — (d) Sima Swiss R. Est. | SF172.50 |
| **UNION-INVESTMENT, Frankfurt:** | |
| — (d) Atlanticfonds | DM16.25 |
| — (d) Europafonds | DM30.65 |
| — (d) Unifonds | DM18.00 |
| — (d) Unirenta | DM38.80 |
| — (d) Unispecial I | DM53.15 |
| (w) United Cap. Inv. Fd. | $2.64 |
| (d) U.S. Trust Invst. Fd. | $15.13 |
| (w) Universal Sav. Equity | Can.$7.81 |
| (w) Western Growth Fd. | $6.40 |
| (w) Western Hedge Fund | $1,295.56 |
| (w) West Proprietary N.V. | $1,452.33 |
| (d) World Equity Grth Fd. | $12.24 |
| (w) Worldwide Securities | $34.06 |
| (w) Worldwide Special | $3,354.20 |

DM — Deutsche Mark. * — Ex-dividend; + — New; NA — Not available; BF - Belgian francs; LF — Luxembourg francs; SF — Swiss francs; ÷ — Offer prices; a — asked.

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REUTERS


# Arab States Said Setting Up Joint Commodity Firm

CAIRO, Dec. 12 (AP).—A joint Arab investment company to specialize in the production of strategic commodities will be formed with a capital of £100 million, the semiofficial newspaper Al Ahram reported today.

Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Abu Dhabi, Qatar, Sudan and Egypt have agreed "in principle" to set up the joint company, Al Ahram said. However, the paper did not say where the company will be headquartered or how much the share of each country will be.

Al Ahram indicated that the project will be the first to be financed from the huge assets of Arab countries placed with Western banks.

"The establishing of this company reflects the major demand for using Arab money in the area," Al Ahram said.

Egyptian Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Economy Abdel Aziz Hagezy has contacted and received the acceptance of officials in the 6 countries for setting up the company, the paper said.

The paper said that the strategic commodities which will be producted or financed by the company are wheat, sugar and livestock as well as maritime transportation.

The announcement follows an agreement by Arab economy ministers last week to withdraw some Arab assets from Western banks to finance local development projects.

# U.S. Wheat Crop Sets Records for Size and Prices

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12 (AP).—American wheat farmers, who recently have seen the highest prices in history, harvested a bread-grain crop worth a record $6.5 billion this year, the Agriculture Department says.

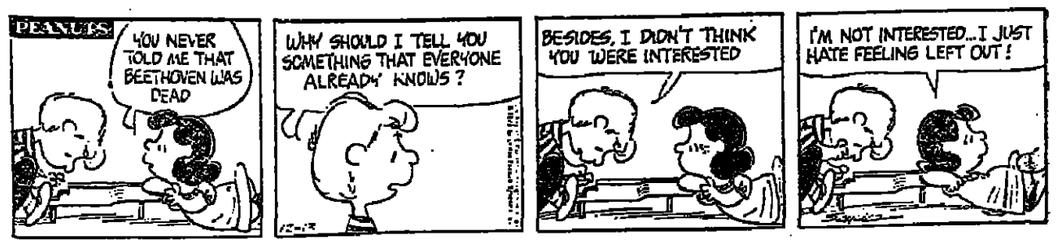
The massive upturn in crop value, more than double from 1972, also has meant higher bread prices for consumers.

The entire crop, a record of more than 1.7 billion bushels, was computed at an average farm value of $3.82 a bushel, the crop reporting board said. The 1972 crop had averaged $1.76 a bushel and was worth $2.7 billion.

Although the crop was a record, production did not keep pace with demand from exporters and domestic needs. Department officials say exports in 1973-74 will require 1.15 billion bushels, and reports by exporters indicate even more.

The report noted the 1973 wheat crop was about 15 million bushels less than department officials had estimated earlier this fall but was still substantially above the old record of 1.62 billion harvested in 1971. Production last year was 1.54 billion.

PEANUTS

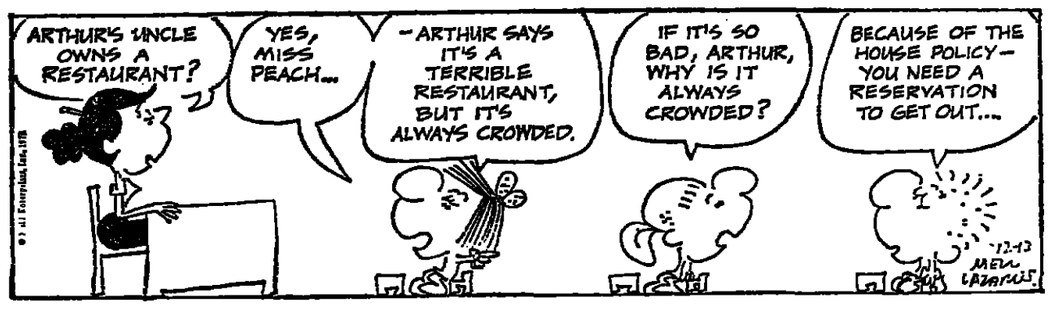



B.C.

LI'L ABNER

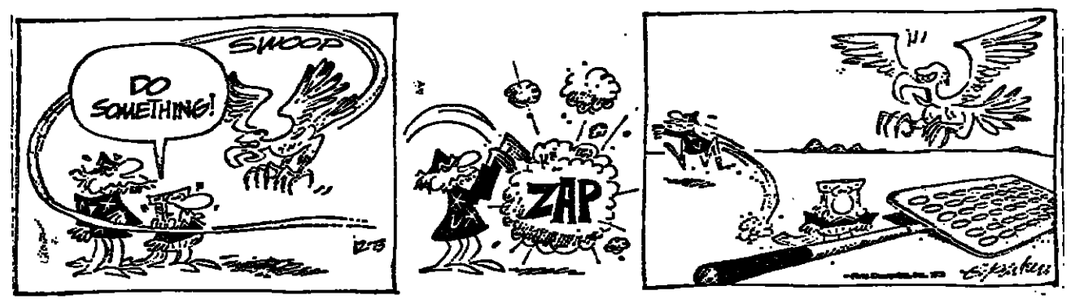
BEETLE BAILEY

MISS PEACH




BUZ SAWYER

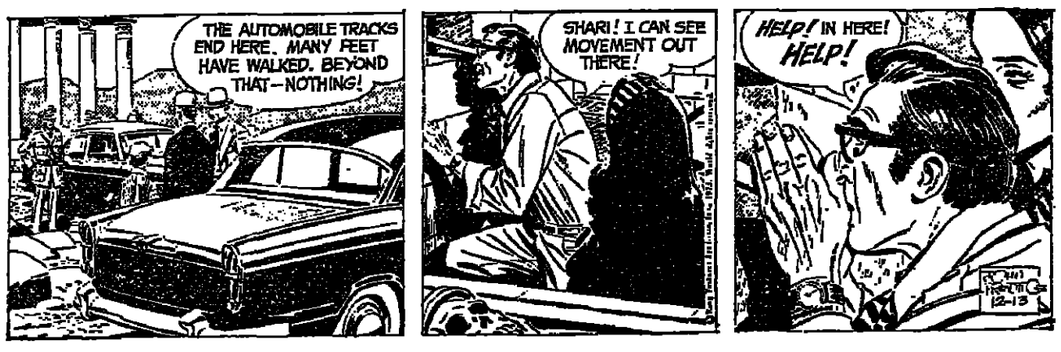
WIZARD of ID




REX MORGAN M.D.

POGO

RIP KIRBY




BLONDIE

# BRIDGE — By Alan Truscott

South made a winning decision at the six-level on the diagramed deal. He had to respond to an opening one-spade bid. The textbooks suggest a three-no-trump response with such a hand, but most experts avoid this bid, which crowds the auction.

South bid two diamonds and jumped to three no-trump on the next round. He had something in reserve for this action, which was just as well, since North showed his diamond support and then took a shot at slam.

North's aggressiveness was justified, as it turned out, for six spades is an excellent contract, with an 87 percent chance of success. It will fail only if the opponents can take an immediate diamond ruff. This was available to the defense, as it happens, and East would certainly have led the diamond ace. He had heard diamonds bid on both sides of him, and it was a virtual certainty that West held a singleton diamond at most.

However, South saved the day by converting to the impregnable contract of six no-trump. From his angle, it was highly unlikely that six spades would succeed when six no-trump would fail; that result might obtain if North held a void heart, but in that event the opponents might well have bid hearts at some stage.

Six no-trump offered two advantages. The prevention of an opposing ruff, as actually occurred, was one. And the avoidance of a lead through South's honor holdings in hearts and clubs was another. It can be seen that if North had in some strange way become the declarer in six no-trump, a club lead would have been fatal with the king in the West seat.

As it was, no lead could hurt six no-trump. After West led a safe spade, South knocked out the diamond ace and had a trick to spare. His team gained 13 international match points, since the slam was not reached in the replay.

NORTH (D)
♠ K Q 10 8 7 3 2
♡ A 4
◇ Q J 6
♣ J

WEST
♠ J 6
♡ Q 10 7 3 2
◇ 5
♣ K 8 7 5 3

EAST
♠ 5
♡ J 9 8
◇ A 9 8 7 4
♣ 9 6 4 2

SOUTH
♠ A 9 4
♡ K 6 5
◇ K 10 3 2
♣ A Q 10

Both sides were vulnerable.

The bidding:

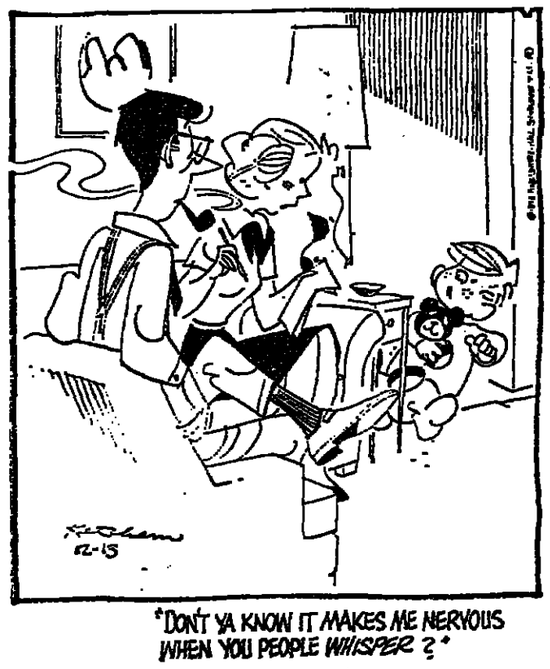
| North | East | South | West |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 ♠ | Pass | 2 ◇ | Pass |
| 2 ♠ | Pass | 3 N.T. | Pass |
| 4 ◇ | Pass | 4 ♠ | Pass |
| 6 ♠ | Pass | 6 N.T. | Pass |
| Pass | Pass | | |

West led the spade six.

**Solution to Previous Puzzle**

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| T | W | A | S | | S | A | B | E | R | | A | I | D | E |
| E | A | R | P | | P | L | A | C | E | | S | T | O | A |
| A | S | T | A | | O | A | S | T | S | | T | O | Y | S |
| S | H | E | R | L | O | C | K | | | N | O | L | L | I | E |
| | | | | E | L | I | K | | B | O | A | R | D | E | D |
| H | O | L | M | E | S | | Y | A | R | D | | | | |
| A | M | O | U | R | | T | A | K | E | A | H | I | M | T |
| S | E | R | F | | O | O | Z | E | S | | A | D | A | M |
| P | R | O | F | E | S | S | O | R | | C | R | E | T | E |
| | | | | O | L | I | O | | W | A | T | S | O | N |
| R | A | N | R | I | O | T | | M | A | D | | | | |
| A | L | I | E | N | | M | O | R | I | A | R | T | Y | |
| B | I | N | E | | S | I | C | I | O | N | | L | O | R | E |
| A | I | C | E | D | | T | H | E | R | E | | I | D | E | A |
| T | E | S | S | | D | I | N | E | D | | T | E | E | R | |

DENNIS THE MENACE




# JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

BY HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

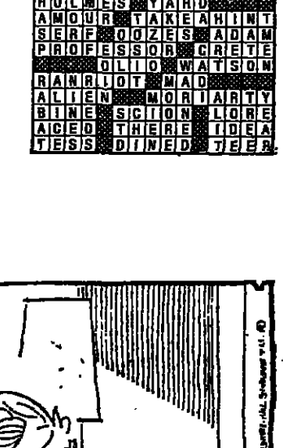
Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

COLIG

KNEAT

ROBUGE

TRYAGE




Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: A _____

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: GLOAT AHEAD POTENT EMBRYO

Answers: *This wealthy man sounds "attractive"* — A MAGNATE

# BOOKS

## *THE SATURDAY NIGHT SPECIAL*

*By Robert Sherrill. Illustrated by Julio Fernandez. 338 pp. Charterhouse. $8.95.*

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

THE full title of Robert Sherrill's splenetic report on guns in American society is "The Saturday Night Special, and Other Guns With Which Americans Won the West, Protected Bootleg Franchises, Slew Wildlife, Robbed Countless Banks, Shot Husbands Purposely and by Mistake, Killed Presidents—Together With the Debate Over Continuing Same." And there you have pretty much the whole story in an artillery shell. Mr. Sherrill doesn't think too much of either the Saturday Night Special, "a cheerful special name . . . for the low-class gun that draws heavily on the emotions but lightly on the purse," or any other firearm, for that matter. He doesn't have the highest esteem for either the purposes to which guns have been put up to this time in American history, or the prospects for guns in the future. He doesn't even think much of America. "We have a trashy society," he concludes. "'Give me your tired, your poor,'" he quotes from Emma Lazarus's inscription on the Statute of Liberty, and then goes on to assert that "the rest of the world did just that. We became the world's greatest experiment in landfill. America is built on an awesome amount of wretched refuse."

So his survey on guns in America is not especially uplifting. Modulating his narrative tones through grim humor, bitter sarcasm and outright despair, he picks away at the scabs of our history and finds little healthy tissue underneath. Is it really true, he asks of our past, that we're hung up on guns because of our heroic frontier heritage? Maybe so, but the past can take little credit for that, since the beauty of folk heroes like Calamity Jane, Jesse James and all the rest was more in the eye of their Hollywood beholders than in reality. For their own part, our Wild West heroes and heroines were a scurvy lot, and the same goes for the gunslingers who came after them.

Do any of the parties in the present gun-control debate deserve our attention and faith? Not a one, argues Mr. Sherrill. "Every side has a sizable amount of good sense and logic to depend on; but instead of simply saying they want to have a good time with their guns—something not frowned on even in Puritan America—the hunters have concocted all sorts of weird constitutional and conservation arguments to defend their position. Instead of saying simply that they want to make as much money as they possibly can—which has never been considered a sin in America—the gun merchants also throw up great cloudbanks of patriotic fluff. And the anti-gun people, who could effectively restrict their argument to showing that guns are not absolutely necessary for the American way of life, have instead clobbered the senses with distorted statistics hysterically interpreted."

And what of the future? No... that the three most recent gun... control bills have staggered... through Congress (in 1934, 19... and 1968) only to fall to the... knees for lack of blood and teet... will common sense eventual... prevail over the National Rif... Association, which Mr. Sherr... describes as "not only a powerf... lobby but also one of the mo... hilarious and, some think, o... of the most dangerous organiz... tions in the country"? Not ve... likely, since, as Mr. Sherri... argues, there is even now a di... bolical scheme afoot in Was... ington, which, while pretendi... to tighten gun controls, wou... actually serve both to undo wh... little was accomplished by t... 1968 law and to benefit the var... ous interests in the NRA. A... were it not for the inconvenien... of Watergate, this scheme wou... doubtless already have been in... plemented.

So it goes throughout the d... pressing length of Mr. Sherrill... muckrake, with ghoulish sid... trips into the American way ... assassination. (Americans enj... their assassinations too much ev... to let them be the grounds f... gun-control laws), into the curio... science of ballistics (which calib... of firearm kills most effectively... and into the politics of past gu... control laws (the 1968 law w... really designed to stop blac... from picking up the gun), a... with many a horror story abo... man's— and woman's—inhuma... ity to man—and woman—wh... guns lie ready at hand. (M... Sherrill, being an anti, is n... above doing a little clobbering... his own).

But will Mr. Sherrill's book wo... any changes? I doubt it. I... if he is right, then the ti... against gun-control laws is n... running more irresistibly th... ever. And while "The Saturd... Night Special" may serve to ra... those of us who are on M... Sherrill's side, it is bound to ha... quite the opposite effect on t... opposition. For he makes abs... lutely no allowances for d... decent motives of his enem... He generalizes with almost ma... cious abandon ("generally spea... ing, hunters are a swinish l... always have been and are t... same throughout the world," ... asserts; which leaves little ... for those rural folk who still d... pend on wildlife to feed the... families). And besides, he does... believe Americans can be change... He holds with genes; and he thinks American genes are ba...

Still, for those of us who ha... pen to be on Mr. Sherrill's si... "The Saturday Night Special" ... useful as an emetic, an ener... a bloodletting (without bullet... It cleanses one of illusions, cle... the air and seems to make ro... for new beginnings. So now, ... there are any optimists in ... house, will they please come f... ward with some constructive su... gestions?

*Mr. Lehmann-Haupt is a bo... reviewer for The New York Tim...*

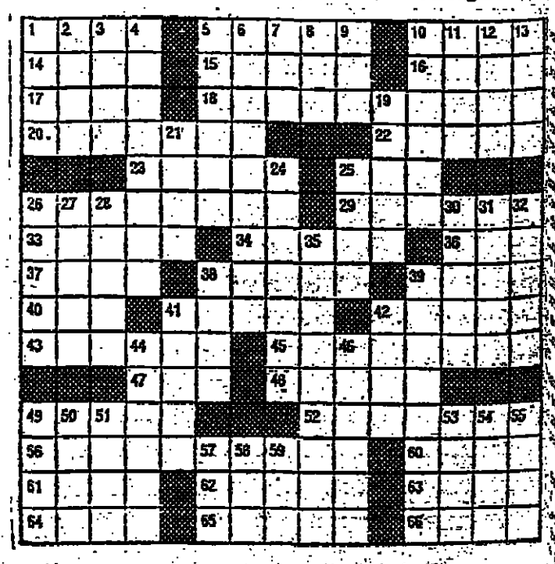
# CROSSWORD — By Will We...

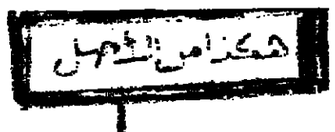
**ACROSS**

1 Prefix for dextrous
5 Canadian tour attraction
10 Thing: It.
14 Western art colony
15 Coincide
16 Weather word
17 In the neighborhood of
18 Rhapsody composer
20 Kemal Ataturk
22 Bone: Prefix
23 Primrose
25 Palooka of comics
26 Legal paper
29 Poise
33 Steve or Ethan
34 Utters casually
36 Contend
37 Adherents: Suffix
38 Irritate
39 Sheik's home
40 Musical syllable
41 Lalapaloosa
42 Goose eggs
43 Baneful one
45 Knightly pursuit
47 Verb ending
48 Look here!: Fr.
49 Wide-eyed
52 Engraving art
56 Courtroom V.I.P.
60 Heraldic wreath
61 Have a bias
62 Hostile
63 Far: Prefix
64 Preposition
65 Chic
66 "The —— the limit"

**DOWN**

1 Power source
2 Japanese ship name
3 Job V.I.P.
4 U 235 et al.
5 Confound
6 Site of the Taj Mahal
7 Initials of the 30's
8 Marshy area
9 City of Morocco
10 Sculpt
11 Oven
12 Dimension
13 Choir member
19 Aerobatic maneuvers
21 Nerve-cell process
24 Kind of floor
25 Make mock of
26 Doth speak
27 Extreme
28 Eye glaze
30 Unconcealed
31 Not important
32 Ross or Palmer
35 Feature of a Pacific canoe
38 Marquette
39 Sawbucks
41 Cut-gem face
42 Madcap
44 Emperor of Japan
46 Become mollified
49 Aleutian island
50 Songbird
51 Slangy negative
53 Migration
54 Not with finesse
55 Letters
57 Monroe or Polk: Abbr.
58 City on the Danube
59 Through: Prefix





هكذا من الأصل



# Chicago Cubs Send Ron Santo Across Town

## Slugger Goes to White Sox

CHICAGO, Dec. 11 (UPI)— n Santo, the slugging third- sman, was traded to the icago White Sox yesterday r 14 years with the Chicago bs.

The move from Wrigley Field White Sox Park granted San- wish to remain in the city loves. He said the trade made n feel "elated as a newborn

ast week, Santo had refused be traded by the Cubs to the ifornia Angels when he be- me the first major league yer to invoke a new rule per- ting veterans of 10 years in majors and five years with club to refuse to be traded. e said he had nothing against Angels, but he didn't want leave Chicago. He asked the management to try for a with the White Sox.

When I heard that the White wanted me, it made me feel ppy but I wasn't sure that y did," Santo said at a news nference, where he appeared h White Sox general man- r Roland Hemond and the owner, John Allyn.

he trade sent four White Sox ers to the Cubs. They are right-handed pitcher, Steve ne; a left-handed pitcher, Ken lling; catcher Steve Swisher, a player to be named later. to, 33, thus became another Cub star to be traded in a rebuilding movement. Among those gone are Ferguson Jenkins, Glenn Beckert, Randy Hundley and Bob Locker. The Cubs finished fifth in 1973.

Although the deadline for interleague trading had passed Friday at midnight, Hemond disclosed that Santo had cleared National League waivers as early at last September. Therefore, Santo was available in exchange for American League players who also had passed through the waiver process. Stone, reportedly, was one of these.

**Had 72 RBI**

Santo batted .267 for the Cubs last season, hit 20 home runs and had 72 runs batted in. He has long been regarded as one of the best fielding third-basemen in the National League.

Stone last season had a 6-11 won-lost mark with the Sox and had an earned-run average of 4.29. Frailing spent most of the season with the White Sox Iowa farm club, where he had an 11-3 mark with a 2.86 ERA. In 10 games late in the season with the Sox, he was 0-0 and had a 2.09 ERA.

Swisher was the No. 1 draft choice of the Sox last June. Most of his season was spent with the Knoxville farm club, where he hit .211. In six games with Iowa, his hitting improved to .286.

*Hemond, who already has a good third-baseman in Bill Melton, said he planned to alternate Santo and Melton at third and might move Santo to first base on occasion. "Of course, he will also be a designated hitter," Hemond said.*

Santo said he learned of the interleague trade from the Cubs' vice-president, John Holland, and he had "no hard feelings" against the Cubs.

Ron Santo

*. . . got his way.*

## Negotiation Tested New Rule

By Red Smith

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (NYT).— "Historic offer" and "spectacular breakthrough" were the words Bowie Kuhn chose a year ago to characterize minor modifications in the reserve system proposed by the men who own baseball. When he spoke, the commissioner was aware that the players had already rejected the offer as inadequate.

About three months later, when agreement on working conditions was reached, the slave trade was left untouched except for one meager concession. Instead of being owned outright throughout his competitive life, a player now has veto power over trades involving him, provided he has been in the majors 10 years, the last five with one club.

The opening of this loophole brought indulgent chuckles from those familiar with the baseball barons' modus operandi. They took it for granted that rather than let a player have a voice in his own affairs, the employer would use him in a deal at the end of nine years' service, or after four years with his present club. Recognizing the escape hatch as worthless, most people forgot about it until last week when Ron Santo, after 14 years of dedicated service to the Cubs, said no on a deal that would have sent him to the California Angels.

Santo has been one of the most generous of players, but it wasn't because he couldn't bear to leave his old team that he resisted. He has said since that he did want to be traded. Because of personal and business ties to Chicago, he hoped to move across town to the White Sox, and his wish has been fulfilled. According to wire dispatches, he wanted no more truck with the Cubs because, he said, they threatened him with a maximum salary cut and demotion to utility service if he refused to go to the Angels.

Under terms of the players' basic agreement with the owners, he could have insisted on binding arbitration of the salary matter, but there was no way he could have protected himself from humiliation and abuse.

"I have read those reports," says Marvin Miller, executive director of the Players' Association, "and on that basis it is clear that the Chicago management has no understanding of what good faith means. We negotiated an overall agreement which does include this limited right for a few players with long service. Now the simple exercise of this right promptly brings this kind of threat, which is obviously designed to end a man's career.

"When Curt Flood challenged the reserve system in court, he did so knowing that part of the price probably would be the end of his career. It was and he paid it. Some time after that the parties involved—the players and owners—addressed themselves to the situation and came to a resolution. But is it a resolution?

"I don't know how long the Congress can sit still and let these arbitrary and illegal things go on. I can't believe that the Congress of the United States can be bought off merely by moving a team back into Washington. Yet that's what I have read, that the decision to take a team out of San Diego and bring it to Washington was a political move to win friends in Congress.

"In this day of Watergate, with all the scandal about the buying of special privileges and political favors, I simply can't believe what I read. It is unthinkable that the whole Congress could sit and wink at outrages just because the people responsible are bringing them a team to watch."

The players' leader paused for breath. Then he said: "I wonder about the constituents of Congressman B.F. Sisk of California. He and Senator Tom Eagleton of Missouri were prime movers in the Padres affair. They promised that the District of Columbia would indemnify the National League against a damage suit by San Diego. So Mr. Sisk is in the anomalous position of helping pull a team out of California, and perhaps taxing his own constituents to pay for it.

"Getting back to this business of threatening veterans or trading them after nine years, if baseball does this, it will create additional pressure for drastic changes in the reserve system. It will convince more players than ever that moderate reform of the reserve is just inadequate."

The owners are going to have *plenty of time to goad the players* to resistance for the agreement now in effect has two more years to run. Before bargaining begins again, they can make such a glaring farce of the tiny concession granted last year that the players will not settle for anything less than outright abolition of the reserve system, which by then will have come about in professional basketball.

Santo may not be the only veteran who had cause for complaint this winter. There's Willie McCovey, for example. Like others in the 10-and-5 category, he consented when the Giants wanted to send him to San Diego, but one consideration was that he would still be based in California. Sending him to Washington without his consent might be something else entirely.

## *Rushing To a Record*

**Buffalo's O.J. Simpson needs just 61 yards more to set a record of most yards gained in a single season, and Sunday against the New York Jets will be his last opportunity to break the mark set by Jim Brown in 1963.**

### *Some Problems Still Unresolved*

# Baseball Bull Market Sent 55 to New Teams

By Joseph Durso

DUSTON, Dec. 12 (NYT).— ball survived its encounter the energy crisis and ries D. Finley last week. But sport's annual business con- ion closed with strongly nux- celings about the 55 players— one franchise—that were d in the busiest bull market istory.

e final score showed 24 s by 21 teams, one veto by Ron Santo, one reprieve he designated hitter and two ts—one filed against the Diego Padres' switch to ington, another threatened the Yankees' designs on Williams.

e mood was sweetened by the truce between the 24 teams e big leagues and their 920 rs, and by the fact that a l total of 31 million persons paid to see them play last ner. But as the officials scat- home, they still were ded by the escalating prob- of next summer's energy s, the legal ticket surround- the Padres and the three- fight over Williams and h Houk.

en the talent market betray- nxiety: 29 of the 55 players d were pitchers and only six e 24 deals did not include pitchers. The reason, all sides agreed, was that the economics of the game demands winners, and the winners of the game demand pitchers.

Not only that, but it was becoming clear that baseball had entered a new era in which players with seniority could refuse to be traded. The players won that privilege a year ago in a new "bill of rights"—the clubs now must consult men who have been in the big leagues 10 seasons, the last five with the same team.

Four such players were traded before the convention opened: Willie McCovey, Jim Perry, Dick McAuliffe and Jim Kaat, and the last two of those had asked to be traded. But once the market began to boom here, Santo signaled *the new era by refusing to be* sent from the Chicago Cubs to the California Angels. In the future, nine-year veterans may become the most vulnerable.

**101 Exchanges**

By the end of the week, the only teams that had kept out —or been shut out—of the grab-bag were the Nets, Padres and San Francisco Giants. During the last six weeks, a total of 101 men have exchanged uniforms in a continuation of the frenzy that saw 69 players traded last year in the winter market.

The Los Angeles Dodgers added Jim Wynn, Mike Marshall and Tommie Agee. The Boston Red Sox, who previously had taken McAuliffe, Rick Wise and Bernie Carbo, added Reggie Cleveland and Diego Segui. The St. Louis Cardinals, who earlier had acquired Reggie Smith and Ken Tatum, picked up Pete Richert, John Curtis and Lynn McGlothen. The Houston Astros got Claude Osteen.

The Kansas City Royals got Nelson Briles, Marty Pattin and Lindy McDaniel. The Cincinnati Reds, who earlier took Clay Kirby, added Merv Rettenmund. The Baltimore Orioles went for Ross Grimsley. The Yankees came up with a young infielder named Jim Mason plus a relief pitcher, Ken Wright, and Lou Piniella, who may share their rightfield with Otto Velez.

But the Yankees still were looking for a shortstop and a manager, and they went home looking for some strategy for dealing with their "Finley problem." The controversial owner of the Oakland A's rejected their offer of cash and a player in exchange for his manager, Williams, who quit with two years left on his contract. The Yankees, meanwhile, had lost Houk, who quit them for Detroit with two years left on his contract.

"We have a meeting on Dec. 18 at league headquarters in Boston on the Detroit matter," said Gabe Paul, president of the Yankees. "But we have to regroup, talk to our lawyers and try to find a solution before then. We've come this far without a manager, but I certainly hope we get one by the end of the year."

While the American League was embroiled over the manager sweepstakes, the National was sweating out the case of the "stolen" ball club. The City of San Diego has filed a $12-million damage suit against the team's sale to a group in Washington, D.C., which lost the Senators to Texas only two years ago.

As for the energy crisis, nobody knew exactly what to do. The minor leagues, which also gathered here and which depend on night baseball almost exclusively, decided vaguely that they would "take whatever steps are necessary to see minor-league baseball through whatever problems" arise. The majors decided to consult the airlines, the electric utilities and a staff coordinator who will be named by the commissioner of baseball, Bowie Kuhn.

**No Decision Yet**

"We have time until the season opens," Kuhn said, "to make *definitive decisions. It would be* premature now. We don't have enough information yet on the situation in local areas."

Through all the uncertainty, the following actions were taken in other areas:

● The American League's three-year experiment with the designated hitter, who bats for pitchers, was not declared to be a "permanent experiment." But the National League still insisted on playing with nine men to a *side instead of 10.*

● The "designated runner" was left at the gate. Some teams favor him, but nobody pressed the matter.

● The rule against the spitball was modified; it now will depend on the umpire's judgment rather than on any provable evidence. But the penalty was softened: any suspect pitch will be called a ball, the pitcher will be warned, the public will be notified and (if it happens again) the offender will be thrown out of the game.

## French Skiers Are 1st In European Cup Event

LA PLAGNE, France, Dec. 12 (Reuters). — France's Christiane Ray won the women's downhill event yesterday at the European Ski Cup meeting here.

Second was Laurie Kreiner of Canada, followed by Nicola Spiess of Austria. The giant slalom was won yesterday by France's Fabienne Serrat.

## Cycle Tour Extended

PARIS, Dec. 12 (UPI).— The 1974 Tour de France cycling classic will be longer than the 1973 event—22 stages totaling about 2,480 miles (4,000 km.) against 20 stages, officials said. The race will go to Britain for the first time as well as Belgium and Spain, crossing the Alps and *the Pyrenees.*

## *Le Mans Hoping Ban to Be Lifted*

PARIS, Dec. 12 (UPI).—Organizers of the Le Mans 24-hour automobile race are going ahead with plans for the 1974 running despite a ban on motor races in France due to the energy crisis.

The organizers, who say they will in no case reduce the length of the endurance classic, hope the ban will be lifted in time.

"It is all too true that presently nobody knows what will happen, but we are acting just as if the race will take place," organizer *Pierre Allanet said.*

## *Wilt Can't Play for ABA Team*

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (UPI).— Wilt Chamberlain, who jumped the NBA Los Angeles Lakers to sign a $1.8-million three-year contract as player-coach of the ABA San Diego Conquistadors, will not be able to play this year.

Peter Seitz, the arbitrator agreed upon by the Lakers and Chamberlain to determine whether the Lakers had properly exercised the option right to hold the 7-foot-1 superstar over for an additional year on his expired contract, ruled in favor of Los Angeles.

Seitz's decision, which will be the basis of a U.S. District Court judgment, dealt a blow to the ABA, which hoped to bolster attendance around the league by Chamberlain's presence as a player.

"I awarded the case to Los Angeles," Seitz said when reached by phone, "because I decided the Lakers had properly exercised the option right by offering him a contract for one more year comparable to the one he had been receiving."

Seitz said he had rendered the decision and informed the Lakers Dec. 3, but "for some reason, it wasn't made public."

# NFL Jets' Tough Task Is to Stop O.J.

By William N. Wallace

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (NYT).— The New York Jets begin work today to set up what for them seems impossible: a defense that will keep O.J. Simpson from setting a record for most yards gained rushing in a single season.

So popular and spectacular is Simpson, and so meaningless is Sunday's game at Shea Stadium against the Buffalo Bills, that if the Jet defenders hold Simpson down it will be as if they shot Santa Claus.

Simpson needs 61 yards to break the mark of 1,863 set by Jim Brown with the Cleveland Browns in 1963.

Bo Cornell, the Bills' reserve running back, said, "Sixty-one yards—that's nothing." Dwight Harrison, the defensive back, added, "For The Juice, that's two runs."

"We'll get it if we have to run The Juice 64 times," said Reggie McKenzie, the guard and Simpson's favorite blocker.

Simpson said, "We have the cockiest offensive line in football. They think they can do anything for me. Reggie keeps saying I'm going to get 2,000 yards. They keep cheering me on."

O.J. is polite about the Jets. "They've given me trouble in the past." That would be in the deep past, because Simpson gained 123 yards against New York last Sept. 30.

But that's nothing compared to what Simpson did to New England this season—439 yards in two games. Chuck Fairbanks, the Patriot coach, was asked whether he thought the Jets could stop Simpson.

"Sure," Fairbanks said, "if they break both of his ankles."

McKenzie, Joe de Lamielleure, the rookie guard, and Donny Greene, the offensive tackle, are among the few aware of another record. If the Bills can gain 176 yards rushing against the Jets, *they will break the mark of 2,960* rushing yards, most for a team in a single season, set by the champion Miami Dolphins last year. The Bills are far from champions, so that will make them feel good.

Another record no one is disputing would be most carries in a season by a running back. Brown holds it at 305. Simpson has carried 298 times. He needs eight shots at the Jets to gain another line in the record manual.

Simpson says that when he was a sports-loving youngster in San Francisco, he once bumped into Brown, then playing for Cleveland, in a soda parlor before a game at Kezar Stadium. "I told him I was going to break all his records someday," Simpson said. It was a presumptuous statement for someone who later became an almost selfless athlete.

"None of us have ever heard him mention the record," said Bob Chandler, the wide receiver.

This week O.J. has been unable to keep up that pretention. "If I can break the individual record and the team can beat Miami's record, it will be the biggest day of my life," Simpson said.

### *College Basketball*

TUESDAY'S RESULTS

East

St. John's (NY) 94, Davidson 78.
Villanova 112, Merrimacks 65.
Rutgers 82, Princeton 55.
LIU 117, St. Michael's 101.
Wesleyan 68, Coast Guard 51.
Temple 52, Navy 41.
Rhode Island 72, Vermont 61.
New Hampshire 65, Maine 63.
Springfield 84, Harvard 83.

South

Wake Forest 80, Penn 61.
Virginia 87, Lehigh 60
William & Mary 73, Richmond 71.
Vanderbilt 75, Memphis St. 71.
Maryland 115, Georgetown (DC) 63.

Midwest

Purdue 79, Missouri 66.
Kansas St. 105, Iowa 67.
Notre Dame 73, Indiana 67.
Nebraska 78, Georgia St. 75 (OT).

Southwest

New Mexico 72, New Mexico St. 71.
Arizona 109, San Diego St. 79.

West

Colorado St. 62, Air Force 46.
Pacific 80, Santa Clara 73.

### NBA Results

Tuesday's Games

New York 105, Phoenix 97 (De-Busschere 28, Frazier 22; Van Arsdale 23, Walk 22).

Milwaukee 130, Seattle 91 (Allen 26, Dandridge 20; Brown 23, Gibbs 20).

Golden State 114, Houston 107 (Russel 49, Barnett 17; Newlin 26, Tomjanovich 22).

Capital 87, Portland 82 (Clark 24, Riordan 19; Wicks 22, Petrie 19).

Cleveland 101, Los Angeles 100 (Carr 24, B. Smith 18, Brewer 18; West 32, Goodrich 22).

Buffalo 122, Atlanta 127 (McAdoo 27, McMillan 29; Hudson 40, Maravich 36).

Chicago 105, KC-Omaha 104 (Love 22, Sloan 22; Walker 27, Kojis 25).

### NHL Results

Tuesday's Games

Montreal 2, Vancouver 2 (F. Mahovlich, P. Mahovlich; Schmautz, Bordeleau).

St. Louis 7, Toronto 3 (Plante, Collyard, Unger 3, Sather, Hamel; Ellis 3, Kehoe).

Minnesota 6, Los Angeles 3 (Goldsworthy 2, Stanfield, Grant, O'Brien; Murphy, Hoene, Williamet).

New York Islanders 6, California 3 (Marshall, R. Stewart, Westfall, Harris, Nystrom, D. Potvin; Bolduc, B. Stewart, Patrick).

### WHA Result

Tuesday's Games

Minnesota 5, Chicago 3 (Antonovich 2, Morrison, Connelly, Hampson; Benzelock, Maggs, Whitlock).

# *Huge Moscow Sports Complex Symbolizes 1980 Soviet Dream*

By Hedrick Smith

MOSCOW, Dec. 12 (NYT).—On a gentle knoll n the east flank of Moscow, across a man-made ke from the pine groves of Izmailovo Park, ere now rises a $42-million sports complex that mbolizes Moscow's hopes for hosting the 1980 lympic Games.

The complex is the new home of the theoretal training ground for Soviet sports, the Cenal Institute of Physical Culture, which is the tended site for the Olympic village and a rawling maze of stadiums, indoor tracks, imming pools, shooting ranges, basketball rts, fencing arenas, volleyball courts, and mnastics halls by 1980.

While the Soviet Union has been constructing e institute and a number of other sports facilies that have impressed foreign sports officials, e State Committee on Sports also has been gaged in a quiet diplomatic campaign to win e Olympic plum.

Its officials lobby for the Olympics at many ternational sports gatherings. Moscow has en host to many European competitions and e World University Games to demonstrate its pability for handling events at near-Olympic ale. And the sports committee has published quality, glossy hard-cover public relations

athletics in this prestige-conscious nation as the main reasons why Moscow feels it has a strong candidacy.

**Eager Fans**

So eager are many Soviet fans that when Nikolai A. Kurdiukov, general secretary of the Soviet Olympic Committee, first announced in a late evening radio show in September, 1971, that Moscow had decided to bid for the 1980 Olympics, he found a stack of telegrams from all over the country on his desk the next morning, requesting him to reserve seats for 1980.

"Olympics is a magic word in our country," Kurdiukov said. "Some older people said that even if they would not be alive, they wanted their grandchildren to see the Olympics."

Smirnov, also a member of the IOC, said that as a city with 70 stadiums, 6 sports palaces, 26 swimming pools and hundreds of indoor gyms, Moscow already has about 70 percent of the facilities required to put on the games. Because competition must be staged in 23 events in only two weeks, more will be needed.

People like Smirnov, who have kept close contacts with German officials at the Munich games and Canadian officials preparing for the Montreal games, acknowledge that providing hotel space, transport, and other facilities for up to 2 million visitors and for hordes of jour-

## 'Olympics is a magic word in our country.'

*—Nikolai A. Kurdiukov of Soviet Sports Committee*

mpic handbook on Moscow's cultural and rts attractions, entitled "Moscow Welcome..." Marvin Josephson, president of New York's ernational Famous Agency, has been here ce talking to sports officials not only about scow's purchase of television rights for the 6 Montreal games but, Soviet officials dised, also about representing Moscow for telein coverage of the 1980 games. Armand mmer, the industrialist, also has taken an erest in the Soviet bid for the Olympics.

t the moment, Moscow is the only candidate the 1980 summer games, but officials at the ate Committee on Sports acknowledge that ey are concerned by indications that Los geles is now preparing a bid after others, ch as Tehran, withdrew in the face of Soviet mpetition.

Moscow and Los Angeles were both unsuccessl bidders for the 1976 games. Bids for the *80 games must go to the International Olym-* Committee by March 31. A decision is due Oct. 18.

Vitaly G. Smirnov, the 38-year-old first deputy airman of the State Committee on Sports, es the national love affair with sports, the ppress of Soviet athletes who dominated the 72 Munich games, and the scale of organized oalists will be as tough a task as catering to athletic competitors. No one denies that Moscow badly needs more hotels.

But in an interview, Smirnov rejected any suggestion that some frictions during the World *University Games last August should cast doubt* on the Soviet candidacy. Lord Killanin, the IOC president, attended those games and has asked for an official explanation of "various reports of demonstrations" and a check to insure that there was no breach of Olympic rules.

Smirnov said that press reports of jeering at Israeli athletes, exclusion of some Israeli journalists, and the disappointment of some Soviet Jewish fans who claimed to have been kept out, were exaggerated and one-sided. The Israeli team, he said, had been satisfied and has made no complaints.

With evident allusion to the killing of Israeli athletes at Munich, Smirnov emphasized the *need for tight security to protect athletes and* proper accreditation for journalists. It was his view that the Israeli journalists were not properly accredited.

The problem of hooting, derisive, partisan fans, he said, is normal for any contested sports event, and he discounted reports that Soviet soldiers in uniform were involved.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(Continued from Back Page)

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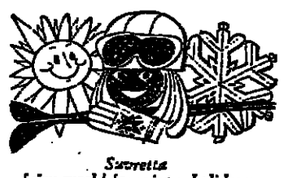

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## Art Buchwald

# They All Feel Better

Buchwald

WASHINGTON.—Vice-President Ford said last weekend on television that he expected Americans to "feel much better" after Mr. Nixon released his financial records to the press.

He did add that some people might continue to wonder if the President paid enough income tax.

Monday I decided to make an informal survey among my acquaintances to find out if indeed they *did feel* better now that Mr. Nixon's finances are a matter of public record.

The first one I asked was a taxi driver. He confirmed Vice-President Ford's statement.

"I feel great," he said as we were stuck in traffic on K Street. "I just discovered that I paid the *same* amount of taxes as the President of the United States."

"But he made a lot more money than you did," I said.

"That shows you," the cab driver said, "that Nixon is a man of the people. Despite his friends, his position and his wealth, he still insists on paying the same taxes as a little guy like me. It proves he hasn't lost the common touch."

When I got to my office I ran into a tax lawyer on my floor who also said he felt much better since Nixon released his financial statement. "Four new clients have called me this morning wanting to know why they had to pay capital gains on their property and the President of the United States didn't."

"What did you tell them?" I asked him.

"I told them I didn't know, but if they wanted to pay me a $1,000 retainer I could find out for them. Nixon's tax returns could be a boon for tax lawyers and accountants all over the country. He's shown us loopholes we never knew existed. I think he's a beautiful person."

I called Herringbone, a stockbroker, and asked him how he *felt since the release of the* Nixon tax papers.

"It's the best thing that's happened to me in the last two *months," he replied.*

"How's that?"

"Well, if you read his charitable deductions for 1972, Mr. *Nixon, on an income of $200,000* a year plus a $50,000 expense account, donated only $295 to charity."

"*Why would that make you* feel good?"

"I don't like to give to charity either, but I never had a good reason to refuse before. From now on, when someone hits me for a donation I'll just say I'm budgeted for charity at $295, the same as the President of the United States. That should get people off my back."

Plato, my waiter, said he didn't feel as good as Mr. Ford thought he might. He has been having a running battle with the IRS over a $150 deduction he took on his uniforms. When Plato read that the President was going to let a joint congressional committee on taxation decide if he had paid enough taxes, the waiter called IRS and suggested his problem also be turned over to Congress.

Plato's IRS agent said it could not be done. He told Plato, "Only a president of the United States can take his tax matters to the Congress."

"It gets me mad," said Plato, "because I have a better case than Nixon."

But Plato was the only one I talked to who didn't feel better since President Nixon has turned over his income-tax returns.

Everyone else felt good.

As Doc Dalinsky, my druggist, said to me with pride, "Where else but in America could a man making $250,000 annually have to pay only an average of $5,969 a year in income taxes?"

## Tennessee Williams Gets Church's Medal

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 (AP).—Tennessee Williams has been awarded the first Centennial Medal of the Cathedral Church of St. John the Divine here as "the foremost dramatist of our day."

Readings from the playwright's poetry and prose were incorporated into an evening song service Sunday at the Episcopal cathedral. After receiving the medal, Mr. Williams promised that it "would not fall into inappropriate hands or get lost in my rather gypsy-like life."

**The nuggets in the current rush to riches are down for grabs, not up. Some are under 20,000 feet of water.**

# The Dizzying Wealth of the Ocean Floors

By George Alexander

LOS ANGELES—A gold rush of sorts is on these days and it has nearly all the feverish elements of the great California and Klondike booms of yesteryear:

Incredible deposits of valuable nuggets. Unclaimed, uncharted lands. Natural hazards. Disputed rights. Secret mine sites. The prospects of dizzying wealth.

But the Sutters' Mills, the Comstock Lode, the Lost Dutchman Mines of the current rush are all under water. Those nuggets are down for grabs, not up. Some are under 20,000 feet of seawater.

There, in the frigid blackness of the ocean bottom, lie the nuggets—manganese nodules, to be precise. The nodules, ranging in size from BBs to softballs, contain a mix of such industrially important and commercially valuable metals as manganese, copper, nickel, cobalt and molybdenum.

Their abundance is staggering. The Pacific Ocean lodes alone are estimated to include several hundred billions of tons of high-grade nodules. High-grade is defined as being rich in copper and nickel, the two most important metals.

With detailed surveys yet to be made of other oceans (the Atlantic, however, doesn't appear too promising), it has been estimated that the ocean floors would provide man with the metalliferous resources to last at least another 1,000 years, even at today's extravagant rates of consumption.

As might be expected, a game with such high stakes has attracted some big players. The Soviet Union plans to mine the deep-sea nodules, as do France, Germany and Japan.

*Within the United States, a number of* industrial giants are also planning to scrape the bottom of the ocean for the nodules. These include Tenneco Inc., Ken*necott Copper, U.S. Steel, Bethlehem Steel,* Union Carbide and Summa Corp. Summa is the name of Howard Hughes's recently reorganized empire.

Summa and Deepsea Ventures Inc., Tenneco's entry in this watery sweepstakes, are making major efforts to get there first with the most. Both have deep-sea mining ships and are carrying out what might be termed wet runs in gathering nodules from the ocean floors.

Within days, in fact, the Summa vessel—the Hughes Glomar Explorer—will slip out of Long Beach, Calif., harbor, where it has been undergoing fitting-out. The Explorer, a 618-foot-long, 36,000-ton ship, was built specially for its deep-sea mining role; Deepsea Ventures' two vessels, the Deepsea Miner and the Prospector, are smaller, modified cargo ships.

Both Summa and Deepsea Ventures officials emphasize that deep-sea mining is only in the early stages of development and that full-scale commercial operations are several years in the future.

"Our effort is still experimental," said Paul G. Reeve, general manager of Summa's Houston-based Ocean Mining Division, "and we're still evaluating several different techniques."

Like owner, like firm—Summa has been very reticent about what it plans to do, how it will do it, or when and where it will do its mining. But the company has released a few details about the Glomar Explorer.

*The ship has a surface platform from* which an unmanned mine vehicle descends to the ocean floor to collect the nodules. According to one version, the remotely controlled mine vehicle will both collect the nodules and process them on the spot, passing only the desired metal ores back up to the ship through a long tube of connected pipes.

Mr. Reeve said that his firm will test several different mine vehicles, one of which will use a suction dredge head to scoop up the nodules. He declined, however, to describe either the vehicles or other collection techniques that might be tried.

Deepsea Ventures is less secretive about its plans. The firm intends to use both its ships in gathering the nodules. The Prospector, the smaller of the two ships, will do precisely that—prospecting for a *rich bed of nodules, using an unmanned,* underwater television rig. The rig can be lowered on a cable to depths of 20,000 feet to search for nodules.

*Having located a promising deposit* and sampled some of the nodules for their metals content, the Deepsea Ventures' other ship, the Miner, would move onto the site. Towing a dredge head along at 2 to 3 miles an hour at the end of a long suction pipe, the ship would use compressed air to force the nodules, silt and water scooped up by the head up to the surface.

Aboard the Miner, the nodules would be separated from the silt and seawater and transferred to waiting ore ships. The ore ships would bring the nodules back to shore for processing.

"Copper and nickel, those are the important metals," said John L. Mero, president of La Jolla-based Ocean Resources Inc., and a deep sea mining expert, "but there's going to be more manganese than the market will be able to use."

Mr. Mero has estimated that a year's harvest of 100 million tons of raw nodules would yield, after processing, about 1.5 million tons each of copper and nickel and about 240,000 tons of cobalt. For copper, used extensively in the electrical industry, that quantity would represent about one-third of the total now being consumed *yearly in the non-Communist world;* that same amount of nickel would permit tripling the current annual consumption level of this metal in the non-Communist world.

*Scientists estimate that there* are trillions of tons of nodules scattered on the ocean bottoms. Moreover, millions of tons of new nodules constantly are being formed.

"How the nodules form is, to a large extent, still a mystery," said Gustaf Arrhenius, a professor of oceanography at the *Scripps Institution of* Oceanography at San Diego.

It appears that the process begins with manganese ions in certain underwater environments, he explained. The manganese ions combine with oxygen to form molecules of manganese dioxide and precipitate out. As these molecules settle to the bottom, they drag down other metal ions with them: nickel, copper, cobalt and traces of as many as 30 other elements.

Because they are electrically charged, the metals are drawn to such objects as shark teeth, whale bones or clumps of clay. The nodules form around a nucleus and continue to lay down layer upon layer of minerals, much like the layers of an onion.

Mr. Arrhenius also said that scientists do not yet know how the nodules manage to remain on the top of the constantly *building ocean floor. "The nodules are mil*lions of years old and the sediment surface is only as old as today," he said. "And yet there they are on top."

*The greatest problems facing would-be* deep-sea miners may well prove not to be technical or economic in nature, but legal and environmental.

*Who owns bottomlands in the middle of* the oceans, well beyond the most extensive territorial claims of any nation? No one nation does and so international agree*ments will have to be forged to regulate* the deep-sea mining for the interests of all men.

© Los Angeles Times.

# PEOPLE: *Audrey Hepburn Refuses Role in 'Dirty' Movie*

Audrey Hepburn, who has made no films for many years, has turned down a major movie role because she thought it was "dirty and immoral." The actress, who has been living in Rome since she married Dr. Andrea Dotti in January, 1969, had been offered the role of a mother in a film to be made by Luchino Visconti. The working title is "Portrait of a Family" and reportedly one of the themes is incest. A spokesman for the actress said that she did not want to link her name with the *character of a "corrupt mother."* Miss Hepburn, 44, has two sons, one by her first husband, actor Mel Ferrer, and another by her second marriage to *Dr. Dotti.*

* * *

California is trying to collect $64,054 in state income taxes from the estate of Marilyn Monroe for film profits realized since her death in 1962. The state wants to collect for the years 1963-70 on all residual profits from "Some Like It Hot," filmed entirely in California, and 10 percent of "The Misfits," of which 10 percent was filmed in the state. The tax bill has been appealed by the Monroe estate lawyers to the Board of Equalization.

* * *

Some of the Beautiful People have found a way around the Italian government's Sunday driving ban, according to the rumor mongers. Seems they have bought taxis—which are exempt from the ban—for their personal use.

* * *

A little dog owned by the wife of Zaire's President Mobutu Sese Seko spent four hours at Buckingham Palace Tuesday—then was ordered out of Britain because it had violated quarantine regulations. The dog, a 2-year-old Yorkshire terrier named Cara, arrived at the palace as President Mobutu and his wife were greeted by Queen Elizabeth at the start of a four-day state visit.

But Cara's stay with royalty ended when officials told the president that quarantine regulations had been contravened, and it was arranged to fly the diminutive terrier to the Zaire Embassy in Brussels.

In an unprecedented palace statement about a dog, a spokesman said: "As soon as it was realized at Buckingham Palace that the dog had entered the country, the president was told of the quarantine regulations, and he immediately agreed that this dog should be moved to Belgium."

The Tin Man . . . helping h[illegible]

(British law requires almost animals from abroad to be stri[illegible]ly quarantined for six mont[illegible] mainly as a protection aga[illegible] rabies).

* * *

The American Guild of Var[illegible] Artists, reduced to passing hat to meet an operating ficit, has been bailed out by Tin Man of "The Wizard of [illegible] Jack Haley, the retired actor played the Tin Man and wh[illegible] currently vice-president of union, donated $50,000 to keep guild in business. "It's nice know somebody cares," said Pe[illegible]ny Singleton, former Blondie the movies and currently exe[illegible]tive president of the 8,000-mem[illegible] AGVA. "The Tin Man has heart."

* * *

Germaine Jackson, 19, one the black rock group, the Jack[illegible] Five, will marry Hazel Gordy, in Los Angeles on Dec. 15. Gordy is the daughter of Be[illegible] Gordy jr., chairman of the bo[illegible] and president of Motown Ind[illegible]tries, which handles the gr[illegible] Jackson is lead singer and b[illegible] player.

* * *

Is it true, asks a reader of W[illegible]ter Scott's Personality Par[illegible] that the Japanese are buying all the movie star homes in Ho[illegible]wood? Scott says that so far Sato has bought one of Presley's homes for $450,000; Hideski Kubozano, Japan's drink king, put up $1.2 million Dean Martin's ranch north of Angeles.

—SAMUEL JUSTIC[illegible]


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| Denmark (air) | D.Kr. | 114.00 | 223.00 | Norway (air) | N.Kr | 119.00 | [illegible] |
| France | Fr | 69.00 | 128.00 | Portugal (air) | Esc | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Germany | D.M | 53.00 | 97.00 | Spain (air) | Ptas | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Great Britain (air) | £ | 5.80 | 10.56 | Sweden (air) | S.Kr | 86.00 | [illegible] |
| Greece (air) | Dr. | 497.00 | 904.00 | Switzerland | S.Fr | 64.50 | [illegible] |
| Ireland (air) | £ | 5.80 | 10.50 | Turkey | $ | 21.00 | [illegible] |
| Italy | Lire | 9,600 | 17,530 | Other countries in Europe (air) | $ | 21.00 | [illegible] |
| Africa, French Community (air) | $ | 28.00 | 50.00 | Libya (air) | $ | 34.00 | [illegible] |
| Africa South (air) | $ | 46.00 | 86.00 | Madagascar (air) | $ | 40.00 | [illegible] |
| Algeria, Tunisia, Morocco (air) | $ | 20.00 | 38.00 | Mexico | $ | 46.00 | [illegible] |
| Canada (air) | $ | 46.00 | 86.00 | Nigeria (air) | $ | 46.00 | [illegible] |
| India (air) | $ | 46.00 | 86.00 | Pakistan (air) | $ | 46.00 | [illegible] |
| Iran, Iraq (air) | $ | 34.00 | 61.00 | Persian Gulf (air) | $ | 46.00 | [illegible] |
| Israel (air) | $ | 28.00 | 50.00 | Saudi Arabia (air) | $ | 34.00 | [illegible] |
| Japan, Korea (air) | $ | 55.00 | 105.00 | Sierra Leone (air) | $ | 46.00 | [illegible] |
| Lebanon (air) | $ | 34.00 | 61.00 | S. America (air) | $ | 46.00 | [illegible] |
| | | | | U.A.R. (air) | $ | 34.00 | [illegible] |
| | | | | U.S.A. (air) | $ | 40.00 | [illegible] |

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